TENSORFLOW ON IOS

尹航 *h4x@Google*

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尹航 *h4x@Google*

机器学习框架


Caffe


Chainer


DL4J
Deeplearning4j


K
KERAS


Microsoft
CNTK


MatConvNet


MINERVA


mxnet

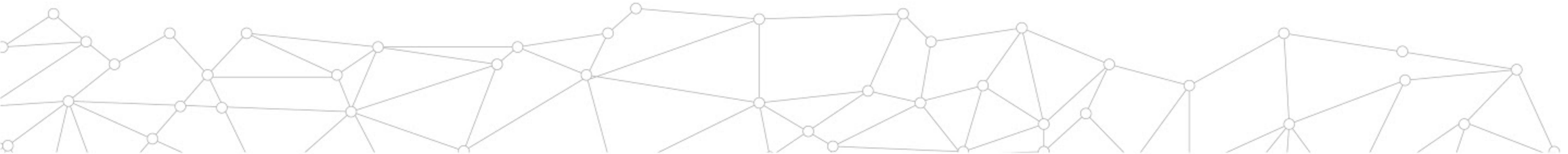

Purine

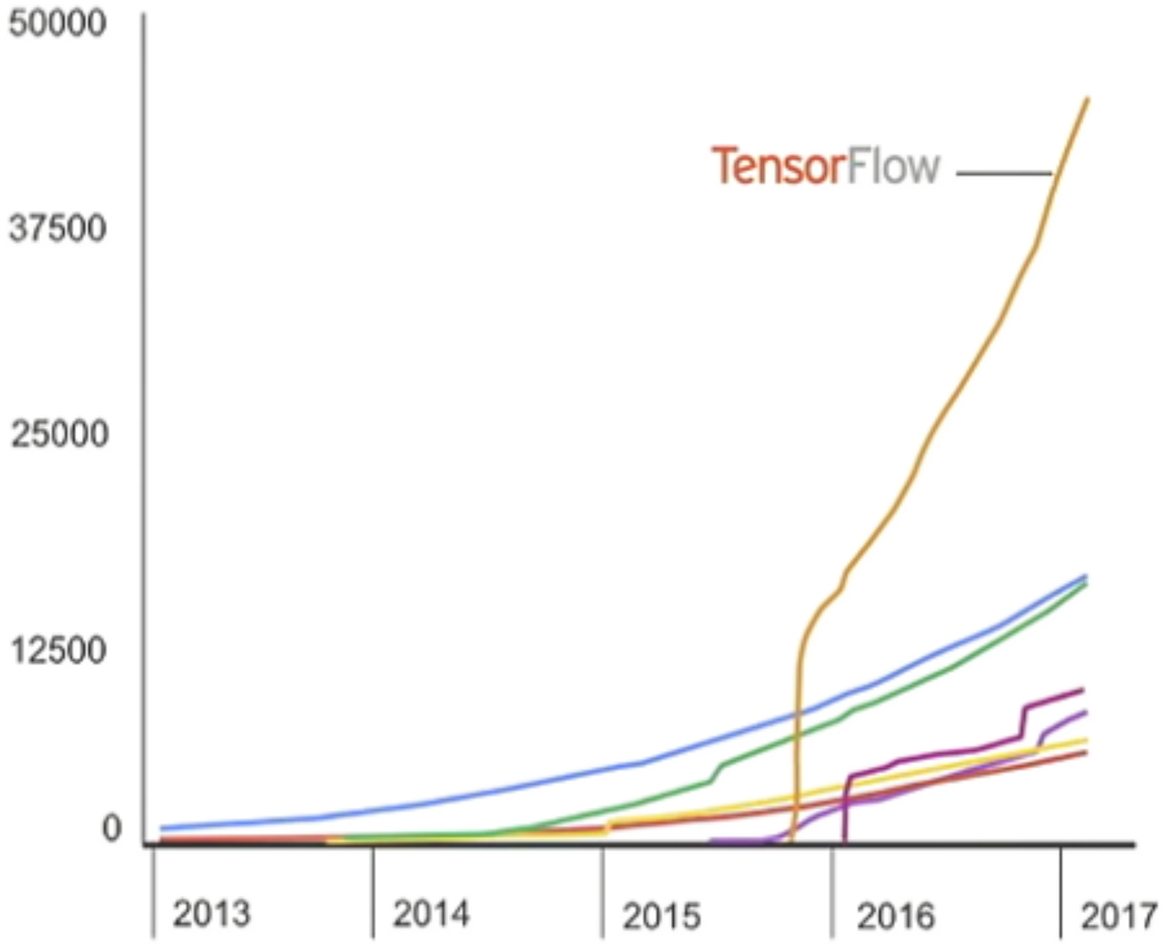

TensorFlow


theano


torch

WHY TENSORFLOW?





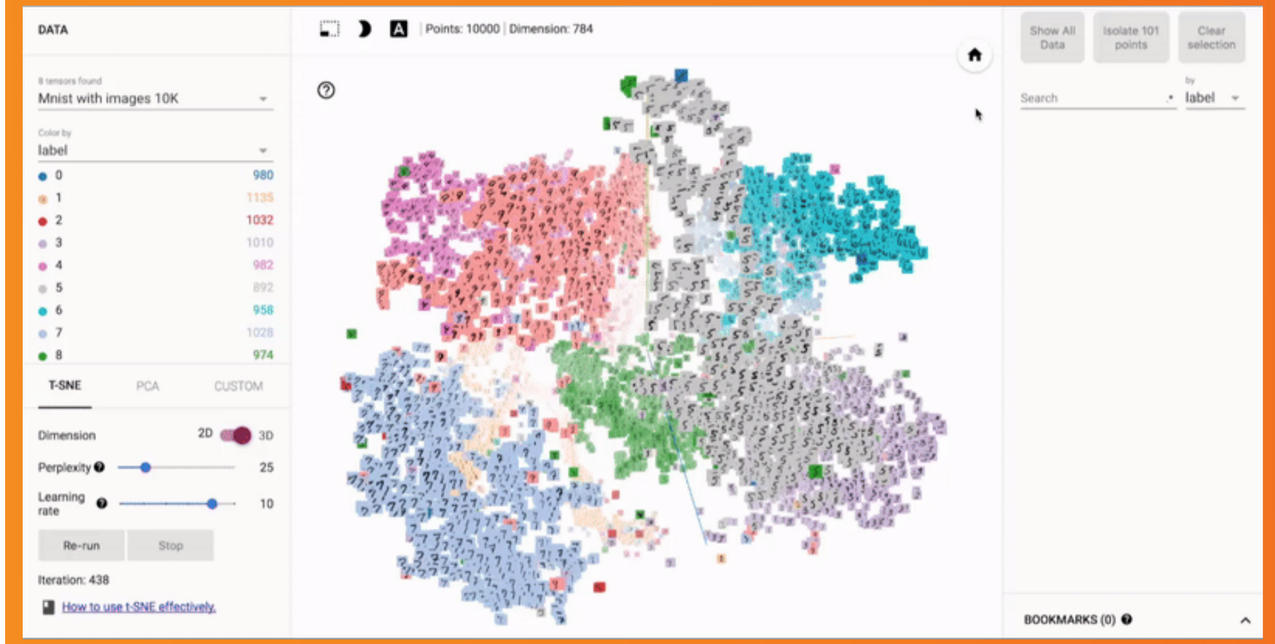
Framework	GitHub Star Count
TensorFlow	44508
scikit-learn	16191
Caffe	15690
CNTK	9383
MXNet	7896
Torch	6285
Theano	5568

