uHeartMonitor

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# 1 Topic Index

# 1.1 Topics

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# 2 Data Structure Index

# 2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

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# 3 File Index

# 3.1 File List

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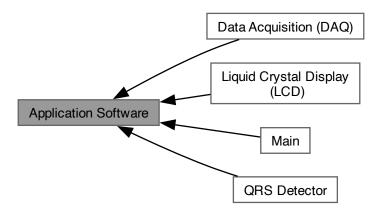
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# 4 Topic Documentation

# 4.1 Application Software

Application-specific software modules.

Collaboration diagram for Application Software:



#### **Modules**

• Data Acquisition (DAQ)

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

· QRS Detector

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

• Main

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

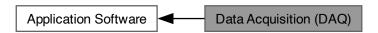
Application-specific software modules.

These modules contain functions built specifically for this project's purposes.

### 4.1.2 Data Acquisition (DAQ)

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

 $\label{lem:collaboration} \mbox{Collaboration diagram for Data Acquisition (DAQ):}$ 



#### **Files**

• file DAQ.c

Source code for DAQ module.

• file DAQ.h

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

• file DAQ\_lookup.c

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

#### **Macros**

• #define SAMPLING PERIOD MS 5

sampling period in ms ( $T_s = \frac{1}{f_s}$ )

#define DAQ\_LOOKUP\_MAX ((float32\_t) 5.5f)

maximum lookup table value

• #define DAQ\_LOOKUP\_MIN ((float32\_t) (-5.5f))

minimum lookup table value

#### **Variables**

static const float32 t DAQ LOOKUP\_TABLE [4096]

Lookup table for converting ADC data from unsigned 12-bit integer values to 32-bit floating point values.

#### **Digital Filters**

• enum {

NUM\_STAGES\_NOTCH = 6, NUM\_COEFFS\_NOTCH = NUM\_STAGES\_NOTCH \* 5, STATE\_BUFF\_ $\leftarrow$  SIZE\_NOTCH = NUM\_STAGES\_NOTCH \* 4, NUM\_STAGES\_BANDPASS = 4, NUM\_COEFFS\_DAQ\_BANDPASS = NUM\_STAGES\_BANDPASS \* 5, STATE\_BUFF\_SIZE\_BANDPASS = NUM\_STAGES\_BANDPASS \* 4}

- typedef arm\_biquad\_casd\_df1\_inst\_f32 Filter\_t
- static const float32 t COEFFS NOTCH [NUM COEFFS NOTCH]
- static const float32\_t COEFFS\_BANDPASS [NUM\_COEFFS\_DAQ\_BANDPASS]
- static float32 t stateBuffer Notch [STATE BUFF SIZE NOTCH]
- static const Filter t notchFiltStruct = { NUM STAGES NOTCH, stateBuffer Notch, COEFFS NOTCH }
- static const Filter t \*const notchFilter = &notchFiltStruct
- static float32 t stateBuffer Bandpass [STATE BUFF SIZE BANDPASS]
- static const Filter\_t bandpassFiltStruct
- static const Filter\_t \*const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct

#### Initialization

void DAQ\_Init (void)

Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

#### **Reading Input Data**

uint16\_t DAQ\_readSample (void)

Read a sample from the ADC.

void DAQ acknowledgeInterrupt (void)

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

float32\_t DAQ\_convertToMilliVolts (uint16\_t sample)

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

### **Digital Filtering Functions**

float32\_t DAQ\_NotchFilter (volatile float32\_t xn)

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

float32\_t DAQ\_BandpassFilter (volatile float32\_t xn)

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

#### 4.1.2.1 Detailed Description

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

#### 4.1.2.2 Function Documentation

#### DAQ Init()

```
void DAQ_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

#### Postcondition

The analog-to-digital converter (ADC) is initialized and configured for timer-triggered sample capture.

The timer is initialized in PERIODIC mode and triggers the ADC every 5ms (i.e. sampling frequency  $f_s = 200Hz$ ).

The DAQ module has access to its lookup table (LUT).

### DAQ\_readSample()

Read a sample from the ADC.

#### Precondition

Initialize the DAQ module.

This should be used in an interrupt handler and/or at a consistent rate (i.e. the sampling frequency).

#### **Parameters**

out	sample	12-bit sample in range [ $0 \times 000$ ,	0xFFF]
-----	--------	---	--------

### Postcondition

The sample can now be converted to millivolts.

#### See also

DAQ\_convertToMilliVolts()

### DAQ\_acknowledgeInterrupt()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

### Precondition

This should be used within an interrupt handler.

### DAQ\_NotchFilter()

```
float32_t DAQ_NotchFilter ( {\tt volatile~float32\_t~\it xn~)}
```

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

### Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC and convert it to millivolts.

### Parameters

in	xn	Raw input sample
out	yn	Filtered output sample

### Postcondition

y[n] is ready for analysis and/or further processing.

#### See also

DAQ\_BandpassFilter()

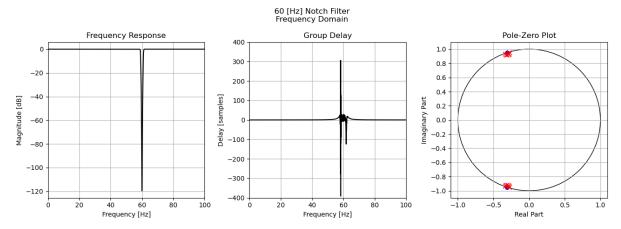


Figure 1 Frequency domain parameters for the notch filter.

# DAQ\_BandpassFilter()

```
float32_t DAQ_BandpassFilter ( volatile \ float32\_t \ \textit{xn} \ )
```

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

### Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC and convert it to millivolts.

#### **Parameters**

in	xn	Input sample
out	yn	Filtered output sample

## Postcondition

y[n] is ready for analysis and/or further processing.

### See also

### DAQ\_NotchFilter()

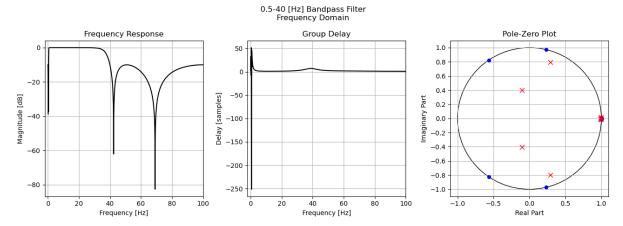


Figure 2 Frequency domain parameters for the bandpass filter.

### DAQ\_convertToMilliVolts()

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

#### Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC.

#### **Parameters**

iı	n	sample	12-bit sample in range [0x000, 0xFFF]
01	ut	xn	Voltage value in range $[-5.5, 5.5)[mV]$

## Postcondition

The sample x[n] is ready for filtering.

### See also

DAQ\_readSample()

### Note

Defined in DAQ\_lookup.c rather than DAQ.c.

#### 4.1.2.3 Variable Documentation

#### COEFFS NOTCH

```
Initial value:
= {
      0.8856732845306396f,  0.5476464033126831f,  0.8856732845306396f,
      -0.5850160717964172f,  -0.9409302473068237f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.615153431892395f,  -0.9412328004837036f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.5631667971611023f,  -0.9562366008758545f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.6460562348365784f,  -0.9568508863449097f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.5554963946342468f,  -0.9837208390235901f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.6700929999351501f,  -0.9840363264083862f,
}
```

### COEFFS\_BANDPASS

```
const float32_t COEFFS_BANDPASS[NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS] [static]
```

#### Initial value:

```
0.3240305185317993f, 0.3665695786476135f, 0.3240305185317993f, -0.20968256890773773f, -0.1729172021150589f,

1.0f, -0.4715292155742645f, 1.0f, 0.5868059992790222f, -0.7193671464920044f,

1.0f, -1.9999638795852661f, 1.0f, 1.9863483905792236f, -0.986438512802124f,

1.0f, -1.9997893571853638f, 1.0f, 1.994096040725708f, -0.9943605065345764f,
```

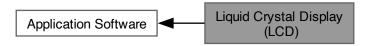
### bandpassFiltStruct

```
const Filter_t bandpassFiltStruct [static]
```

### 4.1.3 Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

Collaboration diagram for Liquid Crystal Display (LCD):



### **Files**

• file Font.c

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.

• file LCD.c

Source code for LCD module.

• file LCD.h

Header file for LCD module.

#### **Macros**

• #define CONVERT\_INT\_TO\_ASCII(X) ((unsigned char) (X + 0x30))

### **Functions**

• static void LCD\_plotSample (uint16\_t x, uint16\_t y, uint8\_t color)

Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

### **Variables**

```
• const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]
• struct {
    uint16 t x1
      starting x-value in range [0, x2]
    uint16_t x2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM_ROWS)
   uint16_t y1
      starting y-value in range [0, y2]
   uint16_t y2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM_COLS)
   uint16_t lineNum
      line number for text; in range [0, NUM_LINES)
    uint16 t colNum
      column number for text; in range [0, NUM_COLS)
    uint8 t color
    bool islnit
      if true, LCD has been initialized
 \} \ \text{lcd} = \{ 0 \}
```

const uint8\_t \*const FONT\_ARRAY [128]

### **Initialization & Configuration**

```
enum LCD_PLOT_INFO { LCD_X_MAX = ILI9341_NUM_ROWS - 1 , LCD_Y_MAX = ILI9341_NUM_COLS
        - 1 }
• enum LCD COLORS {
        \textbf{LCD\_BLACK} = 0x00 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_RED} = 0x04 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_GREEN} = 0x02 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} =
        LCD YELLOW = 0x06 \land 0x07, LCD CYAN = 0x03 \land 0x07, LCD PURPLE = 0x05 \land 0x07, LCD WHITE =
        0x07 ^ 0x07 

    void LCD_Init (void)

                       Initialize the LCD.

    void LCD_setOutputMode (bool isOn)

                         Toggle display output ON or OFF (OFF by default).
void LCD_setX (uint16_t x1, uint16_t x2)
                        Set new x-coordinates to be written to. 0 <= x1 <= x2 <= X_{MAX}.
void LCD_setY (uint16_t y1, uint16_t y2)
                        Set new y-coordinates to be written to. 0 <= y1 <= y2 <= Y_{MAX} .

    void LCD_setColor (uint8_t color)

                        Set the color value.
```

### Writing

```
    enum LCD_WRITING_INFO { HEIGHT_CHAR = 8 , LEN_CHAR = 5 , NUM_LINES = 30 , NUM_COLS = 64 }
    void LCD_setCursor (uint16_t lineNum, uint16_t colNum)
        Set the cursor to line x, column y.
    void LCD_writeChar (unsigned char inputChar)
    void LCD_writeStr (void *asciiString)
    void LCD_writeInt (int32_t num)
    void LCD_writeFloat (float num)
```

#### **ASCII Characters (Punctuation)**

```
static const uint8_t FONT_SPACE [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_COLON [8]
```

#### **ASCII Characters (Numbers)**

```
static const uint8_t FONT_0 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_1 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_2 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_3 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_4 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_5 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_6 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_7 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_8 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_9 [8]
```

### **ASCII Characters (Uppercase Letters)**

- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER A [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER B [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_C [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER D [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_E [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER G [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_H [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER I [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_J [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER K [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_L [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_M [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_N [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_O [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_P [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_Q [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_R [8]
   static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_R [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_S [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_T [8]
   static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_H [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_U [8]
   static const uint8 t FONT\_UPPER\_V [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_UPPER\_W [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER X [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER Y [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER Z [8]

## **ASCII Characters (Lowercase Letters)**

- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_A [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER B [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_C [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER D [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_E [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER G [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_H [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_I [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_J [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_K [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_L [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_M [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_N [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_O [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_P [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_Q [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_R [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER S [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_T [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_U [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_V [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_W [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER X [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_Y [8]
- static const uint8\_t FONT\_LOWER\_Z [8]

### **Helper Functions**

• static void LCD\_drawLine (uint16\_t center, uint16\_t lineWidth, bool is\_horizontal)

Helper function for drawing straight lines.

static void LCD\_updateCursor (void)

Update the cursor for after writing text on the display.

#### **Drawing**

```
    void LCD Draw (void)
```

Draw on the LCD.

void LCD Fill (void)

Fill the display with a single color.

void LCD\_drawHoriLine (uint16\_t yCenter, uint16\_t lineWidth)

Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.

void LCD\_drawVertLine (uint16\_t xCenter, uint16\_t lineWidth)

Draw a vertical line across the entire display.

• void LCD\_drawRectangle (uint16\_t x1, uint16\_t dx, uint16\_t y1, uint16\_t dy)

Draw a rectangle of size  $dx \times dy$  onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).

### 4.1.3.1 Detailed Description

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

#### 4.1.3.2 Function Documentation

### LCD\_drawLine()

Helper function for drawing straight lines.

#### **Parameters**

center	Row or column that the line is centered on. center is increased or decreased if the line to be written would have gone out of bounds.	
lineWidth	Width of the line. Should be a positive, odd number.	
is_row	true for horizontal line, false for vertical line	

#### LCD\_Init()

```
void LCD_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the LCD.

