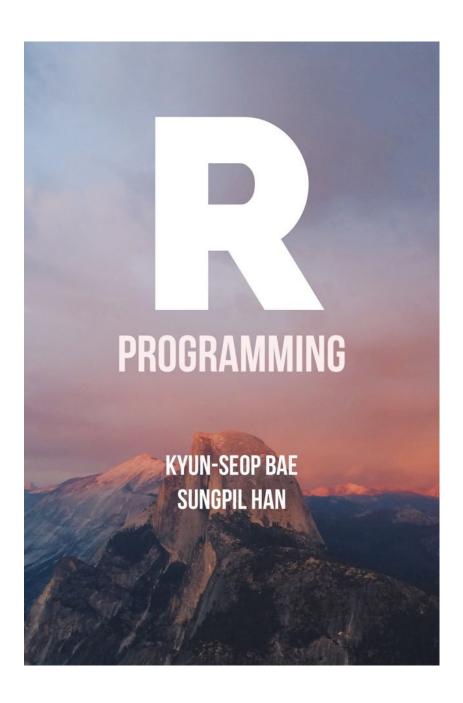
R Programming - Lecture Notes



Contents

Li	st of Ta	ables	v
Li	st of Fi	igures	vii
Pr	eface		ix
1	R lan	nguage	1
2	Grap	phics	3
	2.1	Introduction	3
	2.2	상위수준 그림 함수	3
		2.2.1 상위수준 그림 함수의 주요 인자 (arguments)	3
		2.2.2 scatter plot	4
		2.2.3 Histogram	7
		2.2.4 Box-Whisker Plot	11
		2.2.5 Bar Plot	13
		2.2.6 pie chart	17
		- 2.2.7 matplot 함수	18
		2.2.8 Scatter plot matrices (pairs plots)	19
	2.3	하위수준 그림 함수	21
		2.3.1 점, 선, 설명 추가 하기 {add}	21
		2.3.2 polygon 함수	23
	2.4	그림 출력하기	24
		2.4.1 pdf graphics devices	24
		2.4.2 PNG graphics devices	25
3	Data	Import / Export	27
	3.1	Read.csv	27
	3.2	Theoph 데이타	27
	3.3	lattice	29
	3.4	Subseting and write.csv	31

Con	itents
quently Used Functions	41
Command	41
The basics	74
Common data structures	74
Statistics	74
Working with R	74
I/O	74
dix	85
is R Files	85
Lecture 3	85
Lecture 4	92
Lecture 5	94
ips	103
Using Coursera	103
nowledgement	105
raphy	107
- L 2	equently Used Functions Command The basics Common data structures Statistics Working with R I/O dix Fis R Files Lecture 3 Lecture 4

List of Tables

4.1	The basics - The first functions to learn	72
4.2	The basics - Important operators and assignment	72
4.3	The basics - Comparison	72
4.4	The basics - Basic math	73
4.5	The basics - Functions to do with functions	74
4.6	The basics - Logical - sets	74
4.7	The basics - Vectors and matrices	75
4.8		76
4.9		76
4.10	The basics - Control flow	77
4.11	The basics - Apply - friends	77
4.12	Common data structures - Date time	78
4.13	Common data structures - Character manipulation	78
4.14	Common data structures - Factors	79
4.15	Common data structures - Array manipulation	79
4.16	Statistics - Ordering and tabulating	79
4.17	Statistics - Linear models	80
4.18	Statistics - Miscellaneous tests	80
4.19	Statistics - Random variables	80
4.20	Statistics - Matrix algebra	81
4.21	Working with R - Workspace	81
4.22	Working with R - Help	82
4.23		82
4.24		83
		83
106	I/O Files and directories	0 4

List of Figures

1	Creative Commons License									
2	Syllabus page 1									X
3	Syllabus page 2									X

Preface

안녕하십니까?

2017년 I학기 울산대학교 의학과 대학원 수업 R Programming 과목 담당교수 배균섭입니다.

R은 http://cran.r-project.org 에서 다운로드받아 설치할 수 있습니다. 역시 같은 사이트에서 Manual이 나와 있으니 참고하시기 바랍니다. 구글 에서 'R Programming pdf'와 같은 키워드로 검색하시면 많은 자료를 보실 수 있습니다.

첨부한 R.stx¹ 파일은 AcroEdit이라는 editor에서 사용할 syntax highlighting 용 구문 파일입니다. http://www.acrosoft.pe.kr 에서 다운로드 받아 설치하시기 바랍니다. AcroEdit대신 notepad++를 선호하시는 분은 그대로 사용하셔도 됩니다.

저는 RStudio, tinnR 등을 이용해서 강의하지 않습니다만, 필요하신 분은 쓰셔도 괜찮습니다. 향후 R package 작성을 위해서는 MiKTeX와 Rtools를 설치하십시오.

추가로 말씀드리자면, http://www.coursera.org 에 많은 R 강좌가 개설되어 있습니다. Specialization course로 들어가면 유로이지만, (Specialization course는 여러 개의 과목이 합쳐져 있는 것입니다.) 개별 과목을 검색해서들어가면, 무료로도 볼 수 있습니다. (대신 시험을 칠 수 없거나, certificate 를 받을 수 없습니다.)

좋은 강좌가 많으니 많이 활용하시기 바립니다.

강의 장소에 불편함이 많은 것으로 생각되어, 다음과 같이 Skype 모임을 개설하였습니다. 사정상 원거리에서 오시기 불편한 분들은 활용하시기

https://groups.google.com/a/acr.kr/group/r/attach/409db97bf453a/R.stx?part=0. 1&authuser=0

x Preface

바랍니다. 출석은 화면을 캡쳐하거나 휴대폰으로 찍은 뒤 sec@acp.kr², shan@acp.kr³ 보내주시면 출석으로 인정해 드립니다.

Skype 모임 참가 https://meet.lync.com/uucp-acp/ksbae/SKGJ3BNQ 2017년 3월, 배균섭 배상

The online version of this book is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License⁴.



FIGURE 1: Creative Commons License

Teaching Assistant

⁹mailto:shan@acp.kr

안녕하십니까? 서울아산병원 임상약리학과 전공의 한성필입니다. 수업과 관련된 여러 제반 업무를 담당하고 있습니다. 언제든 의문사항 있으면 r@acr.kr⁵ 로 전체 메일 보내시거나 교수님 k@acr.kr⁶ 혹은 제 개인 메일 shan@acp.kr[®] 연락해 주십시오.

교수님께서 세우신 방침에 따라 수업시간에 출석을 부르지 않을 예정입니다. 수강하시는 화면(Skype)을 휴대폰으로 사진 찍으시거나 강의실의스크린을 사진으로 촬영하셔서 sec@acp.kr⁸ / shan@acp.kr⁹ 로 동시에 보내주시면 됩니다. 가급적 "2017-03-31 한성필 출석" 과 같은 식의 제목을 유지해주시면 처리하는데 큰 도움이 될 것 같습니다.

출석 체크를 위해 전체메일을 사용하지 말아주십시오!

아울러 수업 중에 사용한 코드/스크립트를 사용하여 R의 패키지인 bookdown

²mailto:sec@acp.kr

³mailto:shan@acp.kr

⁴http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/

⁵mailto:r@acr.kr

⁶mailto:k@acr.kr

⁷mailto:shan@acp.kr

⁸mailto:sec@acp.kr

Preface x

을 사용해 웹복을 제작 중에 있습니다. (Xie, 2016) 여러분이 읽고 있는 이 책자체가 R 코드의 일종인 Rmarkdown의 결과물이라고 보시면 됩니다. Github 저장소¹⁰가 있으니 소스 코드를 보실 수 있습니다. 누구나 소스를 편집하여 Pull Request를 요청할 수 있으므로 혹시 Github를 사용하셔서 웹북의 질을 높이고자 하시는 수강생 선생님들께서는 도움을 주십시오.

감사합니다.

2017년 3월, 한성필 올림

FAQ

접속 관련

Q. 스카이프를 한번도 안써봐서 이참에 사용법을 배우고있는데, 수업시작시에 상대방을 어떻게 검색해서 들어가면 될지 알려주시면 감사하겠습니다.

Q. 온라인 수강시 접속하는 스카이프 주소는 무엇인지요?

https://meet.lync.com/uucp-acp/ksbae/SKGJ3BNQ

Chrome 등 웹브라우저에서 위 주소를 입력하면 직접 대화방으로 연결됩니다. (검색할 필요 없습니다.) 처음 설치시에는 Add-on이 설치될 수 있습니다. MacOS Sierra, Win7, Win10에서 Chrome, Internet Explorer 등을

https://github.com/asancpt/Rprogramming

xii Preface

사용하여 테스트해 보았고 모두 잘 동작하였습니다. 대부분의 경우 Skype For Business 계정이 없을 것으로 생각되는데 따로 로그인할 필요 없습니다. 수업 시작 30분 전부터 대화방을 개설해 놓도록 하겠습니다.

https://groups.google.com/a/acr.kr/d/msg/r/nUkrE37W2kQ/waG-FkM_BgAJ 교수님께서 처음 보낸 메일을 참고해 주십시오.

Q. 앞으로 수업은 지난 첫수업처럼 계속 온라인 수강이 가능한 것인 가요?

네, 계속 온라인으로 가능합니다.

Q. 저도 웹캠을 설치하여야 하여야 하나요?

설치할 필요 없습니다. 오히려 수강자의 웹캠의 전원을 꺼두시길 권고드립니다.

Q. 수강전 온라인 강의 테스트 해볼 수 있나요?

수업 시작 30분 전부터 대화방을 개설하여 놓도록 하겠습니다.

출석관련

Q. 미국학회 참석으로 수업시간이 귀국행 비행기 기내에 있을거같아 출석이 안될것 같습니다. 방법이 있을지요?

결석 사유서를 제출해 주시면 출석 처리 하겠습니다. 대학원 홈페이지 참고 바랍니다." 이 링크로 들어가시면 가장 위에 있습니다. (결석사유서.hwp) 참고로 수업 영상은 녹화하여 Youtube에 비공개 링크를 만들 예정이라서 추후에 관련 영상을 시청할 수 있을 것 같습니다. 결석사유서를 제출한다고 100% 출석이 인정되는 것은 아닙니다. 이것이 기본적으로는 offline 강의이기 때문에 강의시간에 강의실에 있든지, 또는 온라인으로 접속해 있어야 합니다. 출석사유서를 제출하거나, 추후 동영상 시청을 해서 그 증거(사진)을 제출하는 경우에 감점을 줄여드릴 수 있습니다. 예를 들어, 결석시에는 2점 감점인데, 결석사유서를 제출하면 1점만 감점한다는지, 동영상을 보면 0.5점만 감점한다는지 하는 것입니다. 결석 사유서 제출 시출석 처리 원칙에 대한 설명을 드리오니, 참고하시길 바랍니다.

과제 관련

Q. 과제물이 있다고 들었는데 언제 assign하게 되는지요?

과제물은 빨라야 5주차 이후에 나갑니다.

Coursera 관련

Q. 첫 수업 때, certification 관련 말씀을 하셨는데, 정확히 coursera 사이트에서 어떤 것을 듣고, 제출을 해야하는지 궁금합니다. (비슷한 내용이 많아, 어떤것을 들어야하는지 헷갈립니다.)

[&]quot;http://www.medulsan.ac.kr/graduate/?mid=72&curpage=files

xiv Preface

Coursera는 꼭 어느 것을 들어야 하는 것은 아니고, R programming과 관련된 것이라면 자유로이 골라서 들으면 됩니다. 대표적인 두 가지만 들자면 다음과 같습니다.

- https://www.coursera.org/learn/r-programming
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/r-programming-environment

Q. Coursera 강의를 듣고 증명서를 내면 출석을 얼마나 커버할 수 있을런지요?

Coursera는 출석 커버보다는 grade를 올려 주기 위한 것입니다. 출석은 Skype로 커버해야 합니다. 출석의 성적 반영비율은 25%이지만, 규정상 4회 이상 결석이면 성적이 나갈 수 없습니다.

Syllabus

Preface XV

2017-1학기 수업계획서(Course Outline)

년도-학기		345	o ne	0 T 7 7 7 1 1 1 1				
(vear-semester)	2017-1	(course		R 프로그래밍 R Programming	,			
과목변호=분반 (coursello-classilo	WA6493 - 01	학점(강	의-실습)	3학점(3-0		ABEEK(설계학점)		
당교수 (professor)	배균섭 Bae, Kyun Seop	(credit) 연구실 번호 (office phone)		02-3010-4611		(Abeek credit) 학부(과)사무실 (Dept office phone	02-3010-4217	
개설학과-학년 (department-year)	의학과	(0)1100	рионе			이수구분 (type of course requirement)	공통 common	
E-MAIL	ksbae@amc.seoul.	kr	강좌구분 (type of lecture)			일반강좌 general lecture		
홍메이지 (Homepage)				범(method of valuation)		절대평가 absolute ev	/ 등급 aluation	
1 교과모 개요(co	irse description)							

Data Science의 가장 기본식인 tool인 R로 어떻게 프로그래밍을 하는지에 기술을 막힌다. 자신의 세부 진공본야에 상권없이 작용할 수 있는 공통적인 부분을 중심으로 작습할 것이다. Students will learn how to program using R which is the basic tool for the data science. The subjects will be common ones regardless of their specific majors.

2.교수목표(goal of instruction)

- 1.R을 이용하여 자신의 문제를 해결할 수 있다. 2.R package를 개발하여 다른 사용의 문제 해결을 돕는다. 3.정당이 알려져 있지 않는 문제에 대하여, 제계적인 사행적으로 최적의 해당을 찾는 습곤을 들인다. 4.자신이 가진 Tool들의 한계와 장단점을 이해하고 자신의 문제에 적용한다.