WHY TENSORFLOW

- 全平台支持
  - 服务器集群
  - GPU、TPU加速
  - CPU
  - 移动端

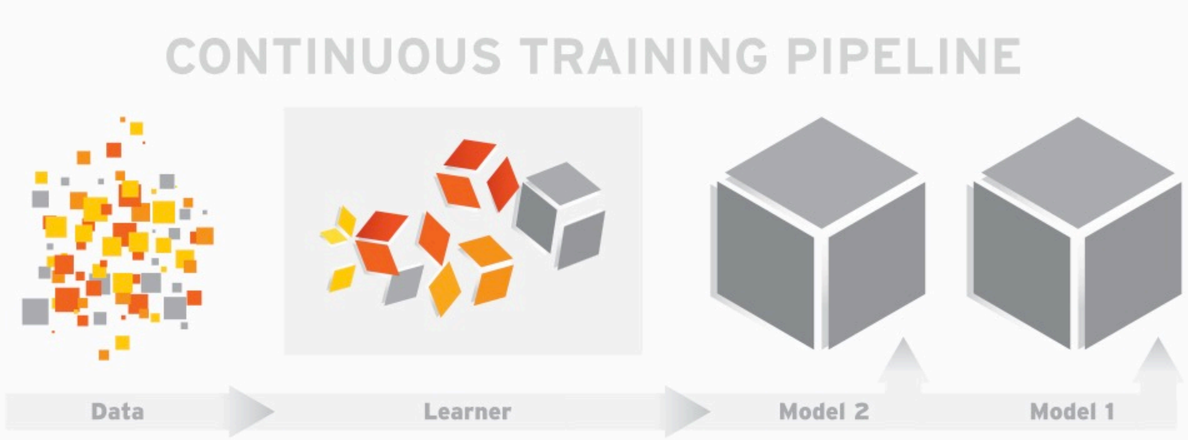
WHY TENSORFLOW

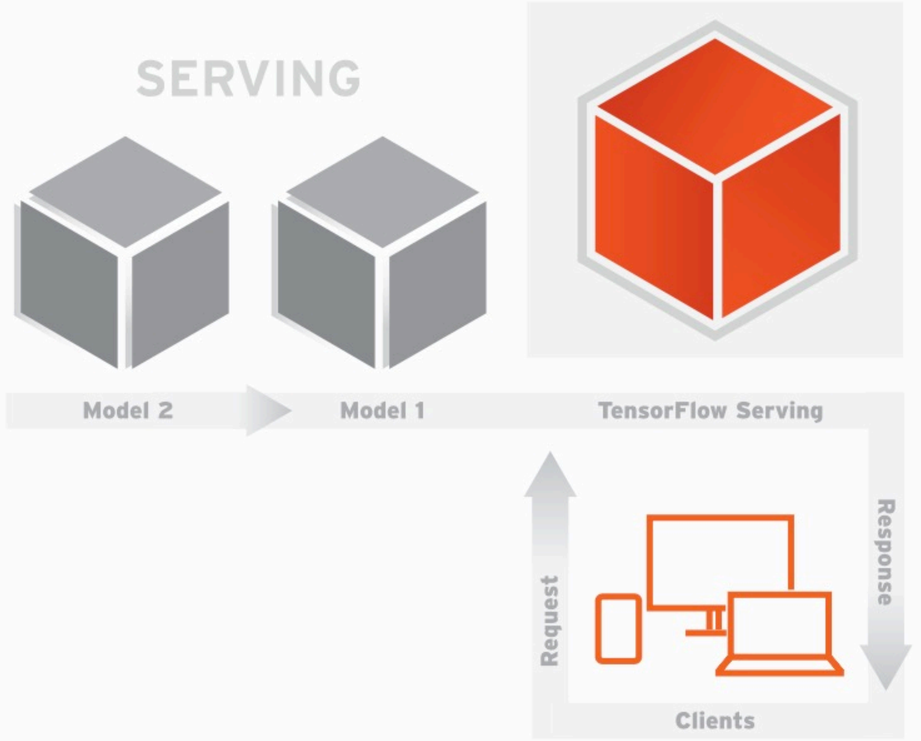
- 全平台支持
- 丰富的调试工具
  - TensorBoard



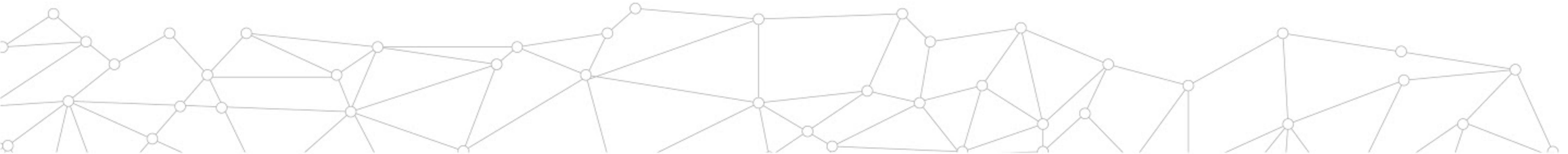
WHY TENSORFLOW

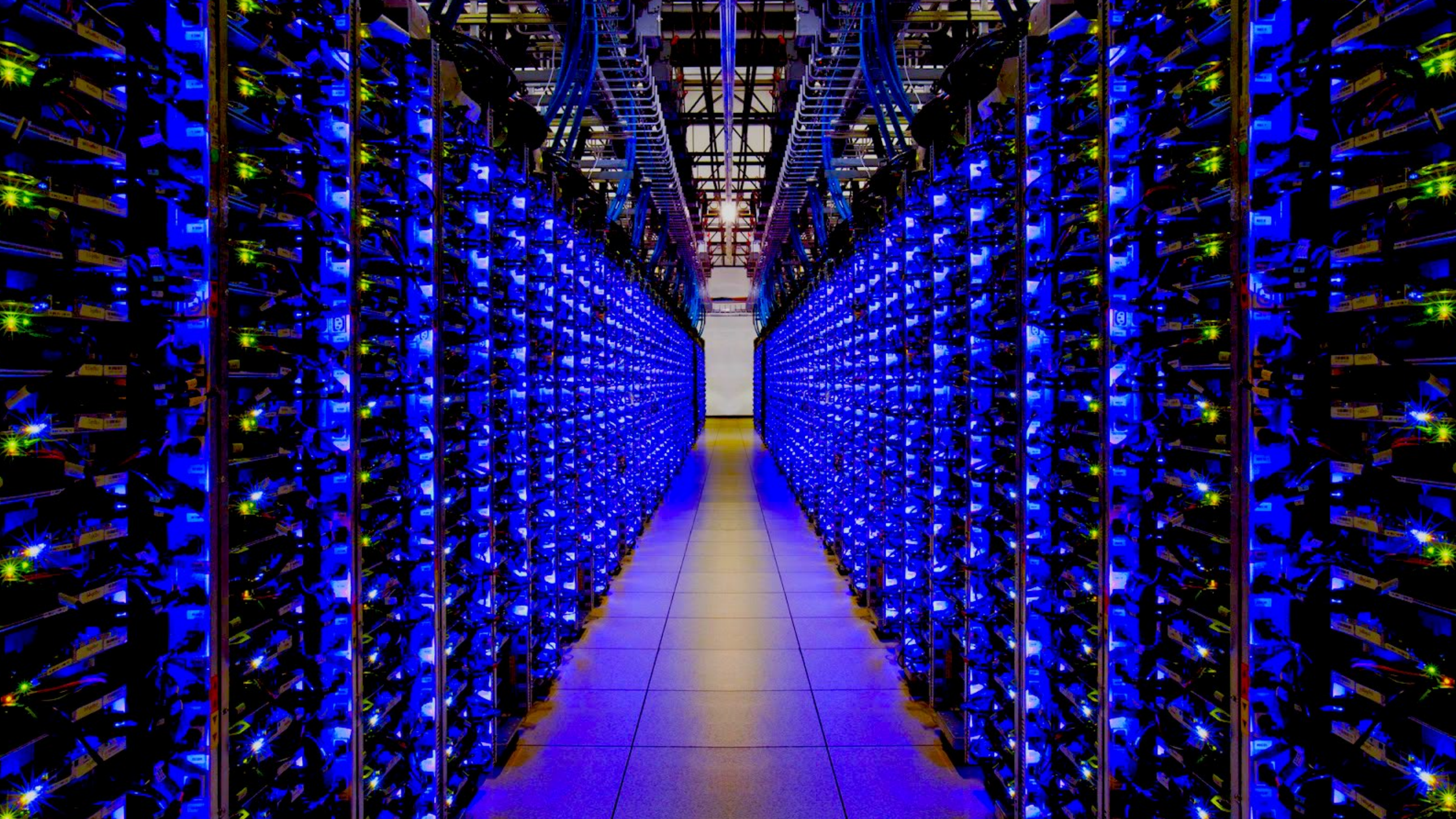
- 全平台支持
- 丰富的调试工具
- 产品化
  - TensorFlow Serving
  - Google Cloud





