uHeartMonitor

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1 Bug List

Global FIFO_Get (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

To use floats (AKA float32_t), type-punning is necessary.

Global FIFO_Put (volatile Fifo_t fifo, const uint32_t val)

To use floats (AKA float32_t), type-punning is necessary.

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3 Data Structure Index

3.1 Data Structures

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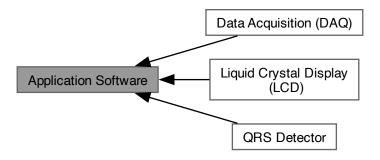
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5 Topic Documentation

5.1 Application Software

Application-specific software modules.

Collaboration diagram for Application Software:



Modules

- Data Acquisition (DAQ)
- Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
- QRS Detector

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Application-specific software modules.

These modules contain functions built specifically for this project's purposes.

5.1.2 Data Acquisition (DAQ)

Collaboration diagram for Data Acquisition (DAQ):



Files

• file DAQ.c

Source code for DAQ module.

• file DAQ.h

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

• file DAQ_lookup.c

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

Macros

• #define SAMPLING PERIOD MS 5

sampling period in ms ($T_s = \frac{1}{f_s}$)

#define DAQ_LOOKUP_MAX ((float32_t) 5.5f)

maximum lookup table value

• #define DAQ_LOOKUP_MIN ((float32_t) (-5.5f))

minimum lookup table value

Variables

static const float32 t DAQ LOOKUP_TABLE [4096]

Lookup table for converting ADC data from unsigned 12-bit integer values to 32-bit floating point values.

Digital Filters

• enum {

NUM_STAGES_NOTCH = 6, NUM_COEFFS_NOTCH = NUM_STAGES_NOTCH * 5, STATE_BUFF_ \leftarrow SIZE_NOTCH = NUM_STAGES_NOTCH * 4, NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4, NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5, STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4}

- typedef arm_biquad_casd_df1_inst_f32 Filter_t
- static const float32 t COEFFS NOTCH [NUM COEFFS NOTCH]
- static const float32_t COEFFS_BANDPASS [NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS]
- static float32 t stateBuffer Notch [STATE BUFF SIZE NOTCH]
- static const Filter t notchFiltStruct = { NUM STAGES NOTCH, stateBuffer Notch, COEFFS NOTCH }
- static const Filter t *const notchFilter = ¬chFiltStruct
- static float32 t stateBuffer Bandpass [STATE BUFF SIZE BANDPASS]
- static const Filter_t bandpassFiltStruct
- static const Filter_t *const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct

Initialization

void DAQ_Init (void)

Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

Reading Input Data

uint16_t DAQ_readSample (void)

Read a sample from the ADC.

void DAQ acknowledgeInterrupt (void)

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

float32_t DAQ_convertToMilliVolts (uint16_t sample)

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

Digital Filtering Functions

float32_t DAQ_NotchFilter (volatile float32_t xn)

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

float32_t DAQ_BandpassFilter (volatile float32_t xn)

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

5.1.2.1 Detailed Description

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

5.1.2.2 Function Documentation

DAQ Init()

```
void DAQ_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

Postcondition

The analog-to-digital converter (ADC) is initialized and configured for timer-triggered sample capture.

The timer is initialized in PERIODIC mode and triggers the ADC every 5ms (i.e. sampling frequency $f_s = 200Hz$).

The DAQ module has access to its lookup table (LUT).

DAQ_readSample()

Read a sample from the ADC.

Precondition

Initialize the DAQ module.

This should be used in an interrupt handler and/or at a consistent rate (i.e. the sampling frequency).

Parameters

out	sample	12-bit sample in range [0×000 ,	0xFFF]
-----	--------	---	--------

Postcondition

The sample can now be converted to millivolts.

See also

DAQ_convertToMilliVolts()

DAQ_acknowledgeInterrupt()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

Precondition

This should be used within an interrupt handler.

DAQ_NotchFilter()

```
float32_t DAQ_NotchFilter ( {\tt volatile~float32\_t~\it xn~)}
```

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC and convert it to millivolts.

Parameters

in	xn	Raw input sample
out	yn	Filtered output sample

Postcondition

y[n] is ready for analysis and/or further processing.

See also

DAQ_BandpassFilter()

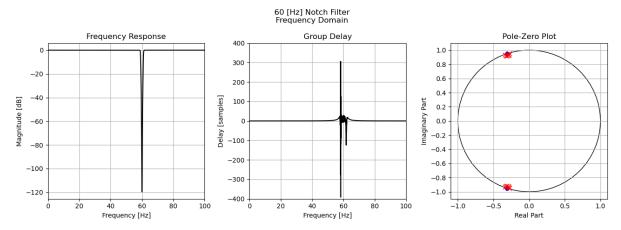


Figure 1 Frequency domain parameters for the notch filter.

DAQ_BandpassFilter()

```
float32_t DAQ_BandpassFilter ( volatile \ float32\_t \ \textit{xn} \ )
```

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC and convert it to millivolts.

Parameters

in	xn	Input sample
out	yn	Filtered output sample

Postcondition

y[n] is ready for analysis and/or further processing.

See also

DAQ_NotchFilter()

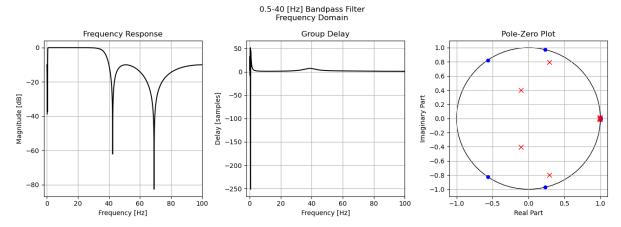


Figure 2 Frequency domain parameters for the bandpass filter.

DAQ_convertToMilliVolts()

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC.

Parameters

iı	n	sample	12-bit sample in range [0x000, 0xFFF]
01	ut	xn	Voltage value in range $[-5.5, 5.5)[mV]$

Postcondition

The sample x[n] is ready for filtering.

See also

DAQ_readSample()

Note

Defined in DAQ_lookup.c rather than DAQ.c.

5.1.2.3 Variable Documentation

COEFFS_NOTCH

COEFFS_BANDPASS

bandpassFiltStruct

5.1.3 Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

Collaboration diagram for Liquid Crystal Display (LCD):

1.994096040725708f, -0.9943605065345764f,



Files

```
• file Font.c

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.
```

• file LCD.c

Source code for LCD module.

• file LCD.h

Header file for LCD module.

Macros

• #define CONVERT_INT_TO_ASCII(X) ((unsigned char) (X + 0x30))

Functions

static void LCD_plotSample (uint16_t x, uint16_t y, LCD_Color_t color)
 Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

Variables

```
• const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]
struct {
    uint16_t x1
      starting x-value in range [0, x2]
    uint16_t x2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM ROWS)
   uint16_t y1
      starting y-value in range [0, y2]
   uint16 t y2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM COLS)
   uint16_t lineNum
      line number for text; in range [0, NUM_LINES)
    uint16 t colNum
      column number for text; in range [0, NUM_COLS)
    uint8_t R_val
      5 R value
    uint8 t G val
      6-bit G value
    uint8_t B_val
      5 B value
    bool islnit
      if true, LCD has been initialized
 \} \ \text{lcd} = \{ \ 0 \ \}
```

• const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]

Initialization & Configuration

```
enum LCD_PLOT_INFO { LCD_X_MAX = ILI9341_NUM_ROWS - 1 , LCD_Y_MAX = ILI9341_NUM_COLS
  - 1 }
enum LCD_Color_t {
  LCD\_BLACK = \sim (0x00) \& 0x07, LCD\_RED = \sim (0x04) \& 0x07, LCD\_GREEN = \sim (0x02) \& 0x07, LCD\_ \leftrightarrow (0x00) \& 0x07
  BLUE = \sim(0x01) & 0x07,
 LCD\_YELLOW = \sim (0x06) \& 0x07, LCD\_CYAN = \sim (0x03) \& 0x07, LCD\_PURPLE = \sim (0x05) \& 0x07,
 LCD_WHITE = \sim(0x07) & 0x07}

    void LCD_Init (void)

     Initialize the LCD.

    void LCD_setOutputMode (bool isOn)

     Toggle display output ON or OFF (OFF by default).
void LCD_setX (uint16_t x1, uint16_t x2)
     Set new x-coordinates to be written to. 0 <= x1 <= x2 <= X_{MAX}.
void LCD_setY (uint16_t y1, uint16_t y2)
     Set new y-coordinates to be written to. 0 \le y1 \le y2 \le Y_{MAX}.

    void LCD_setColor (LCD_Color_t color)

     Set the color value.
```

Writing

```
    enum LCD_WRITING_INFO { HEIGHT_CHAR = 8 , LEN_CHAR = 5 , NUM_LINES = 30 , NUM_COLS = 64 }
    void LCD_setCursor (uint16_t lineNum, uint16_t colNum)
        Set the cursor to line x, column y.
    void LCD_writeChar (unsigned char inputChar)
    void LCD_writeStr (void *asciiString)
    void LCD_writeFloat (float num)
```

ASCII Characters (Punctuation)

```
static const uint8_t FONT_SPACE [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_COLON [8]
```

ASCII Characters (Numbers)

```
static const uint8_t FONT_0 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_1 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_2 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_3 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_4 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_5 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_6 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_7 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_8 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_9 [8]
```

ASCII Characters (Uppercase Letters)

- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER A [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER B [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_C [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER D [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_E [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER G [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_H [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER I [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_J [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER K [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_L [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_M [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_N [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_O [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_P [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Q [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_S [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_T [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_H [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_U [8]
 static const uint8 t FONT_UPPER_V [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_W [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER X [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER Y [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER Z [8]

ASCII Characters (Lowercase Letters)

- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_A [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER B [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_C [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER D [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_E [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER G [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_H [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_I [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_J [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_K [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_L [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_M [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_N [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_O [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_P [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Q [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_R [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER S [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_T [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_U [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_V [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_W [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER X [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Y [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Z [8]

Helper Functions

• static void LCD_drawLine (uint16_t center, uint16_t lineWidth, bool is_horizontal)

Helper function for drawing straight lines.

static void LCD_updateCursor (void)

Update the cursor for after writing text on the display.

Drawing

```
    void LCD Draw (void)
```

Draw on the LCD.

void LCD_Fill (void)

Fill the display with a single color.

void LCD_drawHoriLine (uint16_t yCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)

Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.

void LCD_drawVertLine (uint16_t xCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)

Draw a vertical line across the entire display.

• void LCD_drawRectangle (uint16_t x1, uint16_t dx, uint16_t y1, uint16_t dy, bool isFilled)

Draw a rectangle of size $dx \times dy$ onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).

5.1.3.1 Detailed Description

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

5.1.3.2 Function Documentation

LCD_drawLine()

Helper function for drawing straight lines.

Parameters

center	Row or column that the line is centered on. center is increased or decreased if the line to be written would have gone out of bounds.
lineWidth	Width of the line. Should be a positive, odd number.
is_row	true for horizontal line, false for vertical line

LCD_Init()

```
void LCD_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the LCD.

Postcondition

The display will be ready to accept commands, but output will be off.

LCD_setOutputMode()

```
void LCD_setOutputMode ( bool \ \textit{isOn} \ )
```

Toggle display output \mathtt{ON} or \mathtt{OFF} (\mathtt{OFF} by default).

Parameters

in	isOn	true to turn display output ON, false to turn OFF
----	------	---

Postcondition

When OFF, the display is cleared. When ON, the IC writes pixel data from its memory to the display.

LCD_setX()

Set new x-coordinates to be written to. $0 \le x1 \le x2 \le X_{MAX}$.

Parameters

in	x1	left-most x-coordinate
in	x2	right-most x-coordinate

See also

```
LCD_setY()
```

LCD_setY()

Set new y-coordinates to be written to. $0 <= y1 <= y2 <= Y_{MAX}$.

Parameters

in	y1	lowest y-coordinate
in	y2	highest y-coordinate

See also

```
LCD_setX()
```

LCD_setColor()

Set the color value.

Parameters

```
in color Color to use.
```

Postcondition

Outgoing pixel data will use the selected color.

LCD_Draw()

```
void LCD_Draw (
     void )
```

Draw on the LCD.

Precondition

Set the drawable area and the color to use for that area.

Postcondition

The selected areas of the display will be drawn onto with the selected color.

See also

```
LCD_setX(), LCD_setColor()
```

LCD_Fill()

```
void LCD_Fill (
     void )
```

Fill the display with a single color.

Precondition

Select the desired color to fill the display with.

See also

LCD_setColor()

LCD_drawHoriLine()

Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.

Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the line.

Parameters

in	yCenter	y-coordinate to center the line on
in	lineWidth	width of the line; should be a positive, odd number

See also

LCD_drawVertLine, LCD_drawRectangle()

LCD_drawVertLine()

Draw a vertical line across the entire display.

Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the line.

Parameters

in	xCenter	x-coordinate to center the line on
in	lineWidth	width of the line; should be a positive, odd number

See also

LCD_drawHoriLine, LCD_drawRectangle()

LCD_drawRectangle()

```
void LCD_drawRectangle ( \label{eq:lcd_lcd} \mbox{uint16\_t } x1, \\ \mbox{uint16\_t } dx, \\
```

```
uint16_t y1,
uint16_t dy,
bool isFilled )
```

Draw a rectangle of size dx x dy onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).

Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the rectangle.

Parameters

in	x1	lowest (left-most) x-coordinate
in	dx	length (horizontal distance) of the rectangle
in	y1	lowest (bottom-most) y-coordinate
in	dy	height (vertical distance) of the rectangle
in	isFilled	true to fill the rectangle, false to leave it unfilled

See also

LCD_Draw(), LCD_Fill(), LCD_drawHoriLine(), LCD_drawVertLine()

LCD_plotSample()

Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

Parameters

in	X	x-coordinate (i.e. sample number) in range [0, X_MAX]
in	У	y-coordinate (i.e. amplitude) in range [0, Y_MAX]
in	color	Color to use

See also

```
LCD_setX(), LCD_setY(), LCD_setColor(), LCD_Draw()
```

LCD_setCursor()

Set the cursor to line x, column y.

Parameters

in	lineNum	Line number to place characters. Should be in range [0, 30).
in	colNum	Column number to place characters. Should be in range [0, 64).