3.주요 학습내용 및 수업진행방법(main contents & methods of teaching)

강의, 동명상 시청

4.학습 성과	평가방법(eval	uation crite	ria)							
과제 (중간,	과제 (중간, 기말고사 대신 과제를 제출해야 하며, 중간, 기말고사 기간에도 강의가 있습니다.)									
평가항목(eya luation		중간고사(mid term exam)			발표(present ation)	퀴즈 (quìz)	Term Project	기타 (etc.)		
성적반영 비율(percentage	25.00	25.00	25.00	25,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		

5.교재 및 참고 문헌(textbook & reference books)

- [부교재] [도서관] (테이터 고급 분석과 봉계 프로그래밍을 위한) 벡테이터 분석 도구 R 프로그래밍 노만 데르로프 지; 올김 의왕 : 에이콘 9788960773332: 9788960772793(set)

- 용권 의왕: 에이폰 9788960773332: 9788960772793(set)
 [부교재] [도서관] R Cookbook: 데이터 분석과 통계, 그래픽스를 위한 실권 예계 풀 터터 지음:이제원 용집 서울: 인/
 978896529379
 [부교재] (수기입력] Software for Data Analysis Chambers JM Springer
 [부교재] (수기입력] Advanced R Wickham H CRC Press
 [부교재] (도서관] [ebook]The Basics of S-PLUS [electronic resource] Krause A, Olson M New York, NY: S.
 New York 9780 387283906
 [부교재] [도서관] [ebook Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R, Second Edition [electronic resource] Jones O, Maillardet R, Hoboken: CRC Press 978 1468570016
 [부교재] (수기입력] R Programming for Data Science Peng R, Iulu.com
 [주교재] [수기입력] The R Manuals R Core Team http://cran.r-project.org

6.주벌 진	6.주별 잔도계획 및 학습자료(weekly plan & study materials)							
2月1年(wook 1)	[주별진도(topic)] Course introduction: textbooks, resources, installation, …	[학습자료(materials)] R-admin						
別2年(wook 2)	[주병진도(topic)] Data objects: basic types, vector, matrix, list, data frame	[학습자료(materials)] R-intro						
用3年(wask 3)	[주별진도(topic)] Plotting and graphics	[학습자료(materials)] Handout						
用4平(wask 4)	[주병진도(topic)] Data manipulation: loading, subsetting, merging, saving	[학습자료(materials)] R-data						

울산대학교 UWIN 1/2 xvi Preface

刀5平(wook 5)	[주별진도(topic)] Basic commands and functions	[학습자료(materials)] R-lang
2月6年(wask 6)	[주변진도(topic)] Elements of programming style	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주변진도(topic)] Developing R package without Rstudio	[학습자료(materials)] R-exts
	[주별진도(topic)] Some useful packages 1 ? RODBC, rtf	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주뱀진도(topic)] Astudio and some useful packages 2 ? ggplot2	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주별진도(topic)] (석가탄신말 휴무)	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주별진도(topic)] Some useful packages 3 ? dplyr, tidyr	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주별진도(topic)] Some useful packages 4	[학습자료(materials)]
제 13주 (wook 13)	[주별진도(topic)] Handling date, time, and string	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주뱀진도(topic)] functional and object-oriented programming in R	[학습자료(materials)]
	[주별진도(topic)] 보강주	[학습자료(materials)]
제 16주 (wook 16)	[주병진도(topic)] Pitfalls and limitations of R	[탁습자료(materials)]

을산대학교 *U*WIN 2/2

FIGURE 3: Syllabus page 2

R language

2017-03-15 배균섭 교수님 강의

R Language Definition¹의 초반 내용에 대해 설명하였습니다.

¹https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-lang.pdf

Graphics

2017-03-22 임형석 교수님 강의

R을 사용해 그림 그리는 방법에 대해 알아보겠습니다.

2.1 Introduction

- 상위수준 그림 함수는 그림을 생성한다.
- 하위수준 그림 함수는 기존의 그림에 그림을 추가한다.

2.2 상위수준 그림 함수

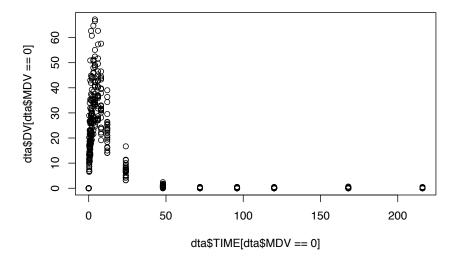
2.2.1 상위수준 그림 함수의 주요 인자 (arguments)

- main : 제목
- xlab/ylab:x축 및 y축 레이블
- xlim/ylim:x축 및 y축 범위
- col: 색깔
- lty:선 모양

```
• pch : 점 모양
 • cex: 그림 성분의 크기
 • lwd : 선 굵기
 • type: 그림 타입
dta <- read.csv("PK.csv")</pre>
head(dta)
    ID TIME AMT
                  DV MDV
## 1 1 0.00
              0 0.00
## 2 1 0.00
## 3 1 0.33
              0 9.40
## 4 1 0.66
              0 13.71
## 5 1 1.00
              0 16.52
## 6 1 1.50
              0 29.36
str(dta)
## 'data.frame':
                  456 obs. of 5 variables:
   $ ID : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ TIME: num 0 0 0.33 0.66 1 1.5 2 3 4 6 ...
   $ AMT : num 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
   $ DV : num 0 0 9.4 13.7 16.5 ...
   $ MDV : num 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
```

2.2.2 scatter plot

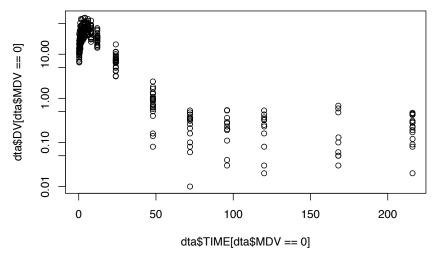
```
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0])
```



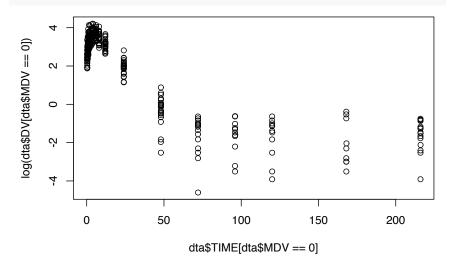
plot(dta\$TIME[dta\$MDV==0], dta\$DV[dta\$MDV==0], log="y")

Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 86 y

values <= 0 omitted from logarithmic plot

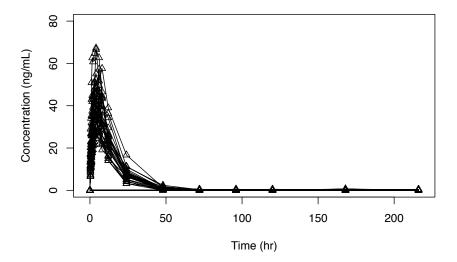


```
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], log(dta$DV[dta$MDV==0]))
```

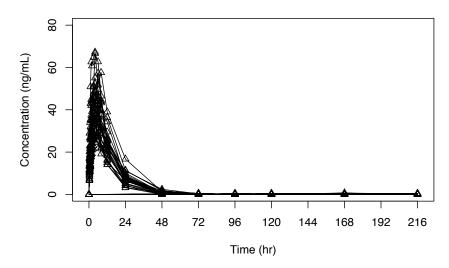


```
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0]
   , xlab="Time (hr)", ylab="Concentration (ng/mL)"
   , type="o", pch=2, col=1, main="PK time-course of Drug X"
   , xlim =c(-2,218), ylim=c(0,80))
```

PK time-course of Drug X



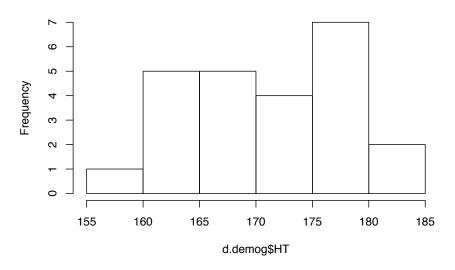
PK time-course of Drug X



2.2.3 Histogram

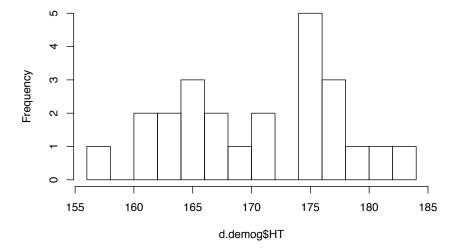
```
d.demog <- read.csv("DEMOG.csv")
hist(d.demog$HT)</pre>
```

Histogram of d.demog\$HT



hist(d.demog\$HT, breaks=10)
hist(d.demog\$HT, nclass=10)

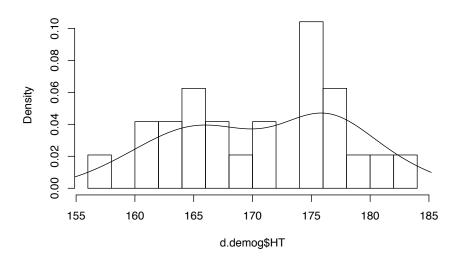
Histogram of d.demog\$HT



2.2.3.1 with density line

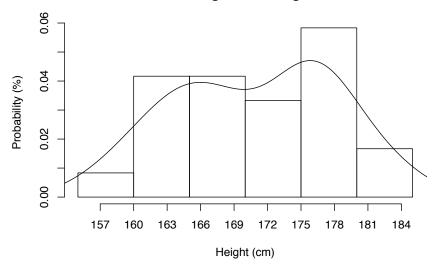
```
hist (d.demog$HT, probability=TRUE, breaks=10)
lines(density(d.demog$HT))
```

Histogram of d.demog\$HT



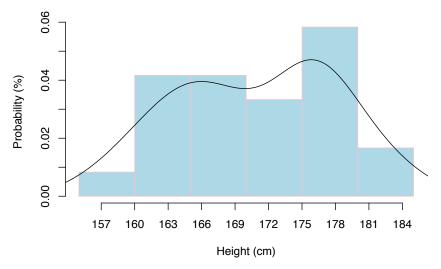
```
hist (d.demog$HT, probability=TRUE, breaks=9, xaxt="n"
    , main="Histogram for Height", xlab="Height (cm)", ylab="Probability (%)")
axis(1, at=seq(min(d.demog$HT), max(d.demog$HT), 3))
lines(density(d.demog$HT))
```

Histogram for Height

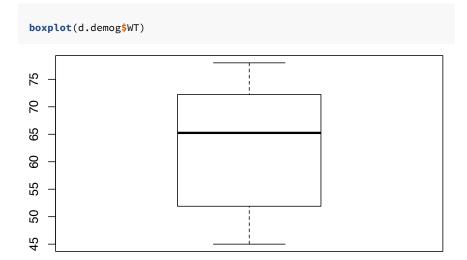


```
hist (d.demog$HT, probability=TRUE, breaks=9, xaxt="n"
    , main="Histogram for Height", xlab="Height (cm)", ylab="Probability (%)"
    , col = "lightblue", border = "pink")
axis(1, at=seq(min(d.demog$HT), max(d.demog$HT), 3))
lines(density(d.demog$HT))
```

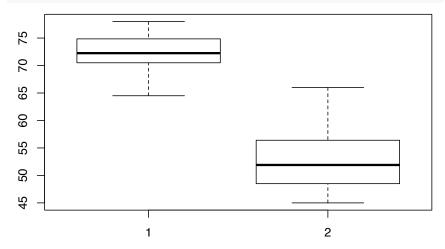
Histogram for Height



2.2.4 Box-Whisker Plot



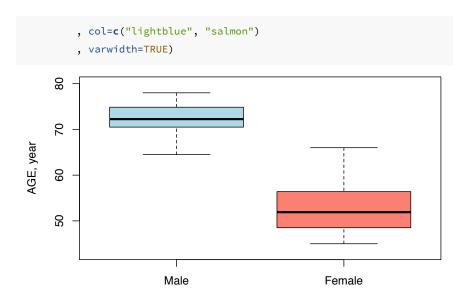
```
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX)
boxplot(split(d.demog$WT, d.demog$SEX))
```



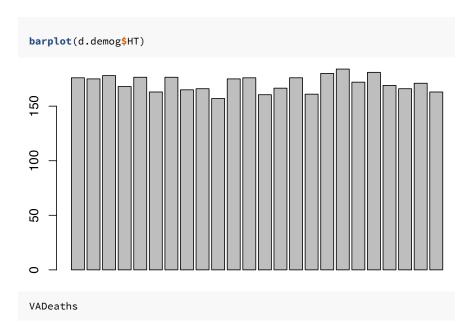
```
boxplot(WT ~ SEX, data=d.demog)
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX
```

```
, names=c("Male","Female"), ylab="AGE, year", ylim=c(min(d.demog$WT)-2, max(d.demog$WT)+2)
         , col="pink")
     8
     2
AGE, year
     8
     20
                       Male
                                                   Female
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX
         , names=c("Male","Female"), ylab="AGE, year", ylim=c(min(d.demog$WT)-2, max(d.demog$WT)+2)
         , col=c("lightblue", "salmon"), width=c(0.6, 1))
     8
     70
AGE, year
    9
     50
                       Male
                                                   Female
```

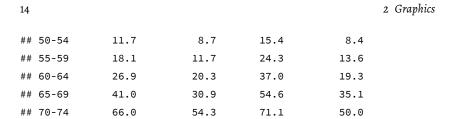
-varwidth: if varwidth is TRUE, the boxes are drawn with widths proportional to the square-roots of the number of observations in the groups.



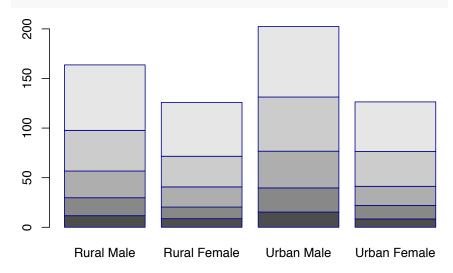
2.2.5 Bar Plot



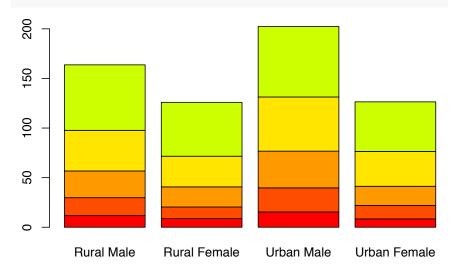
Rural Male Rural Female Urban Male Urban Female



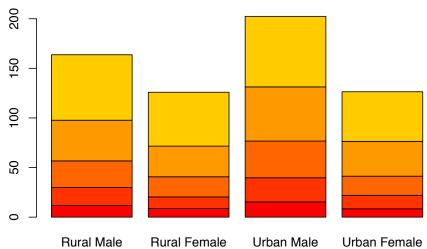
barplot(VADeaths, border = "dark blue")



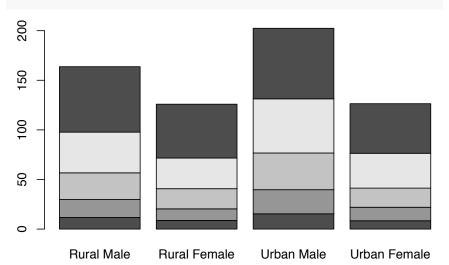
barplot(VADeaths, col = rainbow(20))

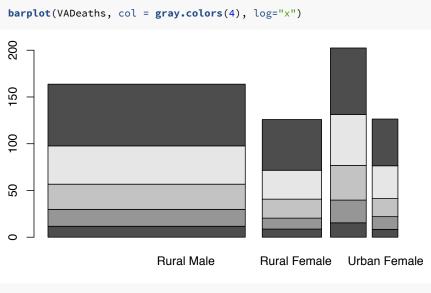






barplot(VADeaths, col = gray.colors(4))

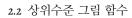








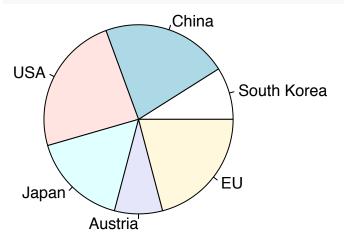
barplot(VADeaths, col = gray.colors(4), log="xy")





