

#### PREDICTING COSTA RICAN HOUSEHOLD POVERTY LEVEL

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#### Costa Rica



Capital city: San José

**Area:** 51,100 km<sup>2</sup>

(19.700 sq mi)

**Population:** 4,857,274

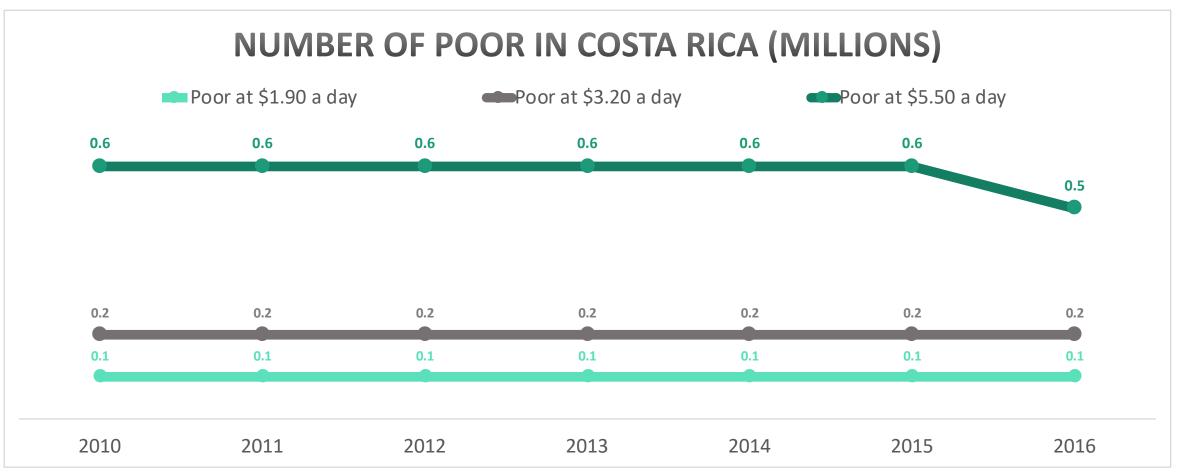
**Density:** 220/sq mi

Income level: Upper middle Income

GDP per capita: \$12,144

Source: Wikipedia, 2018

#### Poverty in Costa Rica



Source: The World Bank, World Development Indicators, 2018

# 2016 – Poverty reduction due transfers





**POVERTY** 

10,400

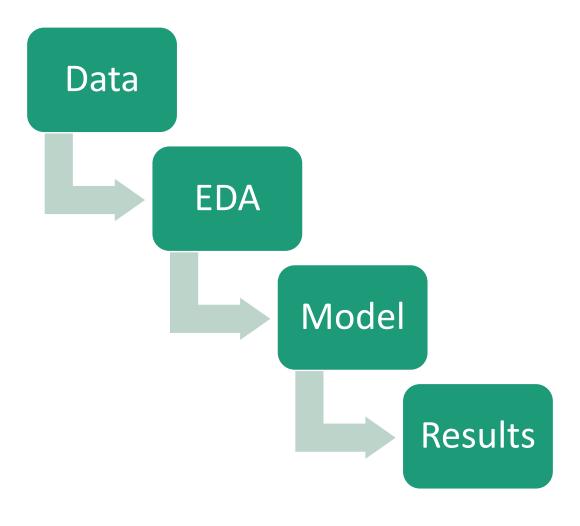
22,620

Source: Nacion, 2016, Enaho, 2016

### The project

#### Goal

To identify which households have the highest need for social welfare assistance in Costa Rica