5.1.3.3 Variable Documentation

FONT_SPACE

```
const uint8_t FONT_SPACE[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
     0x00,
     0x00
```

FONT_PERIOD

```
const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_COLON

```
const uint8_t FONT_COLON[8] [static]
```

```
FONT_0
const uint8_t FONT_0[8] [static]
Initial value:
    0x0E,
    0x11,
    0x13,
    0x15,
0x19,
    0x11,
    0x0E
FONT_1
const uint8_t FONT_1[8] [static]
Initial value:
    0x06,
    0x0E,
    0x16,
0x06,
```

FONT_2

0x06, 0x06, 0x06, 0x1F

```
const uint8_t FONT_2[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x0E,
    0x11,
0x01,
    0x06,
     0x08,
     0x10,
    0x11,
     0x1F
```

FONT_3

```
const uint8_t FONT_3[8] [static]
```

```
0x11,
0x01,
    0x06,
    0x01,
    0x11,
    0x11,
0x0E
```

FONT_4

FONT_5

```
const uint8_t FONT_5[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_6

```
const uint8_t FONT_6[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_7

```
const uint8_t FONT_7[8] [static]
```

FONT_8

FONT_9

```
const uint8_t FONT_9[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x0E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x0F,
0x01,
0x01,
0x11,
0x0E
```

FONT_UPPER_A

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_A[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x0E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
```

FONT_UPPER_B

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_B[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_C

FONT_UPPER_D

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_D[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11
```

FONT_UPPER_E

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_E[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_F

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_F[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_G

FONT_UPPER_H

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_H[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_I

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_I[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_J

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_J[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_K

FONT_UPPER_L

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_L[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_M

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_M[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_N

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_N[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_O

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_O[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
          0x0E,
          0x11,
          0x0E
}
```

FONT_UPPER_P

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_P[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x10
```

FONT_UPPER_Q

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Q[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_R

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_S

FONT_UPPER_T

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_T[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x1F,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
```

FONT_UPPER_U

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_U[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
```

FONT_UPPER_V

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_V[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_W

FONT_UPPER_X

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_X[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_Y

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Y[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
```

FONT_UPPER_Z

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Z[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_A

FONT_LOWER_B

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_B[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_C

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_C[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_D

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_D[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_E

FONT_LOWER_F

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_F[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_G

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_G[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_H

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_H[8] [static]
```

```
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_I

FONT_LOWER_J

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_J[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x02,
0x00,
0x00,
0x06,
0x02,
0x02,
0x12,
0x12,
0x0C
```

FONT_LOWER_K

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_K[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x12,
0x14,
0x18,
0x14,
0x12,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_L

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_L[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_M

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_M[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
          0x00,
          0x11,
          0x11,
          0x11,
          0x00,
}
```

FONT_LOWER_N

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_N[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x00,
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_O

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_O[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_P

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_P[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_Q

FONT_LOWER_R

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_R[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_S

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_S[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x00,
0x00,
0x0E,
0x10,
0x0E,
0x01,
0x0E,
```

FONT_LOWER_T

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_T[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_U

FONT_LOWER_V

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_V[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x00,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x0A,
0x04,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_W

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_W[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_X

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_X[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_Y

FONT_LOWER_Z

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Z[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x00,
0x1F,
0x02,
0x04,
0x08,
0x1F,
0x00
```

5.1.4 QRS Detector

Collaboration diagram for QRS Detector:



Files

• file QRS.c

Source code for QRS detection module.

• file QRS.h

Header file for QRS detection module.

Macros

- #define QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS 40
- #define FLOAT_COMPARE_TOLERANCE (float32_t)(1E-5f)
- #define IS_GREATER(X, Y) (bool) ((X Y) > FLOAT_COMPARE_TOLERANCE)
- #define IS_PEAK(X_MINUS_1, X, X_PLUS_1) (bool) (IS_GREATER(X, X_MINUS_1) && IS_GREATER(X, X_PLUS_1))
- #define QRS_SAMP_FREQ ((uint32_t) 200)
- #define QRS SAMP PERIOD SEC ((float32 t) 0.005f)
- #define QRS_NUM_SAMP ((uint16 t) (1 << 11))

Variables

```
    struct {
        bool isCalibrated
        float32_t signalLevel
            estimated signal level
        float32_t noiseLevel
        estimated noise level
        float32_t threshold
        amplitude threshold
        uint16_t fidMarkArray [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        float32_t utilityBuffer1 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        array to hold fidMark indices
        float32_t utilityBuffer2 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
    } Detector = { false, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, { 0 }, { 0 }, { 0 }, { 0 }}
```

Digital Filters

• enum {

```
NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4 , NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5 , STATE ← BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4 , NUM_COEFF_DERFILT = 5 , BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT = (1 << 8) , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_DERFILT = NUM_COEFF_DERFILT + BLOCK ← SIZE_DERFILT - 1 , NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG = 10 , BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG = BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG = NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG + BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG - 1 }
```

- typedef arm biquad casd df1 inst f32 IIR Filt t
- typedef arm_fir_instance_f32 FIR_Filt_t
- static const float32 t COEFF BANDPASS [NUM COEFF HIGHPASS]
- static const float32 t COEFF DERFILT [NUM COEFF DERFILT]
- static const float32_t COEFF_MOVAVG [NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG]
- static float32 t stateBuffer_bandPass [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS] = { 0 }
- static const IIR_Filt_t bandpassFiltStruct = { NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS, stateBuffer_bandPass, COEFF
 —BANDPASS }
- static const IIR_Filt_t *const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct
- static float32_t stateBuffer_DerFilt [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_DERFILT] = { 0 }
- static const FIR_Filt_t derivativeFiltStruct = { NUM_COEFF_DERFILT, stateBuffer_DerFilt, COEFF_
 DERFILT }
- static const FIR_Filt_t *const derivativeFilter = &derivativeFiltStruct
- static float32_t stateBuffer_MovingAvg [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG] = { 0 }
- static const FIR_Filt_t movingAvgFiltStruct = { NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG, stateBuffer_MovingAvg, COEFF
 _MOVAVG }
- static const FIR Filt t *const movingAverageFilter = &movingAvgFiltStruct

Implementation-specific Functions

- static uint8_t QRS_findFiducialMarks (const float32_t yn[], uint16_t fidMarkArray[])
 Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").
- static void QRS_initLevels (const float32_t yn[], float32_t *sigLvlPtr, float32_t *noiseLvlPtr)

 Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.
- static float32_t QRS_updateLevel (const float32_t peakAmplitude, float32_t level)

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

static float32_t QRS_updateThreshold (const float32_t signalLevel, const float32_t noiseLevel)

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

Interface Functions

void QRS_Init (void)

Initialize the QRS detector.

void QRS_Preprocess (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

• float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules (const float32_t yn[])

Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.

float32_t QRS_runDetection (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

5.1.4.1 Detailed Description

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

5.1.4.2 Function Documentation

QRS_findFiducialMarks()

Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").

Parameters

in	yn	Array containing the preprocessed ECG signal $y[n]$
in	fidMarkArray	Array to place the fiducial mark's sample indices into.
out	numMarks	Number of identified fiducial marks

Postcondition

fidMarkArray will hold the values of the fiducial marks.

The fiducial marks must be spaced apart by at least 200 [ms] (40 samples @ fs = 200 [Hz]). If a peak is found within this range, the one with the largest amplitude is taken to be the correct peak and the other is ignored.

QRS_initLevels()

Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.

Parameters

in	yn	Array containing the preprocessed ECG signal $y[n]$
in	sigLvlPtr	Pointer to variable holding the signal level value.
in	noiseLvlPtr	Pointer to variable holding the noise level value.

Postcondition

The signal and noise levels are initialized.

QRS_updateLevel()

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

Parameters

in	peakAmplitude	Amplitude of the fiducial mark in signal $y[n]$
in	level	The current value of the signal level or noise level
out	newLevel	The updated value of the signal level or noise level

```
signalLevel_1 = f(peakAmplitude, signalLevel_0) = \frac{1}{8}peakAmplitude + \frac{7}{8}signalLevel_0 noiseLevel_1 = f(peakAmplitude, noiseLevel_0) = \frac{1}{8}peakAmplitude + \frac{7}{8}noiseLevel_0
```

QRS_updateThreshold()

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

Parameters

in	signalLevel	Current signal level.
in	noiseLevel	Current noise level.
out	threshold	New threshold to use for next comparison.

See also

QRS_updateLevel(), QRS_applyDecisionRules

threshold = f(signalLevel, noiseLevel) = noiseLevel + 0.25(signalLevel - noiseLevel)

QRS_Init()

```
void QRS_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the QRS detector.

Note

This function isn't necessary anymore, but I'm keeping it here just in case.

This function originally initialized the filter structs but now does nothing since those have been made const and their initialization functions have been removed entirely.

QRS_Preprocess()

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

Precondition

Fill input buffer xn with raw or lightly preprocessed ECG data.

Parameters

in	xn	Array of raw ECG signal values.	
in	yn	Array used to store preprocessed ECG signal values.	

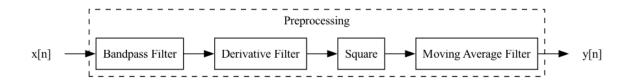
Postcondition

The preprocessed signal data y[n] is stored in yn and is ready to be analyzed to calculate the heart rate in [bpm].

See also

QRS_applyDecisionRules()

This function uses the same overall preprocessing pipeline as the original Pan-Tompkins algorithm, but the high-pass and low-pass filters have been replaced with ones generated using Scipy.



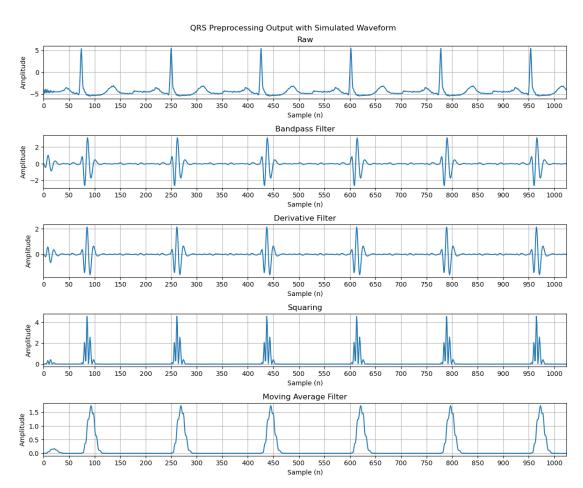


Figure 3 Output of each preprocessing step.

QRS_applyDecisionRules()

```
float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules ( {\tt const\ float32\_t\ yn[]\ )}
```

Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.

Precondition

Preprocess the raw ECG data.

Parameters

in	yn	Array of preprocessed ECG signal values.
out	heartRate	Average heart rate in [bpm].

Postcondition

Certain information (signal/noise levels, thresholds, etc.) is retained between calls and used to improve further detection.

Warning

The current implementation only processes one block at a time and discards the data immediately after, so peaks that are cut off between one block and another might not be being counted.

See also

QRS_Preprocess()

QRS_runDetection()

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

This function simply combines the preprocessing and decision rules functions into a single function.

Parameters

in	xn	Array of raw ECG signal values.
in	yn	Array used to hold preprocessed ECG signal values.
out	heartRate	Average heart rate in [bpm].

Postcondition

yn will contain the preprocessed data.

Certain information (signal/noise levels, thresholds, etc.) is retained between calls.

See also

QRS_Preprocess(), QRS_applyDecisionRules()

1.0485996007919312f, -0.2961403429508209f,

5.1.4.3 Variable Documentation

COEFF_BANDPASS

```
const float32_t COEFF_BANDPASS[NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS] [static]

Initial value:
= {
     0.002937758108600974f, 0.005875516217201948f, 0.002937758108600974f,
```

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```
1.0f, 2.0f, 1.0f,

1.3876197338104248f, -0.492422878742218f,

1.0f, -2.0f, 1.0f,

1.3209134340286255f, -0.6327387690544128f,

1.0f, -2.0f, 1.0f,

1.6299355030059814f, -0.7530401945114136f,
```

COEFF_DERFILT

```
const float32_t COEFF_DERFILT[NUM_COEFF_DERFILT] [static]
Initial value:
= {
    -0.125f, -0.25f, 0.0f, 0.25f, 0.125f
```

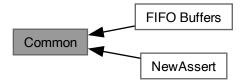
COEFF_MOVAVG

```
const float32_t COEFF_MOVAVG[NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG] [static]
```

Initial value:

5.2 Common

Collaboration diagram for Common:



Modules

- FIFO Buffers
- NewAssert

Files

· file NewAssert.c

Source code for custom assert implementation.

• file NewAssert.h

 $\textit{Header file for custom} \ \textit{assert implementation}.$

Functions

· void Assert (bool condition)

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Modules that are used by multiple layers and/or don't fit into any one layer.

5.2.2 Function Documentation

Assert()

```
void Assert (
          bool condition )
```

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

Parameters

in <i>condition</i>	Conditional to test.
---------------------	----------------------

Postcondition

```
If condition == true, the function simply returns.
If condition == false, a breakpoint is initiated.
```

5.2.3 FIFO Buffers

Collaboration diagram for FIFO Buffers:



Files

• file Fifo.c

Source code for FIFO buffer module.

• file Fifo.h

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

5.2 Common 45

Data Structures

struct Fifo_t

Macros

#define FIFO_POOL_SIZE 5

Functions

Fifo_t FIFO_Init (volatile uint32_t buffer[], const uint32_t N)
 Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.

Variables

- static FifoStruct_t fifoPool [FIFO_POOL_SIZE] = { 0 }
 pre-allocated pool
- static uint8_t numFreeFifos = FIFO_POOL_SIZE

Basic Operations

- void FIFO_Put (volatile Fifo_t fifo, const uint32_t val)
 - Add a value to the end of the buffer.
- uint32_t FIFO_Get (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Remove the first value of the buffer.

void FIFO_TransferOne (volatile Fifo_t srcFifo, volatile Fifo_t destFifo)

Transfer a value from one FIFO buffer to another.

Bulk Removal

- void FIFO_Flush (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])
 - Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.
- void FIFO_Reset (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Reset the FIFO buffer.

• void FIFO_TransferAll (volatile Fifo_t srcFifo, volatile Fifo_t destFifo)

Transfer the contents of one FIFO buffer to another.

Peeking

uint32_t FIFO_PeekOne (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

void FIFO_PeekAll (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

Status Checks

```
• bool FIFO_isFull (volatile Fifo_t fifo)
```

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

• bool FIFO_isEmpty (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

• uint32_t FIFO_getCurrSize (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

5.2.3.1 Detailed Description

Module for using the "first-in first-out (FIFO) buffer" data structure.

5.2.3.2 Function Documentation

FIFO_Init()

Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.

Parameters

in	buffer	Array of size ${\tt N}$ to be used as FIFO buffer
in	Ν	Length of buffer. Usable length is ${\tt N}-{\tt 1}.$
out	fifo	pointer to the FIFO buffer

Postcondition

The number of available FIFO buffers is reduced by 1.

TODO: Add details

FIFO_Put()

Add a value to the end of the buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
in	val	Value to add to the buffer.

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Postcondition

If the FIFO is not full, val is placed in the buffer. If the FIFO is full, nothing happens.

Bug To use floats (AKA float32_t), type-punning is necessary.

```
// type-punning example
float num = 4.252603;
FIFO_Put(fifo, *((uint32_t *) &num));
```

FIFO_Get()

Remove the first value of the buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

Postcondition

If the FIFO is not empty, the next value is return If the FIFO is empty, 0 is returned.

