# Before we start

- Install Docker Desktop
- Download code from <u>https://github.com/baptistepattyn/dockerk8</u> <u>sworkshop</u>



# Containers what, how and why?

Workshop about Docker and Kubernetes.

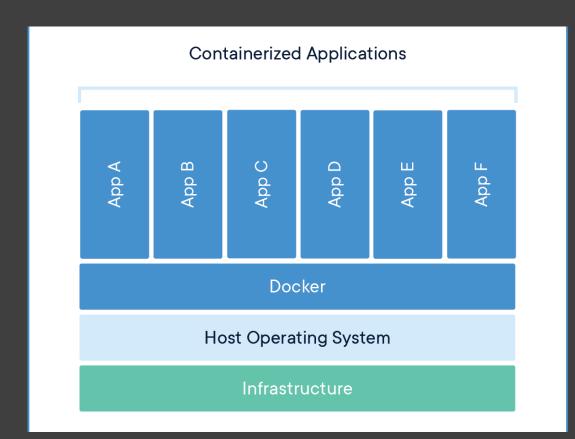


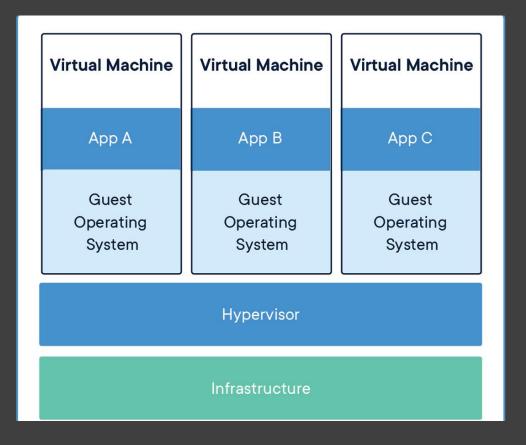


# Overview

- Containers vs Virtual Machines
- Docker
- Kubernetes

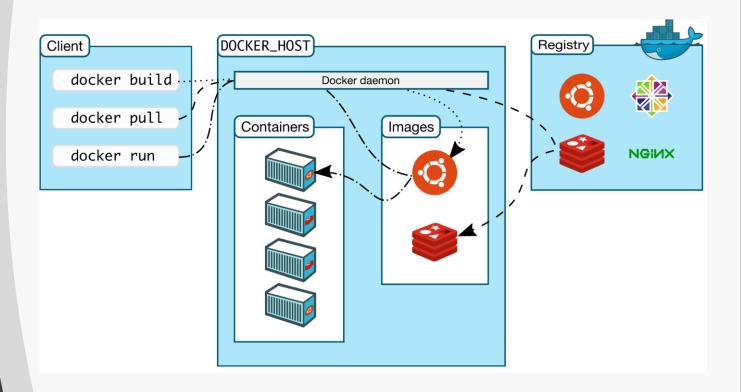






# Containers vs Virtual Machines

# Docker Architecture



# Example Dockerfile

FROM ubuntu:18.04

COPY . /app

**RUN** make /app

**CMD** python /app/app.py

# Advanced Dockerfile

FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/sdk:6.0 AS build-env WORKDIR /app

COPY /Starship.Web/\*.csproj ./ RUN dotnet restore

COPY . ./
RUN dotnet publish Starship.Web -c Release -o out

FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/aspnet:6.0 WORKDIR /app COPY --from=build-env /app/out . ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "Starship.Web.dll"]

# Basic commands

#### docker build

```
-t <name>:<tag>
-f <path to Dockerfile>
<path>
```

- docker images
- docker run

```
--name <container name>
```

- d

- p <host port>:<container port>

<image name>

# Basic commands

- docker container Is -a
- docker container stop </D>
- docker tag

```
<source image>:<tag>
```