### Postcondition

The display will be ready to accept commands, but output will be off.

### LCD\_setOutputMode()

```
void LCD_setOutputMode ( bool \ \textit{isOn} \ )
```

Toggle display output  $\mathtt{ON}$  or  $\mathtt{OFF}$  ( $\mathtt{OFF}$  by default).

#### **Parameters**

in	isOn	true to turn display output ON, false to turn OFF
----	------	---

#### Postcondition

When OFF, the display is cleared. When ON, the IC writes pixel data from its memory to the display.

### LCD\_setX()

Set new x-coordinates to be written to.  $0 \le x1 \le x2 \le X_{MAX}$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	x1	left-most x-coordinate
in	x2	right-most x-coordinate

### See also

```
LCD_setY()
```

# LCD\_setY()

Set new y-coordinates to be written to.  $0 <= y1 <= y2 <= Y_{MAX}$ .

#### **Parameters**

in	y1	lowest y-coordinate
in	y2	highest y-coordinate

See also

```
LCD_setX()
```

### LCD\_setColor()

Set the color value.

### **Parameters**

```
in color Color to use.
```

#### Postcondition

Outgoing pixel data will use the selected color.

# LCD\_Draw()

```
void LCD_Draw (
     void )
```

Draw on the LCD.

### Precondition

Set the drawable area and the color to use for that area.

#### Postcondition

The selected areas of the display will be drawn onto with the selected color.

See also

```
LCD\_setX(),\,LCD\_setY(),\,LCD\_setColor()
```

References ILI9341\_writeMemCmd(), and ILI9341\_writePixel().

### LCD\_Fill()

```
void LCD_Fill (
     void )
```

Fill the display with a single color.

#### Precondition

Select the desired color to fill the display with.

See also

```
LCD_setColor()
```

### LCD\_drawHoriLine()

Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.

### Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the line.

#### **Parameters**

in	yCenter	y-coordinate to center the line on
in	lineWidth	width of the line; should be a positive, odd number

#### See also

LCD\_drawVertLine, LCD\_drawRectangle()

# LCD\_drawVertLine()

Draw a vertical line across the entire display.

#### Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the line.

#### **Parameters**

in	xCenter	x-coordinate to center the line on
in	lineWidth	width of the line; should be a positive, odd number

### See also

LCD\_drawHoriLine, LCD\_drawRectangle()

### LCD\_drawRectangle()

Draw a rectangle of size dx x dy onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).

### Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the rectangle.

### **Parameters**

in	x1	lowest (left-most) x-coordinate	
in	dx length (horizontal distance) of the rectar		
in	y1	lowest (bottom-most) y-coordinate	
in	dy	height (vertical distance) of the rectangle	

#### See also

```
LCD_Draw(), LCD_Fill(), LCD_drawHoriLine(), LCD_drawVertLine()
```

### LCD\_plotSample()

Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

### **Parameters**

in	X	x-coordinate (i.e. sample number) in range [0, X_MAX]
in	У	y-coordinate (i.e. amplitude) in range [0, Y_MAX]
in	color	Color to use

#### See also

```
LCD_setX(), LCD_setY(), LCD_setColor(), LCD_Draw()
```

### LCD\_setCursor()

Set the cursor to line  $\boldsymbol{x},$  column  $\boldsymbol{y}.$ 

#### **Parameters**

in	lineNum	Line number to place characters. Should be in range [0, 30)	
in	colNum	Column number to place characters. Should be in range [0,	64).

### 4.1.3.3 Variable Documentation

### FONT\_SPACE

# FONT\_PERIOD

```
const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD[8] [static]
```

#### Initial value:

# FONT\_COLON

```
const uint8_t FONT_COLON[8] [static]
```

#### Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x04,
0x00,
0x00,
0x00,
0x04,
0x00,
0x00
```

# FONT\_0

```
const uint8_t FONT_0[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_1

# FONT\_2

```
const uint8_t FONT_2[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_3

```
const uint8_t FONT_3[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

### FONT\_4

```
const uint8_t FONT_4[8] [static]
```

### FONT\_5

# FONT\_6

```
const uint8_t FONT_6[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_7

```
const uint8_t FONT_7[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

### FONT\_8

```
const uint8_t FONT_8[8] [static]
```

### FONT\_9

```
const uint8_t FONT_9[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
     0x0E,
     0x11,
     0x0F,
     0x0I,
     0x01,
     0x01,
     0x01,
     0x11,
     0x0E
}
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_A

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_A[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x0E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x1F,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_B

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_B[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
```

### FONT\_UPPER\_C

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_C[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_D

# FONT\_UPPER\_E

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_E[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_F

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_F[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

### FONT\_UPPER\_G

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_G[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_H

# FONT\_UPPER\_I

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_I[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_J

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_J[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

### FONT\_UPPER\_K

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_K[8] [static]
```

```
0x12,
0x14,
0x18,
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x11,
0x11
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_L

# FONT\_UPPER\_M

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_M[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_N

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_N[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_O

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_O[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_P

# FONT\_UPPER\_Q

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Q[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_R

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x18,
0x14,
0x12,
0x11
```

### FONT\_UPPER\_S

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_S[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_T

# FONT\_UPPER\_U

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_U[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_V

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_V[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

### FONT\_UPPER\_W

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_W[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_X

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_X[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
          0x11,
          0x11,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x11
}
```

# FONT\_UPPER\_Y

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Y[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_UPPER\_Z

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Z[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_LOWER\_A

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_A[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_B

# FONT\_LOWER\_C

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_C[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_LOWER\_D

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_D[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x01,
0x01,
0x0F,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x0F,
0x00
```

### FONT\_LOWER\_E

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_E[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_F

### FONT\_LOWER\_G

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_G[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_LOWER\_H

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_H[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x01
```

### FONT\_LOWER\_I

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_I[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_J

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_J[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
      0x02,
      0x00,
      0x06,
      0x02,
      0x02,
      0x12,
      0x12,
      0x0c)
}
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_K

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_K[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x12,
0x14,
0x18,
0x14,
0x12,
0x00
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_L

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_L[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x0C,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x06,
0x06,
```

### FONT\_LOWER\_M

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_M[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_N

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_N[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
     0x00,
     0x00,
     0x1E,
     0x11,
     0x11,
     0x11,
     0x11,
     0x00)
}
```

### FONT\_LOWER\_O

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_O[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x00,
0x00,
0x0E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x01,
0x00,
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_P

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_P[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

### FONT\_LOWER\_Q

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Q[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_R

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_R[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
          0x00,
          0x10,
          0x15,
          0x10,
          0x10,
          0x10,
          0x00,
}
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_S

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_S[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

# FONT\_LOWER\_T

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_T[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
(0x04,
0x04,
0x06,
0x06,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x02,
0x00
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_U

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_U[8] [static]
```

# FONT\_LOWER\_V

# FONT\_LOWER\_W

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_W[8] [static]
```

## Initial value:

# FONT\_LOWER\_X

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_X[8] [static]
```

## Initial value:

# FONT\_LOWER\_Y

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Y[8] [static]
```

# Initial value:

## FONT\_LOWER\_Z

### 4.1.4 QRS Detector

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

Collaboration diagram for QRS Detector:



#### **Files**

• file QRS.c

Source code for QRS detection module.

• file QRS.h

Header file for QRS detection module.

## **Macros**

- #define QRS\_NUM\_FID\_MARKS 40
- #define **FLOAT\_COMPARE\_TOLERANCE** (float32\_t)(1E-5f)
- $\bullet \ \ \text{\#define IS\_GREATER}(X,\,Y) \ (bool) \ ((X\, \cdot \,Y) > FLOAT\_COMPARE\_TOLERANCE) \\$
- #define IS\_PEAK(X\_MINUS\_1, X, X\_PLUS\_1) (bool) (IS\_GREATER(X, X\_MINUS\_1) && IS\_GREATER(X, X\_PLUS\_1))
- #define QRS\_SAMP\_FREQ ((uint32\_t) 200)
- #define QRS\_SAMP\_PERIOD\_SEC ((float32\_t) 0.005f)
- #define QRS\_NUM\_SAMP ((uint16\_t) (1 << 11))

#### **Variables**

```
    struct {
        bool isCalibrated
        float32_t signalLevel
            estimated signal level
        float32_t noiseLevel
        estimated noise level
        float32_t threshold
        amplitude threshold
        uint16_t fidMarkArray [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        float32_t utilityBuffer1 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        array to hold fidMark indices
        float32_t utilityBuffer2 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
    } Detector = { false, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, { 0 }, { 0 }, { 0 }}
```

# **Digital Filters**

• enum {

```
NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4 , NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5 , STATE ← BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4 , NUM_COEFF_DERFILT = 5 , BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT = (1 << 8) , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_DERFILT = NUM_COEFF_DERFILT + BLOCK ← SIZE_DERFILT - 1 , NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG = 10 , BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG = BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG = NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG + BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG - 1 }
```

- typedef arm\_biquad\_casd\_df1\_inst\_f32 IIR\_Filt\_t
- typedef arm\_fir\_instance\_f32 FIR\_Filt\_t
- static const float32 t COEFF BANDPASS [NUM COEFF HIGHPASS]
- static const float32 t COEFF DERFILT [NUM COEFF DERFILT]
- static const float32\_t COEFF\_MOVAVG [NUM\_COEFF\_MOVAVG]
- static float32\_t stateBuffer\_bandPass [STATE\_BUFF\_SIZE\_BANDPASS] = { 0 }
- static const IIR\_Filt\_t bandpassFiltStruct = { NUM\_STAGES\_BANDPASS, stateBuffer\_bandPass, COEFF
   —BANDPASS }
- static const IIR Filt t \*const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct
- static float32 t stateBuffer DerFilt [STATE BUFF SIZE DERFILT] = { 0 }
- static const FIR\_Filt\_t derivativeFiltStruct = { NUM\_COEFF\_DERFILT, stateBuffer\_DerFilt, COEFF\_
   DERFILT }
- static const FIR\_Filt\_t \*const derivativeFilter = &derivativeFiltStruct
- static float32\_t stateBuffer\_MovingAvg [STATE\_BUFF\_SIZE\_MOVAVG] = { 0 }
- static const FIR\_Filt\_t movingAvgFiltStruct = { NUM\_COEFF\_MOVAVG, stateBuffer\_MovingAvg, COEFF← MOVAVG }
- static const FIR\_Filt\_t \*const movingAverageFilter = &movingAvgFiltStruct

## Implementation

- static uint8\_t QRS\_findFiducialMarks (const float32\_t yn[], uint16\_t fidMarkArray[])
   Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").
- $\bullet \ \ static\ void\ \ \ QRS\_initLevels\ (const\ float 32\_t\ yn[\ ],\ float 32\_t\ *sigLvIPtr,\ float 32\_t\ *noiseLvIPtr)$

Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.

static float32\_t QRS\_updateLevel (const float32\_t peakAmplitude, float32\_t level)

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

static float32\_t QRS\_updateThreshold (const float32\_t signalLevel, const float32\_t noiseLevel)

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

### **Interface Functions**

void QRS\_Init (void)

Initialize the QRS detector.

void QRS\_Preprocess (const float32\_t xn[], float32\_t yn[])

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

float32\_t QRS\_applyDecisionRules (const float32\_t yn[])

Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.

float32\_t QRS\_runDetection (const float32\_t xn[], float32\_t yn[])

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

## 4.1.4.1 Detailed Description

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

#### 4.1.4.2 Function Documentation

### QRS\_findFiducialMarks()

Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").

