

# ##### OVERVIEW #####

A3 is a modification of A2. [This assumes that you already have the correct program structure for A1/A2 which follows the design specs – so fix things in that regard before proceeding with A3 changes]. Assume A3 requirements are the same as A2's, unless changes are specified here or in class. The 4 main changes:

- dataTable is still an **external** table (a file) – BUT, it now uses
  - 1) a **hash file** structure (instead of direct address)
  - 2) on **CODE as the key** (instead of id)
  - 3) AND it's a **binary file** (instead of a text file)
- nameIndex is still an **internal** index, with a BST structure on name as the key. BUT, the **DRP** is no longer id – it's just a **DRP, which is the RRN pointing to the actual storage location** of the record in the file (whether that is in:
  - the home area of the dataTable file
  - OR the collision area of the dataTable file

# ##### WHAT NEEDS CHANGING ? #####

## Programs

- TestDriver – minor changes (to be described in the A3DemoSpecs)
- PrettyPrintUtility – (which will be written by someone else which you MUST use)
  - reads/prints CountryData file - BUT
    - it's now a BINARY file
    - where the designer is dictating EXACTLY how a record looks
    - and every data record now includes a link field at the end of it
    - and headerRec has different data in it (as compared with A2)
  - it still reads/prints Backup file – BUT
    - it's now a BINARY file
    - which now must **follow exact specs** since someone else is writing the program to read this file
- Setup – minor change (assuming you did it right in A1 & A2) due to the **DRP** issue: Core algorithm inside the loop is now:
  - rawData.input1Country()
  - storageLocation = dataTable.insertCountry(
 

```
rawData.getId(), rawData.getCode(), ... rawData.getLifeExp() );
```
  - nameIndex.insertCountry(rawData.getName(), storageLocation);

*[although the actual code may use a process/read loop structure rather than this read/process loop structure]*
- UserApp – change big switch statement due to different TranCodes
  - AN, SN, DN – still valid (they call methods in NameIndex class)
  - IN – still valid (calls dataTable.insertCountry then nameIndex.insertCountry – but see changes in Setup)
  - AI, SI, DI – now Invalid codes
  - SC, DC – new valid codes (these call methods in DataTable class)
  - AC – NOT A VALID CODE

## Instantiable Classes

- RawData and UI – no changes
- NameIndex – minor changes:
  - calls dataTable.getDataRec(specifying **DRP** for the **RRN**) rather than calling dataTable.selectById(**DRP**)
  - don't ever refer to **DRP** as **id**, since it's NOT, it's the **DRP (which is != id)**
  - finishUp method's writing of the index to the Backup file MUST follow the exact specs for the file since someone else is writing the PrettyPrintUtility
    - and it's a BINARY file, not a text file
    - where numeric fields are all shorts
    - and name is truncated to 15 so it fits in the char array
    - and no field-separators, nor record-separators are used
- BSTNode – no changes
- DataTable – major changes:
  - file/records MUST follow exact specs for headerRec and dataRecs since someone else is writing PrettyPrintUtility
  - it's a BINARY file, not a text file
    - so fields are different & hence dataRecord storage is different
    - and there's a new link field
  - so sizeofDataRec and sizeofHeaderRec, used in byteOffset calculations, are different (in the one-off calculations at the top of the class)
  - Fix insertCountry method
    - returns actualStorageLocation, the **RRN** where record is stored, whether it's in the home area or collision area
    - uses NEW file structure (HASH) & new key (CODE)
  - Remove methods for invalid transaction handlers:
    - selectById
    - deleteById
    - selectAllById
  - Add a method, getDataRec(int **RRN**), which nameIndex calls
  - Add methods for:
    - selectByCode – this MUST use hashSearch algorithm  
BIG LOSS OF POINTS FOR LINEAR SEARCH
    - deleteByCode – which is a dummy stub
  - NO selectAllByCode – if the app needed this, we shouldn't have chosen a hash file structure, since it doesn't support key-sequential access
- DataRecord - optional – may do this work in DataTable

## Data Files

- A2RawData.csv and A2TransData?.txt – same format, but different: fileNameSuffix, transCodes & data contents
- CountryData.bin - it's a BINARY file, not a text file
- Backup.bin – must follow EXACT specs since someone else is writing PrettyPrintUtility (and it's a BINARY file, not a text file)
- Log.txt – results from PrettyPrintUtility look a bit different:
  - dataTable results
    - headerRec has different fields
    - records have a LINK field at the end of each record
  - nameIndex results follow revised results shown in A2's FAQ

# ##### Backup.bin file #####

## HeaderRec:

n (a short)  
rootPtr (a short)

## DataRec's:

leftChPtr (a short)  
name (a char array of size 15)  
drp (a short)  
rightChPtr (a short)

NO field-separators are needed (e.g., commas) – so don't use them.