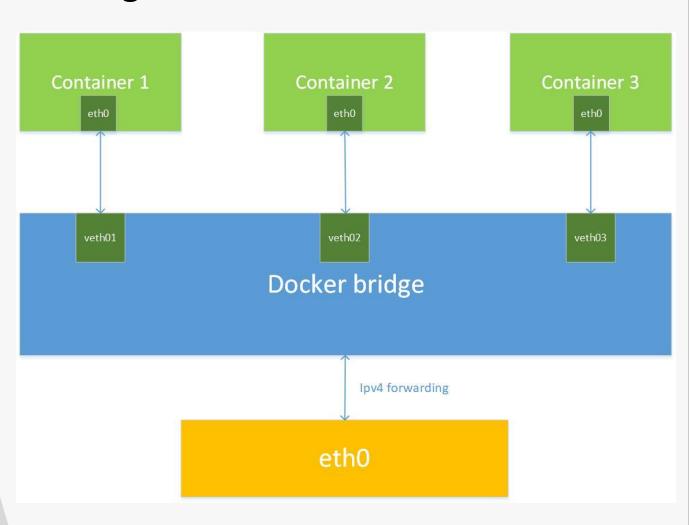
docker push <image>

# Docker Networking

- None
- Bridge (default)
- Overlay
- Host
- Ipvlan
- Macvlan
- Custom plugin

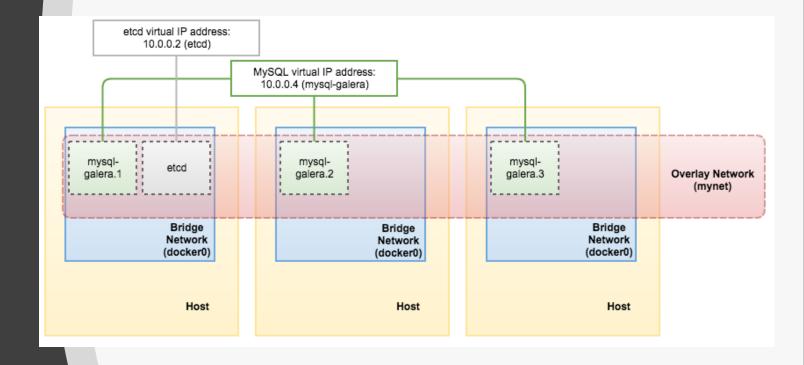
# Docker Networking

#### **Bridge network**



#### **Overlay network**

# Docker Networking



# Docker Networking

#### **Commands**

docker network create

```
-d <bri>dejoverlay>
<name>
```

docker network connect

```
<network name> <container name>
```

- docker run
  - --network=<network name>
- docker network disconnect

```
<network name> <container name>
```

- docker network inspect <network name>
- docker network Is
- docker network rm <network name(s)>

Run Docker images



# Run busybox image

- docker run hello-world
- docker run busybox
- docker container ls (-a)
- docker run busybox echo "hello from busybox"
- docker run -it busybox
  - Is
  - Vi
  - Ifconfig
- docker network Is
- docker network inspect bridge

# Configure bridge networking

- docker run --network="none" -it --name busybox busybox
- docker network create –d bridge mynetwork
- docker run --network="mynetwork" -it -name busybox1 busybox
   ifconfig
- docker run --network="mynetwork" -it -name busybox2 busybox

```
Ifconfig
Ping busybox1
Ping <IP>
```

docker network inspect mynetwork

# Modify and save running container

- docker run --it --name busybox busybox
  - mkdir workshop
  - cd workshop
  - touch test.txt
  - exit
- docker container ls -a
- docker commit <container id> custombusybox
- docker images
- docker run --it --name custombusybox custombusybox
  - cd workshop
  - Is

Deploy a basic container with static HTML



# Create and run webserver

- cd 1
- docker build -t web-server:v1.
- docker images
- docker run --name webserver1 -d -p 80:80 web-server:v1
- docker container Is

Surf to localhost in browser or try curl http://localhost/

# Create and run webserver

- cd ../2
- docker build -t web-server:v2.
- docker run --name webserver2 -d -p 81:80 web-server:v2
- docker container Is

Surf to localhost:81 in browser or try curl http://localhost:80/

# Modify container

- docker exec -u 0 -it webserver1 sh
- apk update
- apk add nano
- cd usr/share/nginx/html
- nano index.html
  - ctrl + o (save)
  - ctrl + x (exit)
- exit

# Create custom image and run it

- docker container Is
   Get container id
- docker commit <id> web-server:v3
- docker run --name webserver3 -d -p 82:80 web-server:v3