2.2.6 pie chart

```
drug.X.market <- c(0.12, 0.29, 0.32, 0.22, 0.11, 0.28)
names(drug.X.market) <- c("South Korea","China","USA","Japan","Austria","EU")</pre>
pie(drug.X.market)
```

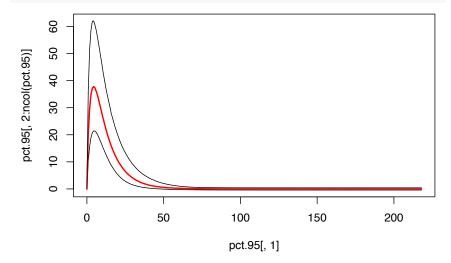


2.2.7 matplot 함수

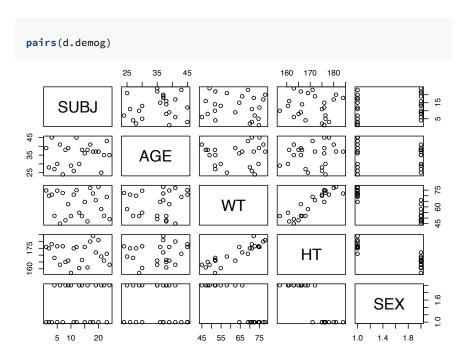
2.2.7.1 matrix와 column 사이의 그림

```
pct.95 <- read.csv("pct95.csv")</pre>
matplot(pct.95[,1], pct.95[,2:ncol(pct.95)], pch=1)
      8
     20
pct.95[, 2:ncol(pct.95)]
     4
     30
     20
     10
      0
                            50
             0
                                           100
                                                           150
                                                                           200
                                           pct.95[, 1]
```

matplot(pct.95[,1], pct.95[,2:ncol(pct.95)], pch=1, col=c(1,2,1), type="l", lty=1, lwd=c(1,2,1))

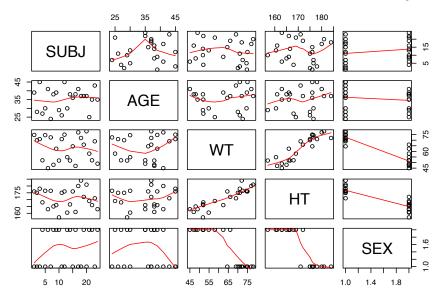


2.2.8 Scatter plot matrices (pairs plots)



2.2.8.1 add a loess smoother, type

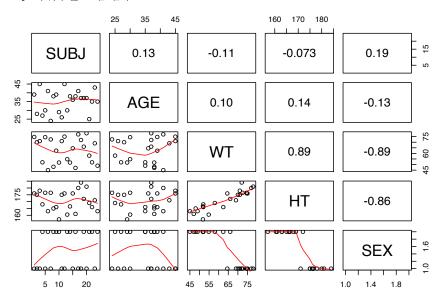
```
pairs(d.demog, panel = panel.smooth)
```



```
panel.cor <- function(x, y, digits=2, prefix="", cex.cor)
{
    usr <- par("usr"); on.exit(par(usr))
    par(usr = c(0, 1, 0, 1))
    r = (cor(x, y))
    txt <- format(c(r, 0.123456789), digits=digits)[1]
    txt <- paste(prefix, txt, sep="")
    if(missing(cex.cor)) cex <- 1.5
    text(0.5, 0.5, txt, cex = 1.5)
}

pairs(d.demog, lower.panel=panel.smooth, upper.panel=panel.cor)</pre>
```





2.3 하위수준 그림 함수

points : 점추가lines : 선 추가

• abline : 기준선 추가

• mtext : 텍스트 추가

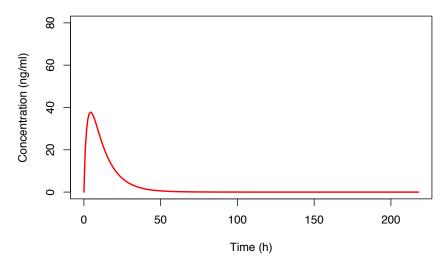
legend : 설명 (legend) 추가
polygon : polygon 추가

2.3.1 점, 선, 설명 추가 하기 {add}

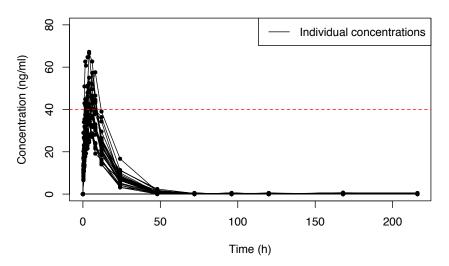
```
plot(pct.95$TIME, pct.95$PCT50, main="PK of Drug X"
    , type="l", xlab="Time (h)", ylab="Concentration (ng/ml)"
    , ylim=range(0,80), lty=1, col="red", lwd=2)
```

22 2 Graphics

PK of Drug X

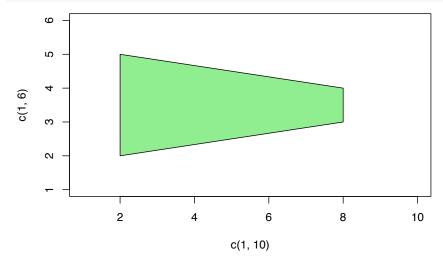


PK of Drug X

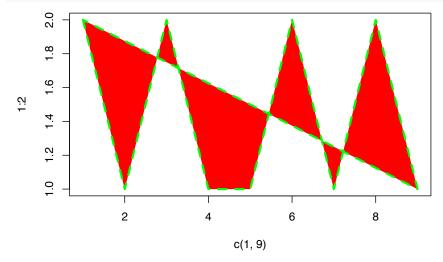


2.3.2 polygon 함수

```
plot(c(1, 10), c(1, 6), type = "n")
polygon(c(2,8,8,2), c(5,4,3,2), col="lightgreen")
```



24 2 Graphics



2.4 그림 출력하기

2.4.1 pdf graphics devices

2.4 그림 출력하기 25

2.4.2 PNG graphics devices

Data Import / Export

2017-03-29 배균섭 교수님 강의

이번 시간에는 자료를 불러오고 조작을 가한 뒤 저장하는 방법에 대해 알아보겠습니다.

3.1 Read.csv

setwd 명령어를 통해서 자료가 있는 작업 공간을 설정할 수 있습니다. 설정 후에서는 dir()을 통해 파일의 이름을 확인 할 수 있습니다. read.csv를 통해서 자료를 R에서 사용할 수 있게 됩니다.

```
setwd("D:/Rt")
dir()
mydata <- read.csv("MyData2017.csv", as.is=TRUE)</pre>
```

3.2 Theoph 데이타

R에 기본적으로 들어있는 Theoph 약동학 자료에 대해 살펴보겠습니다.

head(Theoph, n = 11)

```
## 1 Subject Wt Dose Time conc
## 1 1 79.6 4.02 0.00 0.74
## 2 1 79.6 4.02 0.25 2.84
## 3 1 79.6 4.02 0.57 6.57
## 4 1 79.6 4.02 1.12 10.50
## 5 1 79.6 4.02 2.02 9.66
## 6 1 79.6 4.02 3.82 8.58
## 7 1 79.6 4.02 5.10 8.36
## 8 1 79.6 4.02 7.03 7.47
## 9 1 79.6 4.02 9.05 6.89
## 10 1 79.6 4.02 12.12 5.94
## 11 1 79.6 4.02 24.37 3.28
```

tail(Theoph, n = 11)

```
Subject Wt Dose Time conc
## 122
           12 60.5 5.3 0.00 0.00
## 123
           12 60.5 5.3 0.25 1.25
## 124
           12 60.5 5.3 0.50 3.96
## 125
           12 60.5 5.3 1.00 7.82
## 126
           12 60.5 5.3 2.00 9.72
           12 60.5 5.3 3.52 9.75
## 127
## 128
           12 60.5 5.3 5.07 8.57
## 129
           12 60.5 5.3 7.07 6.59
## 130
           12 60.5 5.3 9.03 6.11
## 131
           12 60.5 5.3 12.05 4.57
## 132
           12 60.5 5.3 24.15 1.17
```

R console에서 ?Theoph를 타이핑 치면 좀 더 자세한 정보를 얻을 수 있습니다.

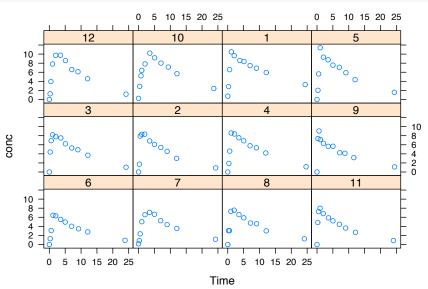
3.3 lattice 29

3.3 lattice

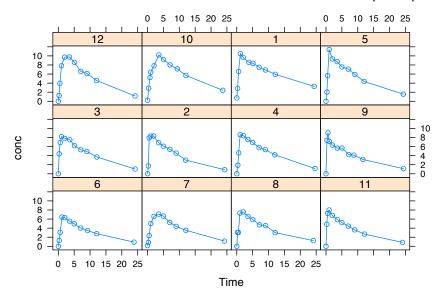
lattice 패키지를 불러온 뒤 그림을 그려보겠습니다. (Sarkar, 2017)

```
library(lattice) # trellis

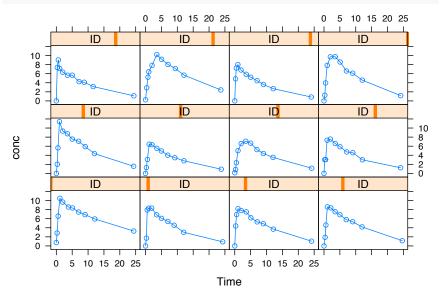
xyplot(conc ~ Time | Subject, data=Theoph)
```

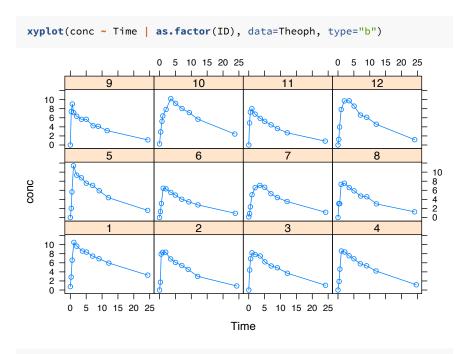


xyplot(conc ~ Time | Subject, data=Theoph, type="b")









write.csv(Theoph, "Theoph.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")

3.4 Subseting and write.csv

자료를 편집하고, subset을 만들고 각각을 파일로 저장하는 방법에 대해 알아보겠습니다.

```
IDs = sort(unique(Theoph[,"ID"])) ; IDs
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

nID = length(IDs) ; nID
## [1] 12
```

17

2 3.50 NA 6.85

```
demog = unique(Theoph[,c("ID","Wt")])
colnames(demog) = c("ID", "BWT")
write.csv(demog, "1-demog.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
DV = Theoph[,c("ID","Time", "conc")]
colnames(DV) = c("ID", "TIME", "DV")
write.csv(DV, "3-DV.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
adm = cbind(IDs, rep(0, nID), rep(320, nID))
colnames(adm) = c("ID", "TIME", "AMT")
write.csv(adm, "2-adm.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
demog = read.csv("1-demog.csv", as.is=TRUE)
adm = read.csv("2-adm.csv", as.is=TRUE)
dv = read.csv("3-dv.csv", as.is=TRUE)
AdmDv = merge(adm, dv, by=intersect(colnames(adm), colnames(dv)), all=TRUE)
AdmDv
      ID TIME AMT
##
                      DV
       1 0.00 320 0.74
## 1
## 2
       1 0.25 NA
                   2.84
       1 0.57
                    6.57
       1 1.12
                NA 10.50
       1 2.02 NA
                   9.66
       1 3.82
                NA
                    8.58
## 6
## 7
       1 5.10
                NA
                    8.36
       1 7.03
## 8
                NA
                    7.47
  9
       1 9.05
                NA
                    6.89
       1 12.12
                    5.94
## 11
       1 24.37 NA
                    3.28
       2 0.00 320
  12
                    0.00
  13
       2 0.27
                NA
                    1.72
## 14
       2 0.52 NA
                    7.91
## 15
       2 1.00 NA
                    8.31
## 16
       2 1.92
                NA
                    8.33
```

```
##
  18
        2 5.02
                NA
                     6.08
##
  19
          7.03
                 NA
                     5.40
        2 9.00
                     4.55
  20
  21
        2 12.00
                 NA
                     3.01
  22
        2 24.30
                 NA
                     0.90
  23
        3 0.00 320
                     0.00
                     4.40
  24
        3 0.27
                 NA
        3 0.58
                 NA
                     6.90
  25
        3 1.02
                     8.20
##
  26
                 NA
        3 2.02
                     7.80
## 27
                 NA
##
  28
        3 3.62
                 NA
                     7.50
        3 5.08
                     6.20
  29
                 NA
  30
        3 7.07
                 NA
                     5.30
##
  31
        3 9.00
                 NA
                     4.90
##
  32
        3 12.15
                 NA
                     3.70
##
        3 24.17
  33
                NA
                     1.05
##
  34
        4 0.00 320
                     0.00
          0.35
                     1.89
##
  35
                 NA
          0.60
                 NA
                     4.60
  37
        4 1.07
                 NA
                     8.60
  38
        4 2.13
                 NA
                     8.38
       4 3.50
  39
                 NA
                     7.54
##
        4 5.02
                 NA
                     6.88
  40
                     5.78
## 41
        4 7.02
                 NA
        4 9.02
##
  42
                 NA
                     5.33
  43
        4 11.98
                 NA
                     4.19
        4 24.65
                     1.15
##
  44
  45
        5 0.00 320
                     0.00
##
  46
        5 0.30
                 NA
                     2.02
##
  47
        5 0.52
                 NA
                     5.63
## 48
        5 1.00
                 NA 11.40
##
  49
        5 2.02
                 NA
                     9.33
         3.50
                     8.74
##
  50
                 NA
##
  51
        5 5.02
                 NA
                     7.56
  52
        5 7.02
                 NA
                     7.09
  53
        5 9.10
                 NA
                     5.90
##
  54
        5 12.00
                 NA
                     4.37
## 55
        5 24.35 NA 1.57
```

```
## 56
        6 0.00 320
                     0.00
## 57
        6 0.27
                NA
                     1.29
          0.58
                     3.08
## 58
                 NA
  59
        6 1.15
                 NA
                     6.44
  60
        6 2.03
                 NA
                     6.32
## 61
        6 3.57
                 NA
                     5.53
                     4.94
## 62
        6 5.00
                 NA
        6 7.00
                 NA
                     4.02
## 63
        6 9.22
                     3.46
## 64
                 NA
        6 12.10
                     2.78
## 65
                 NA
##
  66
        6 23.85
                 NA
                     0.92
        7 0.00 320
                     0.15
  67
## 68
        7 0.25
                 NA
                     0.85
## 69
        7 0.50
                 NA
                     2.35
       7 1.02
                     5.02
##
  70
                 NA
        7 2.02
                     6.58
## 71
                 NA
                     7.09
## 72
        7 3.48
                 NA
          5.00
                     6.66
##
  73
                 NA
##
  74
          6.98
                 NA
                     5.25
## 75
        7 9.00
                 NA
                     4.39
##
  76
        7 12.05
                 NA
                     3.53
## 77
        7 24.22
                 NA
                     1.15
        8 0.00 320
                     0.00
## 78
## 79
        8 0.25
                 NA
                     3.05
                     3.05
## 80
        8 0.52
                 NA
## 81
        8 0.98
                 NA
                     7.31
        8 2.02
                     7.56
## 82
                 NA
## 83
        8 3.53
                 NA
                     6.59
## 84
        8 5.05
                 NA
                     5.88
        8 7.15
## 85
                 NA
                     4.73
## 86
        8 9.07
                 NA
                     4.57
##
  87
        8 12.10
                 NA
                     3.00
        8 24.12
                 NA
                     1.25
##
  88
          0.00 320
##
  89
                     0.00
  90
        9 0.30
                 NA
                     7.37
  91
          0.63
                 NA
                     9.03
        9
## 92
        9
          1.05
                 NA
                     7.14
       9 2.02 NA 6.33
## 93
```

```
## 94
       9 3.53 NA 5.66
## 95
       9 5.02
               NA
                   5.67
                   4.24
  96
       9 7.17
  97
       9 8.80
               NA
                   4.11
       9 11.60
               NA
                   3.16
  99
       9 24.43
               NA
                  1.12
## 100 10 0.00 320
                   0.24
## 101 10 0.37
                  2.89
               NA
## 102 10 0.77
               NA
                  5.22
## 103 10 1.02
                  6.41
## 104 10 2.05
               NA 7.83
## 105 10 3.55
## 106 10 5.05
               NA
                  9.18
## 107 10 7.08
                  8.02
               NA
## 108 10 9.38
               NA
                  7.14
## 109 10 12.10
               NA
                  5.68
## 110 10 23.70 NA
                   2.42
## 111 11 0.00 320
                   0.00
## 112 11 0.25
                   4.86
## 113 11 0.50
               NA
                  7.24
## 114 11 0.98
                  8.00
               NA
## 115 11 1.98
               NA
                   6.81
## 116 11 3.60
                  5.87
               NA
## 117 11 5.02
               NA
                  5.22
## 118 11 7.03
               NA
                  4.45
## 119 11 9.03
                   3.62
## 120 11 12.12
                   2.69
## 121 11 24.08 NA
                   0.86
                   0.00
## 122 12 0.00 320
## 123 12 0.25
               NA
                   1.25
## 124 12 0.50
                  3.96
               NA
## 125 12 1.00
               NA
                   7.82
## 126 12 2.00
                   9.72
## 127 12 3.52
                   9.75
## 128 12 5.07
               NA
                   8.57
  129 12 7.07
                   6.59
               NA
## 130 12 9.03
               NA
                   6.11
## 131 12 12.05 NA 4.57
```

