

$$X = \frac{3e_5 + 3e_6 - e_7 - e_8}{2}, \quad y = \frac{e_4 + e_8}{3}$$

$$X - y = -\frac{e_4}{3} + \frac{3e_5}{2} + \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right)e_6 - \frac{e_7}{2} - \frac{e_8}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p(x, y) = \|X - y\| &= \sqrt{(X - y, X - y)}, \quad p(x, y) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{9} + \frac{9}{4} + \left(\frac{7}{6}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2}} = \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{9} + \frac{11}{4} + \frac{49}{36}} = \sqrt{\frac{4 + 99 + 49}{36}} = \sqrt{\frac{152}{36}} = \sqrt{\frac{38}{9}} = \frac{\sqrt{38}}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Answer: } \frac{\sqrt{38}}{3}.$$

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$$x = -2e_1 + 4\left(e_3 + \frac{e_5}{2}\right) - e_1, \quad y = \frac{e_1}{2} + e_2 - 3e_3, \quad \varphi = \angle(x, y)$$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{(x, y)}{\|x\| \|y\|} \quad (x, y) = (-2) \cdot (-3) + (-1) \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 6 - \frac{1}{2} = 5,5$$

$$\|x\| = \sqrt{4+16+4+1} = 5$$

$$\|y\| = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + 1 + 9} = \sqrt{10\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{41}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{41}}{2}$$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{5\frac{1}{2}}{5 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{41}}{2}} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{11}{2}}{5 \cdot \sqrt{41}} = \frac{11}{5\sqrt{41}} = \frac{11\sqrt{41}}{205}$$

$$\text{Ombem: } \varphi = \arccos\left(\frac{11\sqrt{41}}{205}\right).$$

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$$x(t) = \cos^2 t, \quad y(t) = \sin 3t + \cos 3t, \quad {}^1(a; b) = (-\pi; \pi),$$

$${}^2(c; d) = (0; \pi).$$

$$(X, Y) = \int_a^b x(t) y(t) dt$$

$$1) \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos^2 t (\sin 3t + \cos 3t) dt = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos^2 t \sin 3t dt + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos^2 t \cos 3t dt =$$

$$= 0 + 2 \int_0^{\pi} \cos^2 t \cos 3t dt = 2 \left(\cos^2 t \cdot \frac{\sin 3t}{3} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} + \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin 3t}{3} \cdot 2 \cos t \sin t dt =$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (\cos^2 t \sin 3t) \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{2}{3} \int_0^{\pi} \sin 3t \cos t \sin t dt = \frac{2}{3} (\cos^2 t \sin 3t) \Big|_0^{\pi} +$$

$$+ \frac{2}{3} \int_0^{\pi} \sin t (\sin 4t + \sin 2t) dt = \frac{2}{3} (\cos^2 t \sin 3t) \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{2}{3} \int_0^{\pi} (\cos 3t - \cos 5t +$$

$$+ \cos t - \cos 3t) dt = \frac{2}{3} (\cos^2 t \sin 3t) \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{\pi} (\cos t - \cos 5t) dt =$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (\cos^2 t \sin 3t) \Big|_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{3} \left(\sin t - \frac{\sin 5t}{5} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} = \left(\frac{2}{3} \cos^2 t \sin 3t - \frac{\sin 5t}{15} + \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{\sin t}{3} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{2 \cos^2 \pi \sin 3\pi}{3} - \frac{\sin 5\pi}{15} + \frac{\sin \pi}{3} - \frac{2 \cos^2 0 \sin 0}{3} +$$

$$+ \frac{\sin 0}{15} - \frac{\sin 0}{3} = 0. \Rightarrow X \text{ и } Y \text{ ортогональны на } (a; b)$$

$$2) \int_0^{\pi} \cos^2 t \sin 3t dt + \int_0^{\pi} \cos^2 t \cos 3t dt \stackrel{1=0}{=} \int_0^{\pi} \cos^2 t \sin 3t dt =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi} (\cos 2t + 1) \sin 3t dt = \frac{1}{2} \left(\int_0^{\pi} \cos 2t \sin 3t dt + \int_0^{\pi} \sin 3t dt \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{\pi} (\sin 5t + \sin t) dt - \frac{\cos t}{3} \Big|_0^{\pi} = - \left(\frac{\cos 5t}{20} + \frac{\cos 3t}{6} + \frac{\cos t}{4} \right) \Big|_0^{\pi} =$$

$$= \frac{\cos 0}{20} + \frac{\cos 0}{6} + \frac{\cos 0}{4} - \frac{\cos \pi}{20} - \frac{\cos \pi}{6} - \frac{\cos \pi}{4} = 2 \left(\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{14}{15}.$$

X и Y не ортогональны на (c; d)