Surf to localhost:82 in browser or try curl http://localhost:82/

Clean setup
../cleandocker.ps1



Kubernetes

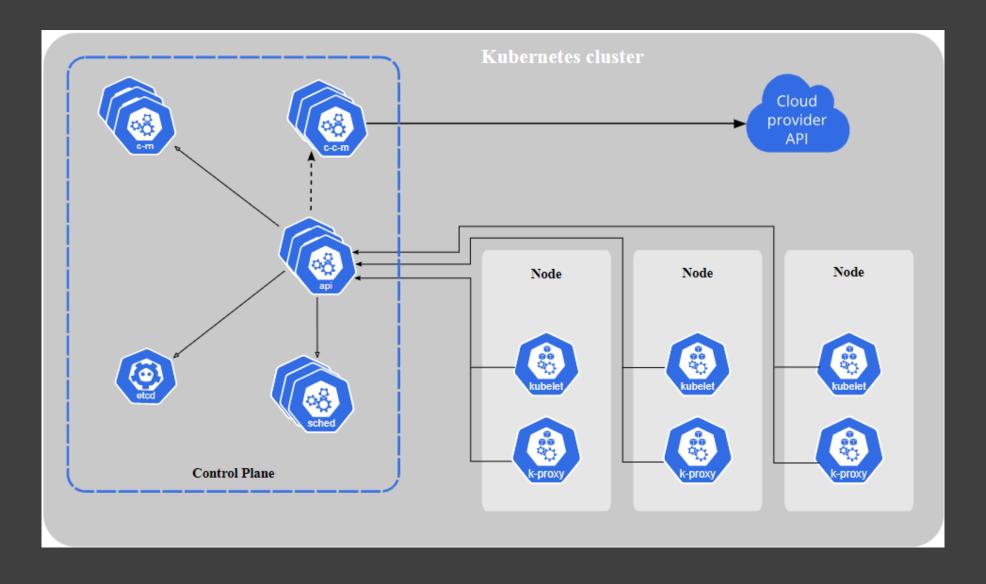
## Kubernetes

- Uses containers
- Framework to run distributed system resiliently
- Provides
  - Scaling
  - Failure
  - Deployment patterns
  - ...

### Features

- Service discovery
- Load balancing
- Storage orchestration
- Automated rollout and rollbacks
- Self healing
- Secret and configuration management

## Cluster Architecture



## Basic Concepts



# Describing Kubernetes objects

- Object is defined by object spec
- Describes the desired state
- Contains basic information
  - Name
  - Labels
- Used to create the object
  - kubectl: yaml
  - API request: json

# Example yaml file

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: nginx-deployment
spec:
 selector:
  matchLabels:
   app: nginx
 replicas: 2 # tells deployment to run 2 pods matching the template
 template:
  metadata:
   labels:
    app: nginx
  spec:
   containers:
   - name: nginx
    image: nginx:1.14.2
    ports:
    - containerPort: 80
```

## Pods

- Smallest unit
- Group of containers with shared context Mostly only 1 container per pod in production setups

### Probes

- Liveness Probe
  - Check if the container is healthy
- Readiness Probe
  - Indicates if the pod is ready to accept traffic
- Startup Probe
  - Indicates if the application in the container has started

# Liveness Probe

- Probe failure will restart the container
- Can be tweaked with restart policy
- Default is success

# Liveness Probe

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 labels:
  test: liveness
 name: liveness-exec
spec:
 containers:
 - name: liveness
  image: k8s.gcr.io/busybox
  args:
  -/bin/sh
  - -C
  - touch /tmp/healthy; sleep 30; rm -rf /tmp/healthy; sleep 600
  livenessProbe:
   exec:
    command:
    - cat
    - /tmp/healthy
   initialDelaySeconds: 5
   periodSeconds: 5
```

# Readiness Probe

- Different kinds
  - Exec
  - httpGet
  - tcpSocket
- Default is success

## Startup Probe

- Used for long startup time applications
- Disables liveness and readiness probes until Startup Probe succeeds
- Failed probe after "failureThreshold x periodSeconds"

## Workloads

- Deployment
- ReplicaSet
- DaemonSet
- Job and CronJob

## ReplicaSet

- Maintain a stable set of replica Pods at any given time
- "Pod managers"
- Defined with fields
  - Selector
  - Number of replicas it should maintain
  - Pod template

# ReplicaSet

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
 name: frontend
 labels:
  app: guestbook
  tier: frontend
spec:
 # modify replicas according to your case
 replicas: 3
 selector:
  matchLabels:
   tier: frontend
 template:
  metadata:
   labels:
    tier: frontend
  spec:
   containers:
   - name: php-redis
    image: gcr.io/google_samples/gb-frontend:v3
```

# Deployment

- Layer on top of ReplicaSet
- Describes a desired state
- Use cases
  - Rollout a ReplicaSet
  - Declare new state of Pods
  - Rollback Deployment
  - Scale up Deployment
  - Pause rollout of a Deployment
  - Cleanup ReplicaSets

# Deployments

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
name: nginx-deployment
labels:
  app: nginx
spec:
replicas: 3
selector:
  matchLabels:
   app: nginx
template:
  metadata:
  labels:
    app: nginx
  spec:
   containers:
   - name: nginx
    image: nginx:1.14.2
    ports:
    - containerPort: 80
```

### DaemonSet

- Run a copy of a pod on all Nodes
- Typical uses
  - Cluster storage
  - Logs collection
  - Node monitoring

### Jobs

- Creates one or more pods
- Will retry execution until completion
- Used to reliably run one Pod to completion
- Run a job on schedule => CronJob
  - Will include a schedule

## Jobs

```
apiVersion: batch/v1
kind: Job
metadata:
name: pi
spec:
template:
spec:
containers:
- name: pi
image: perl
command: ["perl", "-Mbignum=bpi", "-wle", "print bpi(2000)"]
restartPolicy: Never
backoffLimit: 4
```

## Service

- Abstraction to define a logical set of pods
- Service types
  - ClusterIP
  - NodePort
  - LoadBalancer

# Configuration

- ConfigMap

  Store configuration for objects in the cluster to use
- Secret
   Contains small amount of sensitive data



That's a wrap.
Any questions?