132 12 24.15 NA 1.17

자료를 병합(merge) 해 보겠습니다.

```
DataAll = merge(demog, AdmDv, by=c("ID"), all=TRUE)
DataAll
```

```
##
      ID BWT TIME AMT
                           DV
## 1
       1 79.6
               0.00 320
                        0.74
       1 79.6
               0.25 NA
       1 79.6
               0.57 NA
##
                        6.57
       1 79.6 1.12
       1 79.6 2.02
                     NA
       1 79.6
              3.82 NA
                        8.58
       1 79.6 5.10
                     NA
                        8.36
       1 79.6 7.03
  8
                        7.47
                    NA
       1 79.6 9.05
                    NA
                         6.89
  10
       1 79.6 12.12 NA
                         5.94
       1 79.6 24.37
       2 72.4
               0.00 320
                         0.00
       2 72.4
               0.27
  13
                    NA
                        1.72
       2 72.4
               0.52
                    NA
                        7.91
  14
  15
       2 72.4 1.00
                    NA
                        8.31
       2 72.4 1.92 NA
                        8.33
  16
## 17
       2 72.4 3.50
                        6.85
                    NA
                         6.08
       2 72.4 5.02
       2 72.4 7.03
       2 72.4 9.00
                     NA
       2 72.4 12.00
                         3.01
  21
                     NA
  22
       2 72.4 24.30
                    NA
                         0.90
       3 70.5 0.00 320
                         0.00
  23
       3 70.5 0.27
  24
                    NA
                         4.40
               0.58
       3 70.5
       3 70.5
               1.02
                     NA
                         8.20
       3 70.5
               2.02
                         7.80
                     NA
  28
       3 70.5
               3.62
                     NA
                        7.50
  29
       3 70.5
               5.08
                     NA
                        6.20
## 30
       3 70.5 7.07 NA 5.30
```

```
## 31
        3 70.5 9.00
                      NA
                          4.90
##
  32
        3 70.5 12.15
                      NA
                           3.70
  33
        3 70.5 24.17
                           1.05
   34
        4 72.7
                0.00 320
  35
        4 72.7
                0.35
                      NA
                           1.89
  36
        4 72.7
                0.60
                      NA
                           4.60
##
  37
        4 72.7
                1.07
                      NA
                           8.60
##
        4 72.7
                2.13
                           8.38
  38
                      NA
##
        4 72.7
                3.50
                           7.54
  39
                      NA
        4 72.7
                5.02
                           6.88
## 40
##
  41
        4 72.7
                7.02
                      NA
                           5.78
        4 72.7
                9.02
                           5.33
  43
        4 72.7 11.98
                      NA
                           4.19
##
        4 72.7 24.65
                           1.15
  44
                      NA
                0.00 320
                           0.00
##
  45
        5 54.6
        5 54.6
                0.30
                           2.02
## 46
                      NA
                          5.63
## 47
        5 54.6
                0.52
                      NA
        5 54.6
##
  48
                1.00
                      NA 11.40
  49
        5 54.6
                2.02
                      NA
  50
        5 54.6
                3.50
                      NA
                           8.74
  51
        5 54.6
                5.02
                           7.56
                      NA
  52
        5 54.6
                7.02
                      NA
                           7.09
##
        5 54.6 9.10
                           5.90
  53
                      NA
## 54
        5 54.6 12.00
                      NA
                           4.37
        5 54.6 24.35
## 55
                      NA
                           1.57
##
  56
        6 80.0
                0.00 320
                           0.00
        6 80.0
                0.27
                           1.29
## 57
  58
        6 80.0
                0.58
                      NA
                           3.08
  59
        6 80.0
                1.15
                      NA
                           6.44
                2.03
##
  60
        6 80.0
                      NA
                           6.32
## 61
        6 80.0
                3.57
                           5.53
                      NA
##
  62
        6 80.0
                5.00
                      NA
                           4.94
##
  63
        6 80.0
                7.00
                           4.02
                      NA
##
   64
        6 80.0
                9.22
                      NA
                           3.46
        6 80.0 12.10
                      NA
                           2.78
   66
        6 80.0 23.85
                      NA
                           0.92
        7 64.6 0.00 320
##
  67
                           0.15
        7 64.6 0.25 NA 0.85
## 68
```

```
## 69
        7 64.6 0.50
                          2.35
                      NA
## 70
        7 64.6
                1.02
                      NA
                          5.02
                2.02
        7 64.6
        7 64.6
                3.48
                      NA
                          7.09
        7 64.6
                5.00
                          6.66
                      NA
  74
        7 64.6
                6.98
                      NA
                          5.25
                9.00
  75
        7 64.6
                      NA
                          4.39
        7 64.6 12.05
                          3.53
  76
                      NA
        7 64.6 24.22
## 77
                      NA
                          1.15
        8 70.5 0.00 320
                          0.00
## 78
## 79
        8 70.5 0.25
                          3.05
                0.52
  80
        8 70.5
                          3.05
## 81
        8 70.5
                0.98
                      NA
                          7.31
        8 70.5
                2.02
                          7.56
## 82
                      NA
## 83
        8 70.5
               3.53
                      NA
                          6.59
        8 70.5 5.05
                          5.88
## 84
                      NA
## 85
        8 70.5 7.15
                      NA
                          4.73
                9.07
##
  86
        8 70.5
                      NA
                          4.57
  87
        8 70.5 12.10
                      NA
## 88
        8 70.5 24.12
                      NA
                          1.25
        9 86.4
                0.00 320
                          0.00
  89
  90
        9 86.4
                0.30
                      NA
                          7.37
##
  91
        9 86.4
                0.63
                          9.03
                      NA
## 92
        9 86.4
                1.05
                      NA
                          7.14
                2.02
## 93
        9 86.4
                      NA
                          6.33
  94
        9 86.4 3.53
                          5.66
                5.02
##
  95
        9 86.4
                          5.67
        9 86.4 7.17
                      NA
  97
        9 86.4
                8.80
                      NA
                          4.11
##
  98
        9 86.4 11.60
                      NA
                          3.16
## 99
        9 86.4 24.43
                          1.12
                      NA
## 100 10 58.2
                0.00 320
                          0.24
## 101 10 58.2
                0.37
                          2.89
## 102 10 58.2
                0.77
                          5.22
  103 10 58.2
                1.02
                          6.41
  104 10 58.2
                2.05
                          7.83
                      NA
## 105 10 58.2 3.55
                      NA 10.21
## 106 10 58.2 5.05 NA 9.18
```

```
## 107 10 58.2 7.08 NA 8.02
## 108 10 58.2 9.38 NA
                       7.14
## 109 10 58.2 12.10 NA
## 110 10 58.2 23.70 NA
## 111 11 65.0 0.00 320
                        0.00
## 112 11 65.0 0.25 NA
                       4.86
## 113 11 65.0 0.50 NA
                       7.24
## 114 11 65.0 0.98 NA
                       8.00
## 115 11 65.0 1.98 NA
                       6.81
## 116 11 65.0 3.60
                    NA 5.87
## 117 11 65.0 5.02 NA 5.22
## 118 11 65.0 7.03 NA
## 119 11 65.0 9.03 NA
                       3.62
## 120 11 65.0 12.12 NA
                       2.69
## 121 11 65.0 24.08 NA
                       0.86
## 122 12 60.5 0.00 320
                       0.00
## 123 12 60.5 0.25 NA
## 124 12 60.5 0.50 NA
                       3.96
## 125 12 60.5 1.00 NA
## 126 12 60.5 2.00 NA
                       9.72
## 127 12 60.5 3.52 NA
                       9.75
## 128 12 60.5 5.07 NA
                       8.57
## 129 12 60.5 7.07 NA
                       6.59
## 130 12 60.5 9.03 NA
                       6.11
## 131 12 60.5 12.05 NA 4.57
## 132 12 60.5 24.15 NA 1.17
```

Frequently Used Functions

2017-04-05 배균섭 교수님 강의

자주 쓰는 함수 및 명령어에 대해 알아보겠습니다.

```
# 2017-04-05 R-intro.pdf Chapter 08

pois

## Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): 객체 'pois'를 찾을 수 없습니다

?dbeta
dnorm(0)

## [1] 0.3989

pnorm(0)

## [1] 0.5
```

```
1 - pnorm(1.96)
## [1] 0.025
?pnorm
pnorm(1.96, lower.tail=FALSE)
## [1] 0.025
qnorm(0.5)
## [1] 0
qnorm(0.975)
## [1] 1.96
format(qnorm(0.975), digits=22)
## [1] "1.959963984540053605343"
rnorm(5)
rnorm(5, 10, 1)
## [1] 8.765 10.528 10.606 9.887 9.478
x = rnorm(100, 10, 1)
mean(x)
## [1] 9.919
sd(x)
```

4.1 Command 43 ## [1] 0.8388 2*pt(-2.43, df = 13) ## [1] 0.03033 2*pt(-2.43, df = 1000) ## [1] 0.01527 qnorm(0.995) ## [1] 2.576 **qf**(0.01, 2, 7, lower.tail = FALSE) ## [1] 9.547 ?fivenum faithful ## eruptions waiting ## 1 3.600 79 ## 2 1.800 54 3.333 ## 3 74 2.283 62 4.533 ## 5 85 ## 6 2.883 55 ## 7 4.700 88 ## 8 3.600 85 ## 9 1.950 51 ## 10 4.350 85 ## 11 1.833 54 3.917 ## 12 84 ## 13 4.200 78 ## 14 1.750 47 ## 15 4.700 83

##	16	2.167	52
##	17	1.750	62
##	18	4.800	84
##	19	1.600	52
##	20	4.250	79
##	21	1.800	51
##	22	1.750	47
##	23	3.450	78
##	24	3.067	69
##	25	4.533	74
##	26	3.600	83
##	27	1.967	55
##	28	4.083	76
##	29	3.850	78
##	30	4.433	79
##	31	4.300	73
##	32	4.467	77
##	33	3.367	66
##	34	4.033	80
##	35	3.833	74
##	36	2.017	52
##	37	1.867	48
##	38	4.833	80
##	39	1.833	59
##	40	4.783	90
##	41	4.350	80
##	42	1.883	58
##	43	4.567	84
##	44	1.750	58
##	45	4.533	73
##	46	3.317	83
##	47	3.833	64
##	48	2.100	53
##	49	4.633	82
##	50	2.000	59
##	51	4.800	75
##	52	4.716	90
##	53	1.833	54

##	54	4.833	80
##	55	1.733	54
##	56	4.883	83
##	57	3.717	71
##	58	1.667	64
##	59	4.567	77
##	60	4.317	81
##	61	2.233	59
##	62	4.500	84
##	63	1.750	48
##	64	4.800	82
##	65	1.817	60
##	66	4.400	92
##	67	4.167	78
##	68	4.700	78
##	69	2.067	65
##	70	4.700	73
##	71	4.033	82
##	72	1.967	56
##	73	4.500	79
##	74	4.000	71
##	75	1.983	62
##	76	5.067	76
##	77	2.017	60
##	78	4.567	78
##	79	3.883	76
##	80	3.600	83
##	81	4.133	75
##	82	4.333	82
##	83	4.100	70
##	84	2.633	65
##	85	4.067	73
##	86	4.933	88
##	87	3.950	76
##	88	4.517	80
##	89	2.167	48
##	90	4.000	86
##	91	2.200	60

##	92	4.333	90
##	93	1.867	50
##	94	4.817	78
##	95	1.833	63
##	96	4.300	72
##	97	4.667	84
##	98	3.750	75
##	99	1.867	51
##	100	4.900	82
##	101	2.483	62
##	102	4.367	88
##	103	2.100	49
##	104	4.500	83
##	105	4.050	81
##	106	1.867	47
##	107	4.700	84
##	108	1.783	52
##	109	4.850	86
##	110	3.683	81
##	111	4.733	75
##	112	2.300	59
##	113	4.900	89
##	114	4.417	79
##	115	1.700	59
##	116	4.633	81
##	117	2.317	50
##	118	4.600	85
##	119	1.817	59
##	120	4.417	87
##	121	2.617	53
##	122	4.067	69
##	123	4.250	77
##	124	1.967	56
##	125	4.600	88
##	126	3.767	81
##	127	1.917	45
##	128	4.500	82
##	129	2.267	55

