Let's analyze He EDM for the field
M'' E D'CR) @ AU'' (CC5).
Kindric form of T(dm+ 22m, m2s VII) IRX C3
=> M'. I pours against the component of V in D°CIR) & D'E
What compareds of T can this interest w/? Expandy TOTOT, Rink
1,1,2 (88,1, 95,1, + 91,2,0 91,5)
WI TIVE D'CIR) OD D'E (C')
second of these involes hads of odd ghost to
= EoM Rom varyng 7'3 15
(d'M' + $\frac{1}{2} \frac{5}{2} \frac{10}{10} \frac{10}{10} \frac{5}{10} \frac{10}{10} \frac{5}{10} \frac{10}{10} = 0$. Kerm's suggestion
Consider the equition
Consider the equation $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{3} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \mu_{2} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \mu_{1} \right) \sqrt{3} + 3 \pi = 0 $ $ \left(\frac{3}{4} $
THE STAN

Then Im (B 1 -) gives a Poliation.

(maybe need to divide by SL?) and equ describes det at hal str transverse to it.