WHY MOBILE?






牛奶

TENSORFLOW+ IOS

= ❤️

A TensorFlow Demo

PROBLEM

- Emoji输入法
  - 输入：一段短文本
  - 输出：预测合适的Emoji

PROBLEM

- Emoji输入法
  - 输入：一段短文本
  - 输出：预测合适的Emoji
- 有没有简单的办法...
  - 比如匹配关键字？

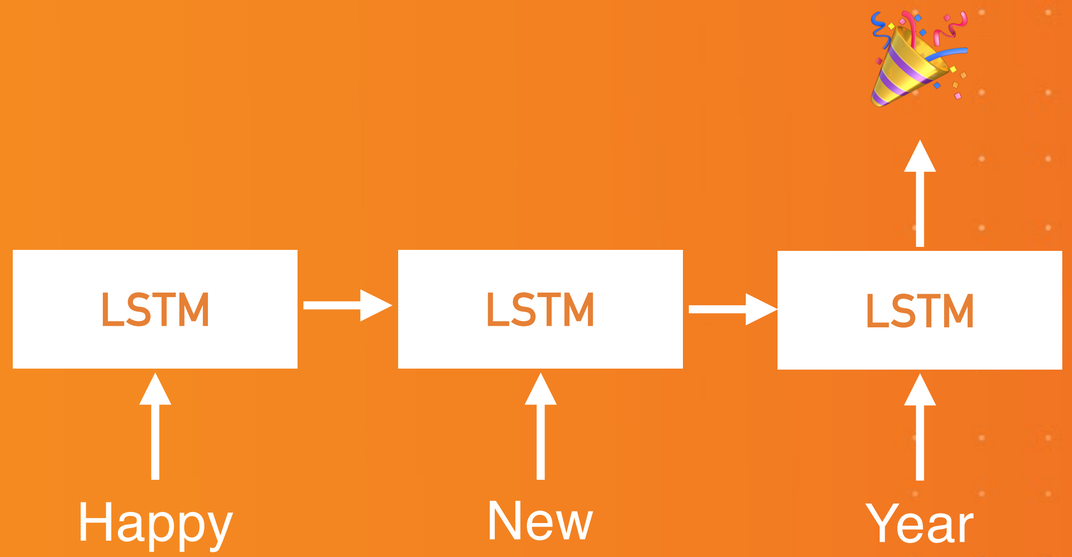
“Happy New Year”

准备数据

- Twitter 2017年1月数据
  - 144字限制
  - 网络语言
- 预处理
  - 统计Top-100 Emoji
  - 100,000条英文推文

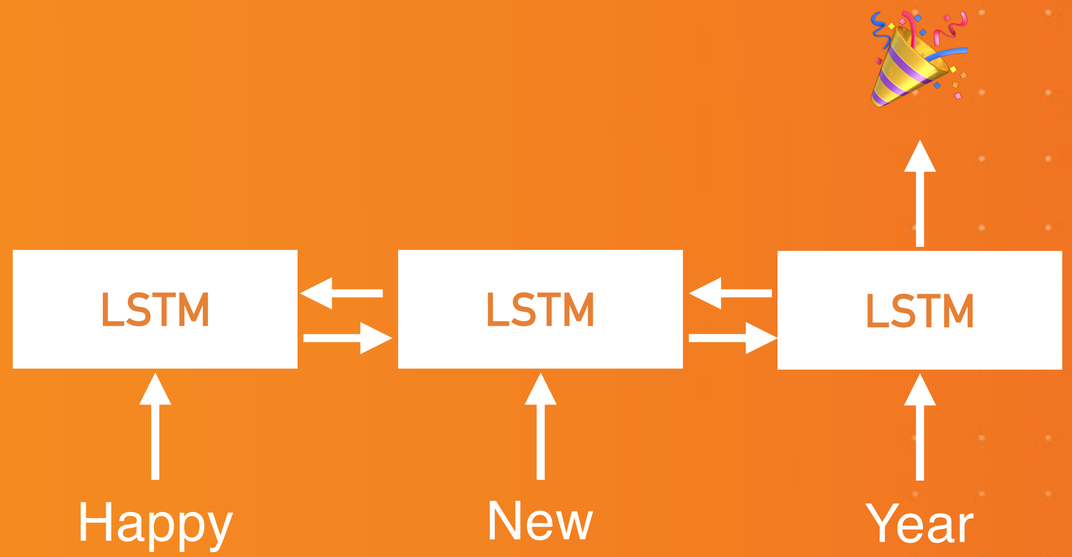
神经网络模型

- 基本思想：RNN
  - 接受任意长输入
  - 取最后一个输出作为结果
- LSTM
  - Long Short Term Memory
  - 一种适合文本的RNN