##	130	4.650	90
##	131	1.867	45
##	132	4.167	83
##	133	2.800	56
##	134	4.333	89
##	135	1.833	46
##	136	4.383	82
##	137	1.883	51
##	138	4.933	86
##	139	2.033	53
##	140	3.733	79
##	141	4.233	81
##	142	2.233	60
##	143	4.533	82
##	144	4.817	77
##	145	4.333	76
##	146	1.983	59
##	147	4.633	80
##	148	2.017	49
##	149	5.100	96
##	150	1.800	53
##	151	5.033	77
##	152	4.000	77
##	153	2.400	65
##	154	4.600	81
##	155	3.567	71
##	156	4.000	70
##	157	4.500	81
##	158	4.083	93
##	159	1.800	53
##	160	3.967	89
##	161	2.200	45
##	162	4.150	86
##	163	2.000	58
##	164	3.833	78
##	165	3.500	66
##	166	4.583	76
##	167	2.367	63

##	168	5.000	88
##	169	1.933	52
##	170	4.617	93
##	171	1.917	49
##	172	2.083	57
##	173	4.583	77
##	174	3.333	68
##	175	4.167	81
##	176	4.333	81
##	177	4.500	73
##	178	2.417	50
##	179	4.000	85
##	180	4.167	74
##	181	1.883	55
##	182	4.583	77
##	183	4.250	83
##	184	3.767	83
##	185	2.033	51
##	186	4.433	78
##	187	4.083	84
##	188	1.833	46
##	189	4.417	83
##	190	2.183	55
##	191	4.800	81
##	192	1.833	57
##	193	4.800	76
##	194	4.100	84
##	195	3.966	77
##	196	4.233	81
##	197	3.500	87
##	198	4.366	77
##	199	2.250	51
##	200	4.667	78
##	201	2.100	60
##	202	4.350	82
##	203	4.133	91
##	204	1.867	53
##	205	4.600	78

##	206	1.783	46
##	207	4.367	77
##	208	3.850	84
##	209	1.933	49
##	210	4.500	83
##	211	2.383	71
##	212	4.700	80
##	213	1.867	49
##	214	3.833	75
##	215	3.417	64
##	216	4.233	76
##	217	2.400	53
##	218	4.800	94
##	219	2.000	55
##	220	4.150	76
##	221	1.867	50
##	222	4.267	82
##	223	1.750	54
##	224	4.483	75
##	225	4.000	78
##	226	4.117	79
##	227	4.083	78
##	228	4.267	78
##	229	3.917	70
##	230	4.550	79
##	231	4.083	70
##	232	2.417	54
##	233	4.183	86
##	234	2.217	50
##	235	4.450	90
##	236	1.883	54
##	237	1.850	54
##	238	4.283	77
##	239	3.950	79
##	240	2.333	64
##	241	4.150	75
##	242	2.350	47
##	243	4.933	86

```
## 244
           2.900
                       63
           4.583
## 245
                       85
## 246
           3.833
                       82
   247
            2.083
                       57
   248
           4.367
                       82
  249
           2.133
                       67
  250
            4.350
                       74
  251
           2.200
                       54
## 252
            4.450
                       83
## 253
           3.567
                       73
## 254
            4.500
                       73
  255
           4.150
                       88
## 256
           3.817
                       80
## 257
           3.917
                       71
## 258
           4.450
                       83
## 259
            2.000
                       56
           4.283
## 260
                       79
   261
           4.767
                       78
  262
           4.533
                       84
  263
           1.850
                       58
## 264
           4.250
                       83
  265
           1.983
                       43
  266
           2.250
                       60
## 267
           4.750
                       75
            4.117
## 268
                       81
           2.150
## 269
                       46
## 270
            4.417
                       90
## 271
            1.817
                       46
## 272
           4.467
                       74
```

str(faithful)

```
## 'data.frame': 272 obs. of 2 variables:
## $ eruptions: num 3.6 1.8 3.33 2.28 4.53 ...
## $ waiting : num 79 54 74 62 85 55 88 85 51 85 ...
```

eruptions

Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): 객체 'eruptions'를 찾을 수 없습니다

```
attach(faithful)
eruptions
```

```
[1] 3.600 1.800 3.333 2.283 4.533 2.883 4.700 3.600
     [9] 1.950 4.350 1.833 3.917 4.200 1.750 4.700 2.167
   [17] 1.750 4.800 1.600 4.250 1.800 1.750 3.450 3.067
    [25] 4.533 3.600 1.967 4.083 3.850 4.433 4.300 4.467
   [33] 3.367 4.033 3.833 2.017 1.867 4.833 1.833 4.783
   [41] 4.350 1.883 4.567 1.750 4.533 3.317 3.833 2.100
  [49] 4.633 2.000 4.800 4.716 1.833 4.833 1.733 4.883
## [57] 3.717 1.667 4.567 4.317 2.233 4.500 1.750 4.800
   [65] 1.817 4.400 4.167 4.700 2.067 4.700 4.033 1.967
   [73] 4.500 4.000 1.983 5.067 2.017 4.567 3.883 3.600
   [81] 4.133 4.333 4.100 2.633 4.067 4.933 3.950 4.517
   [89] 2.167 4.000 2.200 4.333 1.867 4.817 1.833 4.300
   [97] 4.667 3.750 1.867 4.900 2.483 4.367 2.100 4.500
## [105] 4.050 1.867 4.700 1.783 4.850 3.683 4.733 2.300
## [113] 4.900 4.417 1.700 4.633 2.317 4.600 1.817 4.417
## [121] 2.617 4.067 4.250 1.967 4.600 3.767 1.917 4.500
## [129] 2.267 4.650 1.867 4.167 2.800 4.333 1.833 4.383
## [137] 1.883 4.933 2.033 3.733 4.233 2.233 4.533 4.817
## [145] 4.333 1.983 4.633 2.017 5.100 1.800 5.033 4.000
## [153] 2.400 4.600 3.567 4.000 4.500 4.083 1.800 3.967
## [161] 2.200 4.150 2.000 3.833 3.500 4.583 2.367 5.000
## [169] 1.933 4.617 1.917 2.083 4.583 3.333 4.167 4.333
## [177] 4.500 2.417 4.000 4.167 1.883 4.583 4.250 3.767
## [185] 2.033 4.433 4.083 1.833 4.417 2.183 4.800 1.833
## [193] 4.800 4.100 3.966 4.233 3.500 4.366 2.250 4.667
## [201] 2.100 4.350 4.133 1.867 4.600 1.783 4.367 3.850
## [209] 1.933 4.500 2.383 4.700 1.867 3.833 3.417 4.233
## [217] 2.400 4.800 2.000 4.150 1.867 4.267 1.750 4.483
## [225] 4.000 4.117 4.083 4.267 3.917 4.550 4.083 2.417
## [233] 4.183 2.217 4.450 1.883 1.850 4.283 3.950 2.333
```

```
## [241] 4.150 2.350 4.933 2.900 4.583 3.833 2.083 4.367
## [249] 2.133 4.350 2.200 4.450 3.567 4.500 4.150 3.817
## [257] 3.917 4.450 2.000 4.283 4.767 4.533 1.850 4.250
## [265] 1.983 2.250 4.750 4.117 2.150 4.417 1.817 4.467
```

waiting

```
[1] 79 54 74 62 85 55 88 85 51 85 54 84 78 47 83 52
## [17] 62 84 52 79 51 47 78 69 74 83 55 76 78 79 73 77
## [33] 66 80 74 52 48 80 59 90 80 58 84 58 73 83 64 53
## [49] 82 59 75 90 54 80 54 83 71 64 77 81 59 84 48 82
## [65] 60 92 78 78 65 73 82 56 79 71 62 76 60 78 76 83
## [81] 75 82 70 65 73 88 76 80 48 86 60 90 50 78 63 72
## [97] 84 75 51 82 62 88 49 83 81 47 84 52 86 81 75 59
## [113] 89 79 59 81 50 85 59 87 53 69 77 56 88 81 45 82
## [129] 55 90 45 83 56 89 46 82 51 86 53 79 81 60 82 77
## [145] 76 59 80 49 96 53 77 77 65 81 71 70 81 93 53 89
## [161] 45 86 58 78 66 76 63 88 52 93 49 57 77 68 81 81
## [177] 73 50 85 74 55 77 83 83 51 78 84 46 83 55 81 57
## [193] 76 84 77 81 87 77 51 78 60 82 91 53 78 46 77 84
## [209] 49 83 71 80 49 75 64 76 53 94 55 76 50 82 54 75
## [225] 78 79 78 78 70 79 70 54 86 50 90 54 54 77 79 64
## [241] 75 47 86 63 85 82 57 82 67 74 54 83 73 73 88 80
## [257] 71 83 56 79 78 84 58 83 43 60 75 81 46 90 46 74
```

stem(waiting)

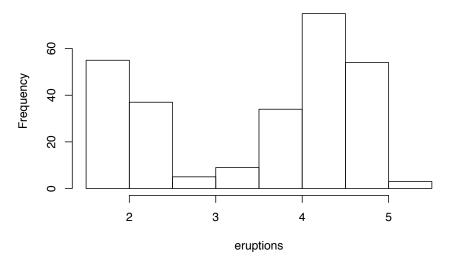
sort(eruptions)

```
[1] 1.600 1.667 1.700 1.733 1.750 1.750 1.750 1.750
     [9] 1.750 1.750 1.783 1.783 1.800 1.800 1.800 1.800
  [17] 1.817 1.817 1.817 1.833 1.833 1.833 1.833
  [25] 1.833 1.833 1.850 1.850 1.867 1.867 1.867 1.867
   [33] 1.867 1.867 1.867 1.867 1.883 1.883 1.883
## [41] 1.917 1.917 1.933 1.933 1.950 1.967 1.967 1.967
## [49] 1.983 1.983 1.983 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.000 2.017
## [57] 2.017 2.017 2.033 2.033 2.067 2.083 2.083 2.100
## [65] 2.100 2.100 2.133 2.150 2.167 2.167 2.183 2.200
## [73] 2.200 2.200 2.217 2.233 2.233 2.250 2.250 2.267
## [81] 2.283 2.300 2.317 2.333 2.350 2.367 2.383 2.400
   [89] 2.400 2.417 2.417 2.483 2.617 2.633 2.800 2.883
## [97] 2.900 3.067 3.317 3.333 3.333 3.367 3.417 3.450
## [105] 3.500 3.500 3.567 3.567 3.600 3.600 3.600 3.600
## [113] 3.683 3.717 3.733 3.750 3.767 3.767 3.817 3.833
## [121] 3.833 3.833 3.833 3.850 3.850 3.850 3.883 3.917
## [129] 3.917 3.917 3.950 3.950 3.966 3.967 4.000 4.000
## [137] 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.000 4.033 4.033 4.050 4.067
## [145] 4.067 4.083 4.083 4.083 4.083 4.083 4.100 4.100
## [153] 4.117 4.117 4.133 4.133 4.150 4.150 4.150 4.150
## [161] 4.167 4.167 4.167 4.167 4.183 4.200 4.233 4.233
## [169] 4.233 4.250 4.250 4.250 4.250 4.267 4.267 4.283
## [177] 4.283 4.300 4.300 4.317 4.333 4.333 4.333
## [185] 4.333 4.350 4.350 4.350 4.350 4.366 4.367 4.367
## [193] 4.367 4.383 4.400 4.417 4.417 4.417 4.417 4.433
## [201] 4.433 4.450 4.450 4.450 4.467 4.467 4.483 4.500
## [209] 4.500 4.500 4.500 4.500 4.500 4.500 4.517
## [217] 4.533 4.533 4.533 4.533 4.550 4.567 4.567
## [225] 4.567 4.583 4.583 4.583 4.583 4.600 4.600 4.600
## [233] 4.600 4.617 4.633 4.633 4.633 4.650 4.667 4.667
## [241] 4.700 4.700 4.700 4.700 4.700 4.700 4.716 4.733
```

```
## [249] 4.750 4.767 4.783 4.800 4.800 4.800 4.800 4.800
## [257] 4.800 4.817 4.817 4.833 4.833 4.850 4.883 4.900
## [265] 4.900 4.933 4.933 4.933 5.000 5.033 5.067 5.100
```

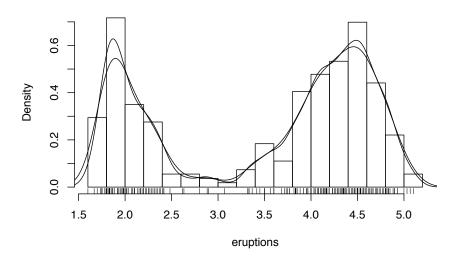
hist(eruptions)

Histogram of eruptions



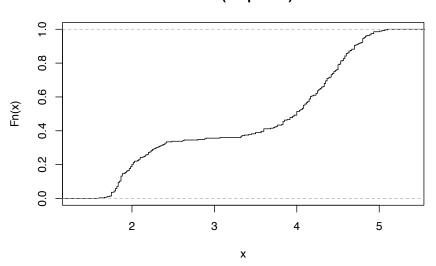
```
hist(eruptions, seq(1.6, 5.2, 0.2), prob=TRUE)
lines(density(eruptions, bw=0.1))
rug(eruptions)
?hist
?density
lines(density(eruptions, bw="SJ"))
```

Histogram of eruptions



plot(ecdf(eruptions), do.points=FALSE, verticals=TRUE)

ecdf(eruptions)



?plot
ecdf(eruptions)

Empirical CDF

```
4 Frequently Used Functions
```

```
## Call: ecdf(eruptions)
## x[1:126] = 1.6, 1.7, 1.7, ..., 5.1, 5.1

x = ecdf(eruptions)
x

## Empirical CDF
## Call: ecdf(eruptions)
## x[1:126] = 1.6, 1.7, 1.7, ..., 5.1, 5.1

str(x)

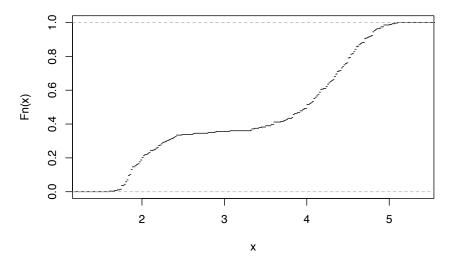
## function (v)
## - attr(*, "class")= chr [1:3] "ecdf" "stepfun" "function"
## - attr(*, "call")= language ecdf(eruptions)
x()
```

Error in .approxfun(x, y, v, method, yleft, yright, f): 기본값이 없는 인수 "v"가 누락되어 있습니다

```
plot(ecdf(eruptions), do.points=FALSE)
```