Bug To use floats (AKA float32_t), type-punning is necessary.

```
// type-punning example
float num;
*((uint32_t *) &num) = FIFO_Get(fifo);
```

FIFO_TransferOne()

Transfer a value from one FIFO buffer to another.

Precondition

Initialize both FIFO buffers.

Parameters

i	n	srcFifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.
i	n	destFifo	Pointer to destination FIFO buffer.

Postcondition

A value is removed from srcFifo and placed in destFifo.

FIFO_Flush()

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.	

Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are transferred to the output buffer.

FIFO_Reset()

Reset the FIFO buffer.

Parameters

in fifo Pointer to FIFO buffer.

Postcondition

The FIFO is now considered empty. The underlying buffer's contents are not affected.

FIFO_TransferAll()

Transfer the contents of one FIFO buffer to another.

Parameters

	in <i>srcFifo</i>		Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
ſ	in	destFifo	Pointer to destination FIFO buffer.	

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FIFO_PeekOne()

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

FIFO_PeekAll()

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.	

Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are copied to the output buffer.

FIFO_isFull()

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	true	The FIFO buffer is full.
out	false	The FIFO buffer is not full.

FIFO_isEmpty()

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	true	The FIFO buffer is empty.
out	false	The FIFO buffer is not empty.

FIFO_getCurrSize()

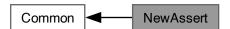
Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	size	Current number of values in the FIFO buffer.

5.2.4 NewAssert

Collaboration diagram for NewAssert:

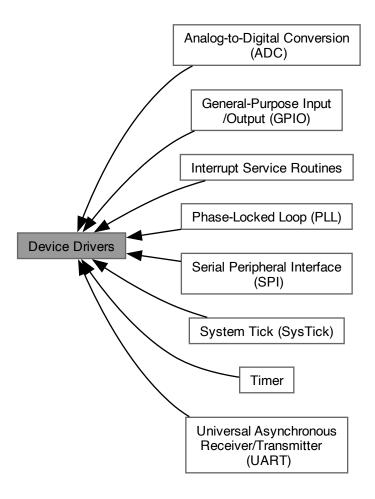


 $\label{eq:module for using a custom} \ \texttt{assert implementation}.$

5.3 Device Drivers

Low level device driver modules.

Collaboration diagram for Device Drivers:



Modules

- Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC)
- General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)
- Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)
- Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
- System Tick (SysTick)
- Timei
- Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)
- Interrupt Service Routines

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Low level device driver modules.

These modules contain functions for interfacing with the TM4C123 microcontroller's built-in peripherals.

5.3.2 Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC)

Collaboration diagram for Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC):



Files

• file ADC.c

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

• file ADC.h

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

Functions

void ADC_Init (void)

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

5.3.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions for differential-input analog-to-digital conversion.

5.3.2.2 Function Documentation

ADC_Init()

```
void ADC_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

Postcondition

Analog input 8 (Ain8) – AKA GPIO pin PE5 – captures samples when triggered by one of the hardware timers, and initiates an interrupt once sample capture is complete.

5.3.3 General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

Collaboration diagram for General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO):



Functions for using general-purpose input/output (GPIO) ports.

5.3.4 Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)

Collaboration diagram for Phase-Locked Loop (PLL):



Files

- file PLL.c
 - Implementation details for phase-lock-loop (PLL) functions.
- file PLL.h

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

Functions

void PLL_Init (void)

Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

5.3.4.1 Detailed Description

Function for initializing the phase-locked loop.

5.3.4.2 Function Documentation

PLL_Init()

```
void PLL_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

Postcondition

The bus frequency is now running at 80 [MHz].

5.3.5 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

Collaboration diagram for Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI):



Files

• file SPI.c

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

• file SPI.h

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

Macros

- #define SPI_SET_DC() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x40)
- #define $SPI_CLEAR_DC()$ (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= \sim (0x40))
- #define SPI IS BUSY (SSI0 SR R & 0x10)
- #define SPI_TX_ISNOTFULL (SSI0_SR_R & 0x02)
- #define SPI_CLEAR_RESET() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= ~(0x80))
- #define **SPI_SET_RESET**() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x80)

Enumerations

• enum {

 ${\bf SPI_CLK_PIN} = {\bf GPIO_PIN2} \;, \; {\bf SPI_CS_PIN} = {\bf GPIO_PIN3} \;, \; {\bf SPI_RX_PIN} = {\bf GPIO_PIN4} \;, \; {\bf SPI_TX_PIN} = {\bf GPIO_PIN5} \;, \\ {\bf GPIO_PIN5} \;, \; {\bf SPI_CS_PIN} = {\bf GPIO_PIN5} \;, \\ {\bf SPI_CS_PIN5} = {\bf GPIO_PIN5} \;, \\$

$$\begin{split} \textbf{SPI_DC_PIN} &= \texttt{GPIO_PIN6} \;, \; \textbf{SPI_RESET_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO_PIN7} \;, \; \textbf{SPI_SSI0_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI_CLK_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_} \leftrightarrow \texttt{CS_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_RX_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_TX_PIN}) \;, \; \textbf{SPI_GPIO_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI_DC_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_RESET_PIN}) \;, \\ \textbf{SPI_ALL_PINS} &= (\texttt{SPI_SSI0_PINS} \mid \texttt{SPI_GPIO_PINS}) \; \end{split}$$

Functions

void SPI_Init (void)

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

uint8_t SPI_Read (void)

Read data from the serial port.

void SPI_WriteCmd (uint8_t cmd)

Write a command to the serial port.

void SPI_WriteData (uint8_t data)

Write data to the serial port.

5.3.5.1 Detailed Description

Functions for SPI-based communication via SSI0 peripheral.

5.3.5.2 Macro Definition Documentation

SPI_SET_DC

 $\#define SPI_SET_DC() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R = 0x40)$

TM4C Pin	Function	ILI9341 Pin	Description
PA2	SSI0Clk	CLK	Serial clock signal
PA3	SSI0Fss	CS	Chip select signal
PA4	SSI0Rx	MISO	TM4C (M) input, LCD (S) output
PA5	SSI0Tx	MOSI	TM4C (M) output, LCD (S) input
PA6	GPIO	D/C	Data = 1, Command = 0
PA7	GPIO	RESET	Reset the display (negative logic/active LOW)

```
Clk. Polarity = steady state low (0)
Clk. Phase = rising clock edge (0)
```

5.3.5.3 Function Documentation

SPI_Init()

```
void SPI_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

The bit rate BR is set using the (positive, even-numbered) clock prescale divisor CPSDVSR and the SCR field in the SSI Control 0 (CR0) register:

$$BR = f_{bus}/(CPSDVSR * (1 + SCR))$$

The ILI9341 driver has a min. read cycle of 150 [ns] and a min. write cycle of 100 [ns], so the bit rate BR is set to be equal to the bus frequency ($f_{bus}=80[MHz]$) divided by 8, allowing a bit rate of 10 [MHz], or a period of 100 [ns].

SPI_Read()

```
uint8_t SPI_Read (
     void )
```

Read data from the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

Parameters

out data 8-bit data received from the hardware	e's receive FIFO.
--	-------------------

SPI_WriteCmd()

Write a command to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

Parameters

```
in cmd 8-bit command to write.
```

Postcondition

The D/C pin is cleared.

The data is added to the hardware's transmit FIFO.

SPI_WriteData()

Write data to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

Parameters

in data 8-bit data to write.

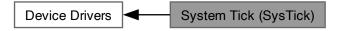
Postcondition

The D/C pin is set.

The data is added to the hardware's transmit FIFO.

5.3.6 System Tick (SysTick)

Collaboration diagram for System Tick (SysTick):



Files

• file SysTick.c

Implementation details for SysTick functions.

file SysTick.h

Driver module for using SysTick-based timing and/or interrupts.

Functions

• void SysTick_Timer_Init (void)

Initialize SysTick for timing purposes.

• void SysTick_Wait1ms (uint32_t delay_ms)

Delay for specified amount of time in [ms]. Assumes f_bus = 80[MHz].

void SysTick_Interrupt_Init (uint32_t time_ms)

Initialize SysTick for interrupts.

5.3.6.1 Detailed Description

Functions for timing and periodic interrupts via SysTick.

5.3.6.2 Function Documentation

SysTick_Interrupt_Init()

Initialize SysTick for interrupts.

Parameters

```
time_ms Time in [ms] between interrupts. Cannot be more than 200[ms].
```

5.3.7 Timer

Collaboration diagram for Timer:



Files

• file Timer.c

Source code for Timer module.

· file Timer.h

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

Data Structures

• struct Timer_t

Enumerations

```
    enum {
        TIMERO_BASE = 0x40030000 , TIMER1_BASE = 0x40031000 , TIMER2_BASE = 0x40032000 , TIMER3
        __BASE = 0x40033000 ,
        TIMER4_BASE = 0x40034000 , TIMER5_BASE = 0x40035000 }
        enum REGISTER_OFFSETS {
            CONFIG = 0x00 , MODE = 0x04 , CTRL = 0x0C , INT_MASK = 0x18 ,
            INT_CLEAR = 0x24 , INTERVAL = 0x28 , VALUE = 0x054 }
        enum timerName_t {
            TIMER0 , TIMER1 , TIMER2 , TIMER3 ,
            TIMER4 , TIMER5 }
        enum timerMode_t { ONESHOT , PERIODIC }
        enum timerDirection_t { UP , DOWN }
            | Enum
```

Functions

Timer_t Timer_Init (timerName_t timerName)

Initialize a hardware timer.

void Timer_Deinit (Timer_t timer)

De-initialize a hardware timer.

• timerName_t Timer_getName (Timer_t timer)

Get the name of a timer object.

bool Timer_isInit (Timer_t timer)

Check if a timer object is initialized.

• void Timer_setMode (Timer_t timer, timerMode_t timerMode, timerDirection_t timerDirection)

Set the mode for the timer.

void Timer_enableAdcTrigger (Timer_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

void Timer disableAdcTrigger (Timer t timer)

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

void Timer_enableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

void Timer disableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

void Timer_clearInterruptFlag (Timer_t timer)

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

void Timer_setInterval_ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Set the interval to use.

- uint32_t Timer_getCurrentValue (Timer_t timer)
- void Timer_Start (Timer_t timer)

Start the timer.

void Timer_Stop (Timer_t timer)

Stop the timer.

bool Timer_isCounting (Timer_t timer)

Check if the timer is currently counting.

void Timer_Wait1ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Initiate a time delay.

Variables

static TimerStruct_t TIMER_POOL [6]

5.3.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions for timing and periodic interrupts via general-purpose timer modules (GPTM).

5.3.7.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

timerMode t

enum timerMode_t

Enumerator

ONESHOT	the timer runs once, then stops
PERIODIC	the timer runs continuously once started

$timer Direction_t$

```
enum timerDirection_t
```

Enumerator

UP	the timer starts and 0 and counts to the reload value
DOWN	the timer starts at its reload value and counts down

5.3.7.3 Function Documentation

Timer_Init()

Initialize a hardware timer.

Parameters

in	timerName	Name of the hardware timer to use.
out	timer	Pointer to timer object.

Postcondition

The timer is ready to be configured and used.

See also

```
Timer_isInit(), Timer_Deinit()
```

Timer_Deinit()

De-initialize a hardware timer.

Parameters

in timerName Name of the hardware timer to u	ıse.
--	------

Postcondition

The hardware timer is no longer initialized or receiving power.

See also

```
Timer_Init(), Timer_isInit()
```

Timer_getName()

Get the name of a timer object.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	timer←	Name of the hardware timer being used.
	Name_t	

Timer_isInit()

Check if a timer object is initialized.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	true	The timer is initialized.
out	false	The timer is not initialized.

See also

```
Timer_Init(), Timer_Deinit()
```

Timer_setMode()

Set the mode for the timer.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	timerMode	Mode for hardware timer to use.
in	timerDirection	Direction to count towards.

Timer_enableAdcTrigger()

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

Precondition

Initialize and configure an ADC module to be timer-triggered.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

Postcondition

A timeout event triggers ADC sample capture.

See also

Timer_disableAdcTrigger()

Timer_disableAdcTrigger()

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

Precondition

Initialize and configure an ADC module to be timer-triggered.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.

Postcondition

A timeout event no longer triggers ADC sample capture.

See also

Timer_enableAdcTrigger()

Timer_enableInterruptOnTimeout()

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

Precondition

Configure the interrupt service routine using the ISR module.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

Postcondition

Upon timeout, an interrupt is triggered.

See also

Timer_disableInterruptOnTimeout()

Timer_disableInterruptOnTimeout()

```
void Timer_disableInterruptOnTimeout ( {\tt Timer\_t\ \it timer}\ )
```

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

Postcondition

Timeout no longer triggers ADC sample capture.

See also

Timer_enableInterruptOnTimeout()

Timer_clearInterruptFlag()

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

Precondition

Call this during a timer's interrupt service routine (ISR).

Parameters

in <i>timer</i>	Pointer to timer object.
-----------------	--------------------------

Timer_setInterval_ms()

Set the interval to use.

Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	time_ms	Time in [ms].

Postcondition

Upon starting, the Timer counts down from or up to this value.

See also

Timer_Init(), Timer_setMode()

Timer_Start()

Start the timer.

Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

Parameters

in timer Pointer to tin	ner object.
-------------------------	-------------

Postcondition

The timer is counting.

See also

Timer_Stop(), Timer_isCounting()

Timer_Stop()

Stop the timer.

Precondition

Start the timer.

Parameters

in timer Pointer to timer object

Postcondition

The timer is no longer counting.

See also

Timer_Start(), Timer_isCounting()

Timer_isCounting()

Check if the timer is currently counting.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	true	The timer is counting.
out	false	The timer is not counting.

See also

```
Timer_Start(), Timer_Stop()
```

Timer_Wait1ms()

Initiate a time delay.

Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	time_ms	Time in [ms] to wait for.

Postcondition

The program is delayed for the desired time.

5.3.7.4 Variable Documentation

TIMER_POOL

```
TimerStruct_t TIMER_POOL[6] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
{
    { TIMERO, TIMERO_BASE, (register_t) (TIMERO_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMERO_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMERO_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER1, TIMER1_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER1_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER1_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER1_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER2, TIMER2_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER3, TIMER3_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER4, TIMER4_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
    { TIMER5, TIMER5_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + INTERVAL),
        (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
```

5.3.8 Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)

Collaboration diagram for Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART):



Files

file UART.c

Source code for UART module.

• file UART.h

Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

Data Structures

struct Uart_t

Macros

#define ASCII CONVERSION 0x30

Enumerations