#### **Parameters**

in	yn	Array containing the preprocessed ECG signal $y[n]$
in	fidMarkArray	Array to place the fiducial mark's sample indices into.
out	numMarks	Number of identified fiducial marks

#### Postcondition

fidMarkArray will hold the values of the fiducial marks.

The fiducial marks must be spaced apart by at least 200 [ms] (40 samples @ fs = 200 [Hz]). If a peak is found within this range, the one with the largest amplitude is taken to be the correct peak and the other is ignored.

# QRS\_initLevels()

Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.

#### **Parameters**

i	in	yn	Array containing the preprocessed ECG signal $\boldsymbol{y}[\boldsymbol{n}]$
i	Ĺn	sigLvlPtr	Pointer to variable holding the signal level value.
i	in	noiseLvlPtr	Pointer to variable holding the noise level value.

#### Postcondition

The signal and noise levels are initialized.

### QRS updateLevel()

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

#### **Parameters**

in	peakAmplitude	Amplitude of the fiducial mark in signal $y[n]$
in	level	The current value of the signal level or noise level
out	newLevel	The updated value of the signal level or noise level

```
signalLevel_1 = f(peakAmplitude, signalLevel_0) = \frac{1}{8}peakAmplitude + \frac{7}{8}signalLevel_0

noiseLevel_1 = f(peakAmplitude, noiseLevel_0) = \frac{1}{8}peakAmplitude + \frac{7}{8}noiseLevel_0
```

# QRS\_updateThreshold()

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

### **Parameters**

in signalLevel Curr		Current signal level.
in <i>noiseLevel</i>		Current noise level.
out <i>threshold</i>		New threshold to use for next comparison.

## See also

QRS\_updateLevel(), QRS\_applyDecisionRules

threshold = f(signalLevel, noiseLevel) = noiseLevel + 0.25(signalLevel - noiseLevel)

## QRS\_Init()

```
void QRS_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the QRS detector.

#### Note

This function isn't necessary anymore, but I'm keeping it here just in case.

This function originally initialized the filter structs but now does nothing since those have been made const and their initialization functions have been removed entirely.

## QRS\_Preprocess()

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

### Precondition

Fill input buffer xn with raw or lightly preprocessed ECG data.

### **Parameters**

	in	xn	Array of raw ECG signal values.
ſ	in	yn	Array used to store preprocessed ECG signal values.

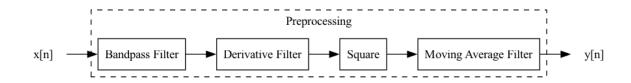
## Postcondition

The preprocessed signal data y[n] is stored in yn and is ready to be analyzed to calculate the heart rate in [bpm].

#### See also

## QRS\_applyDecisionRules()

This function uses the same overall preprocessing pipeline as the original Pan-Tompkins algorithm, but the high-pass and low-pass filters have been replaced with ones generated using Scipy.



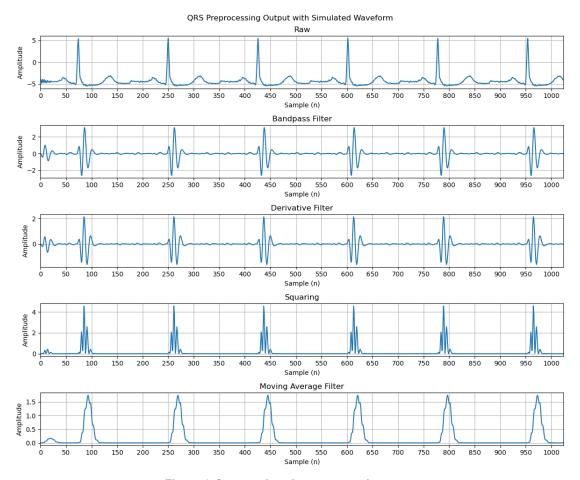


Figure 3 Output of each preprocessing step.

# Note

The FIR filters are applied in blocks to decrease the amount of memory needed for their state buffers.

# QRS\_applyDecisionRules()

```
float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules ( {\tt const\ float32\_t\ yn[]\ )}
```

Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.

## Precondition

Preprocess the raw ECG data.

in	Array of preprocessed ECG signal v	
out	heartRate	Average heart rate in [bpm].

Certain information (signal/noise levels, thresholds, etc.) is retained between calls and used to improve further detection.

## Warning

The current implementation only processes one block at a time and discards the data immediately after, so peaks that are cut off between one block and another might not be being counted.

#### See also

```
QRS_Preprocess()
```

## QRS\_runDetection()

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

This function simply combines the preprocessing and decision rules functions into a single function.

#### **Parameters**

in	xn	Array of raw ECG signal values.	
in	yn	Array used to hold preprocessed ECG signal values.	
out	heartRate	Average heart rate in [bpm].	

## Postcondition

yn will contain the preprocessed data.

Certain information (signal/noise levels, thresholds, etc.) is retained between calls.

#### See also

```
QRS_Preprocess(), QRS_applyDecisionRules()
```

# 4.1.4.3 Variable Documentation

# COEFF\_BANDPASS

```
const float32_t COEFF_BANDPASS[NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS] [static]

Initial value:
= {
      0.002937758108600974f, 0.005875516217201948f, 0.002937758108600974f,
      1.0485996007919312f, -0.2961403429508209f,
```

```
1.0f, 2.0f, 1.0f,

1.3876197338104248f, -0.492422878742218f,

1.0f, -2.0f, 1.0f,

1.3209134340286255f, -0.6327387690544128f,

1.0f, -2.0f, 1.0f,

1.6299355030059814f, -0.7530401945114136f,
```

# COEFF DERFILT

```
const float32_t COEFF_DERFILT[NUM_COEFF_DERFILT] [static]

Initial value:
= {
    -0.125f, -0.25f, 0.0f, 0.25f, 0.125f
}
```

# COEFF\_MOVAVG

```
const float32_t COEFF_MOVAVG[NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG] [static]
```

#### Initial value:

# 4.1.5 Main

Collaboration diagram for Main:



### **Files**

• file main.c

Main program file.

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum ISR_VECTOR_NUMS { DAQ_VECTOR_NUM = INT_ADCOSS3 , PROC_VECTOR_NUM = INT_CANO , LCD_VECTOR_NUM = INT_TIMER1A }
    enum FIFO_INFO {
        DAQ_FIFO_CAP = 3 , DAQ_ARRAY_LEN = DAQ_FIFO_CAP + 1 , QRS_FIFO_CAP = QRS_NUM_SAMP , QRS_ARRAY_LEN = QRS_FIFO_CAP + 1 , LCD_FIFO_1_CAP = DAQ_FIFO_CAP , LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP + 1 , LCD_FIFO_2_CAP = 1 , LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN = LCD_FIFO_2_CAP + 1 }
    enum LCD_INFO {
        LCD_TOP_LINE = (LCD_Y_MAX - 24) , LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y = LCD_TOP_LINE , LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET = 0 , LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN = (0 + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX = (LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_TEXT_LINE_NUM = 28 , LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM = 24 }
```

#### **Functions**

• static void DAQ Handler (void)

ISR for the data acquisition system.

static void Processing\_Handler (void)

ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.

· static void LCD Handler (void)

ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.

• int main (void)

Main function for the project.

#### **Variables**

- static volatile Fifo t DAQ\_Fifo = 0
- static volatile uint32 t DAQ fifoBuffer [DAQ ARRAY LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo\_t QRS\_Fifo = 0
- static volatile uint32 t QRS fifoBuffer [QRS ARRAY LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo t LCD\_Fifo1 = 0
- static volatile uint32\_t LCD\_fifoBuffer1 [LCD\_ARRAY\_1\_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo t LCD Fifo2 = 0
- static volatile uint32\_t LCD\_fifoBuffer2 [LCD\_ARRAY\_2\_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile bool qrsBufferIsFuII = false

flag for QRS detection to start

• static volatile bool heartRateIsReady = false

flag for LCD to output heart rate

- static float32\_t QRS\_processingBuffer [QRS\_ARRAY\_LEN] = { 0 }
- static uint16\_t LCD\_prevSampleBuffer [LCD\_X\_MAX] =  $\{ 0 \}$

## 4.1.5.1 Detailed Description

### 4.1.5.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

### **ISR VECTOR NUMS**

enum ISR\_VECTOR\_NUMS

### Enumerator

DAQ_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the DAQ_Handler()
PROC_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the Processing_Handler()
LCD_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the LCD_Handler()

## FIFO\_INFO

enum FIFO\_INFO

#### Enumerator

DAQ_FIFO_CAP	capacity of DAQ's FIFO buffer
DAQ_ARRAY_LEN	actual size of underlying array
QRS_FIFO_CAP	capacity of QRS detector's FIFO buffer
QRS_ARRAY_LEN	actual size of underlying array
LCD_FIFO_1_CAP	capacity of LCD's waveform FIFO buffer
LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN	actual size of underlying array
LCD_FIFO_2_CAP	capacity of LCD's heart rate FIFO buffer
LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN	actual size of underlying array

# LCD\_INFO

enum LCD\_INFO

## Enumerator

LCD_TOP_LINE	separates wavefrom from text
LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y	num. of y-vals available for plotting waveform
LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET	waveform's offset from X axis
LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN	waveform's min y-value
LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX	waveform's max y-value
LCD_TEXT_LINE_NUM	line num. of text
LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM	starting col. num. for heart rate

# 4.1.5.3 Function Documentation

## DAQ\_Handler()

ISR for the data acquisition system.

This ISR has a priority level of 1, is triggered when the ADC has finished capturing a sample, and also triggers the intermediate processing handler. It reads the 12-bit ADC output, converts it from an integer to a raw voltage sample, and sends it to the processing ISR via the DAQ\_Fifo.

## Precondition

Initialize the DAQ module.

## Postcondition

The converted sample is placed in the DAQ FIFO, and the processing ISR is triggered.

#### See also

DAQ\_Init(), Processing\_Handler()

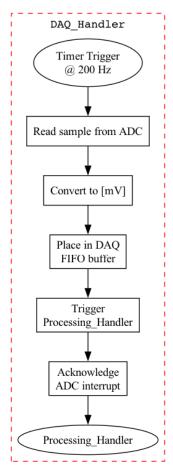


Figure 4 Flowchart for the DAQ handler.

# Processing\_Handler()

ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.

This ISR has a priority level of 1, is triggered by the DAQ ISR, and triggers the LCD handler. It removes baseline drift and power line interference (PLI) from a sample, and then moves it to the QRS\_Fifo and the LCD\_Fifo. It also notifies the superloop in main() when the QRS buffer is full.

The converted sample is placed in the LCD FIFO, and the LCD ISR is triggered.

The converted sample is placed in the QRS FIFO, and the flag is set.

## See also

DAQ\_Handler(), main(), LCD\_Handler()

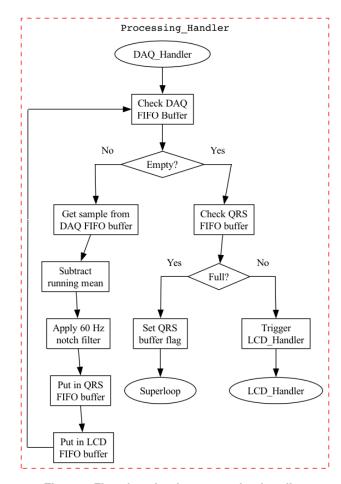


Figure 5 Flowchart for the processing handler.