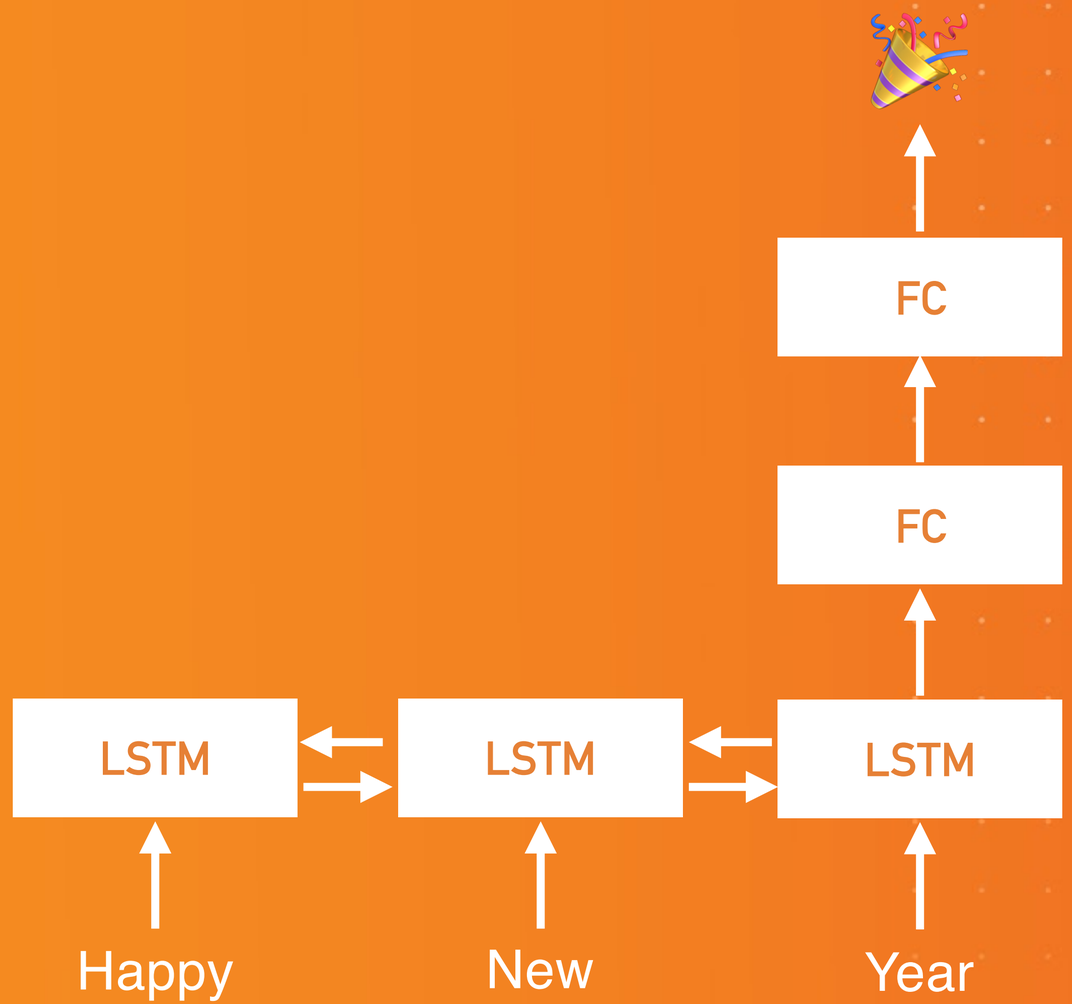
神经网络模型-改进

- 双向LSTM



神经网络模型-改进

- 双向LSTM
- 更深的网络



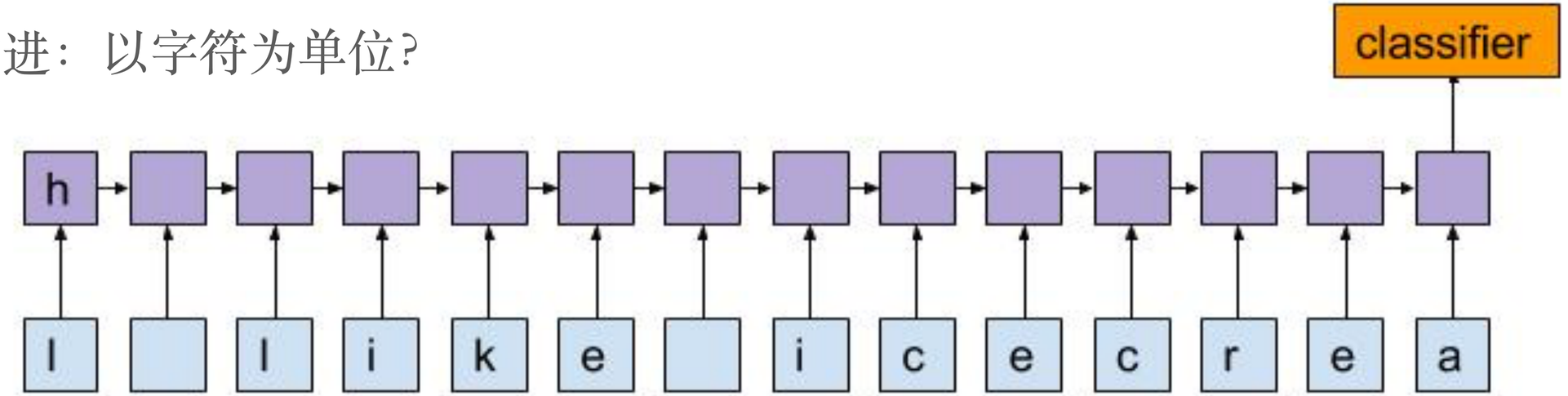
CHAR-CNN编码器

- 以词为单位的问题
  - 词典尺寸太大
  - 不规范用词：网络用语、拼写错误

$$100{,}000\ words * 128\ dimension * 4\ bytes = \mathbf{51.2MB}$$

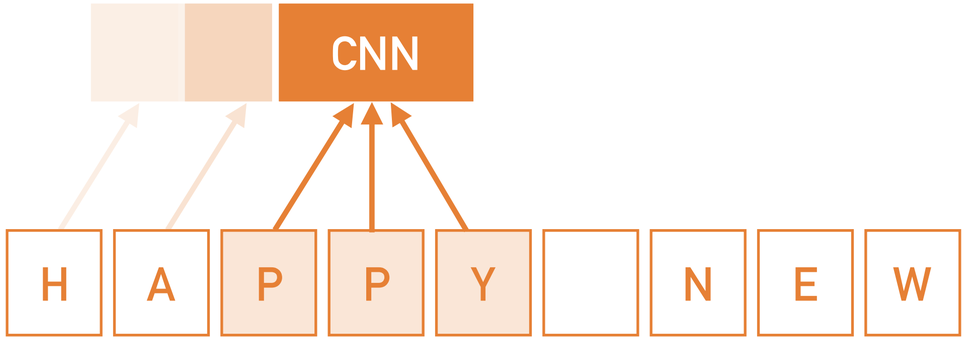
CHAR-CNN编码器

- 以词为单位的问题
  - 词典尺寸太大
  - 不规范用词：网络用语、拼写错误
  - 改进：以字符为单位？



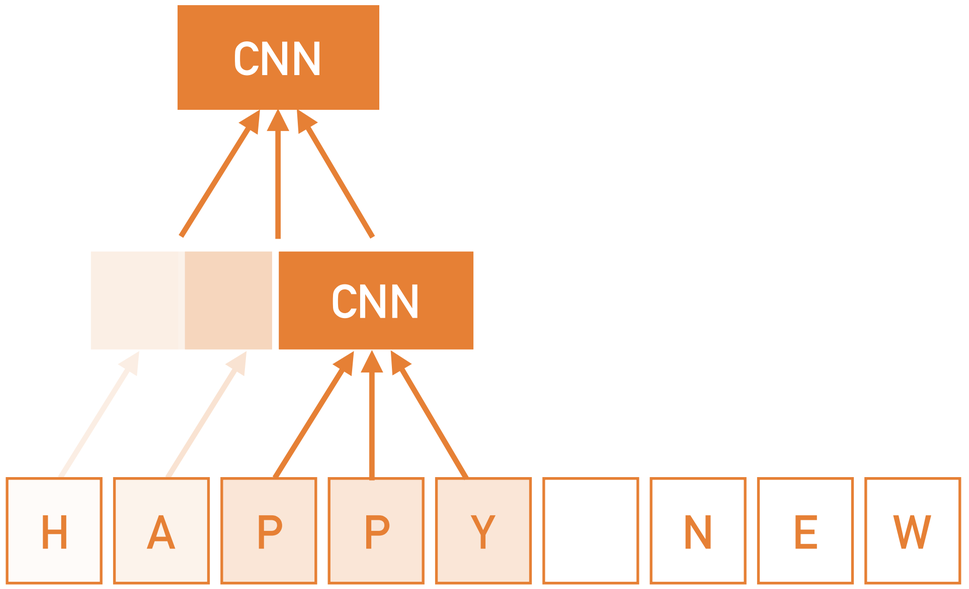
CHAR-CNN编码器

- 以词为单位的问题
- Char-CNN
  - 输入：字母序列
  - 卷积神经网络