```
enum GPIO BASE ADDRESSES {
      GPIO_PORTA_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40004000 , GPIO_PORTB_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40005000 , GPIO_←
      PORTC_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40006000, GPIO_PORTD_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40007000,
      GPIO_PORTE_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40024000 , GPIO_PORTF_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40025000 }
• enum UART_BASE_ADDRESSES {
      UART0_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000C000 , UART1_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000D000 , UART2_BASE =
      (uint32 t) 0x4000E000, UART3 BASE = (uint32 t) 0x4000F000,
      UART4 BASE = (uint32 t) 0x40010000 , UART5 BASE = (uint32 t) 0x40011000 , UART6 BASE =
      (uint32_t) 0x40012000 , UART7_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40013000 }
enum UART REG OFFSETS {
      \textbf{UART\_FR\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x18 \ , \ \textbf{IBRD\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x24 \ , \ \textbf{FBRD\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x24 \ , \ \textbf{CAUTA\_R\_OFFSET} = (uint32\_t) \ 0x24 \ , \ \textbf{CAUTA\_R\_OFFSET
      (uint32_t) 0x28 , LCRH_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x2C ,
      CTL_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x30 , CC_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0xFC8 }
enum uartNum t {
      UARTO, UART1, UART2, UART3,
      UART4, UART5, UART6, UART7 }
```

Functions

• Uart_t UART_Init (GpioPort_t port, uartNum_t uartNum)

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

bool UART_isInit (Uart_t uart)

Check if the UART object is initialized.

• unsigned char UART_ReadChar (Uart_t uart)

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

• void UART_WriteChar (Uart_t uart, unsigned char inputChar)

Write a single character to the UART.

• void UART_WriteStr (Uart_t uart, void *inputStr)

Write a C string to the UART.

void UART_WriteInt (Uart_t uart, int32_t n)

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

• void UART_WriteFloat (Uart_t uart, double n, uint8_t numDecimals)

Write a floating-point number the UART.

Variables

static UartStruct_t UART_ARR [8]

5.3.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions for UART-based communication.

5.3.8.2 Function Documentation

UART_Init()

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

Parameters

in	port	GPIO port to use.	
in	uartNum	UART number. Should be either one of the enumerated constants or an int in range [0, 7].	
out uart (Pointer to) initialized UART peripheral.			

Given the bus frequency (f_bus) and desired baud rate (BR), the baud rate divisor (BRD) can be calculated: $BRD = f_{bus}/(16*BR)$

The integer BRD (IBRD) is simply the integer part of the BRD: IBRD = int(BRD)

The fractional BRD (FBRD) is calculated using the fractional part (mod (BRD, 1)) of the BRD: FBRD = int((mod(BRD,1)*64)+0.5)

UART_isInit()

Check if the UART object is initialized.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to check.	
out	true	The UART object is initialized.	
out	false	The UART object is not initialize	

UART_ReadChar()

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to read from.
out	unsigned	char ASCII character from sender.

UART_WriteChar()

Write a single character to the UART.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	input_char	ASCII character to send.

UART_WriteStr()

Write a C string to the UART.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	input_str	Array of ASCII characters.

UART_WriteInt()

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

Parameters

in	uart UART to write to.	
in	n	Unsigned 32-bit int to be converted and transmitted.

UART_WriteFloat()

Write a floating-point number the UART.

Parameters

	in	uart	UART to write to.
	in	n	Floating-point number to be converted and transmitted.
Ī	in	num_decimals	Number of digits after the decimal point to include.

5.3.8.3 Variable Documentation

UART_ARR

```
UartStruct_t UART_ARR[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
{
    { UARTO_BASE, ((register_t) (UARTO_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false },
    { UART1_BASE, ((register_t) (UART1_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false },
    { UART2_BASE, ((register_t) (UART2_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN6, GPIO_PIN7, false },
    { UART3_BASE, ((register_t) (UART3_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN6, GPIO_PIN7, false },
    { UART4_BASE, ((register_t) (UART4_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART5_BASE, ((register_t) (UART5_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART6_BASE, ((register_t) (UART6_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART7_BASE, ((register_t) (UART6_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN1, false },
}
```

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5.3.9 Interrupt Service Routines

Collaboration diagram for Interrupt Service Routines:



Files

• file ISR.c

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

· file ISR.h

Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

Macros

- #define VECTOR TABLE BASE ADDR ((uint32 t) 0x00000000)
- #define VECTOR_TABLE_SIZE ((uint32_t) 155)
- #define VECTOR_TABLE_ALIGNMENT ((uint32_t) (1 << 10))
- #define NVIC_EN_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E100)
- #define NVIC_DIS_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E180)
- #define NVIC_PRI_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E400)
- #define NVIC_UNPEND_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E280)

Typedefs

• typedef void(* ISR_t) (void)

Type definition for function pointers representing ISRs.

Functions

- static void ISR_setStatus (const uint8_t vectorNum, const bool isEnabled)
- · void ISR_GlobalDisable (void)

Disable all interrupts globally.

void ISR_GlobalEnable (void)

Enable all interrupts globally.

- static ISR_t newVectorTable[VECTOR_TABLE_SIZE] __attribute_ ((aligned(VECTOR_TABLE_← ALIGNMENT)))
- void ISR_InitNewTableInRam (void)

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

void ISR addToIntTable (ISR t isr, const uint8 t vectorNum)

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

void ISR_setPriority (const uint8_t vectorNum, const uint8_t priority)

Set the priority for an interrupt.

• void ISR_Enable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_Disable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_triggerInterrupt (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

Variables

- static bool interruptsAreEnabled = true
- void(*const interruptVectorTable [])(void)
- static bool isTableCopiedToRam = false

5.3.9.1 Detailed Description

Functions for manipulating the interrupt vector table and setting up interrupt handlers via the NVIC.

5.3.9.2 Function Documentation

ISR_GlobalDisable()

Disable all interrupts globally.

See also

ISR_GlobalEnable()

ISR_GlobalEnable()

```
void ISR_GlobalEnable (
     void )
```

Enable all interrupts globally.

See also

ISR GlobalDisable()

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ISR_InitNewTableInRam()

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

Precondition

Disable interrupts globally before calling this.

Postcondition

The vector table is now located in RAM, allowing the ISRs listed in the startup file to be replaced.

See also

```
ISR_GlobalDisable(), ISR_addToIntTable()
```

ISR_addToIntTable()

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

Precondition

Initialize a new vector table in RAM before calling this function.

Parameters

in	isr	Name of the ISR to add.	
in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].	.]

Postcondition

The ISR is now added to the vector table and available to be called.

See also

ISR_InitNewTableInRam()

ISR_setPriority()

Set the priority for an interrupt.

Precondition

Disable the interrupt before adjusting its priority.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 1	
in	priority	Priority to assign. Highest priority is 0, lowest is 7.	

Postcondition

The interrupt's priority has now been changed in the NVIC.

See also

ISR_Disable()

ISR_Enable()

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

Precondition

If needed, add the interrupt to the vector table.

If needed, set the interrupt's priority (default 0, or highest priority) before calling this.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].	
----	-----------	--	--

Postcondition

The interrupt is now enabled in the NVIC.

See also

```
ISR_addToIntTable(), ISR_setPriority(), ISR_Disable()
```

ISR_Disable()

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].	٦
----	-----------	--	---

Postcondition

The interrupt is now disabled in the NVIC.

See also

ISR_Enable()

ISR_triggerInterrupt()

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

Precondition

Enable the ISR (and set priority as needed).

Enable all interrupts.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154]	
----	-----------	---	--

Postcondition

The ISR should trigger once any higher priority ISRs return.

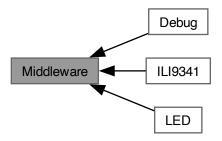
See also

ISR_clearPending()

5.4 Middleware

High-level device driver modules.

Collaboration diagram for Middleware:



Modules

- Debug
- ILI9341
- LED

5.4.1 Detailed Description

High-level device driver modules.

These modules contain functions for interfacing with external devices/peripherals via the use of low-level drivers.

5.4.2 **Debug**

Collaboration diagram for Debug:



Files

• file Debug.h

Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

Serial Output

- enum Msg_t { DEBUG_DAQ_INIT , DEBUG_QRS_INIT , DEBUG_LCD_INIT , DEBUG_QRS_START }
- void Debug_SendMsg (void *message)

Send a message to the serial port.

void Debug_SendFromList (Msg_t msg)

Send a message from the message list.

void Debug_WriteFloat (double value)

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

Initialization

void Debug_Init (Uart_t uart)
 Initialize the Debug module.

Assertions

void Debug_Assert (bool condition)

Stops program if condition is true. Useful for bug detection during debugging.

5.4.2.1 Detailed Description

Module for debugging functions, including serial output and assertions.

5.4.2.2 Function Documentation

Debug_Init()

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to use for serial output.

Postcondition

An initialization message is sent to the serial port.

Debug_SendMsg()

Send a message to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

```
message (Pointer to) array of ASCII characters.
```

Postcondition

A floating point value is written to the serial port.

See also

Debug_SendMsg()

Debug_SendFromList()

Send a message from the message list.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in	msg	An entry from the enumeration.
----	-----	--------------------------------

Postcondition

The corresponding message is sent to the serial port.

See also

Debug_SendMsg()

Debug_WriteFloat()

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in value Floating-point value	
-------------------------------	--

Postcondition

A floating point value is written to the serial port.

See also

Debug_SendMsg()

Debug_Assert()

```
void Debug_Assert (
          bool condition )
```

Stops program if condition is true. Useful for bug detection during debugging.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in	condition	Conditional statement to evaluate.
----	-----------	------------------------------------

Postcondition

If condition == true, the program continues normally. If condition == false, a message is sent and a breakpoint is activated.

5.4.3 ILI9341

Collaboration diagram for ILI9341:



Files

• file ILI9341.c

Source code for ILI9341 module.

file ILI9341.h

Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

Enumerations

```
enum { ILI9341_NUM_COLS = 240 , ILI9341_NUM_ROWS = 320 }
enum Cmd_t {
    NOP = 0x00 , SWRESET = 0x01 , SPLIN = 0x10 , SPLOUT = 0x11 ,
    PTLON = 0x12 , NORON = 0x13 , DINVOFF = 0x20 , DINVON = 0x21 ,
    CASET = 0x2A , PASET = 0x2B , RAMWR = 0x2C , DISPOFF = 0x28 ,
    DISPON = 0x29 , PLTAR = 0x30 , VSCRDEF = 0x33 , MADCTL = 0x36 ,
    VSCRSADD = 0x37 , IDMOFF = 0x38 , IDMON = 0x39 , PIXSET = 0x3A ,
    FRMCTR1 = 0xB1 , FRMCTR2 = 0xB2 , FRMCTR3 = 0xB3 , PRCTR = 0xB5 ,
    IFCTL = 0xF6 }
enum sleepMode_t { SLEEP_ON = SPLIN , SLEEP_OFF = SPLOUT }
enum displayArea_t { NORMAL_AREA = NORON , PARTIAL_AREA = PTLON }
enum colorExpr_t { FULL_COLORS = IDMOFF , PARTIAL_COLORS = IDMON }
enum invertMode_t { INVERT_ON = DINVON , INVERT_OFF = DINVOFF }
enum outputMode_t { OUTPUT_ON = DISPON , OUTPUT_OFF = DISPOFF }
enum colorDepth t { COLORDEPTH 16BIT = 0x55 , COLORDEPTH 18BIT = 0x66 }
```

Functions

- static void ILI9341 setMode (uint8 t param)
- static void ILI9341_setAddress (uint16_t start_address, uint16_t end_address, bool is_row)
- static void ILI9341_sendParams (Cmd_t cmd)

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

• void ILI9341 Init (Timer t timer)

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

void ILI9341_setInterface (void)

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

void ILI9341_resetHard (Timer_t timer)

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

• void ILI9341_resetSoft (Timer_t timer)

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

void ILI9341_setSleepMode (sleepMode_t sleepMode, Timer_t timer)

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

void ILI9341 setDisplayArea (displayArea t displayArea)

Set the display area.

void ILI9341_setColorExpression (colorExpr_t colorExpr)

Set the color expression (FULL COLORS by default).

void ILI9341_setPartialArea (uint16_t rowStart, uint16_t rowEnd)

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

void ILI9341_setDispInversion (invertMode_t invertMode)

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

void ILI9341_setDispOutput (outputMode_t outputMode)

Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

void ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl (bool areRowsFlipped, bool areColsFlipped, bool areRowsAndCols
 — Switched, bool isVertRefreshFlipped, bool isColorOrderFlipped, bool isHorRefreshFlipped)

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

void ILI9341_setColorDepth (colorDepth_t colorDepth)

Set the color depth for the display.

void ILI9341_setFrameRate (uint8_t divisionRatio, uint8_t clocksPerLine)

TODO: Write brief.

void ILI9341 setRowAddress (uint16 t startRow, uint16 t endRow)

Sets the start/end rows to be written to.

void ILI9341_setColAddress (uint16_t startCol, uint16_t endCol)

Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

void ILI9341_writeMemCmd (void)

Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

void ILI9341_writePixel (uint8_t red, uint8_t green, uint8_t blue)

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

Variables

```
• static uint32 t ILI9341_Buffer [8]
```

- static Fifo_t ILI9341_Fifo
- struct {

```
sleepMode_t sleepMode
displayArea_t displayArea
colorExpr_t colorExpression
invertMode_t invertMode
outputMode_t outputMode
colorDepth t colorDepth
```

} ili9341 = { SLEEP_ON, NORMAL_AREA, FULL_COLORS, INVERT_OFF, OUTPUT_ON, COLORDEPTH_16BIT, false }

5.4.3.1 Detailed Description

bool islnit

Functions for interfacing an ILI9341-based 240RGBx320 LCD via Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

5.4.3.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

anonymous enum

anonymous enum

Enumerator

ILI9341_NUM_COLS	5.4.3.3	of columns available on the display
ILI9341_NUM_ROWS	5.4.3.4	of rows available on the display

Cmd_t

enum Cmd_t

Enumerator

No Operation.	
Software Reset.	
Enter Sleep Mode.	
Sleep Out (i.e. Exit Sleep Mode)	
Partial Display Mode ON.	
Normal Display Mode ON.	
Display Inversion OFF.	
Display Inversion ON.	
Column Address Set.	
Page Address Set.	
Memory Write.	
Display OFF.	
Display ON.	
Partial Area.	
Vertical Scrolling Definition.	
Memory Access Control.	
Vertical Scrolling Start Address.	
Idle Mode OFF.	
Idle Mode ON.	
Pixel Format Set.	
Frame Rate Control Set (Normal Mode)	
Frame Rate Control Set (Idle Mode)	
Frame Rate Control Set (Partial Mode)	
Blanking Porch Control.	
Interface Control.	

5.4.3.5 Function Documentation

ILI9341_setMode()

This function simply groups each of the configuration functions into one to reduce code duplication. $\,$

ILI9341_setAddress()

```
uint16_t end_address,
bool is_row ) [static]
```

This function implements the "Column Address Set" (CASET) and "Page Address Set" (PASET) commands from p. 110-113 of the ILI9341 datasheet.

The input parameters represent the first and last addresses to be written to when ILI9341_writePixel() is called.

To work correctly, startAddress must be no greater than endAddress, and endAddress cannot be greater than the max number of rows/columns.

ILI9341_sendParams()

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

Parameters

in	cmd	Command to send.
----	-----	------------------

ILI9341_Init()

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

Parameters

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during initialization.
----	-------	--

ILI9341_setInterface()

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

