

Hoisting Nested Functions



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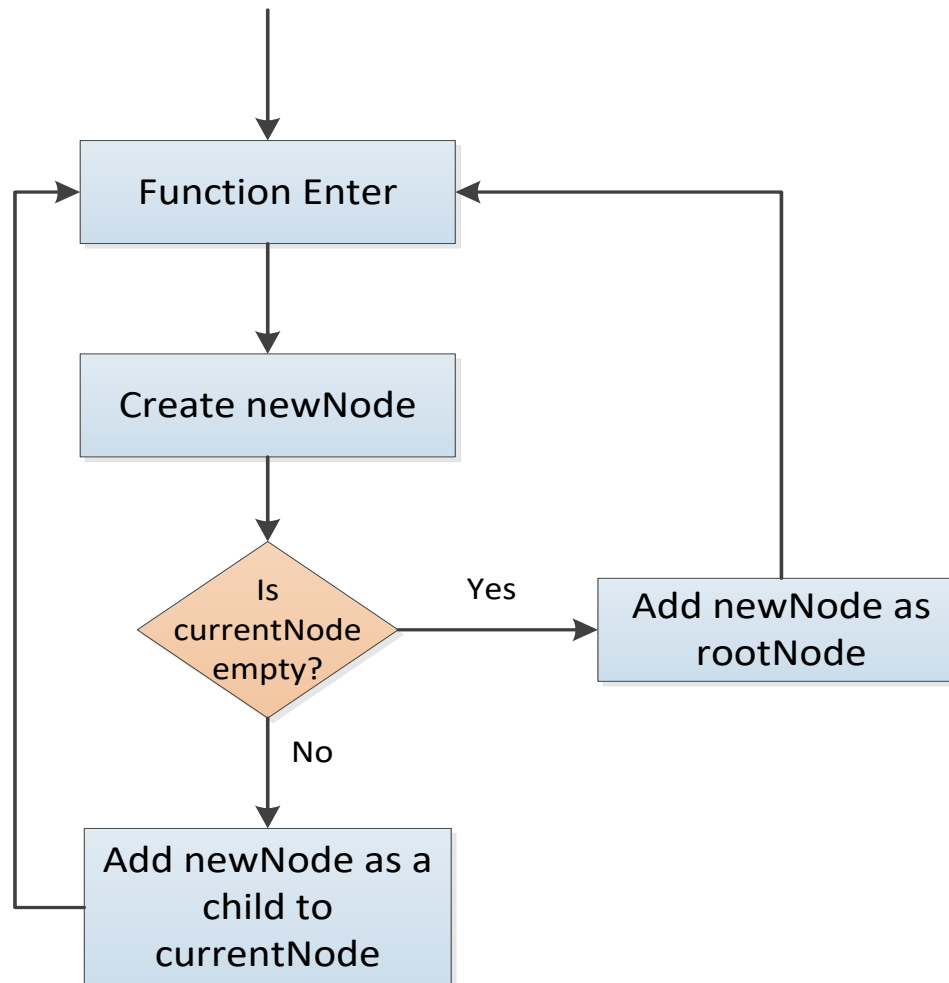
What is Hoisting?

- ❖ Hoisting is the JavaScript interpreter's action of moving all variable and function declarations to the top of the current scope
- ❖ Rules for Hoisting Nested Functions:
 - ❖ Rule 1: the nested function must not depend on the local variables of its parent function.
 - ❖ Rule 2: there should be no other function definition at the same level of the parent function that has the same name as the nested function.

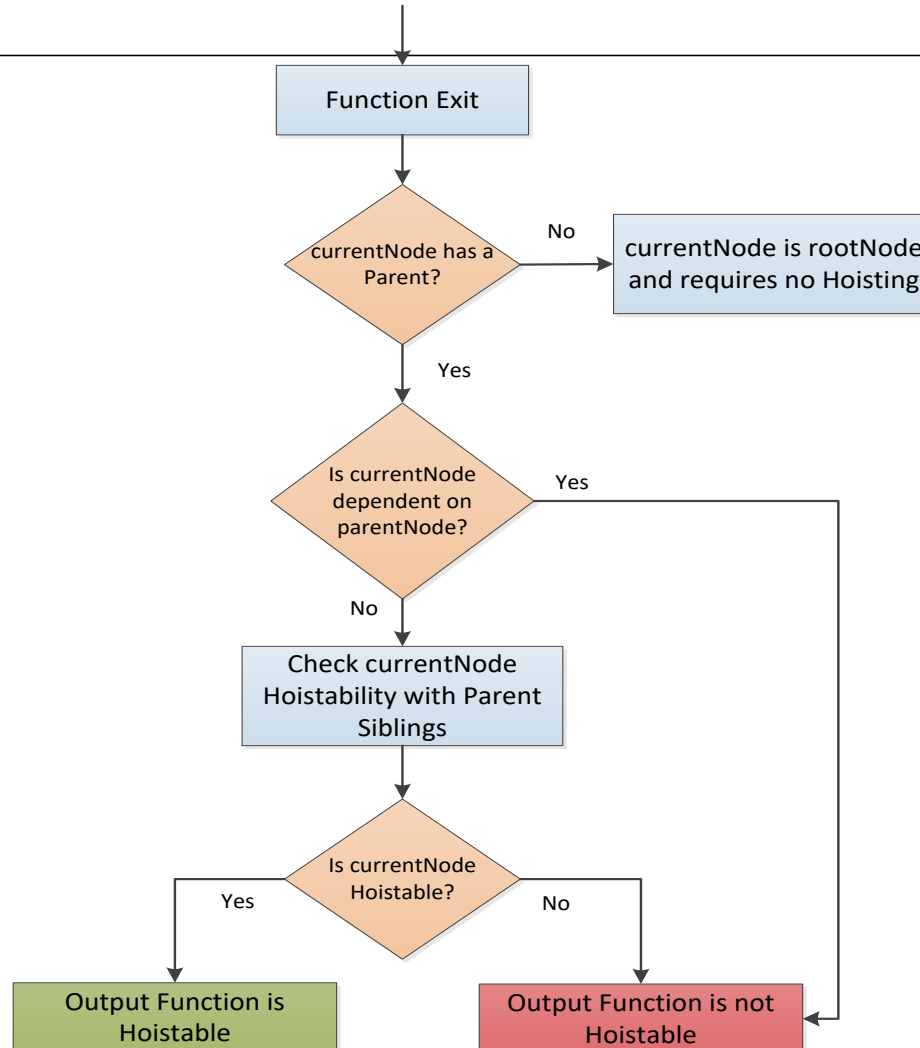
Jalangi Callbacks used

- ❖ `functionEnter()`
 - ❖ Triggered before starting the execution of a function
- ❖ `functionExit()`
 - ❖ Triggered when the execution of a function is completed
- ❖ `read()`
 - ❖ Triggered after reading a variable
- ❖ `write()`
 - ❖ Triggered before writing a variable
- ❖ `declare()`
 - ❖ Triggered when the scope of a local variable starts

Approach



Approach - Continued



Handling Corner Cases

- ❖ Function Expressions
- ❖ eval
 - ❖ Direct eval
 - ❖ Indirect eval
- ❖ Recursive Functions

Evaluation

❖ We are still working on this.



Thank You!

References

- Flanagan. JavaScript: The Definitive Guide. O'Reilly Media, 2011.
- <https://github.com/Samsung/jalangi2>