a python

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Guido van Rossum

- * Guido van Rossum is a Dutch programmer who is best known as the author of the Python programming language.
- * He was employed by Google from 2005 until December 7th 2012
- * In January 2013, van Rossum started working for Dropbox



Why is it called Python?

* When he began implementing Python, Guido van Rossum was also reading the published scripts from "Monty Python's Flying Circus", a BBC comedy series from the 1970s. Van Rossum thought he needed a name that was short, unique, and slightly mysterious, so he decided to call the language Python.

Intro to Python

- * Python is a widely used high-level programming language for general-purpose programming.
- * Python is an easy to learn, powerful programming language. It has efficient high-level data structures and a simple but effective approach to object-oriented programming.
- * Python was first released in 1991

Why Python?

- * Python enables programs to be written compactly and readably. Programs written in Python are typically much shorter than equivalent C, C++, or Java programs, for several reasons:
 - the high-level data types allow you to express complex operations in a single statement;
 - statement grouping is done by indentation instead of beginning and ending brackets;
 - no variable or argument declarations are necessary.

Python Versions

| * Python 1.0 - January 1994 | * Python 2.0 - October 16, 2000 | * Python 3.0 - December 3, 2008 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| * Python 1.2 - April 10, 1995 | * Python 2.1 - April 17, 2001 | * Python 3.1 - June 27, 2009 |
| * Python 1.3 - October 12, 1995 | * Python 2.2 - December 21, 2001 | * Python 3.2 - February 20, 2011 |
| * Python 1.4 - October 25, 1996 | * Python 2.3 - July 29, 2003 | * Python 3.3 - September 29, 2012 |
| * Python 1.5 - December 31, 1997 | * Python 2.4 - November 30, 2004 | * Python 3.4 - March 16, 2014 |
| * Python 1.6 - September 5, 2000 | * Python 2.5 - September 19, 2006 | * Python 3.5 - September 13, 2015 |
| | * Python 2.6 - October 1, 2008 | * Python 3.6 - December 23, 2016 |
| | * Python 2.7 - July 3, 2010 | |

Known companies where Python is using

- * Google (Youtube)
- * Facebook (Tornado)
- * Yahoo
- * Dropbox
- * NASA
- * IBM
- * Mozilla
- * Quora
- * Instagram
- * Reddit













DISQUS

Popular Web Frameworks

- * django
- * TurboGears
- * web2py
- * There are so many other frameworks, you can check them here https://wiki.python.org/moin/
 WebFrameworks

Python in Scientific research

- * NumPy. How can we leave this very important library? It provides some advance math functionalities to python.
- * SciPy. When we talk about NumPy then we have to talk about scipy. It is a library of algorithms and mathematical tools for python and has caused many scientists to switch from ruby to python.
- * matplotlib. A numerical plotting library. It is very useful for any data scientist or any data analyzer.

Gaming and GUI

- * <u>Pygame</u>. Which developer does not like to play games and develop them? This library will help you achieve your goal of 2d game development.
- * Pyglet. A 3d animation and game creation engine. This is the engine in which the famous python port of minecraft was made
- * pyQT. A GUI toolkit for python. It is my second choice after wxpython for developing GUI's for my python scripts.
- * pyGtk. Another python GUI library. It is the same library in which the famous Bittorrent client is created.