```
The parameters for this command are hard-coded, so it only needs to be called once upon initialization.
```

This function implements the "Interface Control" (IFCTL) command from p. 192-194 of the ILI9341 datasheet, which controls how the LCD driver handles 16-bit data and what interfaces (internal or external) are used.

Name	Bit #	Param #	Effect when set = 1
MY_EOR	7		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
MX_EOR	6		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
MV_EOR	5	0	flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
BGR_EOR	3		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
WEMODE	0		overflowing pixel data is not ignored
EPF[1:0]	5:4	1	controls 16 to 18-bit pixel data conversion
MDT[1:0]	1:0	'	controls display data transfer method
ENDIAN	5		host sends LSB first
DM[1:0]	3:2	2	selects display operation mode
RM	1	_	selects GRAM interface mode
RIM	0		specifies RGB interface-specific details

The first param's bits are cleared so that the corresponding MADCTL bits (ILl9341_setMemoryAccessCtrl()) are unaffected and overflowing pixel data is ignored. The EPF bits are cleared so that the LSB of the R and B values is copied from the MSB when using 16-bit color depth. The TM4C123 sends the MSB first, so the ENDIAN bit is cleared. The other bits are cleared and/or irrelevant since the RGB and VSYNC interfaces aren't used.

ILI9341_resetHard()

```
void ILI9341_resetHard ( {\tt Timer\_t~\it timer}~)
```

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

Parameters

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during reset.

The LCD driver's RESET pin requires a negative logic (i.e. active LOW) signal for \geq = 10 [us] and an additional 5 [ms] before further commands can be sent.

ILI9341_resetSoft()

```
void ILI9341_resetSoft ( {\tt Timer\_t\ \it timer}\ )
```

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

Parameters

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during reset.

the driver needs 5 [ms] before another command

ILI9341_setSleepMode()

```
void ILI9341\_setSleepMode (
```

```
sleepMode_t sleepMode,
Timer_t timer )
```

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

Parameters

in	sleepMode	SLEEP_ON or SLEEP_OFF
in	timer	Hardware timer to use for a slight delay after the mode change.

Postcondition

The IC will be in or out of sleep mode depending on the value of sleepMode.

The MCU must wait \geq = 5 [ms] before sending further commands regardless of the selected mode.

It's also necessary to wait 120 [ms] before sending SPLOUT after sending SPLIN or a reset, so this function waits 120 [ms] regardless of the preceding event.

ILI9341_setDisplayArea()

Set the display area.

Precondition

If using partial mode, set the partial area first.

Parameters

in	displayArea	NORMAL_AREA or PARTIAL_AREA
----	-------------	-----------------------------

See also

ILI9341_setPartialArea()

ILI9341_setColorExpression()

Set the color expression (FULL_COLORS by default).

Parameters

in	colorExpr	FULL_	_COLORS	or PARTIAL_	_COLORS

Postcondition

With partial color expression, the display only uses 8 colors. Otherwise, the color depth determines the number of colors available.

ILI9341_setPartialArea()

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

Parameters

in	rowStart	
in	rowEnd	

See also

ILI9341_setDisplayArea()

ILI9341_setDispInversion()

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

Parameters

in	invertMode	INVERT_ON or INVERT_OFF
----	------------	-------------------------

Postcondition

When inversion is ON, the display colors are inverted. (e.g. BLACK -> WHITE, GREEN -> PURPLE)

ILI9341_setDispOutput()

Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

Parameters

in	outputMode	OUTPUT_ON or OUTPUT_OFF
----	------------	-------------------------

Postcondition

If ON, the IC outputs data from its memory to the display. If OFF, the display is cleared and the IC stops outputting data.

TODO: Write description

ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl()

```
void ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl (
    bool areRowsFlipped,
    bool areColsFlipped,
    bool areRowsAndColsSwitched,
    bool isVertRefreshFlipped,
    bool isColorOrderFlipped,
    bool isHorRefreshFlipped)
```

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

Parameters

in	areRowsFlipped	
in	areColsFlipped	
in	areRowsAndColsSwitched	
in	isVertRefreshFlipped	
in	isColorOrderFlipped	
in	isHorRefreshFlipped	

This function implements the "Memory Access Control" (MADCTL) command from p. 127-128 of the ILI9341 datasheet, which controls how the LCD driver displays data upon writing to memory.

Name	Bit #	Effect when set = 1
MY	7	flip row (AKA "page") addresses
MX	6	flip column addresses
MV	5	exchange rows and column addresses
ML	4	reverse horizontal refresh order
BGR	3	reverse color input order (RGB -> BGR)
МН	2	reverse vertical refresh order

All bits are clear after powering on or HWRESET.

ILI9341_setColorDepth()

Set the color depth for the display.

Parameters

Postcondition

16BIT mode allows for \sim 65K (2 $^{\wedge}$ 16) colors and requires 2 transfers. 18BIT mode allows for \sim 262K (2 $^{\wedge}$ 18) colors but requires 3 transfers.

ILI9341_setFrameRate()

TODO: Write brief.

TODO: Write description

ILI9341_setRowAddress()

Sets the start/end rows to be written to.

Parameters



 $0 \le \text{startRow} \le \text{endRow}$

Parameters



startRow<=endRow` < 240

See also

ILI9341_setRowAddress, ILI9341_writePixel()

This function is simply an interface to ILI9341_setAddress(). To work correctly, start_row must be no greater than end_row, and end_row cannot be greater than the max row number (default 320).

ILI9341_setColAddress()

Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

Parameters

```
in
```

0 <= startCol <= endCol</pre>

Parameters



startCol<=endCol` < 240

See also

ILI9341_setColAddress, ILI9341_writePixel()

This function is simply an interface to ILI9341_setAddress(). To work correctly, start_col must be no greater than end_col, and end_col cannot be greater than the max column number (default 240).

ILI9341_writeMemCmd()

```
void ILI9341_writeMemCmd ( void \ \ )
```

Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

Precondition

Set the row and/or column addresses.

Postcondition

The LCD driver is ready to accept pixel data.

See also

ILI9341_setRowAddress, ILI9341_setColAddress(), ILI9341_writePixel()

ILI9341_writePixel()

```
void ILI9341_writePixel (
          uint8_t red,
          uint8_t green,
          uint8_t blue )
```

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

Precondition

Send the "Write Memory" command.

Set the desired color depth for the display.

Parameters

in	red	5 or 6-bit R value
in	green	5 or 6-bit G value
in	blue	5 or 6-bit B value

See also

ILI9341_setColorDepth, ILI9341_writeMemCmd(), ILI9341_writePixel()

This function sends one pixel to the display. Because the serial interface (SPI) is used, each pixel requires 2 transfers in 16-bit mode and 3 transfers in 18-bit mode.

The following table (adapted from p. 63 of the datasheet) visualizes how the RGB data is sent to the display when using 16-bit color depth.

Transfer		1										2	2			
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0

The following table (adapted from p. 64 of the datasheet) visualizes how the RGB data is sent to the display when using 18-bit color depth.

Transfer		1								2	
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	
Value	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	0/1	0/1	G5	G4	

5.4.4 LED

Collaboration diagram for LED:



Files

• file Led.c

Source code for LED module.

• file Led.h

Interface for LED module.

Data Structures

struct Led_t

Macros

• #define LED_POOL_SIZE 1

Variables

```
    static LedStruct_t Led_ObjPool [LED_POOL_SIZE] = { 0 }
    static uint8_t num_free_leds = LED_POOL_SIZE
```

Initialization & Configuration

```
    Led_t Led_Init (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pin)
        Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led_t.
    GpioPort_t Led_GetPort (Led_t led)
        Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.
    GPIO_Pin_t Led_GetPin (Led_t led)
        Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.
```

Status Checking

```
    bool Led_isInit (Led_t led)
        Check if an LED is initialized.

    bool Led_isOn (Led_t led)
        Check the LED's status.
```

Operations

```
    void Led_TurnOn (Led_t led)
        Turn an LED ON.
    void Led_TurnOff (Led_t led)
        Turn an LED OFF.
    void Led_Toggle (Led_t led)
        Toggle an LED.
```

5.4.4.1 Detailed Description

Functions for driving light-emitting diodes (LEDs) via General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO).

5.4.4.2 Function Documentation

Led_Init()

Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led_t.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to a struct representing a GPIO port.
in	pin	GPIO pin to use.
out	led	Pointer to LED data structure.

Led_GetPort()

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.	
out	gpioPort	Pointer to a GPIO port data structure.	

See also

Led_Init(), Led_GetPin()

Led_GetPin()

Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	pin	GPIO pin associated with the LED.

See also

Led_Init(), Led_GetPort()

Led_isInit()

Check if an LED is initialized.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	true	The LED is initialized.
out	false	The LED is not initialized.

See also

Led_Init()

Led_isOn()

```
bool Led_isOn (
          Led_t led )
```

Check the LED's status.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	true	the LED is ON.
out	false	the LED is OFF.

See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_TurnOff(), Led_Toggle()
```

Led_TurnOn()

Turn an LED ON.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in <i>led</i>	Pointer to LED data structure.
---------------	--------------------------------

Postcondition

The LED is turned ON.

See also

```
Led_TurnOff(), Led_Toggle()
```

Led_TurnOff()

Turn an LED OFF.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
----	-----	--------------------------------

Postcondition

The LED is turned OFF.

See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_Toggle()
```

Led_Toggle()

Toggle an LED.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

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Parameters

in led Pointer to LED data struc	ture.
--------------------------------------	-------

Postcondition

The LED's state is flipped (i.e. ON -> OFF or OFF -> ON).

See also

Led_TurnOn(), Led_TurnOff()

5.5 Main

Files

• file main.c

Main program file.

Enumerations

- enum ISR_VECTOR_NUMS { DAQ_VECTOR_NUM = INT_ADC0SS3 , PROC_VECTOR_NUM = INT_CAN0 , LCD_VECTOR_NUM = INT_TIMER1A }
- enum FIFO_INFO { DAQ_FIFO_CAP = 3 , DAQ_ARRAY

DAQ_FIFO_CAP = 3, DAQ_ARRAY_LEN = DAQ_FIFO_CAP + 1, QRS_FIFO_CAP = QRS_NUM_SAMP, QRS_ARRAY_LEN = QRS_FIFO_CAP + 1, LCD_FIFO_1_CAP = DAQ_FIFO_CAP_LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP + 1_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_FIFO_1_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CAP_LCD_FIFO_1_CAP_LCD_FIFO_2_CA

LCD_FIFO_1_CAP = DAQ_FIFO_CAP, LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP + 1, LCD_FIFO_2_CAP = 1, LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN = LCD_FIFO_2_CAP + 1}

• enum LCD_INFO {

LCD_TOP_LINE = (LCD_Y_MAX - 24), LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y = LCD_TOP_LINE, LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET = 0, LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN = (0 + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET),

LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX = (LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_TEXT_LINE_NUM = 28 , LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM = 24 }

Functions

static void DAQ Handler (void)

ISR for the data acquisition system.

• static void Processing_Handler (void)

ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.

· static void LCD_Handler (void)

ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.

• int main (void)

Main function for the project.

Variables

- static volatile Fifo_t **DAQ_Fifo** = 0
- static volatile uint32_t **DAQ_fifoBuffer** [DAQ_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo t QRS_Fifo = 0
- static volatile uint32_t QRS_fifoBuffer [QRS_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo_t **LCD_Fifo1** = 0
- static volatile uint32_t LCD_fifoBuffer1 [LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo_t LCD_Fifo2 = 0
- static volatile uint32_t LCD_fifoBuffer2 [LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile bool qrsBufferIsFuII = false

flag for QRS detection to start

• static volatile bool heartRateIsReady = false

flag for LCD to output heart rate

- static float32_t QRS_processingBuffer [QRS_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static uint16_t LCD_prevSampleBuffer [LCD_X_MAX] = { 0 }

5.5.1 Detailed Description

5.5.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

ISR_VECTOR_NUMS

enum ISR_VECTOR_NUMS

Enumerator

DAQ_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the DAQ_Handler()
PROC_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the Processing_Handler()
LCD_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the LCD_Handler()

FIFO_INFO

enum FIFO_INFO

Enumerator

DAQ_FIFO_CAP	capacity of DAQ's FIFO buffer
DAQ_ARRAY_LEN	actual size of underlying array
QRS_FIFO_CAP	capacity of QRS detector's FIFO buffer
QRS_ARRAY_LEN	actual size of underlying array
LCD_FIFO_1_CAP	capacity of LCD's waveform FIFO buffer
LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN	actual size of underlying array
LCD_FIFO_2_CAP	capacity of LCD's heart rate FIFO buffer
LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN	actual size of underlying array

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LCD_INFO

```
enum LCD_INFO
```

Enumerator

LCD_TOP_LINE	separates wavefrom from text
LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y	num. of y-vals available for plotting waveform
LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET	waveform's offset from X axis
LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN	waveform's min y-value
LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX	waveform's max y-value
LCD_TEXT_LINE_NUM	line num. of text
LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM	starting col. num. for heart rate

5.5.3 Function Documentation

DAQ_Handler()

ISR for the data acquisition system.

This ISR has a priority level of 1, is triggered when the ADC has finished capturing a sample, and also triggers the intermediate processing handler. It reads the 12-bit ADC output, converts it from an integer to a raw voltage sample, and sends it to the processing ISR via the DAQ_Fifo.

Precondition

Initialize the DAQ module.

Postcondition

The converted sample is placed in the DAQ FIFO, and the processing ISR is triggered.

See also

DAQ_Init(), Processing_Handler()

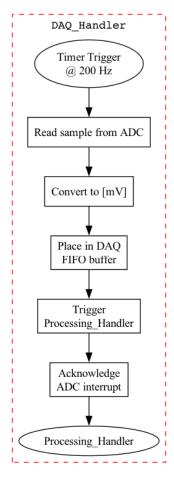


Figure 4 Flowchart for the DAQ handler.

Processing_Handler()

ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.

This ISR has a priority level of 1, is triggered by the DAQ ISR, and triggers the LCD handler. It removes baseline drift and power line interference (PLI) from a sample, and then moves it to the QRS_Fifo and the LCD_Fifo. It also notifies the superloop in main() when the QRS buffer is full.

Postcondition

The converted sample is placed in the LCD FIFO, and the LCD ISR is triggered.

The converted sample is placed in the QRS FIFO, and the flag is set.

5.5 Main 99

See also

DAQ_Handler(), main(), LCD_Handler()

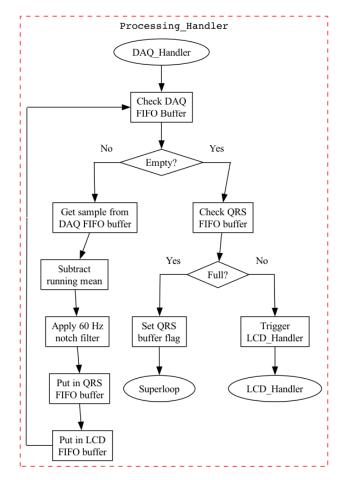


Figure 5 Flowchart for the processing handler.

LCD_Handler()

ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.

This ISR has a priority level of 1 and is triggered by the Processing ISR. It applies a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to the sample and plots it. It also outputs the heart rate.

Precondition

Initialize the LCD module.

Postcondition

The bandpass-filtered sample is plotted to the LCD.

The heart rate is updated after each block is analyzed.

See also

LCD_Init(), Processing_Handler(), main()

main()

