

LAB5**SAMPLING RATE CONVERSION**

points: 8

hours: 2

Objectives

1. To understand the concepts of interpolation and decimation.
2. To understand the structure of polyphase filters.

Exercise 5.1 [1 point]

Answer the following questions:

- a. What is interpolation?
- b. What is decimation?
- c. Why is filtering needed after the interpolation?
- d. Why is filtering needed before the decimation?
- e. What is polyphase filtering?

Exercise 5.2 ^(CODE) [2 points]

Write code to do the following:

1. Open WAVE files containing signals $s1$, $s2$, $s3$, $s4$, sn from exercise 1.3.
2. Resample each signal at new rate $f_{Ns}=48\text{kHz}$ using MATLAB functions *interp()* and *decimate()*.
3. Resample each signal at new rate $f_{Ns}=48\text{kHz}$ using MATLAB function *resample()*.
4. Plot spectrogram of each signal after resampling.

Exercise 5.3 ^(CODE) [2 points]

Write code to do the following:

1. Open WAVE files containing signals $s1$, $s2$, $s3$, $s4$, sn from exercise 1.3.
2. Resample each signal at new rate $f_{Ns}=48\text{kHz}$ using MATLAB function *upfirdn()*. How does this function work?
3. Plot spectrogram of each signal after resampling.

Exercise 5.4 ^(CODE) [3 points]

Write code to do the following:

1. Open WAVE files containing signals $s1$, $s2$, $s3$, $s4$, sn from exercise 1.3.
2. Resample each signal at new rate $f_{Ns}=48\text{kHz}$ using polyphase filters.
3. Plot frequency response of each polyphase filter.