

## DISCLAIMER

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Owned by: Shivangi Singh

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## TOPIC: TIME & WORK

1) TYPE 1: A & B together work for 'x' days, B alone works for 'y' days. how many days will A take alone?

$$A = \frac{x \times y}{y - x}$$

a) TYPE 2: if 'x' men take 'y' days, 'a' women take 'b' days how many days will 8m and 4w will take?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{8}{x \times y} + \frac{4}{a \times b}$$

3) TYPE 3: A takes 'x' days, B takes 'y' days, then A+B together will take how many days?

$$\Rightarrow A+B = \frac{A \times B}{A+B} = \frac{x \times y}{x+y}$$

4) TYPE 4: A → x, B → y, C → z, how many days if 3 work together?

$$A+B+C = \frac{x \times y \times z}{x+y+z}$$

5) TYPE 5: if 3m or 4W or 8B do a work in 25 days, then how many days will 2m and 3W and 4B take?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\text{no. of days}}{\frac{\text{and M}}{\text{or M}} + \frac{\text{and W}}{\text{or W}} + \frac{\text{and B}}{\text{or B}}}$$

6) Type 6: A takes 15 days. B is 50% more efficient. how many days 'B' will take alone?

$$\Rightarrow \frac{100}{100+50} \times 15$$

7) type 7: x takes 12 days to complete, y takes 16 days and they together work for 3 days. x leaves, how many days y will take to finish?

$$\Rightarrow Y - \frac{x+y}{x} \times \text{both} \Rightarrow 16 - \frac{12+16}{12} \times 3$$

individual      together



• geometric progression:  $a, ar, ar^2, ar^3$

first term:  $a$

$n$ th term =  $a r^{n-1}$

$$r = \frac{t_n}{t_{n-1}}$$

$$\text{sum of 'n' terms} = a \frac{r^n - 1}{(r - 1)}$$

• Average:

when a term is misread. Eg: 46 is read as 64

∴ avg of 50 items is 42 & 46 is misread as 64.

∴ new avg =  $\frac{\text{total items} \times \text{avg} - \text{wrong term} + \text{right term}}{\text{total items}}$

$$= \frac{50 \times 42 - 64 + 46}{50}$$

• divisibility:

72 - by 8 & 9 both

36 - by 6 & 4 both

45 - by 5 & 9 both

18 - by 2 & 9

12 by 3 & 4

8 - if last 3 digits are divisible by 8

4 - if last 2 digits are divisible by 4.

## Maths Quick Revision

(i) Permutation:  ${}^n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$

(ii) combination:  ${}^n C_r = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$

(iii) profit & loss:  $P = CP - SP$

$P$  of  $A:B = 5:4 \Rightarrow 5x:4x$

• simple interest:  $\frac{P \times R \times T}{100} = \text{Interest}$

• compound interest:  $P \left[ 1 + \frac{\text{rate}}{100} \right]^n \rightarrow \text{years.} = \text{amount}$

• principle amt. =  $\frac{x (\text{installment})}{\left[ 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right]} + \frac{x}{\left[ 1 + \frac{r}{100} \right]^2}$

• volume:

(i) cone: TSA:  $\pi r (r + l)$ , CSA:  $\pi r l$ , vol:  $\frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}$

(ii) cylinder: TSA:  $2\pi r (r + h)$

(iii) triangle: area =  $\frac{1}{2} \times b \times h$

• Percentage:

(i) how much % is A more than B:  $\frac{A-B}{B} \times 100$

• work & time:

(i) A & B together complete x% of work in y days

$\therefore$  total time taken by (A+B) =  $\frac{y}{x/100}$  days

(ii) efficiency of A =  $\frac{\text{total work complete}}{\text{days taken}}$

(iii) if C is m% more than B:

efficiency of B =  $\frac{E \text{ of } C}{(100+m)/100}$

amount of total work = LCM of two days given.



- upstream & downstream:

speed in still water =  $x$ , speed in current =  $y$

$$\text{upstream} = x - y$$

$$\text{downstream} = x + y \quad 1 \text{ km} = \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/sec}$$

- % discounts:  $a\%$ ,  $b\%$ ,  $c\%$  :  $100\text{m}^2 = 1 \text{ dam}^2$

$$a+b = \left( \frac{a+b - \frac{a \times b}{100}}{100} \right) \% = m\%$$

$$m+c = \left( \frac{m+c - \frac{m \times c}{100}}{100} \right) \%$$

- trigo:  $\sin x = \frac{\text{height}}{\text{hypo}}$

$$\cos x = \frac{\text{breadth}}{\text{hypo}}$$

$$\tan = \frac{\text{height}}{\text{breadth}}$$

- Profit & loss:

$$(i) \text{ Profit} = \text{SP} - \text{CP}$$

$$(ii) P\% = \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{CP}} \times 100 \quad L\% = \frac{\text{Loss}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\%$$

$$(iii) \text{ if loss \% is given: } \text{CP} = \frac{\text{SP}}{100 - L\%} \times 100$$

$$(iv) \text{ if profit \% is given: } \text{SP} = \frac{\text{CP}}{100 + P\%} \times 100$$

- mean, median & mode:

$$(i) \text{ mean} = \frac{\text{sum}}{\text{total items}}$$

$$(ii) \text{ median} =$$

$$a) \text{ odd} = \frac{n+1}{2}$$

$$b) \text{ even} = \frac{n}{2} + \frac{n+1}{2}$$

(ii) mode: element that appears max no. of times. (2 nos can be mode).