```
int main (
     void )
```

Main function for the project.

Moves the interrupt vector table to RAM; configures and enables the ISRs; initializes all modules and static variables; and performs QRS detection once the buffer has been filled.

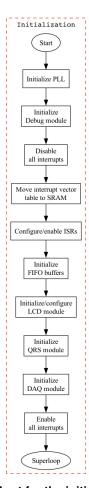


Figure 6 Flowchart for the initialization phase.

5.5 Main 101

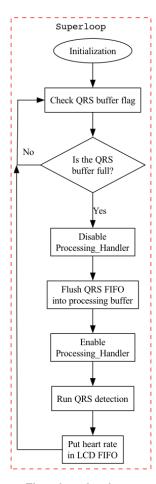
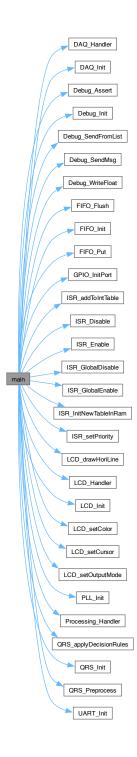


Figure 7 Flowchart for the superloop.

Here is the call graph for this function:



6 Data Structure Documentation

6.1 Fifo_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

volatile uint32_t * buffer

(pointer to) array to use as FIFO buffer

volatile uint32_t N

length of buffer

volatile uint32_t frontldx

idx of front of FIFO

volatile uint32_t backldx

idx of back of FIFO

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· Fifo.c

6.2 GpioPort_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- const uint32_t BASE_ADDRESS
- const uint32_t DATA_REGISTER
- · bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• GPIO.c

6.3 Led_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

• GpioPort_t GPIO_PORT_PTR

pointer to GPIO port data structure

GPIO_Pin_t GPIO_PIN

GPIO pin number.

• bool isOn

state indicator

• bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· Led.c

6.4 Timer_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- const timerName_t NAME
- const uint32_t BASE_ADDR
- register_t controlRegister
- register_t intervalLoadRegister
- register_t interruptClearRegister
- · bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Timer.c

6.5 Uart_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- const uint32 t BASE ADDRESS
- register_t const FLAG_R_ADDRESS
- GpioPort_t GPIO_PORT

pointer to GPIO port data structure

• GPIO_Pin_t RX_PIN_NUM

GPIO pin number.

GPIO_Pin_t TX_PIN_NUM

GPIO pin number.

· bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• UART.c

7 File Documentation

7.1 DAQ.c File Reference

Source code for DAQ module.

```
#include "DAQ.h"
#include "ADC.h"
#include "Timer.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include "arm_math_types.h"
#include "dsp/filtering_functions.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <math.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
```

7.1 DAQ.c File Reference 105

#include <stdint.h>

Include dependency graph for DAQ.c:



Macros

#define SAMPLING PERIOD MS 5

sampling period in ms ($T_s = \frac{1}{f_s}$)

Functions

Initialization

void DAQ_Init (void)
 Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

Reading Input Data

uint16_t DAQ_readSample (void)

Read a sample from the ADC.

void DAQ_acknowledgeInterrupt (void)

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

Digital Filtering Functions

• float32 t DAQ NotchFilter (volatile float32 t xn)

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

• float32_t DAQ_BandpassFilter (volatile float32_t xn)

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

Digital Filters

• enum {

NUM_STAGES_NOTCH = 6, NUM_COEFFS_NOTCH = NUM_STAGES_NOTCH * 5, STATE_BUFF_ \hookleftarrow SIZE_NOTCH = NUM_STAGES_NOTCH * 4, NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4, NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5, STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4}

- typedef arm_biquad_casd_df1_inst_f32 Filter_t
- static const float32_t COEFFS_NOTCH [NUM_COEFFS_NOTCH]
- static const float32_t COEFFS_BANDPASS [NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS]
- static float32_t stateBuffer_Notch [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_NOTCH]
- static const Filter_t notchFiltStruct = { NUM_STAGES_NOTCH, stateBuffer_Notch, COEFFS_NOTCH }
- static const Filter t *const **notchFilter** = ¬chFiltStruct
- static float32_t stateBuffer_Bandpass [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS]
- static const Filter t bandpassFiltStruct
- static const Filter_t *const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Source code for DAQ module.

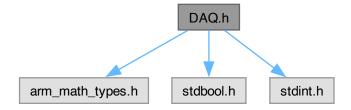
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.2 DAQ.h File Reference

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

```
#include "arm_math_types.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for DAQ.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

#define DAQ_LOOKUP_MAX ((float32_t) 5.5f)

maximum lookup table value

• #define **DAQ_LOOKUP_MIN** ((float32_t) (-5.5f))

minimum lookup table value

Functions

Initialization

void DAQ_Init (void)
 Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

Reading Input Data

uint16_t DAQ_readSample (void)

Read a sample from the ADC.

float32_t DAQ_convertToMilliVolts (uint16_t sample)

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

void DAQ_acknowledgeInterrupt (void)

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

Digital Filtering Functions

• float32 t DAQ NotchFilter (volatile float32 t xn)

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

float32 t DAQ BandpassFilter (volatile float32 t xn)

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

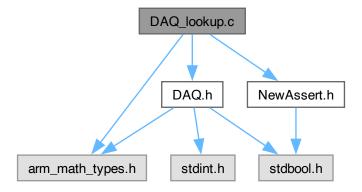
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.3 DAQ_lookup.c File Reference

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

```
#include "DAQ.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include "arm_math_types.h"
Include dependency graph for DAQ_lookup.c:
```



Functions

Reading Input Data

float32_t DAQ_convertToMilliVolts (uint16_t sample)
 Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

Variables

• static const float32_t DAQ_LOOKUP_TABLE [4096]

Lookup table for converting ADC data from unsigned 12-bit integer values to 32-bit floating point values.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

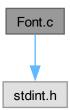
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.4 Font.c File Reference

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for Font.c:



7.4 Font.c File Reference 109

Variables

const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]

ASCII Characters (Punctuation)

- static const uint8_t FONT_SPACE [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_COLON [8]

ASCII Characters (Numbers)

- static const uint8 t FONT 0 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_1 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_2 [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT 3 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_4 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_5 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_6 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_7 [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_8 [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_9 [8]

ASCII Characters (Uppercase Letters)

- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_A [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_B [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_C [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_D [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_E [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER G [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER H [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_I [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_J [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_K [8]
- static const unito_t FONT_UPPER_L [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_L [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_M [8]
- static const uinto_t r ONT_UIDDED_N [0]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_N [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_O [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_P [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Q [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_S [8]
- static const uints_t FONT_UPPER_T [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_U [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER V [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER W [8]
- static const dinto_t r ONT_OFF ET_W [0
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_X [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Y [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Z [8]

ASCII Characters (Lowercase Letters)

- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_A [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_B [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_C [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_D [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_E [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_F [8]

```
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_G [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_H [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_I [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_J [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_K [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_L [8]
• static const uint8 t FONT LOWER M [8]

    static const uint8 t FONT LOWER N [8]

• static const uint8 t FONT LOWER O [8]
• static const uint8 t FONT LOWER P [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Q [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_R [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_S [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_T [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_U [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_V [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_W [8]
• static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_X [8]

    static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Y [8]

    static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Z [8]
```

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.

Author

Bryan McElvy

These bitmaps were mostly generated by ChatGPT. The @ref FONT_ARRAY variable is global to allow a non-clunky way for the @ref lcd "LCD module" to access it.

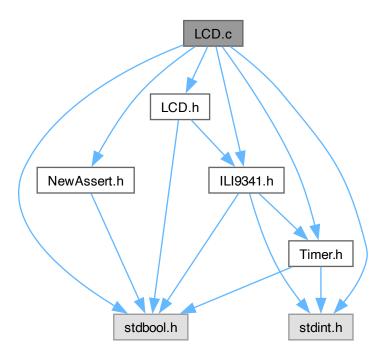
7.5 LCD.c File Reference

Source code for LCD module.

```
#include "LCD.h"
#include "ILI9341.h"
#include "Timer.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

7.5 LCD.c File Reference 111

Include dependency graph for LCD.c:



Macros

• #define CONVERT_INT_TO_ASCII(X) ((unsigned char) (X + 0x30))

Functions

• static void LCD_plotSample (uint16_t x, uint16_t y, LCD_Color_t color)

Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

Helper Functions

- static void LCD_drawLine (uint16_t center, uint16_t lineWidth, bool is_horizontal) Helper function for drawing straight lines.
- static void LCD_updateCursor (void)

Update the cursor for after writing text on the display.

Initialization & Configuration

- void LCD_Init (void)
 - Initialize the LCD.
- void LCD_setOutputMode (bool isOn)

Toggle display output ON or OFF (OFF by default).

void LCD_setX (uint16_t x1, uint16_t x2)

Set new x-coordinates to be written to. $0 \le x1 \le x2 \le X_{MAX}$.

```
• void LCD_setY (uint16_t y1, uint16_t y2) 
 Set new y-coordinates to be written to. 0 <= y1 <= y2 <= Y_{MAX}.
• void LCD_setColor (LCD_Color_t color) 
 Set the color value.
```

Drawing

```
    void LCD_Draw (void)
        Draw on the LCD.
    void LCD_Fill (void)
        Fill the display with a single color.
    void LCD_drawHoriLine (uint16_t yCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)
        Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.
    void LCD_drawVertLine (uint16_t xCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)
        Draw a vertical line across the entire display.
    void LCD_drawRectangle (uint16_t x1, uint16_t dx, uint16_t y1, uint16_t dy, bool isFilled)
        Draw a rectangle of size dx x dy onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).
```

Writing

```
    void LCD_setCursor (uint16_t lineNum, uint16_t colNum)
        Set the cursor to line x, column y.
    void LCD_writeChar (unsigned char inputChar)
    void LCD_writeStr (void *asciiString)
    void LCD_writeInt (int32_t num)
    void LCD_writeFloat (float num)
```

Variables

```
struct {
    uint16 t x1
      starting x-value in range [0, x2]
    uint16 t x2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM_ROWS)
    uint16_t y1
      starting y-value in range [0, y2]
    uint16_t y2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM_COLS)
    uint16 t lineNum
      line number for text; in range [0, NUM LINES]
    uint16 t colNum
      column number for text; in range [0, NUM_COLS)
    uint8_t R_val
      5 R value
    uint8 t G val
      6-bit G value
    uint8 t B val
      5 B value
    bool islnit
      if true, LCD has been initialized
 \} lcd = \{ 0 \}
```

const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]

7.6 LCD.h File Reference 113

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Source code for LCD module.

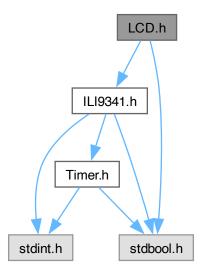
Author

Bryan McElvy

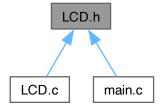
7.6 LCD.h File Reference

Header file for LCD module.

#include "ILI9341.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
Include dependency graph for LCD.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

Drawing

```
    void LCD_Draw (void)
        Draw on the LCD.
    void LCD_Fill (void)
        Fill the display with a single color.
    void LCD_drawHoriLine (uint16_t yCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)
        Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.
    void LCD_drawVertLine (uint16_t xCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)
        Draw a vertical line across the entire display.
    void LCD_drawRectangle (uint16_t x1, uint16_t dx, uint16_t y1, uint16_t dy, bool isFilled)
        Draw a rectangle of size dx x dy onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).
    static void LCD_plotSample (uint16_t x, uint16_t y, LCD_Color_t color)
```

Initialization & Configuration

```
• enum LCD PLOT INFO { LCD X MAX = ILI9341 NUM ROWS - 1 , LCD Y MAX = ILI9341 NUM COLS
  -1}
enum LCD Color t {
  LCD BLACK = \sim(0x00) & 0x07, LCD RED = \sim(0x04) & 0x07, LCD GREEN = \sim(0x02) & 0x07, LCD \leftrightarrow
  BLUE = \sim(0x01) & 0x07.
  LCD\_YELLOW = \sim (0x06) \& 0x07, LCD\_CYAN = \sim (0x03) \& 0x07, LCD\_PURPLE = \sim (0x05) \& 0x07,
  LCD_WHITE = \sim(0x07) & 0x07 }

    void LCD Init (void)

     Initialize the LCD.

    void LCD_setOutputMode (bool isOn)

      Toggle display output ON or OFF (OFF by default).
void LCD_setX (uint16_t x1, uint16_t x2)
     Set new x-coordinates to be written to. 0 \le x1 \le x2 \le X_{MAX}.

    void LCD setY (uint16 t y1, uint16 t y2)

     Set new y-coordinates to be written to. 0 \le y1 \le y2 \le Y_{MAX}.

    void LCD_setColor (LCD_Color_t color)

     Set the color value.
```

Writing

```
    enum LCD_WRITING_INFO { HEIGHT_CHAR = 8 , LEN_CHAR = 5 , NUM_LINES = 30 , NUM_COLS = 64 }
    void LCD_setCursor (uint16_t lineNum, uint16_t colNum)
        Set the cursor to line x, column y.
    void LCD_writeChar (unsigned char inputChar)
    void LCD_writeStr (void *asciiString)
    void LCD_writeFloat (float num)
```

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Header file for LCD module.

Author

Bryan McElvy

This module is essentially a higher-level interface to the ILI9341 module.

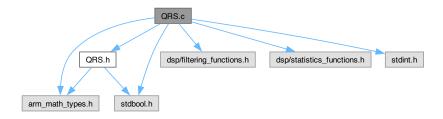
7.7 QRS.c File Reference 115

7.7 QRS.c File Reference

Source code for QRS detection module.