### LCD Handler()

ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.

This ISR has a priority level of 1 and is triggered by the Processing ISR. It applies a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to the sample and plots it. It also outputs the heart rate.

### Precondition

Initialize the LCD module.

The bandpass-filtered sample is plotted to the LCD.

The heart rate is updated after each block is analyzed.

## See also

```
LCD_Init(), Processing_Handler(), main()
```

## main()

```
int main (
     void )
```

Main function for the project.

Moves the interrupt vector table to RAM; configures and enables the ISRs; initializes all modules and static variables; and performs QRS detection once the buffer has been filled.

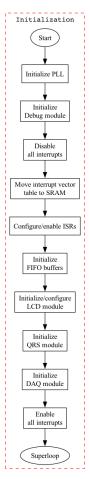


Figure 6 Flowchart for the initialization phase.

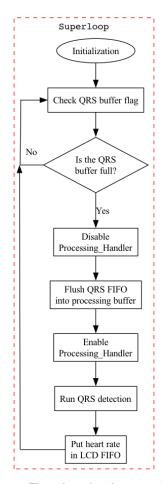
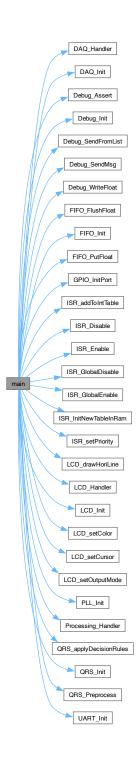


Figure 7 Flowchart for the superloop.

Here is the call graph for this function:

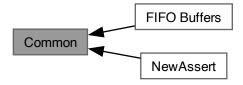


# 4.2 Common

Modules that are used by multiple layers and/or don't fit into any one layer.

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Collaboration diagram for Common:



### **Modules**

- FIFO Buffers
- NewAssert

# Files

· file NewAssert.c

Source code for custom assert implementation.

• file NewAssert.h

Header file for custom assert implementation.

## **Functions**

• void Assert (bool condition)

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

## 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Modules that are used by multiple layers and/or don't fit into any one layer.

## 4.2.2 Function Documentation

# Assert()

```
void Assert ( bool\ condition\ )
```

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

in	condition	Conditional to test.

```
If condition == true, the function simply returns.
If condition == false, a breakpoint is initiated.
```

# 4.2.3 FIFO Buffers

Collaboration diagram for FIFO Buffers:



## **Files**

• file Fifo.c

Source code for FIFO buffer module.

• file Fifo.h

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

### **Data Structures**

• struct Fifo\_t

### **Macros**

• #define FIFO\_POOL\_SIZE 5

## **Functions**

```
    Fifo_t FIFO_Init (volatile uint32_t buffer[], const uint32_t N)
    Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.
```

• void FIFO\_Reset (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

Reset the FIFO buffer.

## **Variables**

- static FifoStruct\_t fifoPool [FIFO\_POOL\_SIZE] = { 0 }
   pre-allocated pool
- static uint8\_t numFreeFifos = FIFO\_POOL\_SIZE

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## **Basic Operations**

void FIFO\_Put (volatile Fifo\_t fifo, const uint32\_t val)

Add a value to the end of the buffer.

uint32\_t FIFO\_Get (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

Remove the first value of the buffer.

void FIFO\_Flush (volatile Fifo\_t fifo, uint32\_t outputBuffer[])

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

· void FIFO\_PutFloat (volatile Fifo\_t fifo, const float val)

Add a floating-point value to the end of the buffer.

• float FIFO\_GetFloat (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

Remove the first value of the buffer, and cast it to float.

void FIFO\_FlushFloat (volatile Fifo\_t fifo, float outputBuffer[])

Empty the FIFO buffer into an array of floating-point values.

## **Peeking**

• uint32\_t FIFO\_PeekOne (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

• void FIFO\_PeekAll (volatile Fifo\_t fifo, uint32\_t outputBuffer[])

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

#### **Status Checks**

• bool FIFO\_isFull (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

• bool FIFO\_isEmpty (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

• uint32\_t FIFO\_getCurrSize (volatile Fifo\_t fifo)

Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

# 4.2.3.1 Detailed Description

Module for using the "first-in first-out (FIFO) buffer" data structure.

### 4.2.3.2 Function Documentation

## FIFO\_Init()

Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.

in	buffer	Array of size ${\tt N}$ to be used as FIFO buffer
in	N	Length of buffer. Usable length is ${\tt N}-1$ .
Generated by Doxygen		pointer to the FIFO buffer

The number of available FIFO buffers is reduced by 1.

TODO: Add details

# FIFO\_Reset()

Reset the FIFO buffer.

## **Parameters**

in <i>fifo</i>	Pointer to FIFO buffer.
----------------	-------------------------

## Postcondition

The FIFO is now considered empty. The underlying buffer's contents are not affected.

# FIFO\_Put()

Add a value to the end of the buffer.

## **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
in	val	Value to add to the buffer.

## Postcondition

If the FIFO is not full, val is placed in the buffer. If the FIFO is full, nothing happens.

# See also

FIFO\_PutFloat()

# FIFO\_Get()

Remove the first value of the buffer.

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### **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

## Postcondition

If the FIFO is not empty, the next value is returned. If the FIFO is empty, 0 is returned.

## See also

FIFO\_GetFloat()

# FIFO\_Flush()

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

### **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.

# Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are transferred to the output buffer.

## See also

FIFO\_FlushFloat()

# FIFO\_PutFloat()

Add a floating-point value to the end of the buffer.

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
in	val	Value to add to the buffer.

If the FIFO is not full, val is placed in the buffer. If the FIFO is full, nothing happens.

#### Note

This was added to avoid needing to type-pun floating-point values.

```
// type-punning example
float num = 4.252603;
FIFO_Put(fifo, *((uint32_t *) &num));
FIFO_PutFloat(fifo, num); // same thing, but cleaner
```

### See also

```
FIFO_Put()
```

#### Remarks

To properly use floating-point values, type-punning is necessary.

# FIFO\_GetFloat()

Remove the first value of the buffer, and cast it to float.

#### **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

## Postcondition

If the FIFO is not empty, the next value is returned. If the FIFO is empty,  $\mbox{0}$  is returned.

## Note

This was added to avoid needing to type-pun floating-point values.

```
// type-punning example
float num;
*((uint32_t *) &num) = FIFO_Get(fifo);
num = FIFO_GetFloat(fifo);
```

## See also

```
FIFO_Get()
```

## Remarks

To properly use floating-point values, type-punning is necessary.

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# FIFO\_FlushFloat()

Empty the FIFO buffer into an array of floating-point values.

### **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.	

### Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are transferred to the output buffer.

### Note

This was added to avoid needing to type-pun floating-point values.

```
// type-punning example
FIFO_Flush(fifo, (uint32_t *) outputBuffer);
FIFO_FlushFloat(fifo, outputBuffer); // same thing, but cleaner
```

### See also

```
FIFO_Flush()
```

# FIFO\_PeekOne()

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

#### **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

# FIFO\_PeekAll()

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

## **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.

# Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are copied to the output buffer.

# FIFO\_isFull()

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

#### **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	true	The FIFO buffer is full.
out	false	The FIFO buffer is not full.

# FIFO\_isEmpty()

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

# **Parameters**

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	true	The FIFO buffer is empty.
out	false	The FIFO buffer is not empty.

# FIFO\_getCurrSize()

Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	size	Current number of values in the FIFO buffer.

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### 4.2.4 NewAssert

Collaboration diagram for NewAssert:

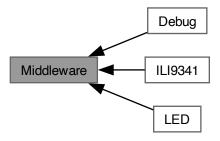


Module for using a custom assert implementation.

# 4.3 Middleware

High-level device driver modules.

Collaboration diagram for Middleware:



### **Modules**

- Debug
- ILI9341
- LED

# 4.3.1 Detailed Description

High-level device driver modules.

These modules contain functions for interfacing with external devices/peripherals using low-level drivers.

## 4.3.2 Debug

Collaboration diagram for Debug:



### Files

• file Debug.h

Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

## **Serial Output**

- enum Msg\_t { DEBUG\_DAQ\_INIT , DEBUG\_QRS\_INIT , DEBUG\_LCD\_INIT , DEBUG\_QRS\_START }
- void Debug\_SendMsg (void \*message)

Send a message to the serial port.

void Debug\_SendFromList (Msg\_t msg)

Send a message from the message list.

• void Debug\_WriteFloat (double value)

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

## Initialization

void Debug\_Init (Uart\_t uart)
 Initialize the Debug module.

#### **Assertions**

• void Debug\_Assert (bool condition)

Stops program if condition is true. Useful for bug detection during debugging.

# 4.3.2.1 Detailed Description

Module for debugging functions, including serial output and assertions.

#### 4.3.2.2 Function Documentation

# Debug\_Init()

Initialize the Debug module.

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### **Parameters**

in <i>uart</i>	UART to use for serial output.
----------------	--------------------------------

## Postcondition

An initialization message is sent to the serial port.

# Debug\_SendMsg()

```
void Debug_SendMsg (
     void * message )
```

Send a message to the serial port.

## Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

### **Parameters**

message	(Pointer to) array of ASCII characters.
---------	---

## Postcondition

A floating point value is written to the serial port.

## See also

Debug\_SendMsg()

# Debug\_SendFromList()

Send a message from the message list.

# Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

in	msg	An entry from the enumeration.
----	-----	--------------------------------

The corresponding message is sent to the serial port.

### See also

Debug\_SendMsg()

# Debug\_WriteFloat()

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

### Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

## **Parameters**

in I	value	Floating-point value.
------	-------	-----------------------

# Postcondition

A floating point value is written to the serial port.

# See also

Debug\_SendMsg()

# Debug\_Assert()

```
void Debug_Assert (
          bool condition )
```

 $Stops\ program\ if\ \texttt{condition}\ is\ \texttt{true}.\ Useful\ for\ bug\ detection\ during\ debugging.$ 

## Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

in	condition	Conditional statement to evaluate.

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#### Postcondition

If condition == true, the program continues normally. If condition == false, a message is sent and a breakpoint is activated.

#### 4.3.3 ILI9341

Collaboration diagram for ILI9341:



#### **Files**

file ILI9341.c

Source code for ILI9341 module.