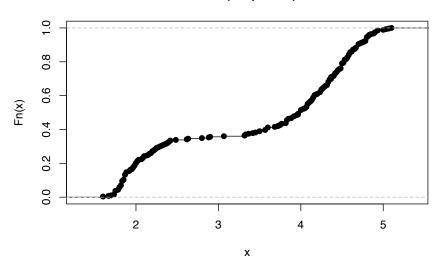
56

ecdf(eruptions)



plot(ecdf(eruptions))

ecdf(eruptions)



```
long <- eruptions[eruptions > 3]
x <- seq(3, 5.4, 0.01)
pnorm(x, mean=mean(long), sd=sqrt(var(long)))</pre>
```

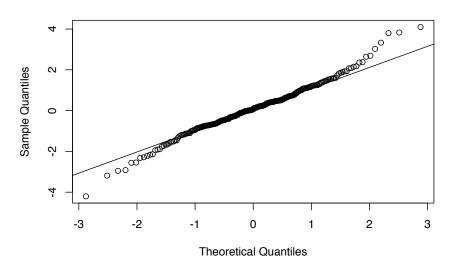
```
##
      [1] 0.0008362 0.0009084 0.0009864 0.0010704 0.0011610
      \hbox{\tt [6]} \  \, 0.0012585 \  \, 0.0013635 \  \, 0.0014764 \  \, 0.0015978 \  \, 0.0017282 \\
    [11] \quad \textbf{0.0018682} \quad \textbf{0.0020185} \quad \textbf{0.0021797} \quad \textbf{0.0023524} \quad \textbf{0.0025375}
    [16] \ 0.0027356 \ 0.0029476 \ 0.0031743 \ 0.0034165 \ 0.0036752
    [21] 0.0039514 0.0042460 0.0045601 0.0048947 0.0052511
    [26] 0.0056304 0.0060338 0.0064627 0.0069183 0.0074020
    [31] 0.0079152 0.0084596 0.0090365 0.0096475 0.0102944
    [36] 0.0109788 0.0117024 0.0124670 0.0132746 0.0141269
    [41] 0.0150260 0.0159739 0.0169725 0.0180241 0.0191306
    [46] 0.0202945 0.0215177 0.0228028 0.0241519 0.0255674
    [51] 0.0270518 0.0286074 0.0302366 0.0319421 0.0337262
    [56] 0.0355915 0.0375406 0.0395759 0.0417001 0.0439157
    [61] 0.0462253 0.0486315 0.0511367 0.0537436 0.0564547
    [66] 0.0592723 0.0621991 0.0652374 0.0683897 0.0716581
    [71] 0.0750451 0.0785529 0.0821835 0.0859391 0.0898217
```

```
## [76] 0.0938331 0.0979753 0.1022500 0.1066587 0.1112030
   [81] 0.1158842 0.1207037 0.1256626 0.1307619 0.1360025
   [86] 0.1413850 0.1469102 0.1525783 0.1583896 0.1643443
   [91] 0.1704423 0.1766832 0.1830667 0.1895922 0.1962589
  [96] 0.2030658 0.2100116 0.2170952 0.2243149 0.2316689
## [101] 0.2391554 0.2467722 0.2545170 0.2623872 0.2703803
## [106] 0.2784932 0.2867229 0.2950662 0.3035195 0.3120794
## [111] 0.3207419 0.3295032 0.3383590 0.3473052 0.3563373
## [116] 0.3654507 0.3746407 0.3839025 0.3932310 0.4026213
## [121] 0.4120681 0.4215661 0.4311100 0.4406943 0.4503134
## [126] 0.4599618 0.4696339 0.4793239 0.4890262 0.4987349
## [131] 0.5084444 0.5181489 0.5278427 0.5375199 0.5471751
## [136] 0.5568024 0.5663963 0.5759512 0.5854617 0.5949224
## [141] 0.6043279 0.6136730 0.6229527 0.6321619 0.6412957
## [146] 0.6503494 0.6593184 0.6681982 0.6769845 0.6856732
## [151] 0.6942601 0.7027416 0.7111139 0.7193735 0.7275172
## [156] 0.7355417 0.7434443 0.7512220 0.7588724 0.7663930
## [161] 0.7737818 0.7810366 0.7881558 0.7951377 0.8019809
## [166] 0.8086842 0.8152465 0.8216671 0.8279453 0.8340805
## [171] 0.8400726 0.8459213 0.8516267 0.8571890 0.8626087
## [176] 0.8678862 0.8730222 0.8780176 0.8828733 0.8875905
## [181] 0.8921703 0.8966142 0.9009236 0.9051002 0.9091456
## [186] 0.9130615 0.9168500 0.9205130 0.9240526 0.9274708
## [191] 0.9307700 0.9339522 0.9370200 0.9399756 0.9428215
## [196] 0.9455601 0.9481939 0.9507254 0.9531571 0.9554916
## [201] 0.9577315 0.9598792 0.9619375 0.9639088 0.9657957
## [206] 0.9676007 0.9693264 0.9709753 0.9725498 0.9740525
## [211] 0.9754857 0.9768519 0.9781534 0.9793926 0.9805717
## [216] 0.9816930 0.9827587 0.9837709 0.9847318 0.9856434
## [221] 0.9865077 0.9873267 0.9881024 0.9888365 0.9895310
## [226] 0.9901874 0.9908077 0.9913933 0.9919460 0.9924672
## [231] 0.9929585 0.9934212 0.9938569 0.9942668 0.9946523
## [236] 0.9950145 0.9953548 0.9956741 0.9959737 0.9962546
## [241] 0.9965177
```

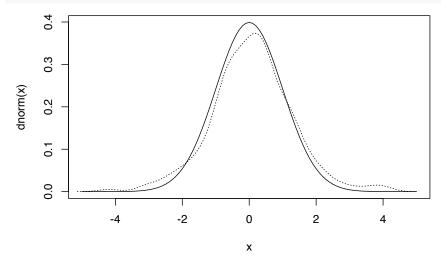
?par

```
x <- rt(250, df = 5)
qqnorm(x); qqline(x)</pre>
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



```
curve(dnorm, -5, 5)
y = density(x)
lines(y, lty=3)
```



?ppoints ppoints(250)

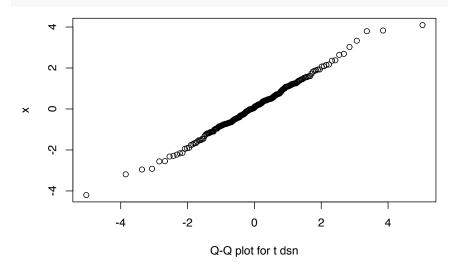
```
[1] 0.002 0.006 0.010 0.014 0.018 0.022 0.026 0.030
     [9] 0.034 0.038 0.042 0.046 0.050 0.054 0.058 0.062
    [17] 0.066 0.070 0.074 0.078 0.082 0.086 0.090 0.094
   [25] 0.098 0.102 0.106 0.110 0.114 0.118 0.122 0.126
   [33] 0.130 0.134 0.138 0.142 0.146 0.150 0.154 0.158
   [41] 0.162 0.166 0.170 0.174 0.178 0.182 0.186 0.190
   [49] 0.194 0.198 0.202 0.206 0.210 0.214 0.218 0.222
   [57] 0.226 0.230 0.234 0.238 0.242 0.246 0.250 0.254
   [65] 0.258 0.262 0.266 0.270 0.274 0.278 0.282 0.286
   [73] 0.290 0.294 0.298 0.302 0.306 0.310 0.314 0.318
   [81] 0.322 0.326 0.330 0.334 0.338 0.342 0.346 0.350
   [89] 0.354 0.358 0.362 0.366 0.370 0.374 0.378 0.382
   [97] 0.386 0.390 0.394 0.398 0.402 0.406 0.410 0.414
## [105] 0.418 0.422 0.426 0.430 0.434 0.438 0.442 0.446
## [113] 0.450 0.454 0.458 0.462 0.466 0.470 0.474 0.478
## [121] 0.482 0.486 0.490 0.494 0.498 0.502 0.506 0.510
## [129] 0.514 0.518 0.522 0.526 0.530 0.534 0.538 0.542
## [137] 0.546 0.550 0.554 0.558 0.562 0.566 0.570 0.574
## [145] 0.578 0.582 0.586 0.590 0.594 0.598 0.602 0.606
## [153] 0.610 0.614 0.618 0.622 0.626 0.630 0.634 0.638
## [161] 0.642 0.646 0.650 0.654 0.658 0.662 0.666 0.670
## [169] 0.674 0.678 0.682 0.686 0.690 0.694 0.698 0.702
## [177] 0.706 0.710 0.714 0.718 0.722 0.726 0.730 0.734
## [185] 0.738 0.742 0.746 0.750 0.754 0.758 0.762 0.766
## [193] 0.770 0.774 0.778 0.782 0.786 0.790 0.794 0.798
## [201] 0.802 0.806 0.810 0.814 0.818 0.822 0.826 0.830
## [209] 0.834 0.838 0.842 0.846 0.850 0.854 0.858 0.862
## [217] 0.866 0.870 0.874 0.878 0.882 0.886 0.890 0.894
## [225] 0.898 0.902 0.906 0.910 0.914 0.918 0.922 0.926
## [233] 0.930 0.934 0.938 0.942 0.946 0.950 0.954 0.958
## [241] 0.962 0.966 0.970 0.974 0.978 0.982 0.986 0.990
## [249] 0.994 0.998
```

ppoints(10)

```
## [1] 0.06098 0.15854 0.25610 0.35366 0.45122 0.54878
```

[7] 0.64634 0.74390 0.84146 0.93902

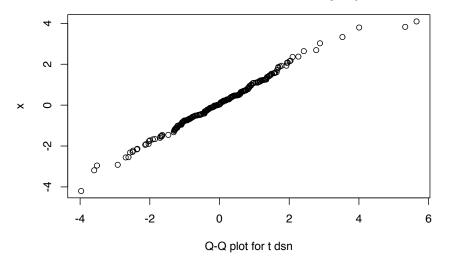
qqplot(qt(ppoints(250), df = 5), x, xlab = "Q-Q plot for t dsn")



windows()

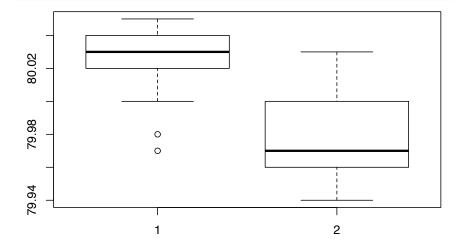
Error in eval(expr, envir, enclos): 함수 "windows"를 찾을 수 없습니다

qqplot(qt(runif(250), df = 5), x, xlab = "Q-Q plot for t dsn")



```
?shapiro.test
?ks.test
?t.test

A = c(79.98, 80.04, 80.02, 80.04, 80.03, 80.03, 80.04, 79.97, 80.05, 80.03, 80.02, 80.00, 80.02)
B = c(80.02, 79.94, 79.98, 79.97, 79.97, 80.03, 79.95, 79.97)
boxplot(A, B)
```



```
t.test(A, B)
   Welch Two Sample t-test
## data: A and B
## t = 3.2, df = 12, p-value = 0.007
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to \boldsymbol{\theta}
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.01386 0.07018
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
       80.02
                 79.98
var.test(A, B)
   F test to compare two variances
##
## data: A and B
## F = 0.58, num df = 12, denom df = 7, p-value =
## 0.4
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true ratio of variances is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.1251 2.1053
## sample estimates:
## ratio of variances
               0.5837
t.test(A, B, var.equal=TRUE)
   Two Sample t-test
## data: A and B
## t = 3.5, df = 19, p-value = 0.003
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to \boldsymbol{0}
```

```
4 Frequently Used Functions
```

```
64
```

```
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.01669 0.06735
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 80.02 79.98
```

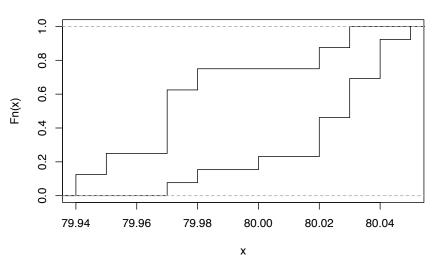
wilcox.test(A, B)

```
## Warning in wilcox.test.default(A, B): cannot compute
## exact p-value with ties

##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity
## correction
##
## data: A and B
## W = 89, p-value = 0.007
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

```
plot(ecdf(A), do.points=FALSE, verticals=TRUE, xlim=range(A, B))
plot(ecdf(B), do.points=FALSE, verticals=TRUE, add=TRUE)
```

ecdf(A)



```
ks.test(A, B)
## Warning in ks.test(A, B): cannot compute exact p-value
## with ties
##
## Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
## data: A and B
## D = 0.6, p-value = 0.06
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided
# Chapter 9 Grouping, loops and conditional execution
# { } does grouping
# Usefulness of loops: for >> while >> repeat
for (i in 1:10) {
 print(2*i)
}
## [1] 2
## [1] 4
## [1] 6
## [1] 8
## [1] 10
## [1] 12
## [1] 14
## [1] 16
## [1] 18
## [1] 20
# # if ~ else ~
# if ( ) {
# # Statements 1
# } else {
# # Statements 2
```

```
# if ( ) {
# # Statements 1
# } else if ( ) {
# # Statements 2
# } else if ( ) {
# # Statements 3
# } else {
# # Statements 4
# }
# Chapter 10 Writing your own functions
twosam = function(y1, y2)
 n1 = length(y1)
 n2 = length(y2)
 yb1 = mean(y1)
 yb2 = mean(y2)
 s1 = var(y1)
 s2 = var(y2)
 s = ((n1 - 1)*s1 + (n2 - 1)*s2)/(n1 + n2 - 2)
 tst = (yb1 - yb2)/sqrt(s*(1/n1 + 1/n2))
 return (tst)
x = rnorm(10)
y = rt(10, 5)
twosam(x, y)
```

```
## [1] -0.4247
```

```
T.test = function(y1, y2)
 n1 = length(y1)
 n2 = length(y2)
 yb1 = mean(y1)
 yb2 = mean(y2)
 s1 = var(y1)
 s2 = var(y2)
  s = ((n1 - 1)*s1 + (n2 - 1)*s2)/(n1 + n2 - 2)
 tst = (yb1 - yb2)/sqrt(s*(1/n1 + 1/n2))
 DF = n1 + n2 - 2
 p.val = pt(tst, df=DF)
 Res = list(tst, DF, p.val)
 names(Res) = c("t", "df", "p-value")
 return (Res)
T.test(x, y)
## $t
## [1] -0.4247
##
## $df
## [1] 18
## $`p-value`
## [1] 0.338
bslash = function(X, y)
X = qr(X)
return (qr.coef(X, y))
}
```

```
regcoeff = bslash(Xmat, yvar)
## Error in qr(X): 객체 'Xmat'를 찾을 수 없습니다
"%^%" = function(S, pow) with(eigen(S), vectors %*% (abs(values)^pow * t(vectors)))
M = matrix(c(2,1,1,2), nrow=2) ; M
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 2 1
## [2,]
M %^% 0.5
       [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1.366 0.366
## [2,] 0.366 1.366
sqrtM = M%^{0}.5; sqrtM
        [,1] [,2]
## [1,] 1.366 0.366
## [2,] 0.366 1.366
sqrtM %*% sqrtM
## [,1] [,2]
## [1,]
          2 1
## [2,]
area = function(f, a, b, eps=1.0e-06, lim=10)
 fun1 = function(f, a, b, fa, fb, a0, eps, lim, fun)
 ## function 'fun1'is only visible inside 'area'
```

```
d = (a + b)/2
   h = (b - a)/4
   fd = f(d)
   a1 = h * (fa + fd)
   a2 = h * (fd + fb)
   if (abs(a0 - a1 - a2) < eps || lim == 0)</pre>
     return (a1 + a2)
   else {
     return (fun(f, a, d, fa, fd, a1, eps, lim - 1, fun) + fun(f, d, b, fd, fb, a2, eps, lim - 1,
   }
 }
 fa = f(a)
 fb = f(b)
 a0 = ((fa + fb) * (b - a))/2
 fun1(f, a, b, fa, fb, a0, eps, lim, fun1)
}
area(dnorm, 0, 1)
## [1] 0.3413
integrate(dnorm, 0, 1)
## 0.3413 with absolute error < 3.8e-15
pnorm(1) - pnorm(0)
## [1] 0.3413
f = function(x)
 y = 2*x
 print(x)
 print(y)
 print(z)
```

```
f(1)
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## Error in print(z): 객체 |z|를 찾을 수 없습니다
z = 3
f(1)
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] 3
cube = function(n) {
 sq = function() n*n
 n*sq()
cube(5)
## [1] 125
open.account = function(total)
{
 list(
   deposit = function(amount)
     if(amount <= 0)</pre>
     stop("Deposits must be positive!\n")
     total <<- total + amount</pre>
     cat(amount, "deposited. Your balance is", total, "\n\n")
   },
   withdraw = function(amount)
     if(amount > total)
```