#### Data sets

#### **TRAIN**

9,557 individual observations

2,973 households

143 features

#### **TEST**

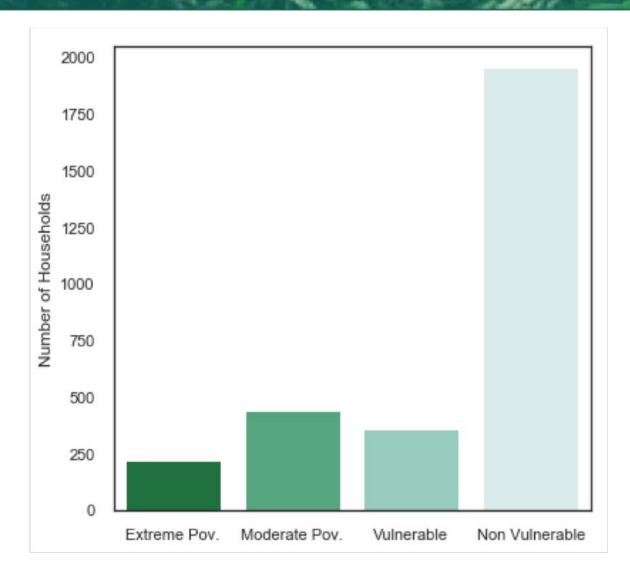
23,856 individual observations

7,352 households

142 features

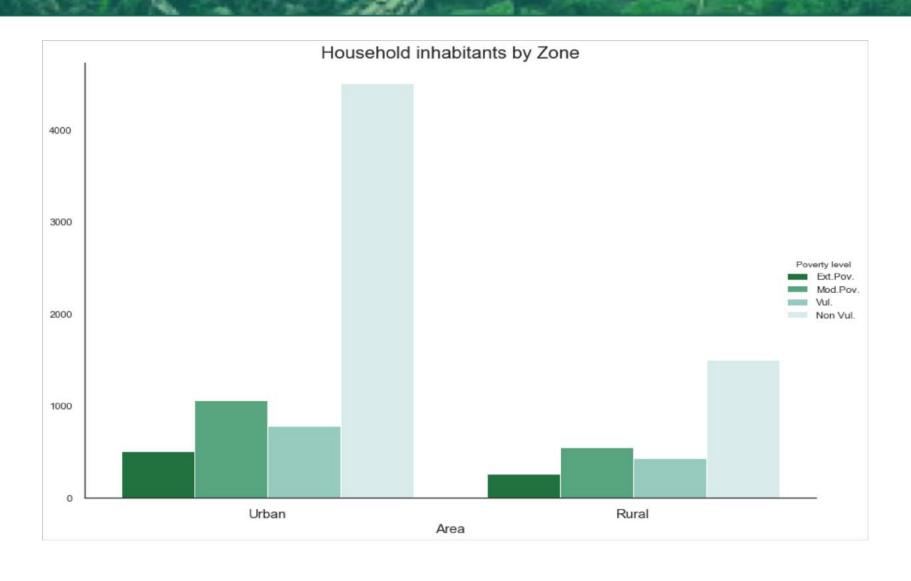
# 2. Exploratory data analysis

## Poverty level of households

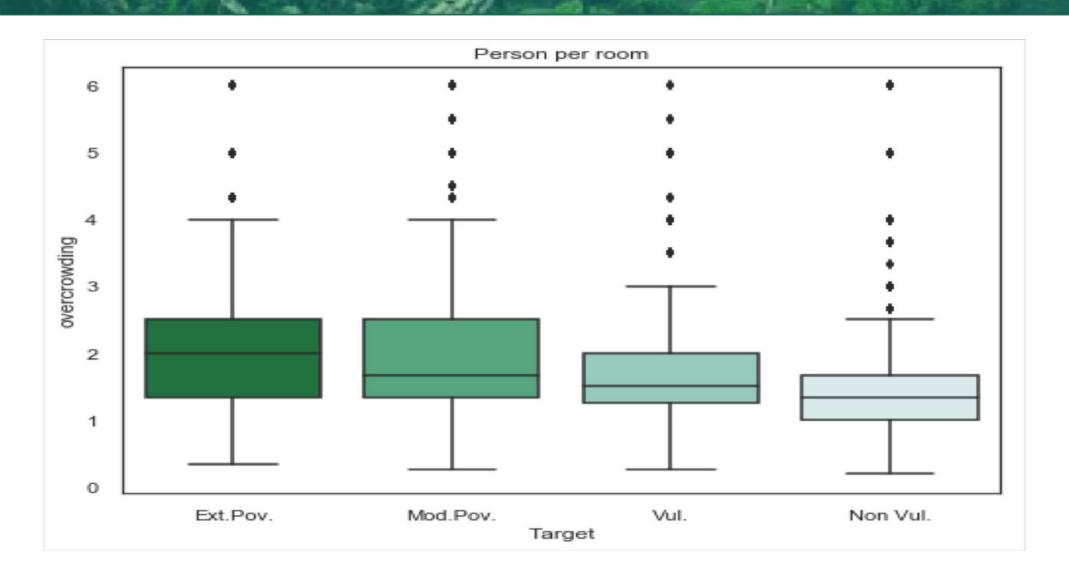


34% of households between extreme poverty and vulnerable.