NO record-separators are needed (i.e., <CR><LF>) – so don't use them.

# ##### HASH FILE on CODE #####

[see HashingConcept notes] [see DataTableIssues notes]

## Hash Function:

1. convert 3 char's in code to their 3 ASCII codes  
(giving 3 numbers, all between 65 to 90, inclusive)
2. multiply those 3 numbers together  
(giving numbers between  $65*65*65=274,625$  and  $90*90*90=729,000$ )
3. use division-remainder algorithm  
(i.e., divide step #2 result by MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC and use the remainder)  
(giving a single number between 0 & MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC – 1, inclusive)
4. if remainder is 0, change it to MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC to get homeAddress  
(giving a number between 1 & MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC, inclusive)
5. RETURN homeAddress

NOTE: This MUST be a single callable method named hashFunction.

It may NOT be just in-line code because it's so little code.

There must NOT be multiple copies in the project.

MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC (a named constant): 20 for now – meaning:

- home area uses RRNs of 1 through 20 in the file
- collision area uses RRNs 21 through infinity (theoretically) in the file

## Collision resolution algorithm: "Chaining with Separate Overflow"

- "Separate Overflow" means collision area: locations MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC + 1 → ????
- a "Chain" is a linked lists (of just a single synonym family)
  - Collisions form a chain, with new inserts going onto the FRONT of the chain.
  - HP of the chain is stored in the link field of the record in its home location
  - BUT the record in its home location is NOT part of the chain

NOTE: Each data record must now include a link field as the last field in the record

- For home area records, that's a HP
- For collision area records, that's a linked list "link"

NOTE: There'll be MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC distinct chains, 1 per synonym family  
(though some may be empty)

NOTE: The links of the linked list (& the HPs) are RRNs

NOTE: Use -1 for a link which "points nowhere" (including for HPs which point nowhere)

# ##### CountryData.bin records #####

[see DataTableIssues notes]

## Header record:

MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC - a short  
nHome - a short – this is a counter  
nColl – a short – this is a counter

## Data records:

code – 3 char charArray  
id – a short  
name – 15 char charArray (truncated or space-filled on right)  
continent – 13 char charArray (truncated or space-filled on right)  
size – an int  
population – a long  
lifeExp – a float  
link – a short

<<<< NOTE: NEW FIELD FOR CHAIN

NOTE: Truncating and space-filling of charArray fields is done to ensure all records are of the exact same size (i.e., fixed-length records, necessary for hash files). That isn't needed for numeric fields since all shorts are 2 bytes, ints are 4 bytes, longs are 8 bytes, floats are 4 bytes, doubles are 8 bytes.

# ##### PrettyPrintUtility output in Log file #####

NOTE: data below is not accurate – I'm just demonstrating the output formatting

## DATA STORAGE

MAX\_N\_HOME\_LOC: 20, nHome: 17, nColl: 9

| LOC/  | CDE   | ID- | NAME-----  | CONTINENT---- | -----AREA | ---POPULATION | LIFE | LINK |
|-------|-------|-----|------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|------|------|
| 001/  | CHN   | 094 | China      | Asia          | 9,572,900 | 1,277,558,000 | 71.4 | -1   |
| . . . |       |     |            |               |           |               |      |      |
| 020/  | . . . |     |            |               |           |               |      |      |
| 021/  | . . . |     |            |               |           |               |      |      |
| . . . |       |     |            |               |           |               |      |      |
| 029/  | AFG   | 001 | Afganistan | Asia          | 652,090   | 22,720,000    | 45.9 | 024  |

## NAME INDEX

N: 25, RootPtr: 0  
LOC/ LCh Name----- DRP RCh  
000/ 001 China 001 003  
. . .  
024/ . . .