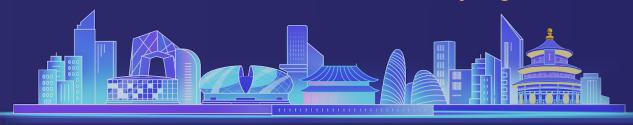




Apache Ozone: Balance Data Through Disk Balancer

Sammi Chen (Ozone PMC Chair & Hadoop PMC) Yiyang Zhou (Ozone PMC)





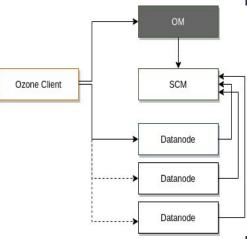
- 1. Motivation
- 2. Design
- 3. Benchmark



Apache Ozone Introduction

Ø

- Apache Ozone is a scalable, redundant, and distributed data storage for big data ecosystem.
- Ozone Manager (OM) manages the namespace (volumes, buckets, keys), thus called the namespace manager.
- Storage Container Manager (SCM) handles block allocation and replication,
 called the block space manager.
- Containers are the fundamental replication unit of Ozone, they are managed by the SCM service.
- All data are stored on Datanodes (DN).

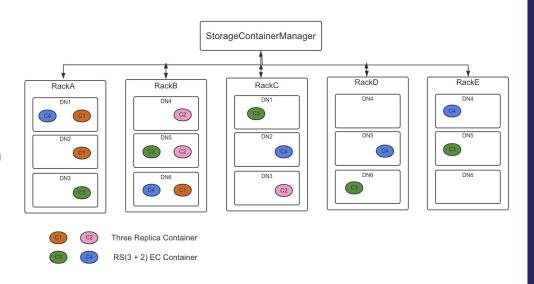




Background - Cluster Wise Container Distribution

SCM is responsible for choosing datanodes for container allocation

- Three replica container, container replica will spread across one rack
- Erasure coding container, container replica
 will spread across (data + parity) racks

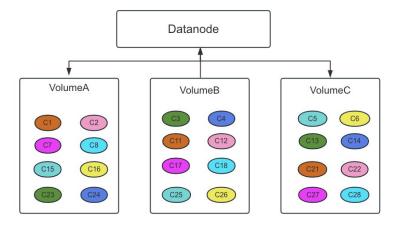




Background - Datanode Wise Container Distribution

Datanode is responsible for distribute container across volumes

- RoundRobinVolumeChoosingPolicy
- CapacityVolumeChoosingPolicy





Motivation

Make sure data evenly spread between disks on a Datanode

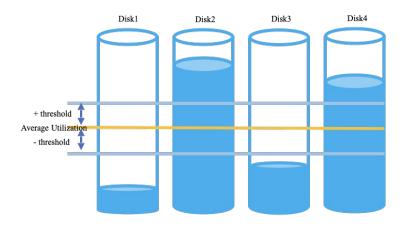
Unevenly data spread due to

- New disks added to expand datanode storage space
- Broken old disks replaced with new disks
- Massive block deletion causes disk utilization uneven



Volume Data Density

- TotalCapacity = Σ (diskCapacity)
- TotalFree = Σ (diskFreeSpace)
- AverageUtilization = (TotalCapacity TotalFree) / TotalCapacity
- VolumeUtilization = (diskCapacity diskFree) / diskCapacity
- VolumeDensity = VolumeUtilization AverageUtilization







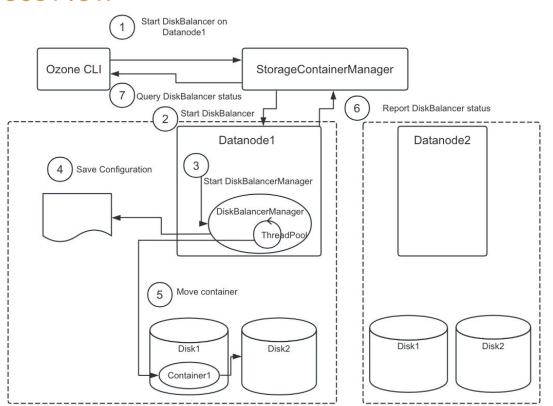
Volume Data Density Example

	Disk 1	Disk 2	Disk 3	Disk 4
capacity	200GB	300GB	350GB	500GB
used	100GB	76GB	300GB	475GB
free	100GB	224GB	50GB	25GB
usedRatio	0.5	0.25	0.85	0.95
volume Data Density	0.2	0.45	-0.15	-0.24

Total Capacity = 200 + 300 + 350 + 500 = 1350 GB Total Free = 100 + 224 + 50 + 25 = 399 GB ideal Usage = (Total Capacity - Total Free) / Total Capacity = 951 / 1350 = 0.7 density Of Disk 1 = ideal Usage - used Ratio Of Disk 1 = 0.7 - 0.5 = 0.2



Process Flow



Configurations

- → shouldRun (default : false)
- threshold (default : 10.0%)
- → parallelThread (default : 5)
- → bandwidth (default : 10MB/sec)
- → stopAfterDiskEven (default : true)



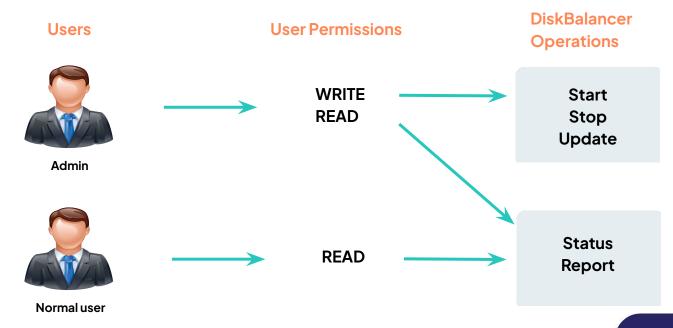
CLI - ozone admin datanode diskbalancer

- Start start all or specified Datanodes
- Stop stop all or specified Datanodes
- Update dynamic change configuration on all or specified Datanodes
- Report report Datanodes volume density
- Status show current configuration, tasks statistics