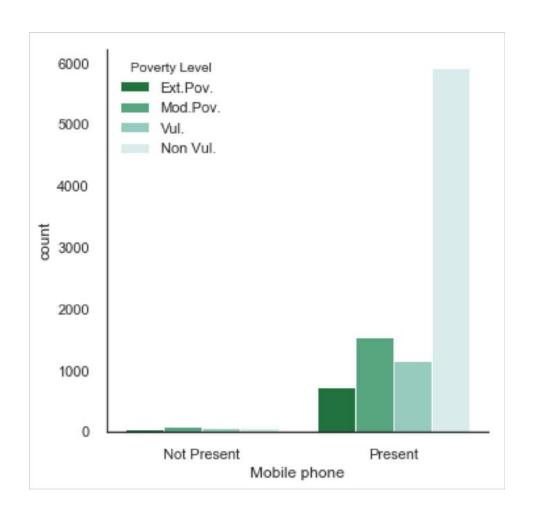
# 71% of househods in urban areas

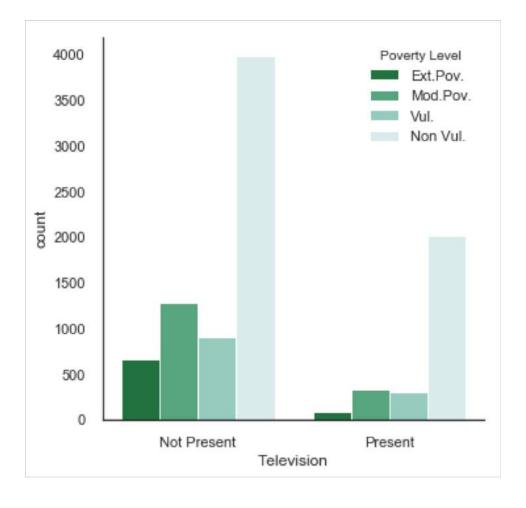


#### Overcrowding is higher in more vulnerable households.



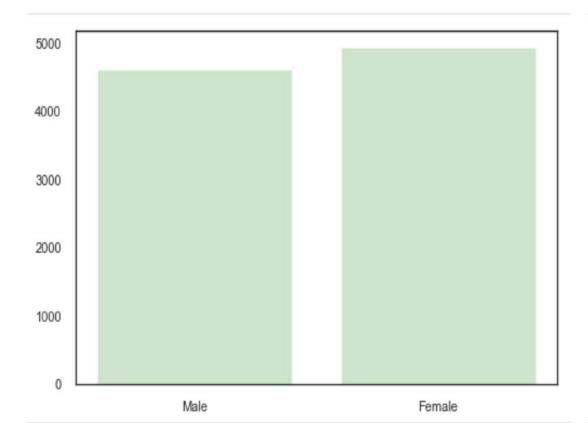
#### Assets



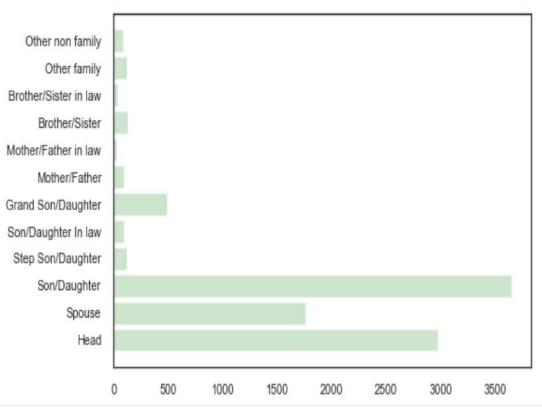


## Individual characteristics

#### Gender distribution

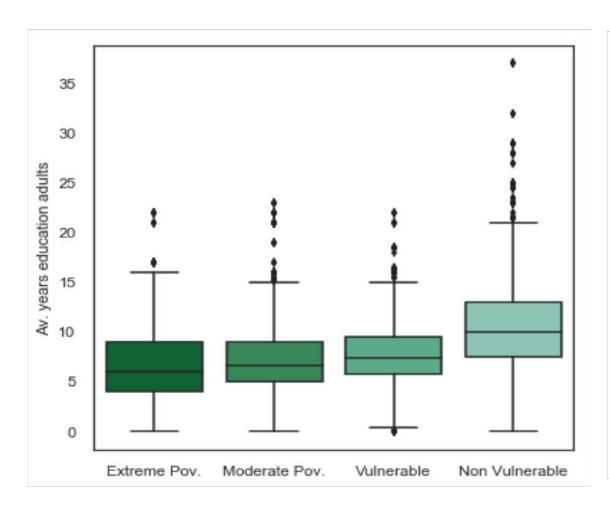


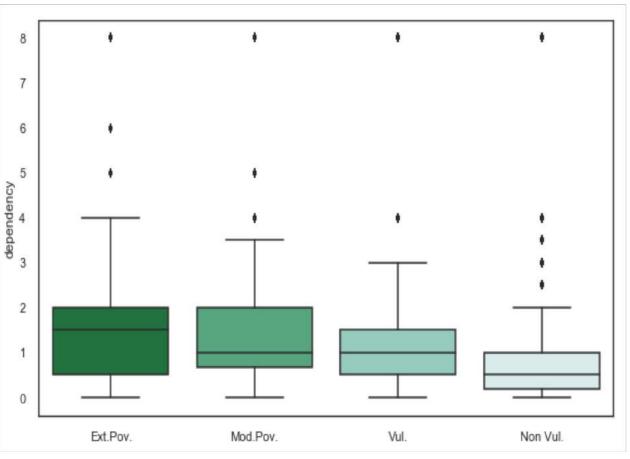
#### Family role



### Education

# Dependency





# Feature engineering

✓ Rent per capita

✓ Youth per household

✓ Male / female per household