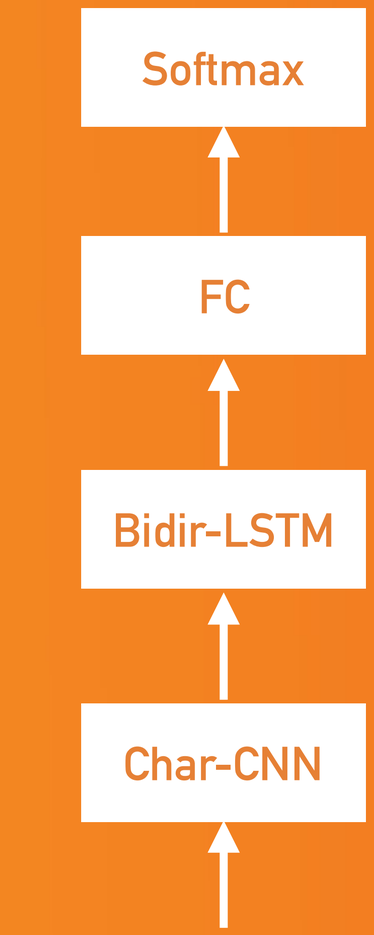
CHAR-CNN编码器

- 以词为单位的问题
- Char-CNN
  - 输入：字母序列
  - 卷积神经网络
  - 多层CNN：从字母到单词



神经网络模型

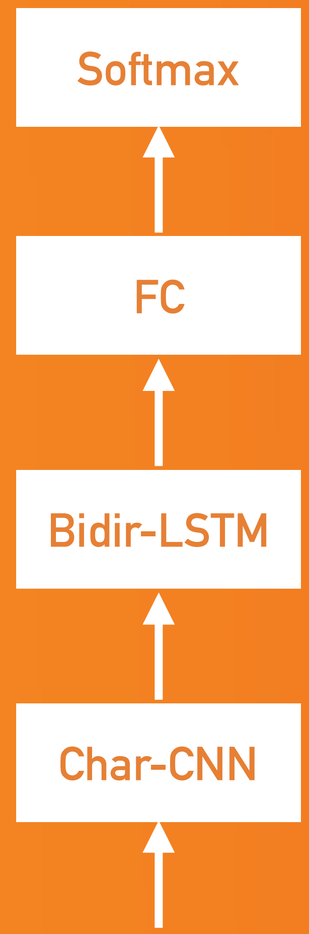
- 输入：字符序列
- Char-CNN 字符卷积网络
- 双向LSTM
- 隐含层
- 输出：预测Emoji



神经网络模型-KERAS实现

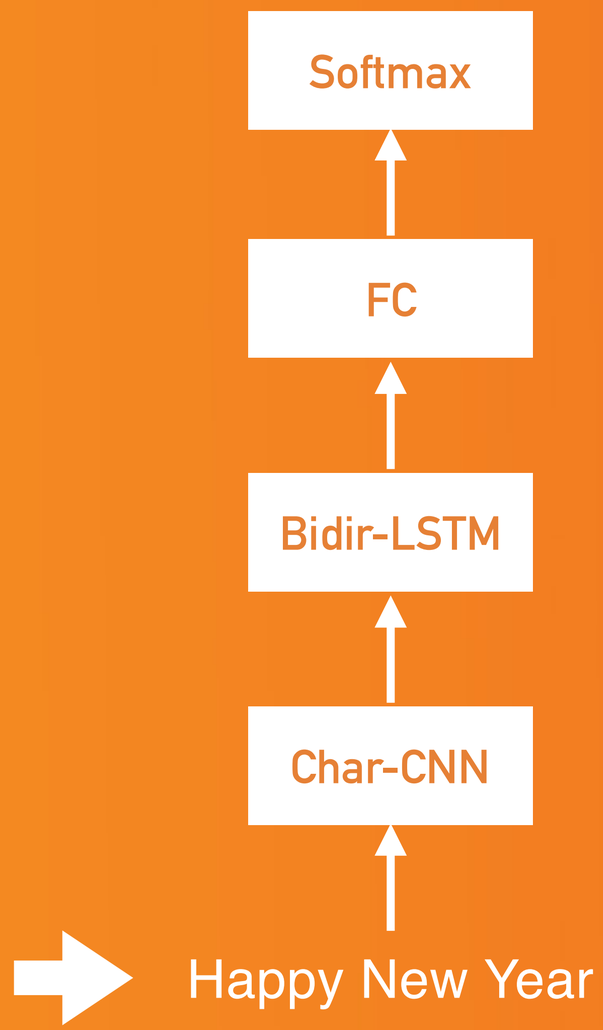
- Keras：一个对人类友好的TensorFlow前端API

http://keras.io



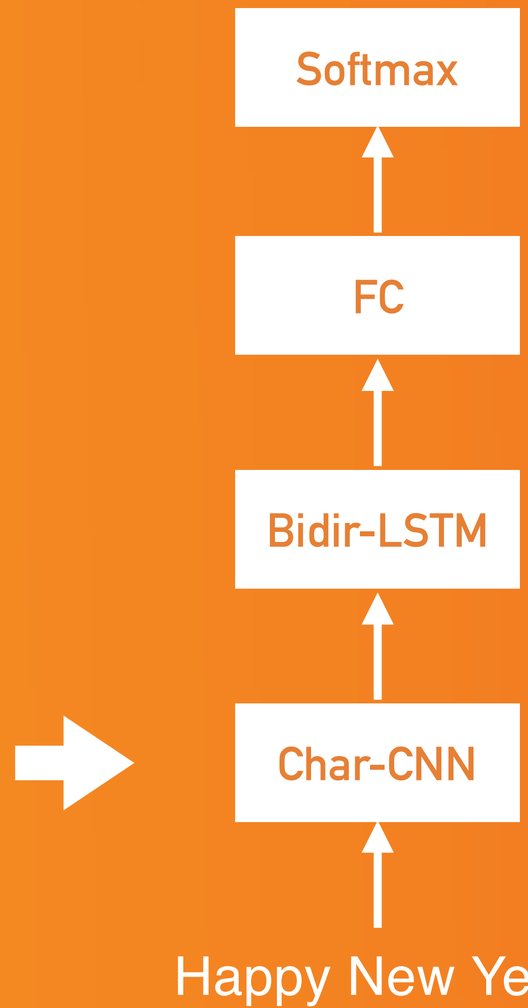
神经网络模型-KERAS实现

```
MAXLEN = 120
in_sentence = Input(shape=(MAXLEN,), dtype='int32')
```