· file ILI9341.h

Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

# **Enumerations**

```
enum { ILI9341_NUM_COLS = 240 , ILI9341_NUM_ROWS = 320 }
enum Cmd_t {
    NOP = 0x00 , SWRESET = 0x01 , SPLIN = 0x10 , SPLOUT = 0x11 ,
    PTLON = 0x12 , NORON = 0x13 , DINVOFF = 0x20 , DINVON = 0x21 ,
    CASET = 0x2A , PASET = 0x2B , RAMWR = 0x2C , DISPOFF = 0x28 ,
    DISPON = 0x29 , PLTAR = 0x30 , VSCRDEF = 0x33 , MADCTL = 0x36 ,
    VSCRSADD = 0x37 , IDMOFF = 0x38 , IDMON = 0x39 , PIXSET = 0x3A ,
    FRMCTR1 = 0xB1 , FRMCTR2 = 0xB2 , FRMCTR3 = 0xB3 , PRCTR = 0xB5 ,
    IFCTL = 0xF6 }
enum sleepMode_t { SLEEP_ON = SPLIN , SLEEP_OFF = SPLOUT }
enum displayArea_t { NORMAL_AREA = NORON , PARTIAL_AREA = PTLON }
enum colorExpr_t { FULL_COLORS = IDMOFF , PARTIAL_COLORS = IDMON }
enum invertMode t { INVERT ON = DINVON , INVERT OFF = DINVOFF }
```

enum outputMode\_t { OUTPUT\_ON = DISPON , OUTPUT\_OFF = DISPOFF }

enum colorDepth t { COLORDEPTH 16BIT = 0x55 , COLORDEPTH 18BIT = 0x66 }

## **Functions**

- static void ILI9341\_setMode (uint8\_t param)
- static void ILI9341\_setAddress (uint16\_t start\_address, uint16\_t end\_address, bool is\_row)
- static void ILI9341\_sendParams (Cmd\_t cmd)

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

void ILI9341\_Init (Timer\_t timer)

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

void ILI9341\_setInterface (void)

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

```
    void ILI9341 resetHard (Timer t timer)

          Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

    void ILI9341_resetSoft (Timer_t timer)

          Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

    void ILI9341 setSleepMode (sleepMode t sleepMode, Timer t timer)

          Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

    void ILI9341_setDisplayArea (displayArea_t displayArea)

          Set the display area.

    void ILI9341 setColorExpression (colorExpr t colorExpr)

          Set the color expression (FULL_COLORS by default).

    void ILI9341 setPartialArea (uint16 t rowStart, uint16 t rowEnd)

          Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

    void ILI9341 setDispInversion (invertMode t invertMode)

          Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

    void ILI9341 setDispOutput (outputMode t outputMode)

          Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

    void ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl (bool areRowsFlipped, bool areColsFlipped, bool areRowsAndCols

      Switched, bool isVertRefreshFlipped, bool isColorOrderFlipped, bool isHorRefreshFlipped)
          Set how data is converted from memory to display.

    void ILI9341 setColorDepth (colorDepth t colorDepth)

          Set the color depth for the display.
    • void ILI9341 setFrameRate (uint8 t divisionRatio, uint8 t clocksPerLine)
          TODO: Write brief.

    void ILI9341 setRowAddress (uint16 t startRow, uint16 t endRow)

          Sets the start/end rows to be written to.

    void ILI9341_setColAddress (uint16_t startCol, uint16_t endCol)

          Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

    void ILI9341_writeMemCmd (void)

          Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

    void ILI9341 writePixel (uint8 t red, uint8 t green, uint8 t blue)

          Write a single pixel to frame memory.
Variables
    • static uint32 t ILI9341_Buffer [8]

    static Fifo_t ILI9341_Fifo

    struct {
        sleepMode_t sleepMode
        displayArea_t displayArea
        colorExpr t colorExpression
        invertMode_t invertMode
        outputMode t outputMode
        colorDepth t colorDepth
      } ili9341 = { SLEEP_ON, NORMAL_AREA, FULL_COLORS, INVERT_OFF, OUTPUT_ON, COLORDEPTH_16BIT, false }
```

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# 4.3.3.1 Detailed Description

Functions for interfacing an ILI9341-based 240RGBx320 LCD via Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

# 4.3.3.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

# anonymous enum

anonymous enum

## Enumerator

ILI9341_NUM_COLS	4.3.3.3	of columns available on the display
ILI9341_NUM_ROWS	4.3.3.4	of rows available on the display

# Cmd\_t

enum Cmd\_t

## Enumerator

NOP	No Operation.	
SWRESET	Software Reset.	
SPLIN	Enter Sleep Mode.	
SPLOUT	Sleep Out (i.e. Exit Sleep Mode)	
PTLON	Partial Display Mode ON.	
NORON	Normal Display Mode ON.	
DINVOFF	Display Inversion OFF.	
DINVON	Display Inversion ON.	
CASET	Column Address Set.	
PASET	Page Address Set.	
RAMWR	Memory Write.	
DISPOFF	Display OFF.	
DISPON	Display ON.	
PLTAR	Partial Area.	
VSCRDEF	Vertical Scrolling Definition.	
MADCTL	Memory Access Control.	
VSCRSADD	Vertical Scrolling Start Address.	
IDMOFF	Idle Mode OFF.	
IDMON	Idle Mode ON.	
PIXSET	Pixel Format Set.	
FRMCTR1	Frame Rate Control Set (Normal Mode)	

#### Enumerator

FRMCTR2	Frame Rate Control Set (Idle Mode)	
FRMCTR3 Frame Rate Control Set (Partial Mode		
PRCTR	Blanking Porch Control.	
IFCTL	Interface Control.	

### 4.3.3.5 Function Documentation

## ILI9341\_setMode()

# ILI9341\_setAddress()

This function implements the "Column Address Set" (CASET) and "Page Address Set" (PASET) commands from p. 110-113 of the ILI9341 datasheet.

The input parameters represent the first and last addresses to be written to when  ${\tt ILI9341\_writePixel}$  () is called.

To work correctly, startAddress must be no greater than endAddress, and endAddress cannot be greater than the max number of rows/columns.

## ILI9341\_sendParams()

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

in	cmd	Command to send.

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## ILI9341\_Init()

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

#### **Parameters**

	in	timer	Hardware timer to use during initialization.
--	----	-------	--

### ILI9341\_setInterface()

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

The parameters for this command are hard-coded, so it only needs to be called once upon initialization.

This function implements the "Interface Control" (IFCTL) command from p. 192-194 of the ILI9341 datasheet, which controls how the LCD driver handles 16-bit data and what interfaces (internal or external) are used.

Name	Bit #	Param #	Effect when set = 1
MY_EOR	7		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
MX_EOR	6		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
MV_EOR	5	0	flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
BGR_EOR	3		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
WEMODE	0		overflowing pixel data is not ignored
EPF[1:0]	5:4	1	controls 16 to 18-bit pixel data conversion
MDT[1:0]	1:0	'	controls display data transfer method
ENDIAN	5		host sends LSB first
DM[1:0]	3:2	2	selects display operation mode
RM	1		selects GRAM interface mode
RIM	0		specifies RGB interface-specific details

The first param's bits are cleared so that the corresponding MADCTL bits (ILI9341\_setMemoryAccessCtrl()) are unaffected and overflowing pixel data is ignored. The EPF bits are cleared so that the LSB of the R and B values is copied from the MSB when using 16-bit color depth. The TM4C123 sends the MSB first, so the ENDIAN bit is cleared. The other bits are cleared and/or irrelevant since the RGB and VSYNC interfaces aren't used.

# ILI9341\_resetHard()

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

#### **Parameters**

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during reset.
----	-------	-------------------------------------

The LCD driver's RESET pin requires a negative logic (i.e. active LOW) signal for >= 10 [us] and an additional 5 [ms] before further commands can be sent.

## ILI9341\_resetSoft()

```
void ILI9341_resetSoft ( {\tt Timer\_t\ \it timer}\ )
```

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

#### **Parameters**

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during reset.
----	-------	-------------------------------------

the driver needs 5 [ms] before another command

# ILI9341\_setSleepMode()

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

#### **Parameters**

in	sleepMode	SLEEP_ON or SLEEP_OFF
in	timer	Hardware timer to use for a slight delay after the mode change.

## Postcondition

The IC will be in or out of sleep mode depending on the value of sleepMode.

The MCU must wait  $\geq$ = 5 [ms] before sending further commands regardless of the selected mode.

It's also necessary to wait 120 [ms] before sending SPLOUT after sending SPLIN or a reset, so this function waits 120 [ms] regardless of the preceding event.

# ILI9341\_setDisplayArea()

Set the display area.

### Precondition

If using partial mode, set the partial area first.

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### **Parameters**

in <i>displa</i>	yArea	NORMAL_AREA or PARTIAL_ARE	Α
------------------	-------	----------------------------	---

### See also

ILI9341\_setPartialArea()

## ILI9341\_setColorExpression()

Set the color expression ( $FULL\_COLORS$  by default).

### **Parameters**

iı	า	colorExpr	FULL_COLORS or PARTIA	L_COLORS
----	---	-----------	-----------------------	----------

#### Postcondition

With partial color expression, the display only uses 8 colors. Otherwise, the color depth determines the number of colors available.

# ILI9341\_setPartialArea()

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

# **Parameters**

in	rowStart	
in	rowEnd	

# See also

ILI9341\_setDisplayArea()

# ILI9341\_setDispInversion()

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

### **Parameters**

in <i>invertMode</i>	INVERT_ON or INVERT_OFF
----------------------	-------------------------

# Postcondition

When inversion is ON, the display colors are inverted. (e.g. BLACK -> WHITE, GREEN -> PURPLE)

## ILI9341\_setDispOutput()

Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

### **Parameters**

in	outputMode	OUTPUT_ON or OUTPUT_OFF
----	------------	-------------------------

### Postcondition

If ON, the IC outputs data from its memory to the display. If OFF, the display is cleared and the IC stops outputting data.

TODO: Write description

## ILI9341\_setMemAccessCtrl()

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

### **Parameters**

in	areRowsFlipped	
in	areColsFlipped	
in	areRowsAndColsSwitched	
in	isVertRefreshFlipped	
in	isColorOrderFlipped	
in	isHorRefreshFlipped	

This function implements the "Memory Access Control" (MADCTL) command from p. 127-128 of the ILI9341

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datasheet, which controls how the LCD driver displays data upon writing to memory.

Name	Bit #	Effect when set = 1
MY	7	flip row (AKA "page") addresses
MX	6	flip column addresses
MV	5	exchange rows and column addresses
ML	4	reverse horizontal refresh order
BGR	3	reverse color input order (RGB -> BGR)
MH	2	reverse vertical refresh order

All bits are clear after powering on or HWRESET.

# ILI9341\_setColorDepth()

Set the color depth for the display.

### **Parameters**

in <i>colorDepth</i>	COLORDEPTH_16BIT or COLORDEPTH_	18BIT
----------------------	---------------------------------	-------

## Postcondition

16BIT mode allows for  $\sim$ 65K (2 $^{\wedge}$ 16) colors and requires 2 transfers. 18BIT mode allows for  $\sim$ 262K (2 $^{\wedge}$ 18) colors but requires 3 transfers.

## ILI9341\_setFrameRate()

TODO: Write brief.

TODO: Write description

## ILI9341\_setRowAddress()

Sets the start/end rows to be written to.



0 <= startRow <= endRow</pre>

#### **Parameters**



startRow<=endRow` < 240

### See also

ILI9341\_setRowAddress, ILI9341\_writePixel()

This function is simply an interface to ILI9341\_setAddress(). To work correctly, start\_row must be no greater than end\_row, and end\_row cannot be greater than the max row number (default 320).

## ILI9341\_setColAddress()

Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

### **Parameters**



0 <= startCol <= endCol</pre>

### **Parameters**



startCol<=endCol` < 240

#### See also

ILI9341\_setColAddress, ILI9341\_writePixel()

This function is simply an interface to ILI9341\_setAddress(). To work correctly,  $start\_col$  must be no greater than end\_col, and end\_col cannot be greater than the max column number (default 240).

# ILI9341\_writeMemCmd()

```
void ILI9341_writeMemCmd ( void \quad )
```

Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

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## Precondition

Set the row and/or column addresses.

#### Postcondition

The LCD driver is ready to accept pixel data.

#### See also

```
ILI9341_setRowAddress, ILI9341_setColAddress(), ILI9341_writePixel()
```

## ILI9341\_writePixel()

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

### Precondition

Send the "Write Memory" command.

Set the desired color depth for the display.

## Parameters

in	red	5 or 6-bit R value
in	green	5 or 6-bit G value
in	blue	5 or 6-bit B value

### See also

```
ILI9341_setColorDepth, ILI9341_writeMemCmd(), ILI9341_writePixel()
```

This function sends one pixel to the display. Because the serial interface (SPI) is used, each pixel requires 2 transfers in 16-bit mode and 3 transfers in 18-bit mode.

The following table (adapted from p. 63 of the datasheet) visualizes how the RGB data is sent to the display when using 16-bit color depth.

Transfer		1								1 2						
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0

The following table (adapted from p. 64 of the datasheet) visualizes how the RGB data is sent to the display when using 18-bit color depth.

Transfer		1									
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	
Value	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	0/1	0/1	G5	G4	

## 4.3.4 LED

Collaboration diagram for LED:



### **Files**

• file Led.c

Source code for LED module.

• file Led.h

Interface for LED module.

## **Data Structures**

• struct Led\_t

## **Macros**

• #define LED\_POOL\_SIZE 1

## **Variables**

- static LedStruct\_t Led\_ObjPool [LED\_POOL\_SIZE] = { 0 }
- static uint8\_t num\_free\_leds = LED\_POOL\_SIZE

## Initialization & Configuration

• Led\_t Led\_Init (GpioPort\_t gpioPort, GpioPin\_t pin)

Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led\_t.