✓ Elderly per household

✓ Children per household

✓ Ratio children per adult



# Model Comparison

MODEL	ACCURACY SCORE TRAIN	ACCURACY SCORE TEST
Random forest	1.0	0.93682
Extra tree classifier	1.0	0.85062
Adaboost	0.70294	0.68786
Gradient booster	0.81247	0.78410
Random forest with PCA	0.99413	0.75146

#### Best Model

#### Features:

New features

Dropped features with correlation > 0.90

#### Model:

Random Forest

#### Grid search:

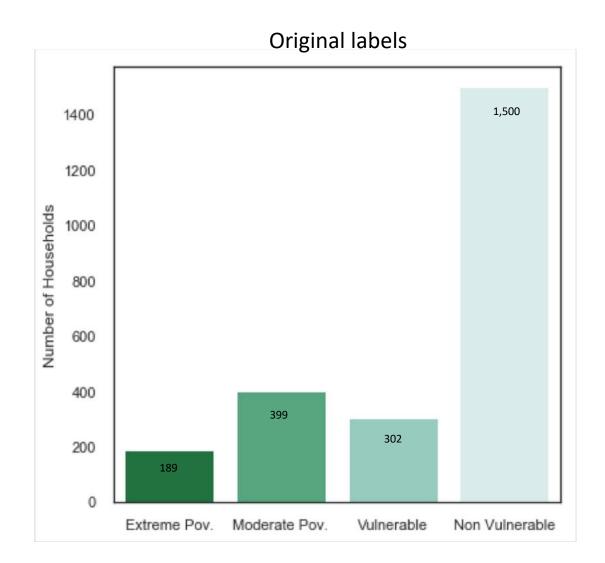
- Max. depth: 50
- Min. samples split: 2
- N estimators: 60