4.2 Command 71

```
stop("You don't have that much money!\n")
     total <<- total - amount
     cat(amount, "withdrawn. Your balance is", total, "\n\n")
   balance = function()
     cat("Your balance is", total, "\n\n")
   }
 )
}
ross = open.account(100)
robert = open.account(200)
ross$balance()
## Your balance is 100
robert$balance()
## Your balance is 200
ross$deposit(50)
## 50 deposited. Your balance is 150
ross$balance()
## Your balance is 150
ross$withdraw(500)
## Error in ross$withdraw(500): You don't have that much money!
```

TABLE 4.1: The basics - The first functions to learn

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
?	Н	Y	
str	M	Y	strucutre

TABLE 4.2: The basics - Important operators and assignment

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
%in%	M	Y	Value Matching
match	M	N	Value Matching
=	Н	Y	
<-	L	N	
«-	M	Y	
head	Н	N	
tail	M	N	
subset	L	N	Subsetting Vectors, Matrices and Data Frames
with	L	N	Evaluate an Expression in a Data Environment
assign	L	N	Assign a Value to a Name
get	L	N	Return the Value of a Named Object

TABLE 4.3: The basics - Comparison

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
all.equal	L	N	Test if Two Objects are (Nearly) Equal
identical	L	N	Test Objects for Exact Equality
!=, ==, >, >=, <, <=	Н	Y	Comparison Operator
is.na	Н	Y	
complete.cases	L	N	Find Complete Cases
is.finite	M	Y	

TABLE 4.4: The basics - Basic math

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
*,+,-,/,^	Н	Y	Math operator
%%	M	Y	Modulus
%/%	L	N	Integer division
abs	Н	Y	
sign	M	N	
acos	L	Y	
asin	L	Y	
atan	L	Y	
atan2	L	Y	
sin	L	Y	
cos	L	Y	
tan	L	Y	
ceiling	Н	Y	
floor	Н	N	
round	Н	Y	
trunc	Н	N	
signif	M	Y	rounds the values in its first argument to the specified number of significar
exp	Н	Y	
log	Н	Y	
log10	L	Y	
log2	L	Y	
sqrt	Н	N	
max	Н	Y	
min	Н	Y	
prod	L	N	
sum	Н	Y	
cummax	L	N	
cummin	L	N	
cumprod	L	N	
cumsum	L	N	
diff	L	N	
pmax	L	N	pairwise max
pmin	L	N	pairwise min
range	L	N	
mean	Н	Y	
median	Н	Y	
cor	Н	Y	
sd	Н	Y	
var	Н	Y	

Run Length Encoding

rle

L

TABLE 4.5: The basics - Functions to do with functions

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
function	Н	Y	
missing	M	Y	Does a Formal Argument have a Value?
on.exit	L	Y	
return	Н	N	
invisible	L	N	Change the Print Mode to Invisible

TABLE 4.6: The basics - Logical - sets

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
&, ,!	Н	Y	
xor	L	Y	
all	L	Y	Are All Values True?
any	L	Y	Are Some Values True?
intersect	M	Y	
union	M	Y	
setdiff	L	Y	
setequal	L	Y	
which	L	N	Which indices are TRUE?

4.2 The basics

4.3 Common data structures

4.4 Statistics

4.5 Working with R

TABLE 4.7: The basics - Vectors and matrices

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
С	Н	Y	
matrix	Н	Y	
# automatic coercion rules character > numeric > logical	Н	Y	
length	Н	Y	
dim	Н	Y	
ncol	Н	N	
nrow	Н	N	
cbind	Н	Y	
rbind	Н	Y	
names	M	Y	
colnames	Н	Y	
rownames	M	Y	
t	Н	Y	
diag	Н	Y	
sweep	L	N	Sweep out Array Summaries
as.matrix	Н	Y	
data.matrix	L	N	Convert a Data Frame to a N

TABLE 4.8: The basics - Making vectors

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
С	Н	Y	
rep	Н	Y	
rep_len	L	N	Replicate Elements of Vectors and Lists with lea
seq	M	Y	
seq_len	L	N	
seq_along	L	N	
rev	M	Y	
sample	Н	Y	
choose	Н	Y	
factorial	M	Y	
combn	L	N	Generate All Combinations of n Elements, Take
(is/as).(character/numeric/logical/)	Н	Y	

TABLE 4.9: The basics - Lists - data.frames

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
list	Н	Y	
unlist	L	Y	Flatten Lists
data.frame	Н	Y	
as.data.frame	Н	Y	
split	Н	Y	
expand.grid	L	N	Create a Data Frame from All Combinations of Factor Variables

TABLE 4.10: The basics - Control flow

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
if	Н	Y	
&&	L	Y	
(short circuiting)	L	Y	
for	Н	Y	
while	L	N	
next	M	Y	
break	M	Y	
switch	L	Y	
ifelse	L	N	Conditional Element Selection

TABLE 4.11: The basics - Apply - friends

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
lapply	L	N	Apply a Function over a List or Vector
sapply	L	N	user-friendly version and wrapper of lapply
vapply	L	N	similar to sapply, but has a pre-specified type of return value
apply	M	N	Apply Functions Over Array Margins
tapply	L	N	Apply a Function Over a Ragged Array
replicate	L	N	Apply a Function over a List or Vector

TABLE 4.12: Common data structures - Date time

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
ISOdate	L	N	
ISOdatetime	L	N	
strftime	Н	Y	Date-time Conversion Functions to and from Character
strptime	Н	Y	Date-time Conversion Functions to and from Character
date	M	Y	
difftime	Н	Y	
julian	L	Y	Extract Parts of a POSIXt or Date Object
months	L	N	Extract Parts of a POSIXt or Date Object
quarters	L	N	Extract Parts of a POSIXt or Date Object
weekdays	L	N	Extract Parts of a POSIXt or Date Object
library(lubridate)	L	N	

TABLE 4.13: Common data structures - Character manipulation

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
grep	Н	Y	Pattern Matching and Replacement
agrep	L	N	Approximate String Matching (Fuzzy Matching)
gsub	M	Y	or use sub
strsplit	Н	Y	
chartr	L	N	Character Translation and Casefolding
nchar	M	Y	
tolower	M	Y	
toupper	H	Y	
substr	H	Y	
paste	Н	Y	
library(stringr)	L	N	

TABLE 4.14: Common data structures - Factors

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
factor	M	Y	
levels	M	Y	
nlevels	L	N	
reorder	L	N	Reorder Levels of a Factor
relevel	L	N	Reorder Levels of Factor
cut	L	Y	
findInterval	L	N	Find Interval Numbers or Indices
interaction	L	N	Compute Factor Interactions
options(stringsAsFactors = FALSE)	L	N	

TABLE 4.15: Common data structures - Array manipulation

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
array	L	N	Multi-way Arrays
dim	Н	Y	
dimnames	M	Y	
aperm	L	N	Array Transposition
library(abind)	L	N	

TABLE 4.16: Statistics - Ordering and tabulating

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
duplicated	L	Y	Determine Duplicated Elements
unique	Н	Y	
merge	L	N	
order	Н	Y	
rank	L	Y	
quantile	L	Y	
sort	Н	Y	
table	M	Y	
ftable	L	Y	Flat Contingency Tables

TABLE 4.17: Statistics - Linear models

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
fitted	L	Y	Extract Model Fitted Values
predict	Н	Y	
resid	L	Y	Extract Model Residuals
rstandard	L	Y	Regression Deletion Diagnostics
lm	Н	Y	
glm	Н	Y	
hat	L	Y	
influence.measures	M	Y	Regression Deletion Diagnostics
logLik	L	Y	
df	M	Y	
deviance	M	Y	
formula	Н	Y	
~	Н	Y	
I	Н	Y	
anova	Н	Y	
coef	M	Y	
confint	M	Y	
vcov	Н	Y	
contrasts	L	Y	Get and Set Contrast Matrices

TABLE 4.18: Statistics - Miscellaneous tests

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
apropos("\\.test\$")	L	Y	

TABLE 4.19: Statistics - Random variables

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
(q, p, d, r) * (beta, binom, cauchy, chisq, exp, f, gamma, geom,	Н	Y	

4.6 I/O 81

TABLE 4.20: Statistics - Matrix algebra

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
crossprod	L	Y	Matrix Crossproduct
tcrossprod	L	N	Matrix Crossproduct
eigen	Н	Y	
qr	L	Y	
svd	L	Y	
%*%	Н	Y	
%0%	L	Y	Outer Product of Arrays
outer	Н	Y	
rcond	L	N	Compute or Estimate the Condition Number of a Matrix
solve	Н	Y	Solve a System of Equations

TABLE 4.21: Working with R - Workspace

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
ls	Н	Y	List Objects
exists	M	Y	
rm	M	Y	
getwd	Н	Y	
setwd	Н	Y	
q	L	Y	
source	Н	Y	
install.packages	Н	Y	
library	Н	Y	
require	Н	Y	

TABLE 4.22: Working with R - Help

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
help	L	N	
?	Н	Y	
help.search	L	N	
apropos	L	Y	
RSiteSearch	L	N	Search for Key Words or Phrases in Documentation
citation	L	Y	
demo	L	Y	
example	L	Y	
vignette	L	Y	View, List or Get R Source of Package Vignettes

TABLE 4.23: Working with R - Debugging

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
traceback	L	Y	
browser	L	Y	Environment Browser
recover	L	Y	Browsing after an Error
options(error =)	L	Y	
stop	L	Y	Stop Function Execution
warning	Н	Y	
message	L	Y	
tryCatch	L	Y	
try	L	Y	

TABLE 4.24: I/O - Output

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
print	Н	Y	
cat	Н	Y	
message	L	Y	
warning	Н	Y	
dput	L	N	Write an Object to a File or Recreate it
format	Н	Y	
sink	L	Y	Send R Output to a File
capture.output	L	Y	Send Output to a Character String or File

TABLE 4.25: I/O - Reading and writing data

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
data	L	N	Loads specified data sets, or list the available data sets.
count.fields	L	N	
read.csv	Н	Y	
write.csv	Н	Y	
read.delim	L	N	
write.delim	L	N	
read.fwf	L	N	
readLines	M	Y	
writeLines	M	Y	
readRDS	L	N	Serialization Interface for Single Objects
saveRDS	L	N	
load	L	Y	
save	L	Y	
library(foreign)	L	N	

TABLE 4.26: I/O - Files and directories

Keyword	Bae Freq	Essential	Comment
dir	Н	Y	
basename	L	Y	removes all of the path up to and including the last path separate
dirname	L	Y	
tools::file_ext	L	Y	
file.path	L	Y	
path.expand	L	Y	Expand File Paths
normalizePath	L	Y	Express File Paths in Canonical Form
file.choose	L	Y	
file.copy	L	Y	
file.create	L	Y	
file.remove	L	Y	
file.rename	L	Y	
dir.create	L	Y	
file.exists	L	Y	
file.info	L	Y	
tempdir	L	Y	
tempfile	L	Y	
download.file	L	Y	
library(downloader)	L	N	

A

As-is R Files

교수님께서 주신 원본 R 파일 입니다.