• GpioPort\_t Led\_GetPort (Led\_t led)

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

• GpioPin\_t Led\_GetPin (Led\_t led)

Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

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## **Status Checking**

```
    bool Led_isInit (Led_t led)
        Check if an LED is initialized.

    bool Led_isOn (Led_t led)
        Check the LED's status.
```

# **Operations**

```
    void Led_TurnOn (Led_t led)
        Turn an LED ON.
    void Led_TurnOff (Led_t led)
        Turn an LED OFF.
    void Led_Toggle (Led_t led)
        Toggle an LED.
```

## 4.3.4.1 Detailed Description

Functions for driving light-emitting diodes (LEDs) via General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO).

#### 4.3.4.2 Function Documentation

## Led\_Init()

Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led\_t.

## **Parameters**

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to a struct representing a GPIO port.
ſ	in	pin	GPIO pin to use.
Ī	out	led	Pointer to LED data structure.

## Led\_GetPort()

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

## Precondition

Initialize the LED.

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	gpioPort	Pointer to a GPIO port data structure.

## See also

```
Led_Init(), Led_GetPin()
```

# Led\_GetPin()

Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

## Precondition

Initialize the LED.

### **Parameters**

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	pin	GPIO pin associated with the LED.

## See also

```
Led_Init(), Led_GetPort()
```

# Led\_isInit()

Check if an LED is initialized.

### **Parameters**

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	true	The LED is initialized.
out	false	The LED is not initialized.

# See also

Led\_Init()

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## Led\_isOn()

```
bool Led_isOn (
          Led_t led )
```

Check the LED's status.

### Precondition

Initialize the LED.

## **Parameters**

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	true	the LED is ON.
out	false	the LED is OFF.

## See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_TurnOff(), Led_Toggle()
```

# Led\_TurnOn()

Turn an LED ON.

# Precondition

Initialize the LED.

### **Parameters**

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.

## Postcondition

The LED is turned ON.

### See also

```
Led_TurnOff(), Led_Toggle()
```

# Led\_TurnOff()

Turn an LED OFF.

## Precondition

Initialize the LED.

### **Parameters**

```
in led Pointer to LED data structure.
```

## Postcondition

The LED is turned OFF.

## See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_Toggle()
```

# Led\_Toggle()

Toggle an LED.

## Precondition

Initialize the LED.

## **Parameters**

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.

## Postcondition

The LED's state is flipped (i.e. ON -> OFF or OFF -> ON).

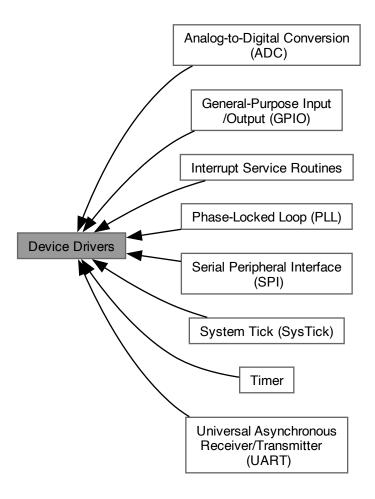
See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_TurnOff()
```

# 4.4 Device Drivers

Low level device driver modules.

Collaboration diagram for Device Drivers:



## Modules

- Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC)
- General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)
- Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)
- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
- System Tick (SysTick)
- Timer
- Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)
- Interrupt Service Routines

## 4.4.1 Detailed Description

Low level device driver modules.

These modules contain functions for interfacing with the TM4C123 microcontroller's built-in peripherals.

## 4.4.2 Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC)

Collaboration diagram for Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC):



### **Files**

• file ADC.c

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

• file ADC.h

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

### **Functions**

void ADC\_Init (void)

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

## 4.4.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions for differential-input analog-to-digital conversion.

### 4.4.2.2 Function Documentation

## ADC\_Init()

```
void ADC_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

## Postcondition

Analog input 8 (Ain8) – AKA GPIO pin PE5 – captures samples when triggered by one of the hardware timers, and initiates an interrupt once sample capture is complete.

## 4.4.3 General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

Collaboration diagram for General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO):



Functions for using general-purpose input/output (GPIO) ports.

## 4.4.4 Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)

Collaboration diagram for Phase-Locked Loop (PLL):



## **Files**

- file PLL.c
  - Implementation details for phase-lock-loop (PLL) functions.
- file PLL.h

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

### **Functions**

void PLL\_Init (void)

Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

## 4.4.4.1 Detailed Description

Function for initializing the phase-locked loop.

### 4.4.4.2 Function Documentation

### PLL Init()

```
void PLL_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

### Postcondition

The bus frequency is now running at 80 [MHz].

### 4.4.5 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

Collaboration diagram for Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI):



## **Files**

• file SPI.c

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

• file SPI.h

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

## **Macros**

- #define SPI\_IS\_BUSY (SSI0\_SR\_R & 0x10)
- #define SPI\_TX\_ISNOTFULL (SSI0\_SR\_R & 0x02)
- #define SPI\_CLEAR\_RESET() (GPIO\_PORTA\_DATA\_R &=  $\sim$ (0x80))
- #define SPI\_SET\_RESET() (GPIO\_PORTA\_DATA\_R |= 0x80)

## **Enumerations**

enum {
 SPI\_CLK\_PIN = GPIO\_PIN2 , SPI\_CS\_PIN = GPIO\_PIN3 , SPI\_RX\_PIN = GPIO\_PIN4 , SPI\_TX\_PIN = GPIO\_PIN5 ,
 SPI\_DC\_PIN = GPIO\_PIN6 , SPI\_RESET\_PIN = GPIO\_PIN7 , SPI\_SSIO\_PINS = (SPI\_CLK\_PIN | SPI\_CS\_PIN | SPI\_RX\_PIN | SPI\_TX\_PIN) , SPI\_GPIO\_PINS = (SPI\_DC\_PIN | SPI\_RESET\_PIN) ,
 SPI\_ALL\_PINS = (SPI\_SSIO\_PINS | SPI\_GPIO\_PINS) }

#### **Functions**

```
    void SPI_Init (void)
```

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

uint8\_t SPI\_Read (void)

Read data from the serial port.

• void SPI\_WriteCmd (uint8\_t cmd)

Write a command to the serial port.

void SPI\_WriteData (uint8\_t data)

Write data to the serial port.

#### **Variables**

static register\_t gpioPortReg = 0

### 4.4.5.1 Detailed Description

Functions for SPI-based communication via SSI0 peripheral.

## 4.4.5.2 Function Documentation

## SPI\_Init()

```
void SPI_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

The bit rate BR is set using the (positive, even-numbered) clock prescale divisor CPSDVSR and the SCR field in the SSI Control 0 (CR0) register:

```
BR = f_{bus}/(CPSDVSR * (1 + SCR))
```

The ILI9341 driver has a min. read cycle of 150 [ns] and a min. write cycle of 100 [ns], so the bit rate BR is set to be equal to the bus frequency (  $f_{bus}=80[MHz]$ ) divided by 8, allowing a bit rate of 10 [MHz], or a period of 100 [ns].

## SPI\_Read()

Read data from the serial port.

### Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

out data 8-bit data received from the hardware's receive	FIFO.
--	-------

# SPI\_WriteCmd()

Write a command to the serial port.

## Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

## **Parameters**

in	cmd	8-bit command to write.
	OIIIG	o bit command to write.

# Postcondition

The D/C pin is cleared.

The data is added to the hardware's transmit FIFO.

# SPI\_WriteData()

Write data to the serial port.

## Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

## **Parameters**

in	data	8-bit data to write.

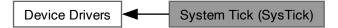
## Postcondition

The D/C pin is set.

The data is added to the hardware's transmit FIFO.

## 4.4.6 System Tick (SysTick)

Collaboration diagram for System Tick (SysTick):



### **Files**

• file SysTick.c

Implementation details for SysTick functions.

file SysTick.h

Driver module for using SysTick-based timing and/or interrupts.

## **Functions**

void SysTick\_Timer\_Init (void)

Initialize SysTick for timing purposes.

void SysTick\_Wait1ms (uint32\_t delay\_ms)

Delay for specified amount of time in [ms]. Assumes  $f_bus = 80[MHz]$ .

void SysTick\_Interrupt\_Init (uint32\_t time\_ms)

Initialize SysTick for interrupts.

# 4.4.6.1 Detailed Description

Functions for timing and periodic interrupts via SysTick.

## 4.4.6.2 Function Documentation

## SysTick\_Interrupt\_Init()

Initialize SysTick for interrupts.

```
time_ms | Time in [ms] between interrupts. Cannot be more than 200[ms].
```

### 4.4.7 Timer

Collaboration diagram for Timer:



### **Files**

• file Timer.c

Source code for Timer module.

· file Timer.h

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

## **Data Structures**

• struct Timer\_t

## **Enumerations**

```
    enum {
        TIMERO_BASE = 0x40030000 , TIMER1_BASE = 0x40031000 , TIMER2_BASE = 0x40032000 , TIMER3
        __BASE = 0x40033000 ,
        TIMER4_BASE = 0x40034000 , TIMER5_BASE = 0x40035000 }
        enum REGISTER_OFFSETS {
            CONFIG = 0x00 , MODE = 0x04 , CTRL = 0x0C , INT_MASK = 0x18 ,
            INT_CLEAR = 0x24 , INTERVAL = 0x28 , VALUE = 0x054 }
        enum timerName_t {
            TIMER0 , TIMER1 , TIMER2 , TIMER3 ,
            TIMER4 , TIMER5 }
        enum timerMode_t { ONESHOT , PERIODIC }
        enum timerDirection_t { UP , DOWN }
            | Enum
```

#### **Functions**

Timer\_t Timer\_Init (timerName\_t timerName)

Initialize a hardware timer.

void Timer\_Deinit (Timer\_t timer)

De-initialize a hardware timer.

• timerName\_t Timer\_getName (Timer\_t timer)

Get the name of a timer object.

bool Timer\_isInit (Timer\_t timer)

Check if a timer object is initialized.

• void Timer\_setMode (Timer\_t timer, timerMode\_t timerMode, timerDirection\_t timerDirection)

Set the mode for the timer.

void Timer\_enableAdcTrigger (Timer\_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

void Timer disableAdcTrigger (Timer t timer)

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

void Timer\_enableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer\_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

void Timer disableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

void Timer\_clearInterruptFlag (Timer\_t timer)

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

void Timer\_setInterval\_ms (Timer\_t timer, uint32\_t time\_ms)

Set the interval to use.

- uint32\_t Timer\_getCurrentValue (Timer\_t timer)
- void Timer\_Start (Timer\_t timer)

Start the timer.

void Timer\_Stop (Timer\_t timer)

Stop the timer.

bool Timer\_isCounting (Timer\_t timer)

Check if the timer is currently counting.

void Timer\_Wait1ms (Timer\_t timer, uint32\_t time\_ms)

Initiate a time delay.

## Variables

static TimerStruct\_t TIMER\_POOL [6]

#### 4.4.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions for timing and periodic interrupts via general-purpose timer modules (GPTM).

## 4.4.7.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### timerMode t

enum timerMode\_t

## Enumerator

ONESHOT	the timer runs once, then stops
PERIODIC	the timer runs continuously once started

# $timer Direction\_t$

```
enum timerDirection_t
```

### Enumerator

UP	the timer starts and 0 and counts to the reload value
DOWN	the timer starts at its reload value and counts down

## 4.4.7.3 Function Documentation

# Timer\_Init()

Initialize a hardware timer.

## **Parameters**

in	timerName	Name of the hardware timer to use.
out	timer	Pointer to timer object.

## Postcondition

The timer is ready to be configured and used.

### See also

```
Timer_isInit(), Timer_Deinit()
```

# Timer\_Deinit()

De-initialize a hardware timer.

## **Parameters**

in timerName Name of the hard	ware timer to use.
-------------------------------	--------------------

## Postcondition

The hardware timer is no longer initialized or receiving power.