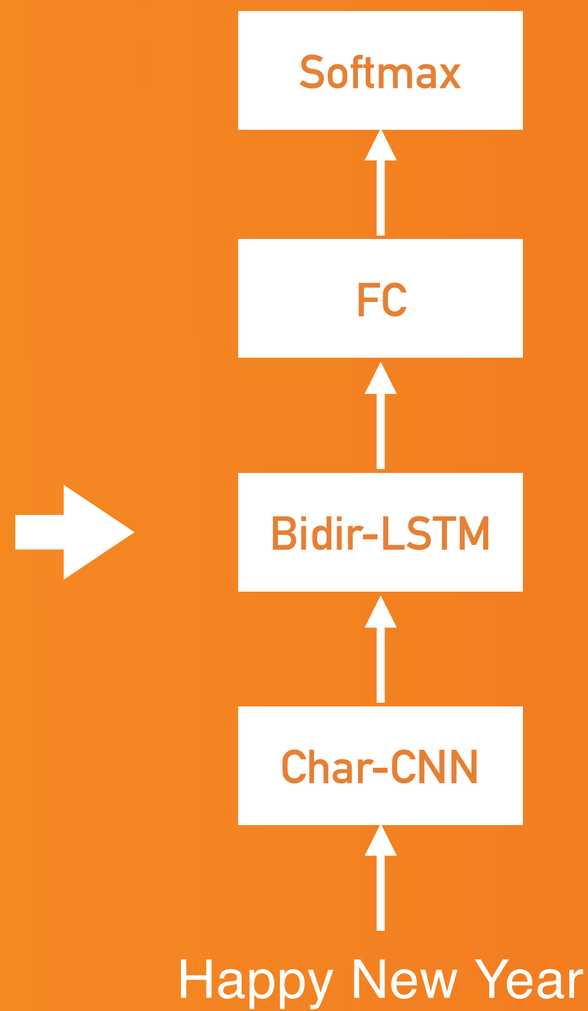
神经网络模型-KERAS实现

```
filter_length = [3, 3, 1]
nb_filter = [196, 196, 256]
pool_length = 2
for i in range(len(nb_filter)):
    embedding = Conv1D(filters=nb_filter[i],
                       kernel_size=filter_length[i],
                       padding='valid',
                       activation='relu',
                       kernel_initializer='glorot_normal',
                       strides=1)(embedding)
    embedding = MaxPooling1D(pool_size=pool_length)(embedding)
```



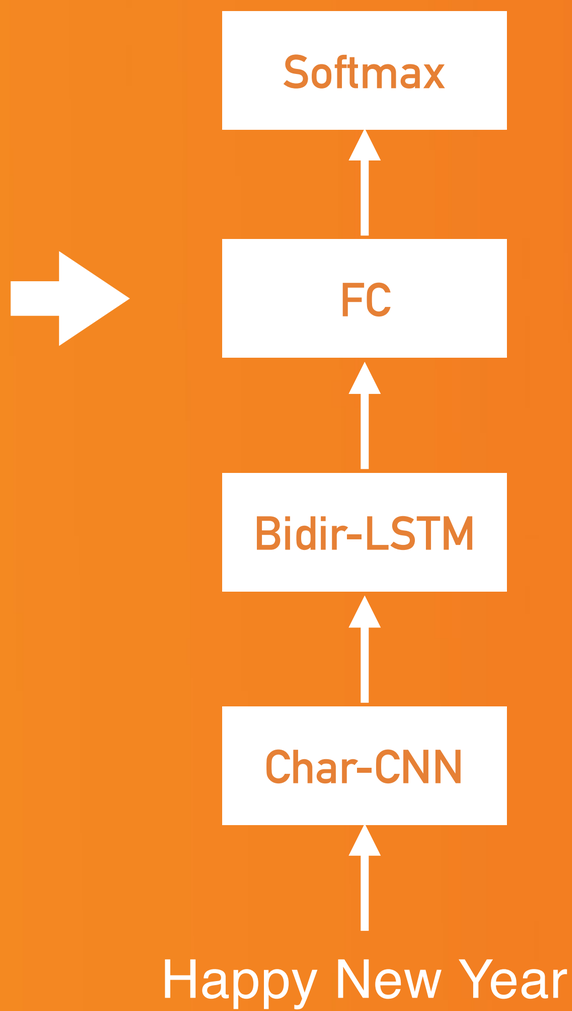
神经网络模型-KERAS实现

```
hidden = Bidirectional(LSTM(
    128, dropout=0.2, recurrent_dropout=0.2))(embedding)
```



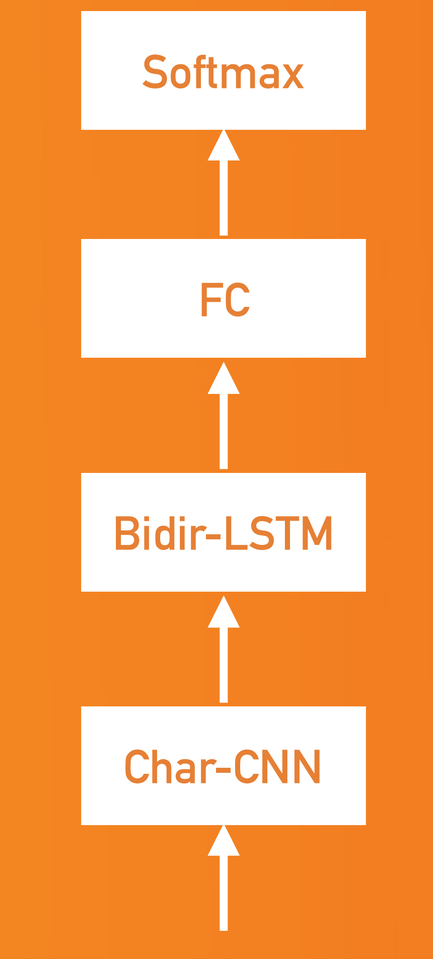
神经网络模型-KERAS实现

```
hidden = Dense(128, activation='relu')(hidden)
hidden = Dropout(0.2)(hidden)
output = Dense(num_cat, activation='softmax')(hidden)
```



神经网络模型-KERAS实现

```
model = Model(inputs=in_sentence, outputs=output)
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              optimizer='adam',
              metrics=['accuracy', 'top_k_categorical_accuracy'])
```