A.1 Lecture 3

86 A As-is R Files

```
상위수준 그림 함수 #########
\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#\#
WD <- "D:\\AMC\\Education\\UU\\2017\\R\\Graphics\\"
setwd(WD)
dta <- read.csv("PK.csv")</pre>
head(dta)
str(dta)
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0])
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], log="y")
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], log(dta$DV[dta$MDV==0]))
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0]
   , xlab="Time (hr)", ylab="Concentration (ng/mL)"
   , type="o", pch=2, col=1, main="PK time-course of Drug X"
   , xlim = c(-2,218), ylim = c(0,80)
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], axes=F,
   , xlab="Time (hr)", ylab="Concentration (ng/mL)"
   , type="o", pch=2, col=1, main="PK time-course of Drug X" \,
   , xlim = c(-2,218), ylim = c(0,80))
axis(1, at=seq(0, 218, 24))
axis(2)
box()
```

A.1 Lecture 3 87

```
d.demog <- read.csv("DEMOG.csv")</pre>
# histogram
hist(d.demog$HT)
hist(d.demog$HT, breaks=10)
hist(d.demog$HT, nclass=10)
# with density line
hist (d.demog$HT, probability=TRUE, breaks=10)
lines(density(d.demog$HT))
hist (d.demog$HT, probability=TRUE, breaks=9, xaxt="n"
     , main="Histogram for Height", xlab="Height (cm)", ylab="Probability (%)")
axis(1, at=seq(min(d.demog$HT), max(d.demog$HT), 3))
lines(density(d.demog$HT))
hist (d.demog$HT, probability=TRUE, breaks=9, xaxt="n"
     , main="Histogram for Height", xlab="Height (cm)", ylab="Probability (%)"
     , col = "lightblue", border = "pink")
axis(1, at=seq(min(d.demog$HT), max(d.demog$HT), 3))
lines(density(d.demog$HT))
# Box-and-Whisker Plot
boxplot(d.demog$WT)
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX)
boxplot(split(d.demog$WT, d.demog$SEX))
```

88 A As-is R Files

```
boxplot(WT ~ SEX, data=d.demog)
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX
        , names=c("Male", "Female"), ylab="AGE, year", ylim=c(min(d.demog$\text{$WT})-2, max(d.demog$\text{$WT})+2)
           , col="pink")
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX
       , names=c("Male","Female"), ylab="AGE, year", ylim=c(min(d.demog$WT)-2, max(d.demog$WT)+2)
           , col=c("lightblue", "salmon"), width=c(0.6, 1))
#varwidth: if varwidth is TRUE, the boxes are drawn with widths proportional
#to the square-roots of the number of observations in the groups.
boxplot(d.demog$WT ~ d.demog$SEX
       , names=c("Male","Female"), ylab="AGE, year", ylim=c(min(d.demog$WT)-2, max(d.demog$WT)+2)
           , col=c("lightblue", "salmon")
           , varwidth=TRUE)
barplot(d.demog$HT)
VADeaths
barplot(VADeaths, border = "dark blue")
barplot(VADeaths, col = rainbow(20))
barplot(VADeaths, col = heat.colors(8))
barplot(VADeaths, col = gray.colors(4))
barplot(VADeaths, col = gray.colors(4), log="x")
barplot(VADeaths, col = gray.colors(4), log="y")
barplot(VADeaths, col = gray.colors(4), log="xy")
```

A.1 Lecture 3 89

```
drug.X.market <- c(0.12, 0.29, 0.32, 0.22, 0.11, 0.28)
names(drug.X.market) <- c("South Korea","China","USA","Japan","Austria","EU")</pre>
pie(drug.X.market)
# matrix와 column 사이의 그림
pct.95 <- read.csv("pct95.csv")</pre>
matplot(pct.95[,1], pct.95[,2:ncol(pct.95)], pch=1)
matplot(pct.95[,1], pct.95[,2:ncol(pct.95)], pch=1, col=c(1,2,1), type="l", lty=1, lwd=c(1,2,1))
###### Scatter plot matrices (pairs plots) ######
pairs(d.demog)
#add a loess smoother, type:
pairs(d.demog, panel = panel.smooth)
 panel.cor <- function(x, y, digits=2, prefix="", cex.cor)</pre>
      usr <- par("usr"); on.exit(par(usr))</pre>
      par(usr = c(0, 1, 0, 1))
      r = (cor(x, y))
      txt <- format(c(r, 0.123456789), digits=digits)[1]</pre>
      txt <- paste(prefix, txt, sep="")</pre>
      if(missing(cex.cor)) cex <- 1.5</pre>
      text(0.5, 0.5, txt, cex = 1.5)
```

90 A As-is R Files

```
}
pairs(d.demog, lower.panel=panel.smooth, upper.panel=panel.cor)
            하위수준 그림 함수
# points : 점추가
# lines : 선 추가
# abline : 기준선 추가
# mtext : 텍스트 추가
# legend : 설명(legend) 추가
# polygon : polygon 추가
######### 점, 선, 설명 추가 하기 ##########
plot(pct.95$TIME, pct.95$PCT50, main="PK of Drug X"
    , type="l", xlab="Time (h)", ylab="Concentration (ng/ml)"
    , ylim=range(0,80), lty=1, col="red", lwd=2)
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], main="PK of Drug X"
    , type="n", xlab="Time (h)", ylab="Concentration (ng/ml)"
    , ylim=range(0,80))
points(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], pch = 16, cex=0.8)
lines(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], col="black", lwd=1)
abline(40, 0, col="red", lty=2)
                                                     #abline(a,b): y=a+b*x
legend("topright", legend=c("Individual concentrations")
      , lty=1, col="black")
```

A.1 Lecture 3 91

```
plot(c(1, 10), c(1, 6), type = "n")
polygon(c(2,8,8,2), c(5,4,3,2), col="lightgreen")
plot(c(1, 9), 1:2, type = "n")
polygon(1:9, c(2,1,2,1,1,2,1,2,1),
       col = c("red", "blue"),
       border = c("green", "yellow"),
       lwd = 3, lty = c("dashed", "solid"))
#--pdf graphics devices
pdf("PK_of_Drug_X.pdf")
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], main="PK of Drug X"
     , type="n", xlab="Time (h)", ylab="Concentration (ng/ml)"
     , ylim=range(0,80))
points(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], pch = 16, cex=0.8)
lines(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], col="black", lwd=1)
abline(40, 0, col="red", lty=2)
                                                            #abline(a,b): y=a+b*x
legend("topright", legend=c("Individual concentrations")
      , lty=1, col="black")
dev.off()
#--PNG graphics devices
png("PK_of_Drug_X.png")
plot(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], main="PK of Drug X"
     , type="n", xlab="Time (h)", ylab="Concentration (ng/ml)"
     , ylim=range(0,80))
points(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], pch = 16, cex=0.8)
lines(dta$TIME[dta$MDV==0], dta$DV[dta$MDV==0], col="black", lwd=1)
abline(40, 0, col="red", lty=2)
                                                            #abline(a,b): y=a+b*x
```

92 A As-is R Files

A.2 Lecture 4

```
# 2017-03-29

setwd("D:/Rt")
dir()

mydata = read.csv("MyData2017.csv", as.is=TRUE)

Theoph
library(lattice) # trellis
```

```
xyplot(conc ~ Time | Subject, data=Theoph)
xyplot(conc ~ Time | Subject, data=Theoph, type="b")
Theoph[,"ID"] = as.numeric(as.character(Theoph[,"Subject"]))
xyplot(conc ~ Time | ID, data=Theoph, type="b")
xyplot(conc ~ Time | as.factor(ID), data=Theoph, type="b")
write.csv(Theoph, "Theoph.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
IDs = sort(unique(Theoph[,"ID"])) ; IDs
nID = length(IDs) ; nID
demog = unique(Theoph[,c("ID","Wt")])
colnames(demog) = c("ID", "BWT")
write.csv(demog, "1-demog.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
DV = Theoph[,c("ID","Time", "conc")]
colnames(DV) = c("ID", "TIME", "DV")
write.csv(DV, "3-DV.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
adm = cbind(IDs, rep(0, nID), rep(320, nID))
colnames(adm) = c("ID", "TIME", "AMT")
write.csv(adm, "2-adm.csv", row.names=FALSE, quote=FALSE, na="")
demog = read.csv("1-demog.csv", as.is=TRUE)
adm = read.csv("2-adm.csv", as.is=TRUE)
dv = read.csv("3-dv.csv", as.is=TRUE)
AdmDv = merge(adm, dv, by=intersect(colnames(adm), colnames(dv)), all=TRUE)
DataAll = merge(demog, AdmDv, by=c("ID"), all=TRUE)
```

```
# 2017-04-05 R-intro.pdf Chapter 08
pois
?dbeta
dnorm(0)
pnorm(0)
1 - pnorm(1.96)
?pnorm
pnorm(1.96, lower.tail=FALSE)
qnorm(0.5)
qnorm(0.975)
format(qnorm(0.975), digits=22)
rnorm(5)
rnorm(5, 10, 1)
x = rnorm(100, 10, 1)
mean(x)
sd(x)
2*pt(-2.43, df = 13)
2*pt(-2.43, df = 1000)
qnorm(0.995)
qf(0.01, 2, 7, lower.tail = FALSE)
?fivenum
faithful
str(faithful)
eruptions
attach(faithful)
eruptions
waiting
```

```
stem(waiting)
sort(eruptions)
hist(eruptions)
hist(eruptions, seq(1.6, 5.2, 0.2), prob=TRUE)
lines(density(eruptions, bw=0.1))
rug(eruptions)
?hist
?density
lines(density(eruptions, bw="SJ"))
plot(ecdf(eruptions), do.points=FALSE, verticals=TRUE)
?plot
ecdf(eruptions)
x = ecdf(eruptions)
Х
str(x)
x()
plot(ecdf(eruptions), do.points=FALSE)
plot(ecdf(eruptions))
long <- eruptions[eruptions > 3]
x <- seq(3, 5.4, 0.01)
pnorm(x, mean=mean(long), sd=sqrt(var(long)))
?par
x \leftarrow rt(250, df = 5)
qqnorm(x); qqline(x)
curve(dnorm, -5, 5)
y = density(x)
lines(y, lty=3)
?ppoints
ppoints(250)
ppoints(10)
qqplot(qt(ppoints(250), df = 5), x, xlab = "Q-Q plot for t dsn")
qqplot(qt(runif(250), df = 5), x, xlab = "Q-Q plot for t dsn")
```

```
?shapiro.test
?ks.test
?t.test
A = c(79.98, 80.04, 80.02, 80.04, 80.03, 80.03, 80.04, 79.97, 80.05, 80.03, 80.02, 80.00, 80.02)
B = c(80.02, 79.94, 79.98, 79.97, 79.97, 80.03, 79.95, 79.97)
boxplot(A, B)
t.test(A, B)
var.test(A, B)
t.test(A, B, var.equal=TRUE)
wilcox.test(A, B)
plot(ecdf(A), do.points=FALSE, verticals=TRUE, xlim=range(A, B))
plot(ecdf(B), do.points=FALSE, verticals=TRUE, add=TRUE)
ks.test(A, B)
# Chapter 9 Grouping, loops and conditional execution
# { } does grouping
# Usefulness of loops: for >> while >> repeat
for (i in 1:10) {
 print(2*i)
}
# # if ~ else ~
# if ( ) {
# # Statements 1
# } else {
# # Statements 2
# }
# if ( ) {
# # Statements 1
# } else if ( ) {
# # Statements 2
# } else if ( ) {
```

```
# # Statements 3
# } else {
# # Statements 4
# }
# Chapter 10 Writing your own functions
twosam = function(y1, y2)
 n1 = length(y1)
 n2 = length(y2)
 yb1 = mean(y1)
 yb2 = mean(y2)
 s1 = var(y1)
 s2 = var(y2)
 s = ((n1 - 1)*s1 + (n2 - 1)*s2)/(n1 + n2 - 2)
 tst = (yb1 - yb2)/sqrt(s*(1/n1 + 1/n2))
 return (tst)
x = rnorm(10)
y = rt(10, 5)
twosam(x, y)
T.test = function(y1, y2)
 n1 = length(y1)
 n2 = length(y2)
 yb1 = mean(y1)
 yb2 = mean(y2)
 s1 = var(y1)
 s2 = var(y2)
```

```
s = ((n1 - 1)*s1 + (n2 - 1)*s2)/(n1 + n2 - 2)
 tst = (yb1 - yb2)/sqrt(s*(1/n1 + 1/n2))
 DF = n1 + n2 - 2
 p.val = pt(tst, df=DF)
 Res = list(tst, DF, p.val)
 names(Res) = c("t", "df", "p-value")
 return (Res)
T.test(x, y)
bslash = function(X, y)
 X = qr(X)
 return (qr.coef(X, y))
regcoeff = bslash(Xmat, yvar)
"%^%" = function(S, pow) with(eigen(S), vectors *** (abs(values)^pow * t(vectors)))
M = matrix(c(2,1,1,2), nrow=2) ; M
M %^% 0.5
sqrtM = M%^{0.5}; sqrtM
sqrtM %*% sqrtM
area = function(f, a, b, eps=1.0e-06, lim=10)
```

```
fun1 = function(f, a, b, fa, fb, a0, eps, lim, fun)
 ## function 'fun1'is only visible inside 'area'
   d = (a + b)/2
   h = (b - a)/4
   fd = f(d)
   a1 = h * (fa + fd)
   a2 = h * (fd + fb)
   if (abs(a0 - a1 - a2) < eps || lim == 0)</pre>
      return (a1 + a2)
      return (fun(f, a, d, fa, fd, a1, eps, lim - 1, fun) + fun(f, d, b, fd, fb, a2, eps, lim - 1,
   }
 }
 fa = f(a)
 fb = f(b)
 a0 = ((fa + fb) * (b - a))/2
 fun1(f, a, b, fa, fb, a0, eps, lim, fun1)
area(dnorm, 0, 1)
integrate(dnorm, 0, 1)
pnorm(1) - pnorm(0)
f = function(x)
 y = 2*x
 print(x)
 print(y)
 print(z)
}
f(1)
z = 3
f(1)
```

```
cube = function(n) {
 sq = function() n*n
 n*sq()
cube(5)
open.account = function(total)
{
 list(
    deposit = function(amount)
      if(amount <= 0)</pre>
     stop("Deposits must be positive!\n")
      total <<- total + amount</pre>
     cat(amount, "deposited. Your balance is", total, "\n\n")
   },
   withdraw = function(amount)
      if(amount > total)
      stop("You don't have that much money!\n")
      total <<- total - amount
     cat(amount, "withdrawn. Your balance is", total, "\n\n")
   },
   balance = function()
      cat("Your balance is", total, "\n\n")
   }
 )
}
ross = open.account(100)
robert = open.account(200)
ross$balance()
robert$balance()
```

```
ross$deposit(50)
ross$balance()
ross$withdraw(500)
```

R Tips

- Handbook of statistical distributions with applications¹ (Krishnamoorthy, 2006)
- · Materials
 - https://cran.r-project.org/manuals.html
 - https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/Rintro.pdf
- Changing defualt R console size and etc: 배균섭 교수님께서 알려주 신 tip을 참고하여 video clip을 만들었습니다. 매일같이 마주하게 되 는 R console이 너무 작게 느껴지셨다면 다음의 동영상을 참고하셔 서 초기 세팅 (Rconsole 파일)을 바꿔서 해결할 수 있습니다. https: //youtu.be/uSunEN8W5Mo

B.1 Using Coursera

PAGK에 보낸 이메일을 그대로 옮겼습니다.

배균섭 교수님의 추천을 받아 다음과 같은 강의와 책을 공유하고자 합니다. Coursera.com 에 유익한 R 강좌가 열렸습니다. "Mastering Software Development in R Specialization" 이란 제목의 강좌인데 4개 Course를 무료로 들을 수 있게 되어있습니다. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/r

¹http://www.stat.rice.edu/~dobelman/textfiles/DistributionsHandbook.pdf

104 B R Tips

이것이 본래의 Link인데 여기서 각각의 Course를 찾거나 혹은 아래의 링크를 각각 클릭하여 하단에 나오는 "Audit"을 클릭하면 무료로 들을 수있습니다.

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- https://www.coursera.org/learn/r-programming-environment
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/advanced-r
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/r-packages
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/r-data-visualization

https://bookdown.org/rdpeng/RProgDA/ 이 링크는 무료로 공개된 강의 책자입니다. 강의를 듣지 않고 책으로 보고 싶으신 분은 참고하시면 됩니다.

C

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- 이 웹북을 만드는데 도움을 주신 분들은 다음과 같습니다.
 - 1. Dr. Jekyll
 - 2. Hyde

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Index

bookdown, <mark>xi</mark>

Coursera, xiii

Github, <mark>xi</mark>

lattice, 29