Permutation:

Type 1: vowels together: FUZZTONE

Letters: 8

vowels: u o e (3)  $\rightarrow 3!$  ways.

consonants: 5.

ways arranged =  $5+1$  (vowel group) =  $6!$  ways.

repeated words = 2

$\therefore$  permutation =  $\frac{6!}{2!} = 3! \times 3!$

Type 2: vowels are never together:

never together = total possible - always together.

eg: SISTER : vowels together =  $1e = 2!$  final ans =  $\frac{6!}{2!} - \frac{5!}{2!} \times 2!$

words arranged =  $\frac{6!}{2!}$

Type 3: how many 2 digits formed from 1, 2, 2, 3, 4.

${}^5P_2$   
 $\frac{5!}{2!}$  (repeated nos.)

how many 4 digit formed from 0, 1, 2, 3.

first digit = 1, 2, 3 & never 0, =  $3! \times 3$  (as 3 digits).

11213  $\leftarrow$   $\frac{3!}{2!}$  remaining spaces -

Type 4: distinct characters: eg: SHIRT =  $5!$

repeated characters eg: MISSISSIPPI =  $\frac{11!}{2! 4! 4!}$

Type 5: arrange words such that repetition is allowed.

Eg: SHIRT:  $5^5$

Type 6: vowels only occupy odd position. eg: FRIDGE

v - 17E

odd posi = 3

no. of ways =  ${}^3P_2$

remaining = 4 letters.

total =  ${}^3P_2 \times 4!$

$\overline{1} \quad \overline{2} \quad \overline{3} \quad \overline{4} \quad \overline{5} \quad \overline{6}$



• Type 7: no two vowels together.

eg: PLACES: vowel: AE, remaining: 4

$$P\_L\_C\_S\_AE = {}^5P_2$$

$$\text{total} = {}^5P_2 \times 4!$$

→ trick for averages:

• type 1: 31 students avg wt = 11.5, teacher added, avg now is 12.5. find teachers wt.

$$\begin{array}{l} 31 \rightarrow 11.5 \\ 32 \rightarrow 12.5 \end{array} + 1$$

wt = diff of left  $\times$  bottom right + diff of right  $\times$  top left.

$$\text{wt} = \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 12.5 + (12) \times 31$$

$$= 12.5 + 31 = 43.5 \text{ kg}$$

→ Syllogism:

RULE 1: +ve +ve  $\rightarrow$  +ve

+ve -ve  $\rightarrow$  -ve

-ve -ve  $\rightarrow$  no conclusion

RULE 2: all 100 50

Some 50 50

no 100 100

statement - income

conclusion - expenditure

DATE

calendar

1 week  $\rightarrow$  7 days

1 year  $\rightarrow$  52 weeks + 1 odd day.

leap yr  $\rightarrow$  52 weeks + 2 odd days.

days: 0-S, 1-M, 2-T, 3-W, 4-TH, 5-F, 6-Sat.

month: (J F M) (A M J) (J A S) (O N D)

0 3 3 6 1 4 6 2 5 0 3 5

year: 1600 - 1699  $\rightarrow$  6

1700 - 1799  $\rightarrow$  4

1800 - 1899  $\rightarrow$  2

1900 - 1999  $\rightarrow$  0

2000 - 2099  $\rightarrow$  6.

Q.) day on 26th Jan, 1947.

last 2 dig of yr  $\rightarrow$  47

divide by 4  $\rightarrow$  11 (quotient)

take the date  $\rightarrow$  26

no. of month  $\rightarrow$  0

no. of yr  $\rightarrow$  0.

divide by 7  $\rightarrow$  0 (remainder)  $\rightarrow$  Sunday.

Q.) day on 5th Oct, 2016.

last 2 digit = 16

divide by 4 = 04

take date = 05

no. of month = 0

no. of yr = 06

31

divide by 7 = 3.



Q.) today is monday, 30 days from now will be?

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 7 \overline{)30} \\ \underline{-28} \\ 2 \end{array}$$

Wednesday  
monday + 2

Q.) Jan 4, 2016 (mond) then what day will be Jan 4, 2017?

2016 - leap yr.  $\rightarrow$  PPPI - 0021 12002

Jan 4 2016  $\rightarrow$  PPPI - 00PI

$+ 2 \rightarrow$  Wednesday

Jan 4  $\rightarrow$  PPPI - 00PI

$\rightarrow$  PPPI - 00PI

Q.) 1 march 2006 (wed), then 1 march 2010?

2007  $\rightarrow$  4PI, 0021 0025 no work (0)

2008  $\rightarrow$  2  $\rightarrow$  wed

2009  $\rightarrow$  1  $\rightarrow$  mon

2010  $\rightarrow$  1  $\rightarrow$  5 days

Q.) today is monday, after 64 days it will be?

$7 \times 9 = 63$

$63 + 1$

$m + 1 \rightarrow$  Tuesday

Q.) 8th may 2006  $\rightarrow$  wed, 8th may 2005?

2005  $\rightarrow$  1 odd day

2006  $\rightarrow$  1  $\rightarrow$  Tuesday