Write a regex to create a tag group

Show data download links

Ignore outliers in chart scaling

Tooltip sorting method: default

Smoothing

0.6

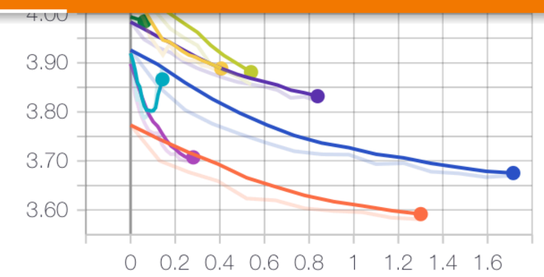
Horizontal Axis

STEP RELATIVE WALL

Runs

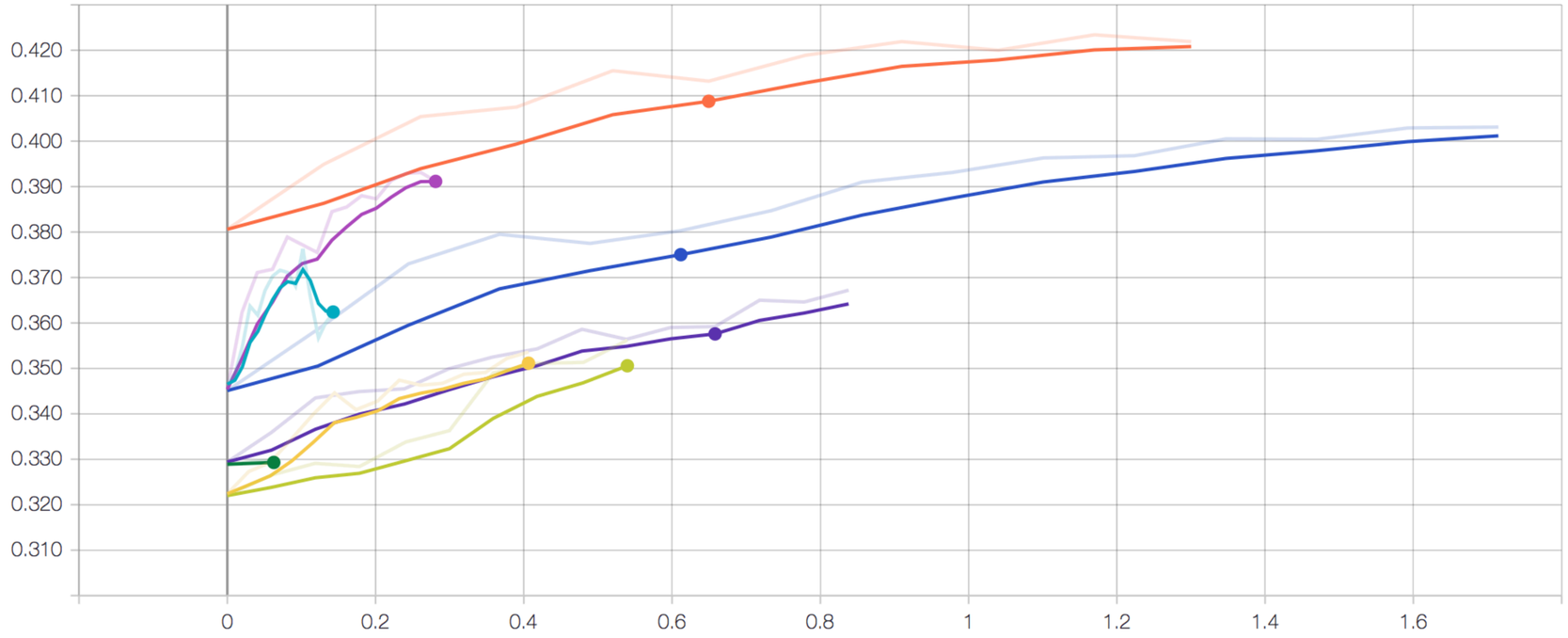
Write a regex to filter runs

- Graph
- tb-chcnn-blstm
- tb-chcnn-blstm-2fc
- tb-chcnn-slim-blstm-2fc
- tb-naive-embed-blstm
- tb-naive-noembd
- tb-naive-noembd-2lstm
- tb-naive-noembd-blstm



val_top_k_categorical_accuracy 1

val_top_k_categorical_accuracy



Name	Smoothed	Value	Step	Time	Relative
Graph	0.4088	0.4132	5.000	Sat May 6, 23:29:13	38m 57s

In [ ]:
```
from keras.models import Model, load_model, model_from_config
from keras import backend as K
from tensorflow.contrib.session_bundle import exporter
from tensorflow.python import saved_model
import tensorflow as tf
```

In [ ]:
```
sess = tf.Session()
K.set_session(sess)
K.set_learning_phase(0)  # all new operations will be in test mode from now on
```

In [ ]:
```
orig_model = load_model('p5-40-test.hdf5')
weights = orig_model.get_weights()
model = model_from_config({
    'class_name': 'Model',
    'config': orig_model.get_config(),
})
model.set_weights(weights)
```

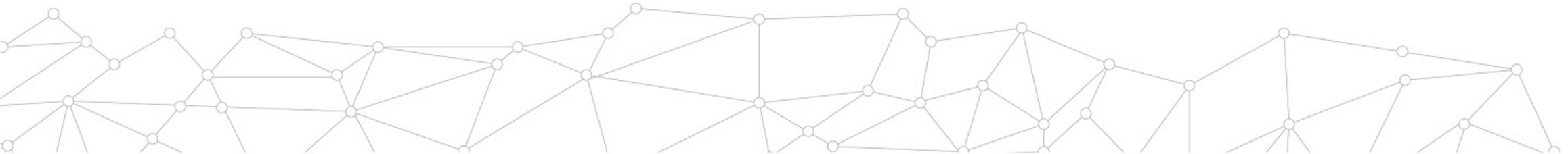
In [ ]:
```
tf.train.write_graph(sess.graph_def, 'export/p5-40-test-serving', "graph-serving.pb", True)
```

In [ ]:
```
saver = tf.train.Saver()
```

In [ ]:
```
saver.save(sess, 'export/p5-40-test-serving/model-ckpt')
```

```
In [21]: run('I wanna go home and go to sleep')
Out[21]: ['😭', '😩', '🙄', '😂', '😔']

In [22]: run('happy new year! God Bless')
Out[22]: ['🎉', '❤', '🎈', '😊', '😘']

In [23]: run('HAPPY NEW YEAR here\'s to many more amazing memories')
Out[23]: ['🎉', '❤', '😘', '😊', '💕']

In [24]: run('day 1 of 365 thank you God for allowing me to see this day')
Out[24]: ['❤', '🙏', '😊', '😘', '💕']

In [26]: run('The art of knowing is knowing to "IGNORE". Good morning')
Out[26]: ['❤', '😊', '😍', '😘', '💕']
```

MOVE TO IOS



HOW TO

- 编译TensorFlow for iOS

```
tensorflow/contrib/makefile/
build_all_ios.sh
```

HOW TO

- 编译TensorFlow for iOS
- 转换模型
  - 裁剪模型
  - 压缩权值（Quantization）

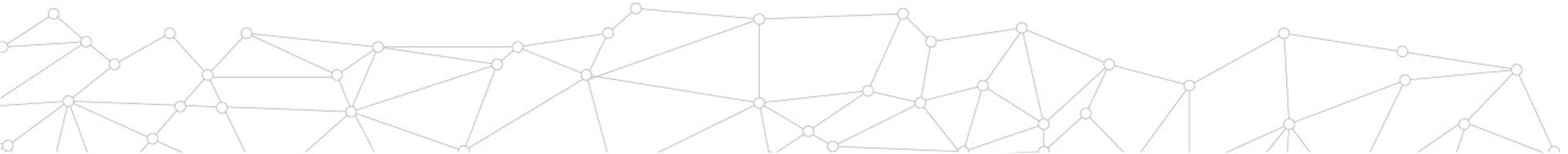
```
python3 -m tensorflow.python.tools
.freeze_graph \
  --input_graph="graph-serving.pb" \
  --input_checkpoint=“model.ckpt" \
  --output_graph="frozen.pb" \
  --output_node_names="dense_2/Softmax"
```

