CSED332 Assignment 4

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 $\{0 < N\}$

Problem 1

Consider the following program to find the maximum value in an array. Write a Hoare logic proof (decorated program) to prove the given Hoare triple.

```
int m = A[0];
int i = 1;
while (i < N){
     if (A[i] > m)
          m = A[i];
     else
          skip;
     i = i + 1;
}
\{m=max(A[0],A[1],\ldots,A[N-1])\}
Proof.
\{0 < N\}
int m = A[0];
int i = 1;
\{1 \leq i \leq N \wedge m = max(A[0])\}
while (i < N){
     \{1 \leq i \leq N \land m = max(A[0]) \land i < N\} \Longrightarrow
     \{1 \leq i+1 \leq N \wedge m = max(A[0])\}
     if (A[i] > m)
          m = A[i];
     else
          skip;
     \{1 \leq i+1 \leq N \wedge m = max(A[0],A[i])\}
     i = i + 1;
     \{1 \leq i \leq N \land m = max(A[0], A[i])\}
\{1 \leq i < N \wedge m = max(A[0],A[i])\} \Longrightarrow
\{m=max(A[0],A[1],\ldots,A[N-1])\}
```

Problem 2

Write a Hoare logic proof (decorated program) to show that the given Hoare triple holds and the program always terminates (hint: what is a ranking function?).

```
\{x \geq 0 \land y > 0\}

int r = x;

int q = 0;

while (y <= r) {

r = r - y;

q = q + 1;

}

\{x = qy + r \land 0 \leq r < y\}
```

Proof.

```
 \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0\}  int r = x; int q = 0;  \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = qy + r\}  while (y \leq r)  \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = qy + r \land y \leq r\} \Longrightarrow   \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = (q+1)y + (r-y) \land y \leq r\}   r = r - y;   \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = (q+1)y + r \land 0 \leq r\}   q = q+1;   \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = qy + r \land 0 \leq r\}   \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = qy + r \land 0 \leq r\}   \{x \geq 0 \land y > 0 \land x = qy + r \land 0 \leq r \land r < y\} \Longrightarrow   \{x = qy + r \land 0 \leq r < y\}
```

Problem 3

Consider the following program for sorting an array. Write a Hoare logic proof to prove the given Hoare triple, where $sorted(a_1,a_2,\ldots,a_k)$ means $a_1\leq a_2\leq \cdots \leq a_k$.

```
 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \leq N \right\} \\ \text{int i = 1;} \\ \text{while (i < N) } \left\{ \\ \text{int j = i;} \\ \text{while (j > 0 && A[j-1] > A[j]) } \left\{ \\ \text{int t = A[j-1];} \\ \text{A[j-1] = A[j];} \\ \text{A[j] = t;} \\ \text{j = j - 1;} \\ \end{array} \right\} \\ \text{i = i + 1;}
```

```
\{sorted(A[0], A[1], A[2], \dots, A[N-1])\}
```

Prerequisite.

$$S(a,b) = egin{cases} sorted(A[a],\cdots,A[b]), & ext{if } 0 \leq a \leq b < N \ \{\}, & ext{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
 $L(a,b) = egin{cases} \{A[a],\cdots A[b]\}, & ext{if } 0 \leq a \leq b < N \ \{\}, & ext{otherwise.} \end{cases}$ $R = (ext{WLOG}) ext{ Remaining part of } A$

Proof.

```
\{0 \le N\}
int i = 1;
\{0 \leq N \land i \geq 1 \land A = sorted(A[0]) + \{A[1], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\} \Longrightarrow
\{0 \leq N \land i \geq 1 \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i-1]) + \{A[i], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\}
while (i < N) {
              \{0 \leq N \land i \geq 1 \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i-1]) + \{A[i], \cdots, A[N-1]\} \land i < N\} \Longrightarrow
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i \le N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i-1]) + \{A[i], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\} \Longrightarrow
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[(i+1)-2]) + \{A[(i+1)-1], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\} \Longrightarrow A[(i+1)-1], \cdots, A[(i+1)-1], \cdots, A[(i+1)-1]\}
              int j = i;
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[(i+1)-2]) + \{A[(i+1)-1], \cdots, A[N-1]\} \land j \le i\} \Longrightarrow A[(i+1), i+1] \land j \le i\} \Rightarrow A[(i+1), i+1] \land j \le i\}
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = S(0,j-2) + L(j-1,j) + S(j+1,i-1) + R \land j \le i\}
              while (j > 0 \&\& A[j-1] > A[j]) {
                            \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = S(0, j-2) + L(j-1, j) + S(j+1, i-1) + R \land j \le i\}
                                                    \wedge j > 0 \wedge A[j-1] > A[j] \} \Longrightarrow
                            \{0 \leq N \land 1 \leq i+1 \leq N \land A = S(0,j-2) + L(j-1,j) + S(j+1,i-1) + R
                                                    \land 0 \le j - 1 \le i \land A[j - 1] > A[j]
                            int t = A[j-1];
                           A[j-1] = A[j];
                           A[j] = t;
                            \{0 \leq N \land 1 \leq i+1 \leq N \land A = S(0,(j-1)-2) + L((j-1)-1,j-1) + S((j-1)+1,i-1) + R
                                                    \land 0 < j - 1 < i \land A[j - 1] < A[j] \}
                            j = j - 1;
                            \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = S(0,j-2) + L(j-1,j) + S(j+1,i-1) + R\}
                                                    \land 0 \le j \le i \land A[j] \le A[j+1] \}
              }
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = S(0,j-2) + L(j-1,j) + S(j+1,i-1) + R \land 0 \le j \le i \land A[j] \le A[j+1]\} \Longrightarrow A[j+1] \land A[j] \land A[j+1] \land A[j] \land A[j+1] \land 
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i+1 \le N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i]) + \{A[(i+1)], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\} \Longrightarrow
              \{0 < N \land 1 < i+1 < N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[(i+1)-1]) + \{A[(i+1)], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\}
              i = i + 1;
              \{0 \le N \land 1 \le i \le N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i-1]) + \{A[i], A[i+1], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\}
}
```

$$\begin{aligned} &\{0 \leq N \land 1 \leq i \leq N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i-1]) + \{A[i], A[i+1], \cdots, A[N-1]\} \land i \geq N\} \Longrightarrow \\ &\{0 \leq N \land i = N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[i-1]) + \{A[i], A[i+1], \cdots, A[N-1]\}\} \Longrightarrow \\ &\{0 \leq N \land i = N \land A = sorted(A[0], \cdots, A[N-1])\} \Longrightarrow \\ &\{sorted(A[0], A[1], A[2], \ldots, A[N-1])\} \end{aligned}$$