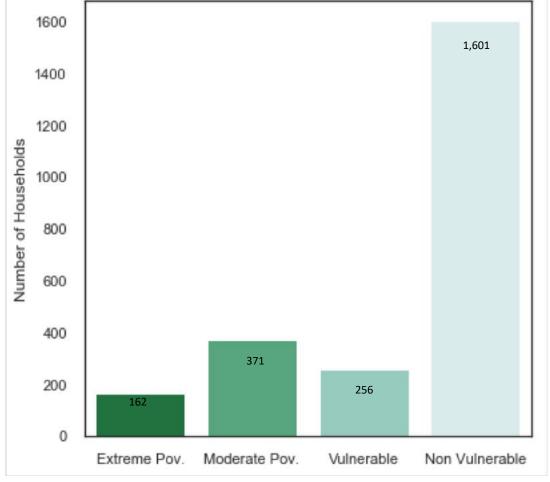
# Model scores

	PRECISION	RECALL	F1
Extreme poverty	0.96	0.82	0.88
Moderate poverty	0.93	0.86	0.89
Vulnerable	0.96	0.81	0.88
Non - vulnerable	0.93	1.00	0.96
Average	0.94	0.94	0.94

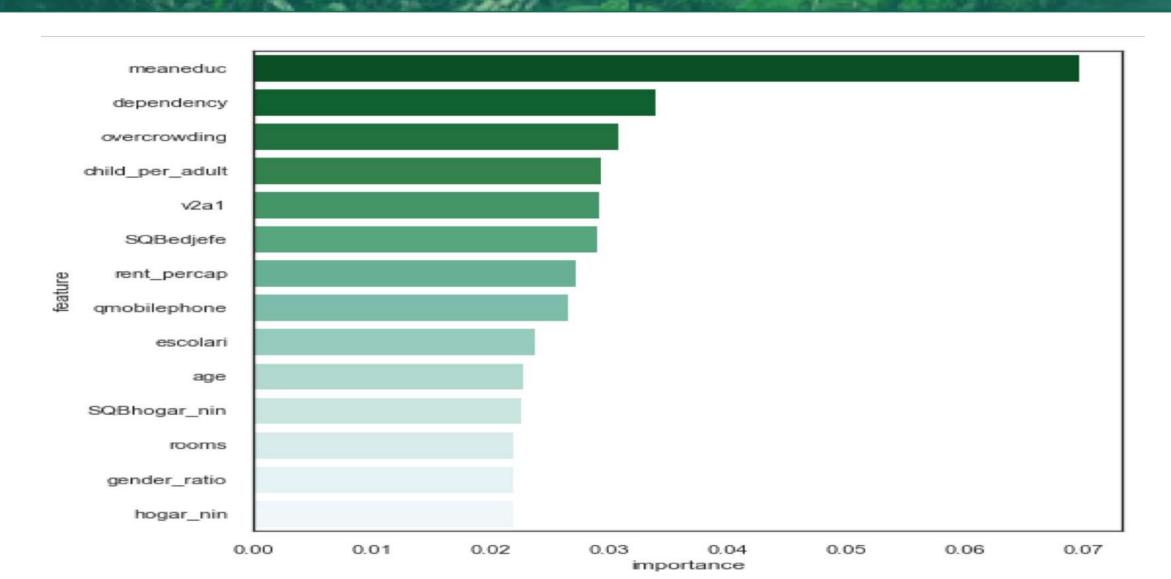
# 8% of values wrongly predicted







### Feature Importance



# 5. Recommendations / Next Steps

# Policy Recommendations

Focus support of monetary and non monetary welfare transfers with educational purposes.

Increase support to families with higher dependency levels.

Review housing policies and how are they addressing overcrowding problems.

#### Next steps

Train the model with more observations.

Engineer new features.