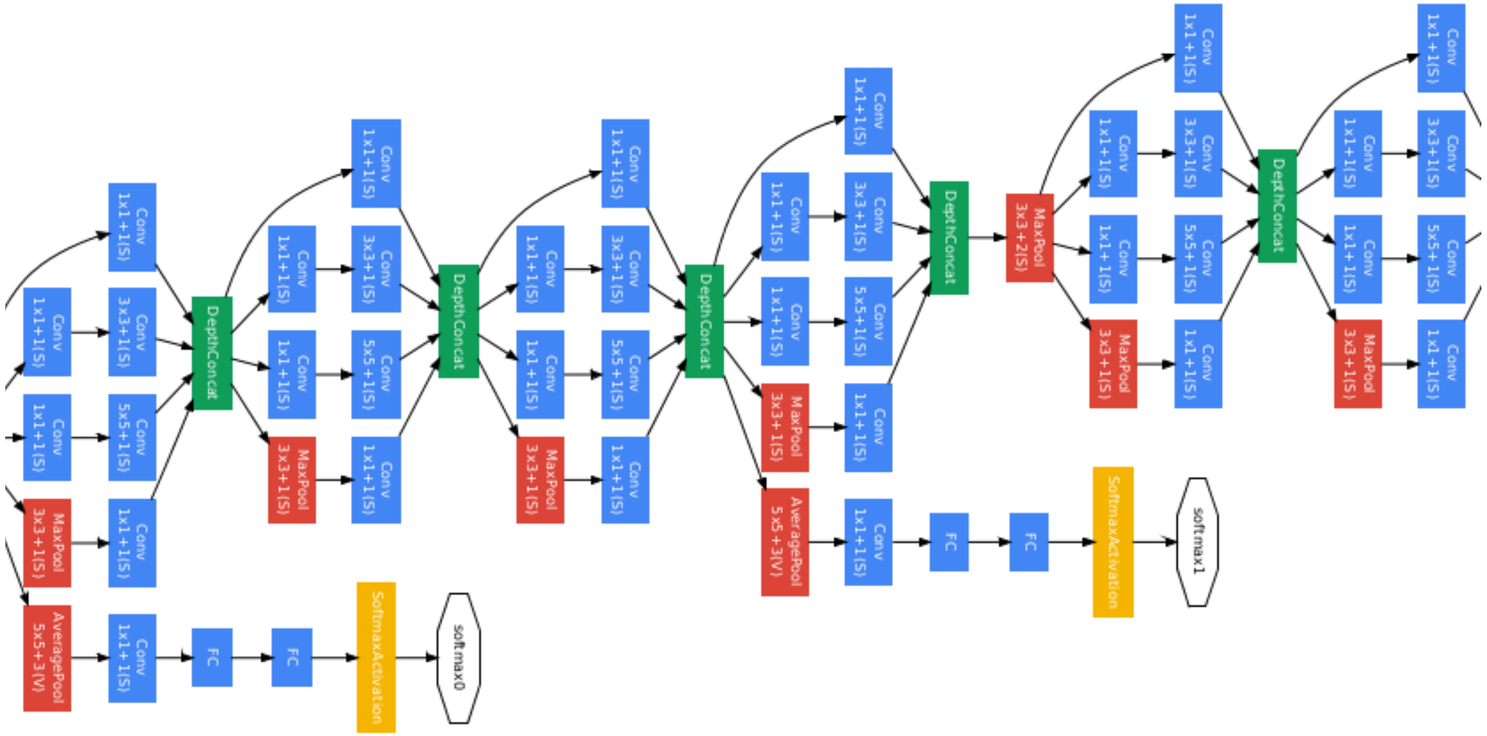
HOW TO

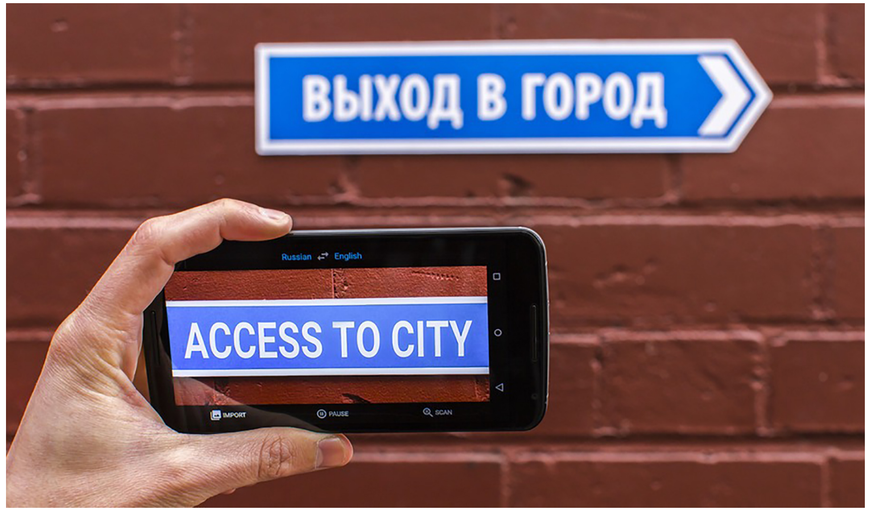
- 编译TensorFlow for iOS
- 转换模型
- 在iOS使用TensorFlow C++ API

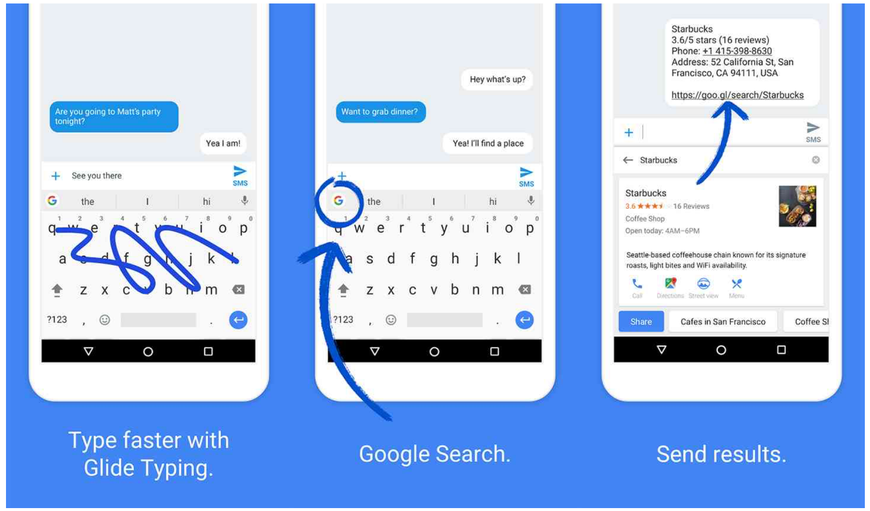
```
tensorflow::Session* sess;
tensorflow::GraphDef graph;
PortableReadFileToProto(
    network_path, &graph);
tensorflow::NewSession(options,
    &session_pointer);
sess->Create(graph);
```

DEMO









TensorFlow被用于诸多App: Google Translate, GBoard, Google Photo…

BINARY SIZE

- 默认编译12MB
- 全功能编译100+MB
- 最小化编译（InceptionV3）2MB

THE UGLY

- 缺少TensorFlow Serving
- 缺少GPU支持
- 一些遇到的坑
  - build_all_ios.sh
  - graph_optimizer.py
  - “No OpKernel found”错误

ENJOY AND MAKE YOUR APPS