#### See also

```
Timer_Init(), Timer_isInit()
```

## Timer\_getName()

Get the name of a timer object.

### **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	timer←	Name of the hardware timer being used.
	Name_t	

## Timer\_isInit()

Check if a timer object is initialized.

# **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	true	The timer is initialized.
out	false	The timer is not initialized.

## See also

```
Timer_Init(), Timer_Deinit()
```

## Timer\_setMode()

Set the mode for the timer.

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	timerMode	Mode for hardware timer to use.
in	timerDirection	Direction to count towards.

## Timer\_enableAdcTrigger()

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

## Precondition

Initialize and configure an ADC module to be timer-triggered.

#### **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

## Postcondition

A timeout event triggers ADC sample capture.

### See also

Timer\_disableAdcTrigger()

## Timer\_disableAdcTrigger()

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

## Precondition

Initialize and configure an ADC module to be timer-triggered.

### **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.

## Postcondition

A timeout event no longer triggers ADC sample capture.

#### See also

Timer\_enableAdcTrigger()

## Timer\_enableInterruptOnTimeout()

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

### Precondition

Configure the interrupt service routine using the ISR module.

## **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

## Postcondition

Upon timeout, an interrupt is triggered.

## See also

Timer\_disableInterruptOnTimeout()

## Timer\_disableInterruptOnTimeout()

```
void Timer_disableInterruptOnTimeout ( {\tt Timer\_t\ \it timer}\ )
```

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

### **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

### Postcondition

Timeout no longer triggers ADC sample capture.

## See also

Timer\_enableInterruptOnTimeout()

## Timer\_clearInterruptFlag()

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

## Precondition

Call this during a timer's interrupt service routine (ISR).

### **Parameters**

i	Ĺn	timer	Pointer to timer object.
---	----	-------	--------------------------

## Timer\_setInterval\_ms()

Set the interval to use.

## Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

## **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	time_ms	Time in [ms].

## Postcondition

Upon starting, the Timer counts down from or up to this value.

## See also

Timer\_Init(), Timer\_setMode()

## Timer\_Start()

Start the timer.

## Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

## **Parameters**

in timer Pointer to time	ner object.
--------------------------	-------------

## Postcondition

The timer is counting.

## See also

Timer\_Stop(), Timer\_isCounting()

## Timer\_Stop()

Stop the timer.

## Precondition

Start the timer.

## **Parameters**

### Postcondition

The timer is no longer counting.

## See also

Timer\_Start(), Timer\_isCounting()

## Timer\_isCounting()

Check if the timer is currently counting.

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	true	The timer is counting.
out	false	The timer is not counting.

#### See also

```
Timer_Start(), Timer_Stop()
```

## Timer\_Wait1ms()

Initiate a time delay.

#### Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

### **Parameters**

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	time_ms	Time in [ms] to wait for.

### Postcondition

The program is delayed for the desired time.

### 4.4.7.4 Variable Documentation

## TIMER\_POOL

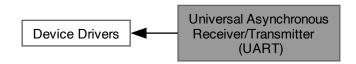
```
TimerStruct_t TIMER_POOL[6] [static]
```

#### Initial value:

```
{
    { TIMERO, TIMERO_BASE, (register_t) (TIMERO_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMERO_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMERO_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER1, TIMER1_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER1_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER1_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER1_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER2, TIMER2_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER3, TIMER3_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER4, TIMER4_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER5, TIMER5_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
```

### 4.4.8 Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)

Collaboration diagram for Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART):



#### **Files**

file UART.c

Source code for UART module.

• file UART.h

Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

#### **Data Structures**

struct Uart\_t

### Macros

#define ASCII CONVERSION 0x30

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum GPIO BASE ADDRESSES {
      GPIO_PORTA_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40004000 , GPIO_PORTB_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40005000 , GPIO_←
      PORTC_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40006000, GPIO_PORTD_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40007000,
      GPIO_PORTE_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40024000 , GPIO_PORTF_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40025000 }
• enum UART_BASE_ADDRESSES {
      UART0_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000C000 , UART1_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000D000 , UART2_BASE =
      (uint32 t) 0x4000E000, UART3 BASE = (uint32 t) 0x4000F000,
      UART4_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40010000 , UART5_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40011000 , UART6_BASE =
      (uint32_t) 0x40012000 , UART7_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40013000 }
enum UART REG OFFSETS {
      \textbf{UART\_FR\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x18 \ , \ \textbf{IBRD\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x24 \ , \ \textbf{FBRD\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x24 \ , \ \textbf{CAUTA\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x24 \ , \ \textbf{CAUTA\_R\_OFFSET
      (uint32_t) 0x28 , LCRH_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x2C ,
      CTL_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x30 , CC_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0xFC8 }
enum uartNum t {
      UARTO, UART1, UART2, UART3,
      UART4, UART5, UART6, UART7 }
```

### **Functions**

Uart\_t UART\_Init (GpioPort\_t port, uartNum\_t uartNum)

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

bool UART\_isInit (Uart\_t uart)

Check if the UART object is initialized.

unsigned char UART\_ReadChar (Uart\_t uart)

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

• void UART\_WriteChar (Uart\_t uart, unsigned char inputChar)

Write a single character to the UART.

• void UART\_WriteStr (Uart\_t uart, void \*inputStr)

Write a C string to the UART.

void UART\_WriteInt (Uart\_t uart, int32\_t n)

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

• void UART\_WriteFloat (Uart\_t uart, double n, uint8\_t numDecimals)

Write a floating-point number the UART.

### **Variables**

static UartStruct\_t UART\_ARR [8]

### 4.4.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions for UART-based communication.

### 4.4.8.2 Function Documentation

#### UART\_Init()

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

## **Parameters**

in	port	GPIO port to use.	
in	uartNum	UART number. Should be either one of the enumerated constants or an int in range [0, 7].	
out	uart	(Pointer to) initialized UART peripheral.	

Given the bus frequency (f\_bus) and desired baud rate (BR), the baud rate divisor (BRD) can be calculated:  $BRD = f_{bus}/(16*BR)$ 

The integer BRD (IBRD) is simply the integer part of the BRD: IBRD = int(BRD)

The fractional BRD (FBRD) is calculated using the fractional part (mod (BRD, 1)) of the BRD: FBRD = int((mod(BRD,1)\*64)+0.5)

# UART\_isInit()

Check if the UART object is initialized.

## **Parameters**

in	uart	UART to check.	
out	true	The UART object is initialized.	
out	false	The UART object is not initialized	

# UART\_ReadChar()

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

### **Parameters**

in	uart	UART to read from.
out	unsigned	char ASCII character from sender.

# UART\_WriteChar()

Write a single character to the UART.

## **Parameters**

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	input_char	ASCII character to send.

# UART\_WriteStr()

Write a C string to the UART.

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	input_str	Array of ASCII characters.

### UART\_WriteInt()

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

#### **Parameters**

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	n	Unsigned 32-bit int to be converted and transmitted.

## UART\_WriteFloat()

Write a floating-point number the UART.

### **Parameters**

	in	uart	UART to write to.
	in	n	Floating-point number to be converted and transmitted.
Ī	in	num_decimals	Number of digits after the decimal point to include.

## 4.4.8.3 Variable Documentation

## UART\_ARR

```
UartStruct_t UART_ARR[8] [static]
```

### Initial value:

```
{
    { UARTO_BASE, ((register_t) (UARTO_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false },
    { UART1_BASE, ((register_t) (UART1_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false },
    { UART2_BASE, ((register_t) (UART2_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN6, GPIO_PIN7, false },
    { UART3_BASE, ((register_t) (UART3_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN6, GPIO_PIN7, false },
    { UART4_BASE, ((register_t) (UART4_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART5_BASE, ((register_t) (UART5_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART6_BASE, ((register_t) (UART6_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART7_BASE, ((register_t) (UART6_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN1, false },
}
```

## 4.4.9 Interrupt Service Routines

Collaboration diagram for Interrupt Service Routines:



#### **Files**

• file ISR.c

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

· file ISR.h

Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

#### **Macros**

- #define VECTOR\_TABLE\_BASE\_ADDR ((uint32 t) 0x00000000)
- #define VECTOR\_TABLE\_SIZE ((uint32\_t) 155)
- #define VECTOR\_TABLE\_ALIGNMENT ((uint32\_t) (1 << 10))</li>
- #define NVIC\_EN\_BASE\_ADDR ((uint32\_t) 0xE000E100)
- #define NVIC\_DIS\_BASE\_ADDR ((uint32\_t) 0xE000E180)
- #define NVIC\_PRI\_BASE\_ADDR ((uint32\_t) 0xE000E400)
- #define NVIC\_UNPEND\_BASE\_ADDR ((uint32\_t) 0xE000E280)

## **Typedefs**

typedef void(\* ISR\_t) (void)

Type definition for function pointers representing ISRs.

## **Functions**

- static void ISR\_setStatus (const uint8 t vectorNum, const bool isEnabled)
- void ISR\_GlobalDisable (void)

Disable all interrupts globally.

void ISR\_GlobalEnable (void)

Enable all interrupts globally.

- static ISR\_t newVectorTable[VECTOR\_TABLE\_SIZE] \_\_attribute\_\_ ((aligned(VECTOR\_TABLE\_← ALIGNMENT)))
- void ISR\_InitNewTableInRam (void)

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

void ISR addToIntTable (ISR t isr, const uint8 t vectorNum)

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

void ISR\_setPriority (const uint8\_t vectorNum, const uint8\_t priority)

Set the priority for an interrupt.

• void ISR\_Enable (const uint8\_t vectorNum)

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR\_Disable (const uint8\_t vectorNum)

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR\_triggerInterrupt (const uint8\_t vectorNum)

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

### **Variables**

- static bool interruptsAreEnabled = true
- void(\*const interruptVectorTable [])(void)
- static bool isTableCopiedToRam = false

## 4.4.9.1 Detailed Description

Functions for manipulating the interrupt vector table and setting up interrupt handlers via the NVIC.

## 4.4.9.2 Function Documentation

## ISR\_GlobalDisable()

Disable all interrupts globally.

See also

ISR\_GlobalEnable()

## ISR\_GlobalEnable()

Enable all interrupts globally.

See also

ISR GlobalDisable()

## ISR\_InitNewTableInRam()

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

### Precondition

Disable interrupts globally before calling this.

## Postcondition

The vector table is now located in RAM, allowing the ISRs listed in the startup file to be replaced.

#### See also

```
ISR_GlobalDisable(), ISR_addToIntTable()
```

## ISR\_addToIntTable()

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

### Precondition

Initialize a new vector table in RAM before calling this function.

## **Parameters**

in	isr	Name of the ISR to add.	
in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range $[16, 154]$	. ]

## Postcondition

The ISR is now added to the vector table and available to be called.

## See also

ISR\_InitNewTableInRam()

## ISR\_setPriority()

Set the priority for an interrupt.

## Precondition

Disable the interrupt before adjusting its priority.

## **Parameters**

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154]	
in	priority	Priority to assign. Highest priority is 0, lowest is 7.	

## Postcondition

The interrupt's priority has now been changed in the NVIC.

#### See also

ISR\_Disable()

## ISR\_Enable()

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

### Precondition

If needed, add the interrupt to the vector table.

If needed, set the interrupt's priority (default 0, or highest priority) before calling this.

### **Parameters**

	in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154]	].
--	----	-----------	---	----

## Postcondition

The interrupt is now enabled in the NVIC.

### See also