DiskBalancer Status sh-5.1\$ ozone admin datanode diskbalancer status Status result: Threshold(%) SuccessMove FailureMove BytesMoved(MB) EstBytesToMove(MB) EstTimeLeft(min) Datanode Status BandwidthInMB Threads ozone-datanode-2.ozone default 0.0001 10 0 RUNNING 0 9386 ozone-datanode-1.ozone default RUNNING 0.0001 10 5207 1090 ozone-datanode-3.ozone_default 0.0001 6067 RUNNING 10 42 ozone-datanode-5.ozone default 10 917 RUNNING 0.0001 8207 ozone-datanode-4.ozone default 10 131 RUNNING 0.0001 8274 Note: Estimated time left is calculated based on the estimated bytes to move and the configured disk bandwidth.



CLI Permission





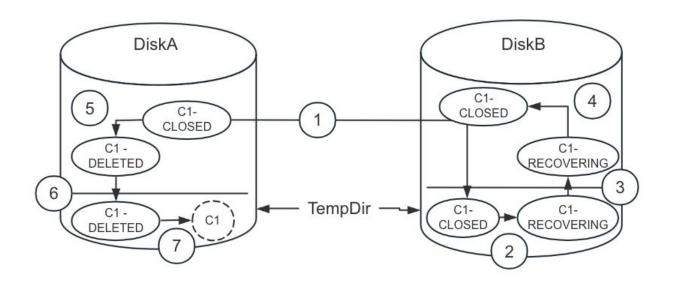
Configuration File

```
$ cat /data/metadata/diskBalancer.info
!!org.apache.hadoop.ozone.container.diskbalancer.DiskBalancerYaml$DiskBalancerInfoYaml {
    bandwidthInMB: 10,
    operationalState: RUNNING,
    parallelThread: 10,
    stopAfterDiskEven: true,
    threshold: 10.0,
    version: 1
}
```

diskBalancer.info under directory defined by "hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.info.dir" or fallback to "ozone.metadata.dirs"



Move Process





Metrcis

- Task execution count
- Task execution time
- Bytes balanced by Task

DiskBalancer Service Metrics }, { "name" : "Hadoop:service=HddsDatanode,name=DiskBalancerServiceMetrics", "modelerType" : "DiskBalancerServiceMetrics", "tag.Context" : "dfs", "tag.Hostname" : "c695c629e1a3", "FailureCount" : 2, "IdleLoopExceedsBandwidthCount" : 1, "IdleLoopExceedsBandwidthCount" : 0, "MoveFailureTimeNumOps" : 2, "MoveFailureTimeNumOps" : 2, "MoveSuccessTimeNumOps" : 8, "MoveSuccessTimeNumOps" : 8, "MoveSuccessTimeAvgTime" : 0.0, "RunningLoopCount" : 3, "SuccessBytes" : 8675917824, "SuccessCount" : 8



Default Configurations

-	hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.should.run.default	false
_	hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.volume.density.threshold	10
_	hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.parallel.thread	5

- hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.max.disk.throughputInMBPerSec 10

- hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.info.dir default empty, fall back to ozone.metadata.dirs

hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.service.intervalhdds.datanode.disk.balancer.service.timeout300s

 hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.volume.choosing.policy org.apache.hadoop.ozone.container.diskbalancer.policy.DefaultVolumeChoosingPolicy

 hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.container.choosing.policy org.apache.hadoop.ozone.container.diskbalancer.policy.DefaultContainerChoosingPolicy

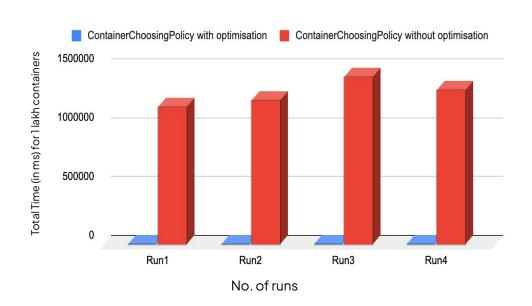
- hdds.datanode.disk.balancer.stop.after.disk.even true



Micro-Bechmark

Container Choosing Policy decides which container to move from an over-utilized disk

Performance Result



Total Volumes: 20

Total Containers: 100000

Total time to choose one container

without optimization: 11 ms

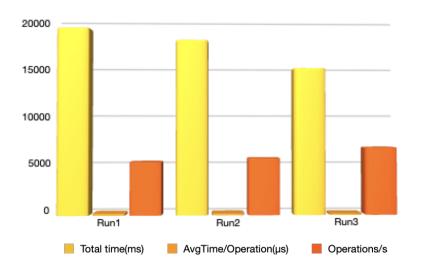
Total time to choose one container with optimization: **0.02 ms**



Micro-Bechmark

VolumeChoosingPolicy decides source volume, and destination volume of a container to move

Performance Result



Total Volumes: 20

Concurrency(threads): 10 Total Operations: 100000

Average time to choose one volume pari:

0.17 ms

Throughput of choose volume: 5926 ops/s



Reference Links

- <u>Disk Balancer Feature</u>
- Container Balancer Feature





Thanks

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