```
#include "QRS.h"
#include "arm_math_types.h"
#include "dsp/filtering_functions.h"
#include "dsp/statistics_functions.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for QRS.c:



Macros

- #define QRS NUM FID MARKS 40
- #define FLOAT_COMPARE_TOLERANCE (float32_t)(1E-5f)
- #define IS_GREATER(X, Y) (bool) ((X Y) > FLOAT_COMPARE_TOLERANCE)
- #define IS_PEAK(X_MINUS_1, X, X_PLUS_1) (bool) (IS_GREATER(X, X_MINUS_1) && IS_GREATER(X, X_PLUS_1))

Functions

Implementation-specific Functions

- static uint8_t QRS_findFiducialMarks (const float32_t yn[], uint16_t fidMarkArray[])
 Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").
- static void QRS_initLevels (const float32_t yn[], float32_t *sigLvlPtr, float32_t *noiseLvlPtr)
 Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.
- static float32_t QRS_updateLevel (const float32_t peakAmplitude, float32_t level)

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

static float32_t QRS_updateThreshold (const float32_t signalLevel, const float32_t noiseLevel)

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

Interface Functions

- void QRS Init (void)
 - Initialize the QRS detector.
- void QRS Preprocess (const float32 t xn[], float32 t yn[])

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

- float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules (const float32_t yn[])
 - Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.
- float32_t QRS_runDetection (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

Variables

```
    struct {
        bool isCalibrated
        float32_t signalLevel
            estimated signal level
        float32_t noiseLevel
        estimated noise level
        float32_t threshold
        amplitude threshold
        uint16_t fidMarkArray [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        float32_t utilityBuffer1 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        array to hold fidMark indices
        float32_t utilityBuffer2 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
    } Detector = { false, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, { 0 }, { 0 }, { 0 }}
```

Digital Filters

• enum {

```
NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4 , NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5 , STATE 
__BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4 , NUM_COEFF_DERFILT = 5 ,
BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT = (1 << 8) , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_DERFILT = NUM_COEFF_DERFILT + BLOCK 
__SIZE_DERFILT - 1 , NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG = 10 , BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG = BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT ,
STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG = NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG + BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG - 1 }
```

- typedef arm_biquad_casd_df1_inst_f32 IIR_Filt_t
- typedef arm_fir_instance_f32 FIR_Filt_t
- static const float32 t COEFF BANDPASS [NUM COEFF HIGHPASS]
- static const float32 t COEFF DERFILT [NUM COEFF DERFILT]
- static const float32_t COEFF_MOVAVG [NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG]
- static float32_t stateBuffer_bandPass [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS] = { 0 }
- static const IIR_Filt_t bandpassFiltStruct = { NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS, stateBuffer_bandPass, COEFF
 —BANDPASS }
- static const IIR Filt t *const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct
- static float32 t stateBuffer DerFilt [STATE BUFF SIZE DERFILT] = { 0 }
- static const FIR_Filt_t derivativeFiltStruct = { NUM_COEFF_DERFILT, stateBuffer_DerFilt, COEFF_
 DERFILT }
- static const FIR_Filt_t *const derivativeFilter = &derivativeFiltStruct
- static float32_t stateBuffer_MovingAvg [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG] = { 0 }
- static const FIR_Filt_t movingAvgFiltStruct = { NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG, stateBuffer_MovingAvg, COEFF← MOVAVG }
- static const FIR_Filt_t *const movingAverageFilter = &movingAvgFiltStruct

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Source code for QRS detection module.

Author

Bryan McElvy

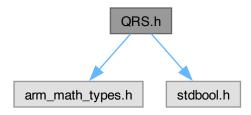
The algorithm used in this file is a simplified version of the Pan-Tompkins algorithm. Specifically, this version currently only uses the integrated signal for the thresholding, and also completely omits the searchback and T wave discrimination parts of the original.

7.8 QRS.h File Reference 117

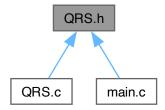
7.8 QRS.h File Reference

Header file for QRS detection module.

```
#include "arm_math_types.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
Include dependency graph for QRS.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- #define QRS SAMP FREQ ((uint32 t) 200)
- #define QRS_SAMP_PERIOD_SEC ((float32_t) 0.005f)
- #define QRS_NUM_SAMP ((uint16_t) (1 << 11))

Functions

Interface Functions

- void QRS Init (void)
 - Initialize the QRS detector.
- void QRS_Preprocess (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])
 - Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.
- float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules (const float32_t yn[])
 - Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.
- float32_t QRS_runDetection (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

7.8.1 Detailed Description

Header file for QRS detection module.

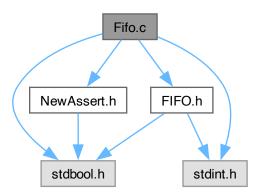
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.9 Fifo.c File Reference

Source code for FIFO buffer module.

```
#include "FIFO.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for Fifo.c:
```



Data Structures

• struct Fifo_t

Functions

Fifo_t FIFO_Init (volatile uint32_t buffer[], const uint32_t N)
 Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.

Basic Operations

- void FIFO_Put (volatile Fifo_t fifo, const uint32_t val)
 Add a value to the end of the buffer.
- uint32_t FIFO_Get (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

 Remove the first value of the buffer.

7.9 Fifo.c File Reference 119

void FIFO_TransferOne (volatile Fifo_t srcFifo, volatile Fifo_t destFifo)
 Transfer a value from one FIFO buffer to another.

Bulk Removal

void FIFO_Flush (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

void FIFO Reset (volatile Fifo t fifo)

Reset the FIFO buffer.

void FIFO_TransferAll (volatile Fifo_t srcFifo, volatile Fifo_t destFifo)

Transfer the contents of one FIFO buffer to another.

Peeking

• uint32_t FIFO_PeekOne (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

• void FIFO_PeekAll (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

Status Checks

• bool FIFO_isFull (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

bool FIFO_isEmpty (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

uint32_t FIFO_getCurrSize (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

Variables

```
• static FifoStruct_t fifoPool [FIFO_POOL_SIZE] = { 0 }
```

pre-allocated pool

• static uint8_t numFreeFifos = FIFO_POOL_SIZE

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Source code for FIFO buffer module.

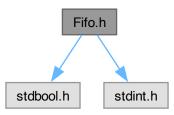
Author

Bryan McElvy

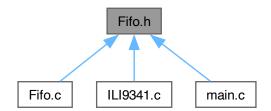
7.10 Fifo.h File Reference

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for Fifo.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

• #define FIFO_POOL_SIZE 5

Functions

Fifo_t FIFO_Init (volatile uint32_t buffer[], const uint32_t N)
 Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.

Basic Operations

- void FIFO_Put (volatile Fifo_t fifo, const uint32_t val)

 Add a value to the end of the buffer.
- uint32_t FIFO_Get (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Remove the first value of the buffer.

void FIFO_TransferOne (volatile Fifo_t srcFifo, volatile Fifo_t destFifo)

Transfer a value from one FIFO buffer to another.

Bulk Removal

• void FIFO_Flush (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

void FIFO Reset (volatile Fifo t fifo)

Reset the FIFO buffer.

• void FIFO_TransferAll (volatile Fifo_t srcFifo, volatile Fifo_t destFifo)

Transfer the contents of one FIFO buffer to another.

Peeking

• uint32_t FIFO_PeekOne (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

void FIFO_PeekAll (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

Status Checks

• bool FIFO_isFull (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

• bool FIFO_isEmpty (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

• uint32_t FIFO_getCurrSize (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

Author

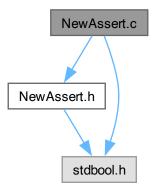
Bryan McElvy

7.11 NewAssert.c File Reference

Source code for custom ${\tt assert}$ implementation.

```
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
```

Include dependency graph for NewAssert.c:



Functions

• void Assert (bool condition)

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

7.11.1 Detailed Description

Source code for custom ${\tt assert}$ implementation.

Author

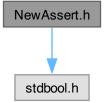
Bryan McElvy

7.12 NewAssert.h File Reference

 $\label{thm:lementation} \textbf{Header file for custom} \ \texttt{assert implementation}.$

#include <stdbool.h>

Include dependency graph for NewAssert.h:



7.13 ADC.c File Reference 123

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

· void Assert (bool condition)

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

7.12.1 Detailed Description

Header file for custom assert implementation.

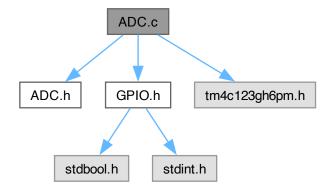
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.13 ADC.c File Reference

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

```
#include "ADC.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
Include dependency graph for ADC.c:
```



Functions

• void ADC_Init (void)

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

7.13.1 Detailed Description

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

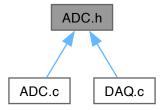
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.14 ADC.h File Reference

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• void ADC_Init (void)

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

7.14.1 Detailed Description

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

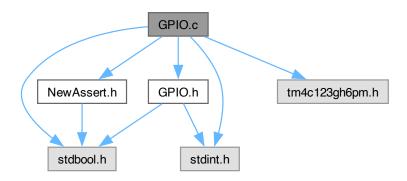
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.15 GPIO.c File Reference

Source code for GPIO module.

```
#include "GPIO.h"
#include <NewAssert.h>
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for GPIO.c:
```



Data Structures

struct GpioPort_t

Macros

• #define GPIO NUM PORTS 6

Enumerations

enum {

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{GPIO_PORTA_BASE_ADDRESS} = (uint32_t) \ 0x40004000 \ , \ \textbf{GPIO_PORTB_BASE_ADDRESS} = (uint32 \hookleftarrow 0x40005000 \ , \ \textbf{GPIO_PORTC_BASE_ADDRESS} = (uint32_t) \ 0x40006000 \ , \ \textbf{GPIO_PORTD_BASE_} \\ \textbf{ADDRESS} = (uint32_t) \ 0x40007000 \ , \end{array}$

GPIO_PORTE_BASE_ADDRESS = (uint32_t) 0x40024000 , **GPIO_PORTF_BASE_ADDRESS** = (uint32_t) 0x40025000 }

• enum {

GPIO_DATA_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x03FC , GPIO_DIR_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0400 , GPIO_IS_R ← OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0404 , GPIO_IBE_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0408 ,

 $\label{eq:gpio_int} \begin{aligned} & \textbf{GPIO_IEV}_\textbf{R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0410 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_ICR}_\textbf{R}_ \\ & \textbf{OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0410 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_AFSEL}_\textbf{R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0420 \ , \end{aligned}$

 $\label{eq:gpio_draft} \begin{aligned} & \textbf{GPIO_DR2R_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0500 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_DR4R_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0504 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_} \\ & \textbf{DR8R_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0508 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_PUR_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0510 \ , \end{aligned}$

 $\label{eq:gpio_pdr_roffset} \begin{aligned} & \textbf{GPIO_PDR_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0518 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_DEN_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x051C \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_} \\ & \textbf{LOCK_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0520 \ , \ & \textbf{GPIO_COMMIT_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0524 \ , \end{aligned}$

 $\textbf{GPIO_AMSEL_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x0528 \ , \ \textbf{GPIO_PCTL_R_OFFSET} = (uint32_t) \ 0x052C \ \}$

Functions

• GpioPort_t GPIO_InitPort (GPIO_PortName_t portName)

Initialize a GPIO Port and return a pointer to its struct.

bool GPIO_isPortInit (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Check if the GPIO port is initialized.

uint32_t GPIO_getBaseAddr (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Get the base address of a GPIO port.

• void GPIO ConfigDirOutput (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Configure the direction of the specified GPIO pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function should only be called to specify OUTPUT pins.

void GPIO_ConfigDirInput (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Configure the specified GPIO pins as INPUT pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function is technically unnecessary, but useful for code readability.

void GPIO_ConfigPullUp (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-up resistors.

void GPIO_ConfigPullDown (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-down resistors.

void GPIO ConfigDriveStrength (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask, uint8 t drive mA)

Configure the specified pins' drive strength. Pins are initialized with 2[mA] drive strength, so this is only needed for a drive strength of 4[mA] or 8[mA].

• void GPIO EnableDigital (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Enable digital I/O for the specified pins.

void GPIO_DisableDigital (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Disable digital I/O for the specified pins.

void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_Edge (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask, bool risingEdge)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge of an input.

• void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_BothEdges (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on both edges of an input.

void GPIO ConfigInterrupts LevelTrig (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask, bool highLevel)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on a high level or low level pulse.

· void GPIO ConfigNVIC (GpioPort t gpioPort, uint8 t priority)

Configure interrupts for the selected port in the NVIC.

• uint32_t GPIO_getDataRegister (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Get the address of a GPIO port's data register.

• uint8 t GPIO ReadPins (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Read from the specified GPIO pin.

void GPIO_WriteHigh (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Write a 1 to the specified GPIO pins.

· void GPIO WriteLow (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Write a 0 to the specified GPIO pins.

void GPIO_Toggle (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Toggle the specified GPIO pins.

void GPIO ConfigAltMode (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Activate the alternate mode for the specified pins.

• void GPIO_ConfigPortCtrl (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask, uint8_t fieldEncoding)

Specify the alternate mode to use for the specified pins.

void GPIO ConfigAnalog (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Activate analog mode for the specified GPIO pins.

Variables

• static GpioPortStruct_t GPIO_PTR_ARR [6]

7.15.1 Detailed Description

Source code for GPIO module.

Author

Bryan McElvy

7.15.2 Function Documentation

GPIO_InitPort()

Initialize a GPIO Port and return a pointer to its struct.

Parameters

in	portName	Name of the chosen port.
out	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.

GPIO_isPortInit()

Check if the GPIO port is initialized.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	true	The GPIO port is initialized.
out	false	The GPIO port has not been initialized.

GPIO_getBaseAddr()

Get the base address of a GPIO port.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	baseAddress	Base address of the GPIO port.

GPIO_ConfigDirOutput()

Configure the direction of the specified GPIO pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function should only be called to specify OUTPUT pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	bitMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended OUTPUT pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigDirInput()

Configure the specified GPIO pins as INPUT pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function is technically unnecessary, but useful for code readability.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	bitMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended INPUT pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPullUp()

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-up resistors.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPullDown()

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-down resistors.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigDriveStrength()

Configure the specified pins' drive strength. Pins are initialized with 2[mA] drive strength, so this is only needed for a drive strength of 4[mA] or 8[mA].

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	drive_mA	Drive strength in [mA]. Should be 2, 4, or 8 [mA].

GPIO_EnableDigital()

Enable digital I/O for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_DisableDigital()

Disable digital I/O for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_Edge()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge of an input.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	risingEdge	true for rising edge, false for falling edge

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_BothEdges()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on both edges of an input.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_LevelTrig()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on a high level or low level pulse.

Parameters

in	gpioPort Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
in	pinMask Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s	
in	n highLevel true for high level, false for low level	

GPIO_ConfigNVIC()

Configure interrupts for the selected port in the NVIC.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in <i>priority</i>		Priority number between 0 (highest) and 7 (lowest).

GPIO_getDataRegister()

Get the address of a GPIO port's data register.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	dataRegister	Address of the GPIO port's data register.

GPIO_ReadPins()

Read from the specified GPIO pin.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_WriteHigh()

Write a $\ensuremath{\mathbb{1}}$ to the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in <i>pinMask</i>		Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_WriteLow()

Write a $\ 0$ to the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_Toggle()

Toggle the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Port Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
Ī	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).	

GPIO_ConfigAltMode()

Activate the alternate mode for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask Bit mask corresponding to the intended	

GPIO_ConfigPortCtrl()

Specify the alternate mode to use for the specified pins.

Parameters

in <i>gpioPort</i> Pointer to		gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in <i>pinMask</i>		Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
Ī	in fieldEncoding		Number corresponding to intended alternate mode.

GPIO_ConfigAnalog()

Activate analog mode for the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

7.15.3 Variable Documentation

GPIO_PTR_ARR

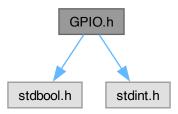
```
GpioPortStruct_t GPIO_PTR_ARR[6] [static]
```

Initial value:

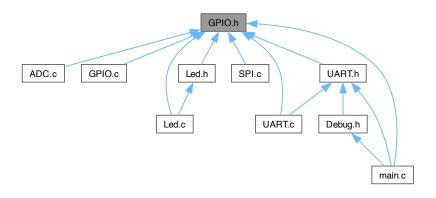
7.16 GPIO.h File Reference

Header file for general-purpose input/output (GPIO) device driver.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for GPIO.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Enumerations