```
ISR_addToIntTable(), ISR_setPriority(), ISR_Disable()
```

# ISR\_Disable()

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].	٦
----	-----------	--	---

### Postcondition

The interrupt is now disabled in the NVIC.

#### See also

ISR\_Enable()

## ISR\_triggerInterrupt()

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

## Precondition

Enable the ISR (and set priority as needed).

Enable all interrupts.

### **Parameters**

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].
----	-----------	--

### Postcondition

The ISR should trigger once any higher priority ISRs return.

# See also

ISR\_clearPending()

# 5 Data Structure Documentation

# 5.1 Fifo\_t Struct Reference

## **Data Fields**

• volatile uint32\_t \* buffer

(pointer to) array to use as FIFO buffer

volatile uint32\_t N

length of buffer

volatile uint32\_t frontldx

idx of front of FIFO

volatile uint32\_t backldx

idx of back of FIFO

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Fifo.c

# 5.2 GpioPort\_t Struct Reference

### **Data Fields**

- const uint32\_t BASE\_ADDRESS
- const uint32\_t DATA\_REGISTER
- bool isInit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• GPIO.c

## 5.3 Led\_t Struct Reference

## **Data Fields**

• GpioPort\_t GPIO\_PORT\_PTR

pointer to GPIO port data structure

• GpioPin\_t GPIO\_PIN

GPIO pin number.

- volatile uint32\_t \* gpioDataRegister
- bool isOn

state indicator

· bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Led.c

# 5.4 Timer\_t Struct Reference

### **Data Fields**

- const timerName\_t NAME
- · const uint32 t BASE ADDR
- register\_t controlRegister
- register\_t intervalLoadRegister
- register\_t interruptClearRegister
- · bool isInit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Timer.c

# 5.5 Uart\_t Struct Reference

## **Data Fields**

- const uint32\_t BASE\_ADDRESS
- register\_t FLAG\_R\_ADDRESS
- GpioPort\_t GPIO\_PORT

pointer to GPIO port data structure

GpioPin\_t RX\_PIN\_NUM

GPIO pin number.

• GpioPin\_t TX\_PIN\_NUM

GPIO pin number.

· bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• UART.c

# 6 File Documentation

## 6.1 DAQ.c File Reference

Source code for DAQ module.

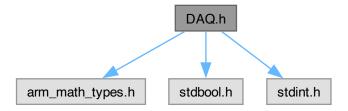
Include dependency graph for DAQ.c:



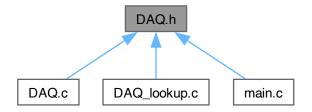
## 6.2 DAQ.h File Reference

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

Include dependency graph for DAQ.h:



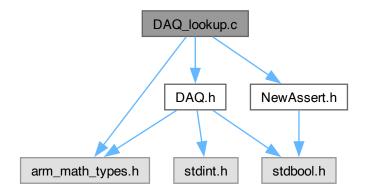
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# 6.3 DAQ\_lookup.c File Reference

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

Include dependency graph for DAQ\_lookup.c:

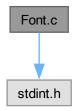


# 6.4 Font.c File Reference

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.

6.5 LCD.c File Reference 107

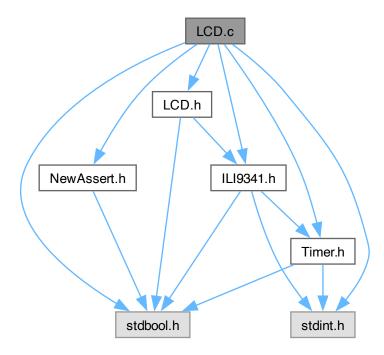
Include dependency graph for Font.c:



#### 6.5 LCD.c File Reference

Source code for LCD module.

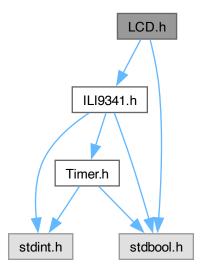
Include dependency graph for LCD.c:



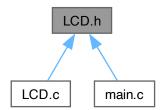
## 6.6 LCD.h File Reference

Header file for LCD module.

Include dependency graph for LCD.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.7 QRS.c File Reference

Source code for QRS detection module.

Include dependency graph for QRS.c:

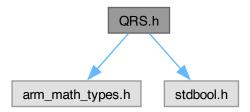


6.8 QRS.h File Reference 109

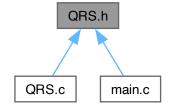
## 6.8 QRS.h File Reference

Header file for QRS detection module.

Include dependency graph for QRS.h:



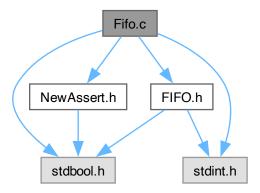
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.9 Fifo.c File Reference

Source code for FIFO buffer module.

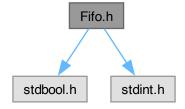
Include dependency graph for Fifo.c:



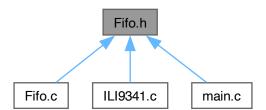
## 6.10 Fifo.h File Reference

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

Include dependency graph for Fifo.h:



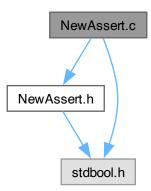
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.11 NewAssert.c File Reference

Source code for custom assert implementation.

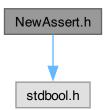
Include dependency graph for NewAssert.c:



#### 6.12 NewAssert.h File Reference

 $\label{thm:leader_file} \textbf{Header file for custom} \ \texttt{assert implementation}.$ 

Include dependency graph for NewAssert.h:



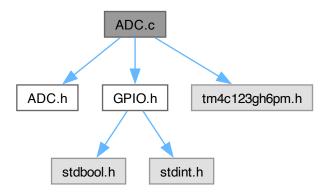
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.13 ADC.c File Reference

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

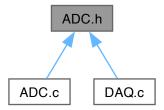
Include dependency graph for ADC.c:



#### 6.14 ADC.h File Reference

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

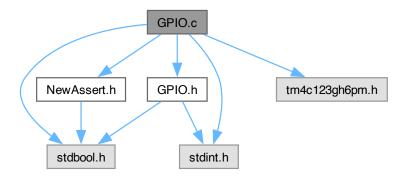
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### 6.15 GPIO.c File Reference

Source code for GPIO module.

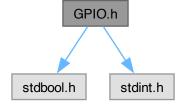
Include dependency graph for GPIO.c:



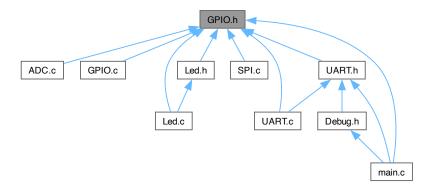
## 6.16 GPIO.h File Reference

Header file for general-purpose input/output (GPIO) device driver.

Include dependency graph for GPIO.h:



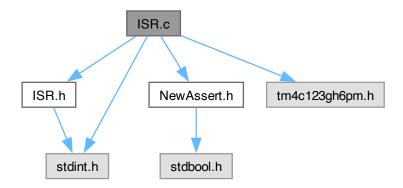
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### 6.17 ISR.c File Reference

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

Include dependency graph for ISR.c:



## 6.18 ISR.h File Reference

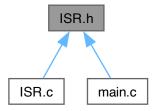
Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

6.19 PLL.c File Reference 115

Include dependency graph for ISR.h:



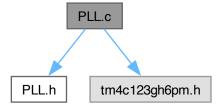
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.19 PLL.c File Reference

Implementation details for phase-lock-loop (PLL) functions.

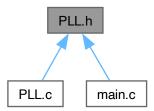
Include dependency graph for PLL.c:



## 6.20 PLL.h File Reference

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

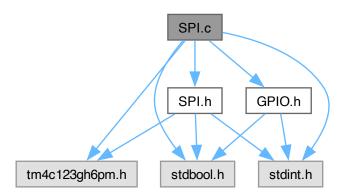
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.21 SPI.c File Reference

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

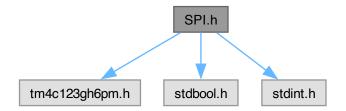
Include dependency graph for SPI.c:



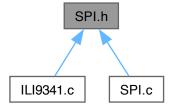
#### 6.22 SPI.h File Reference

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

Include dependency graph for SPI.h:



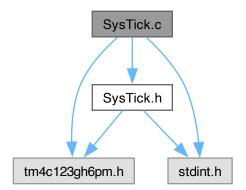
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# 6.23 SysTick.c File Reference

Implementation details for SysTick functions.

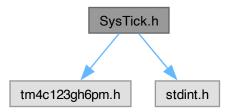
Include dependency graph for SysTick.c:



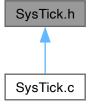
## 6.24 SysTick.h File Reference

Driver module for using SysTick-based timing and/or interrupts.

Include dependency graph for SysTick.h:



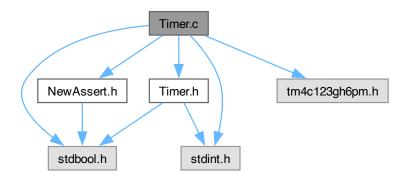
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.25 Timer.c File Reference

Source code for Timer module.

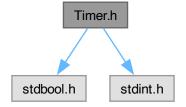
Include dependency graph for Timer.c:



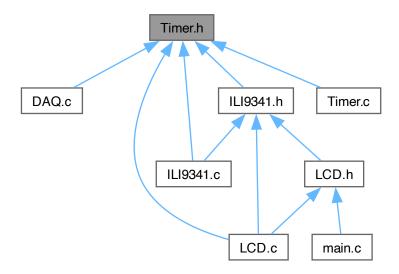
## 6.26 Timer.h File Reference

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

Include dependency graph for Timer.h:



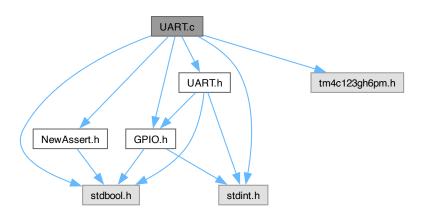
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### 6.27 UART.c File Reference

Source code for UART module.

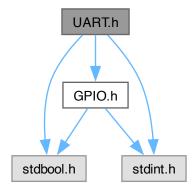
Include dependency graph for UART.c:



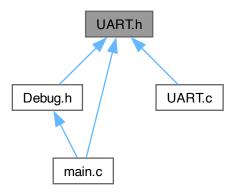
## 6.28 UART.h File Reference

Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

Include dependency graph for UART.h:



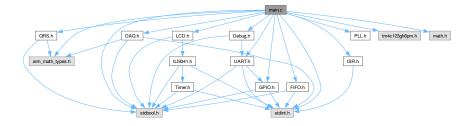
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.29 main.c File Reference

Main program file.

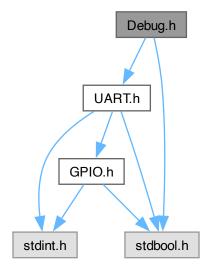
Include dependency graph for main.c:



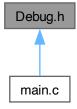
## 6.30 Debug.h File Reference

Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

Include dependency graph for Debug.h:



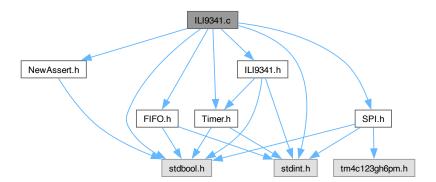
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## 6.31 ILI9341.c File Reference

Source code for ILI9341 module.

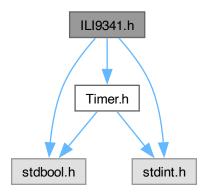
Include dependency graph for ILI9341.c:



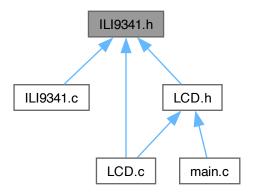
## 6.32 ILI9341.h File Reference

Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

Include dependency graph for ILI9341.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

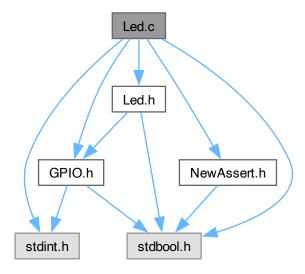


## 6.33 Led.c File Reference

Source code for LED module.

6.34 Led.h File Reference 125

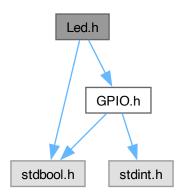
Include dependency graph for Led.c:



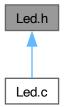
## 6.34 Led.h File Reference

Interface for LED module.

Include dependency graph for Led.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



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