6)
$$\chi(t) = t^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
, $y(t) = t$, $r = 1$, $L^{2}(0, 1)$.

p $(\chi(t), y(t)) = \max_{0 < t < 1} M^{\frac{3}{3}} - t^{2} M^{\frac{1}{3}} = \max_{0 < t < 1} 3 + \frac{1}{3} = \sum_{0 < t < 1} 4^{\frac{3}{3}} = \sum_{0 < t < 1}$