```
enum GPIO_PortName_t {
    GPIO_PORT_A , GPIO_PORT_B , GPIO_PORT_C , GPIO_PORT_D ,
    GPIO_PORT_E , GPIO_PORT_F , A = GPIO_PORT_A , B = GPIO_PORT_B ,
    C = GPIO_PORT_C , D = GPIO_PORT_D , E = GPIO_PORT_E , F = GPIO_PORT_F }

enum GPIO_Pin_t {
    GPIO_PIN0 = ((uint8_t) 1) , GPIO_PIN1 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 1)) , GPIO_PIN2 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 2)) , GPIO_PIN3 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 3)) ,
    GPIO_PIN4 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 4)) , GPIO_PIN5 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 5)) , GPIO_PIN6 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 6)) ,
    GPIO_PIN7 = ((uint8_t) (1 << 7)) ,
    GPIO_ALL_PINS = ((uint8_t) (0xFF)) }
</li>
enum GPIO_LAUNCHPAD_LEDS {
    LED_RED = GPIO_PIN1 , LED_GREEN = GPIO_PIN3 , LED_BLUE = GPIO_PIN2 , LED_YELLOW = (LED_RED + LED_GREEN) ,
    LED_CYAN = (LED_BLUE + LED_GREEN) , LED_PURPLE = (LED_RED + LED_BLUE) , LED_WHITE = (LED_RED + LED_BLUE + LED_GREEN) }
```

Functions

• GpioPort_t GPIO_InitPort (GPIO_PortName_t portName)

Initialize a GPIO Port and return a pointer to its struct.

uint32_t GPIO_getBaseAddr (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Get the base address of a GPIO port.

• bool GPIO_isPortInit (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Check if the GPIO port is initialized.

• void GPIO ConfigDirOutput (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Configure the direction of the specified GPIO pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function should only be called to specify OUTPUT pins.

void GPIO_ConfigDirInput (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Configure the specified GPIO pins as INPUT pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function is technically unnecessary, but useful for code readability.

void GPIO_ConfigPullUp (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-up resistors.

void GPIO_ConfigPullDown (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-down resistors.

void GPIO ConfigDriveStrength (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask, uint8 t drive mA)

Configure the specified pins' drive strength. Pins are initialized with 2[mA] drive strength, so this is only needed for a drive strength of 4[mA] or 8[mA].

• void GPIO EnableDigital (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Enable digital I/O for the specified pins.

void GPIO_DisableDigital (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Disable digital I/O for the specified pins.

void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_Edge (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask, bool risingEdge)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge of an input.

• void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_BothEdges (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on both edges of an input.

void GPIO ConfigInterrupts LevelTrig (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask, bool highLevel)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on a high level or low level pulse.

• void GPIO_ConfigNVIC (GpioPort_t gpioPort, uint8_t priority)

Configure interrupts for the selected port in the NVIC.

uint32_t GPIO_getDataRegister (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Get the address of a GPIO port's data register.

• uint8 t GPIO ReadPins (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Read from the specified GPIO pin.

void GPIO_WriteHigh (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask)

Write a 1 to the specified GPIO pins.

· void GPIO WriteLow (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Write a 0 to the specified GPIO pins.

• void GPIO Toggle (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Toggle the specified GPIO pins.

void GPIO ConfigAltMode (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Activate the alternate mode for the specified pins.

• void GPIO_ConfigPortCtrl (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pinMask, uint8_t fieldEncoding)

Specify the alternate mode to use for the specified pins.

void GPIO ConfigAnalog (GpioPort t gpioPort, GPIO Pin t pinMask)

Activate analog mode for the specified GPIO pins.

7.16.1 Detailed Description

Header file for general-purpose input/output (GPIO) device driver.

Author

Bryan McElvy

7.16.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

GPIO_LAUNCHPAD_LEDS

```
enum GPIO_LAUNCHPAD_LEDS
```

Enumerator

LED_RED	PF1.
LED_GREEN	PF3.
LED_BLUE	PF2.

7.16.3 Function Documentation

GPIO_InitPort()

Initialize a GPIO Port and return a pointer to its struct.

Parameters

in	portName	Name of the chosen port.
out	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.

GPIO_getBaseAddr()

Get the base address of a GPIO port.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	baseAddress	Base address of the GPIO port.

GPIO_isPortInit()

Check if the GPIO port is initialized.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	true	The GPIO port is initialized.
out	false	The GPIO port has not been initialized.

GPIO ConfigDirOutput()

Configure the direction of the specified GPIO pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function should only be called to specify OUTPUT pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	bitMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended OUTPUT pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigDirInput()

Configure the specified GPIO pins as INPUT pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function is technically unnecessary, but useful for code readability.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	bitMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended INPUT pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPullUp()

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-up resistors.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPullDown()

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-down resistors.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigDriveStrength()

Configure the specified pins' drive strength. Pins are initialized with 2[mA] drive strength, so this is only needed for a drive strength of 4[mA] or 8[mA].

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	drive_mA	Drive strength in [mA]. Should be 2, 4, or 8 [mA].

GPIO_EnableDigital()

Enable digital I/O for the specified pins.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
Γ	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_DisableDigital()

Disable digital I/O for the specified pins.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_Edge()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge of an input.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
ſ	in	risingEdge	true for rising edge, false for falling edge

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_BothEdges()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on both edges of an input.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended $pin(s)$.

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_LevelTrig()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on a high level or low level pulse.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).	
in	highLevel true for high level, false for low level		

GPIO_ConfigNVIC()

Configure interrupts for the selected port in the NVIC.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	priority	Priority number between 0 (highest) and 7 (lowest).

GPIO_getDataRegister()

Get the address of a GPIO port's data register.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
out	dataRegister	Address of the GPIO port's data register.	

GPIO_ReadPins()

Read from the specified GPIO pin.

Parameters

Ī	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_WriteHigh()

Write a $\ensuremath{\mathbb{1}}$ to the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_WriteLow()

Write a 0 to the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_Toggle()

Toggle the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigAltMode()

Activate the alternate mode for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Port Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).	

GPIO_ConfigPortCtrl()

Specify the alternate mode to use for the specified pins.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
	in	pinMask Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).		
Ī	in	fieldEncoding	Number corresponding to intended alternate mode.	

GPIO_ConfigAnalog()

Activate analog mode for the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.	
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).	

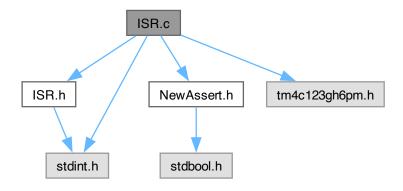
7.17 ISR.c File Reference

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

```
#include "ISR.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdint.h>
```

7.17 ISR.c File Reference 145

Include dependency graph for ISR.c:



Macros

- #define VECTOR_TABLE_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0x00000000)
- #define VECTOR_TABLE_SIZE ((uint32_t) 155)
- #define VECTOR_TABLE_ALIGNMENT ((uint32_t) (1 << 10))
- #define NVIC_EN_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E100)
- #define NVIC_DIS_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E180)
- #define NVIC PRI BASE ADDR ((uint32 t) 0xE000E400)
- #define NVIC UNPEND BASE ADDR ((uint32 t) 0xE000E280)

Functions

- static void ISR_setStatus (const uint8_t vectorNum, const bool isEnabled)
- void ISR_GlobalDisable (void)

Disable all interrupts globally.

• void ISR_GlobalEnable (void)

Enable all interrupts globally.

- static ISR_t newVectorTable[VECTOR_TABLE_SIZE] __attribute__ ((aligned(VECTOR_TABLE_← ALIGNMENT)))
- void ISR_InitNewTableInRam (void)

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

void ISR_addToIntTable (ISR_t isr, const uint8_t vectorNum)

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

void ISR_setPriority (const uint8_t vectorNum, const uint8_t priority)

Set the priority for an interrupt.

void ISR_Enable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_Disable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_triggerInterrupt (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

Variables

- static bool interruptsAreEnabled = true
- void(*const interruptVectorTable [])(void)
- static bool isTableCopiedToRam = false

7.17.1 Detailed Description

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

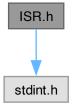
Author

Bryan McElvy

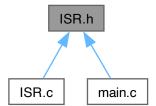
7.18 ISR.h File Reference

Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ISR.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



7.19 PLL.c File Reference 147

Typedefs

typedef void(* ISR_t) (void)

Type definition for function pointers representing ISRs.

Functions

• void ISR_GlobalDisable (void)

Disable all interrupts globally.

void ISR_GlobalEnable (void)

Enable all interrupts globally.

• void ISR_InitNewTableInRam (void)

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

void ISR_addToIntTable (ISR_t isr, const uint8_t vectorNum)

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

void ISR_setPriority (const uint8_t vectorNum, const uint8_t priority)

Set the priority for an interrupt.

void ISR_Enable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_Disable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_triggerInterrupt (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

7.18.1 Detailed Description

Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

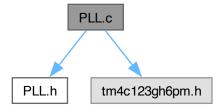
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.19 PLL.c File Reference

Implementation details for phase-lock-loop (PLL) functions.

```
#include "PLL.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
Include dependency graph for PLL.c:
```



Functions

void PLL_Init (void)
 Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

7.19.1 Detailed Description

Implementation details for phase-lock-loop (PLL) functions.

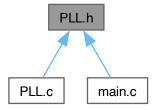
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.20 PLL.h File Reference

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• void PLL_Init (void)

Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

7.20.1 Detailed Description

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

Author

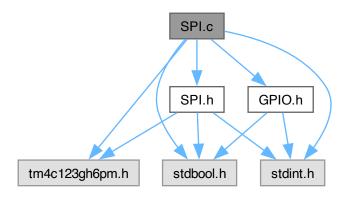
Bryan McElvy

7.21 SPI.c File Reference 149

7.21 SPI.c File Reference

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

```
#include "SPI.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for SPI.c:
```



Macros

- #define SPI_SET_DC() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x40)
- #define **SPI CLEAR DC**() (GPIO PORTA DATA R $\&=\sim$ (0x40))
- #define SPI_IS_BUSY (SSI0_SR_R & 0x10)
- #define SPI_TX_ISNOTFULL (SSI0_SR_R & 0x02)

Enumerations

• enum {

SPI_CLK_PIN = GPIO_PIN2 , SPI_CS_PIN = GPIO_PIN3 , SPI_RX_PIN = GPIO_PIN4 , SPI_TX_PIN = GPIO_PIN5 , SPI_RX_PIN = GPIO_PI

$$\begin{split} \textbf{SPI_DC_PIN} &= \texttt{GPIO_PIN6} \;, \; \textbf{SPI_RESET_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO_PIN7} \;, \; \textbf{SPI_SSI0_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI_CLK_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_} \leftarrow \texttt{CS_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_RX_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_TX_PIN}) \;, \; \textbf{SPI_GPIO_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI_DC_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI_RESET_PIN}) \;, \; \textbf{SPI_ALL_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI_SSI0_PINS} \mid \texttt{SPI_GPIO_PINS}) \; \} \end{split}$$

Functions

• void SPI_Init (void)

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

uint8_t SPI_Read (void)

Read data from the serial port.

void SPI_WriteCmd (uint8_t cmd)

Write a command to the serial port.

void SPI_WriteData (uint8_t data)

Write data to the serial port.

7.21.1 Detailed Description

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

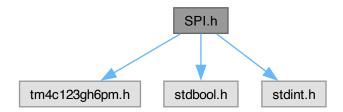
Author

Bryan McElvy

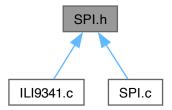
7.22 SPI.h File Reference

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

```
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for SPI.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- #define **SPI_CLEAR_RESET**() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= \sim (0x80))
- #define $SPI_SET_RESET()$ (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x80)

Functions

```
    void SPI_Init (void)
```

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

uint8_t SPI_Read (void)

Read data from the serial port.

void SPI_WriteCmd (uint8_t cmd)

Write a command to the serial port.

void SPI_WriteData (uint8_t data)

Write data to the serial port.

7.22.1 Detailed Description

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

Author

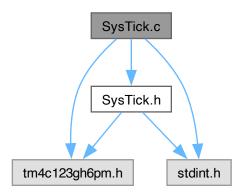
Bryan McElvy

7.23 SysTick.c File Reference

Implementation details for SysTick functions.

```
#include "SysTick.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for SysTick.c:



Functions

• void SysTick_Timer_Init (void)

Initialize SysTick for timing purposes.

void SysTick_Wait1ms (uint32_t delay_ms)

Delay for specified amount of time in [ms]. Assumes f_bus = 80[MHz].

void SysTick_Interrupt_Init (uint32_t time_ms)

Initialize SysTick for interrupts.

7.23.1 Detailed Description

Implementation details for SysTick functions.

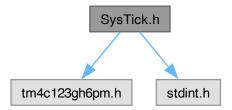
Author

Bryan McElvy

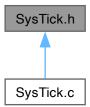
7.24 SysTick.h File Reference

Driver module for using SysTick-based timing and/or interrupts.

```
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for SysTick.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• void SysTick_Timer_Init (void)

Initialize SysTick for timing purposes.

void SysTick_Wait1ms (uint32_t delay_ms)

Delay for specified amount of time in [ms]. Assumes f_bus = 80[MHz].

void SysTick_Interrupt_Init (uint32_t time_ms)

Initialize SysTick for interrupts.

7.24.1 Detailed Description

Driver module for using SysTick-based timing and/or interrupts.

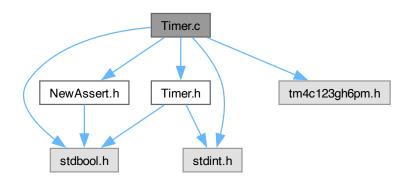
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.25 Timer.c File Reference

Source code for Timer module.

```
#include "Timer.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for Timer.c:
```



Data Structures

struct Timer_t

Enumerations

```
    enum {
        TIMERO_BASE = 0x40030000 , TIMER1_BASE = 0x40031000 , TIMER2_BASE = 0x40032000 , TIMER3
        __BASE = 0x40033000 ,
        TIMER4_BASE = 0x40034000 , TIMER5_BASE = 0x40035000 }
        enum REGISTER_OFFSETS {
            CONFIG = 0x00 , MODE = 0x04 , CTRL = 0x0C , INT_MASK = 0x18 ,
            INT_CLEAR = 0x24 , INTERVAL = 0x28 , VALUE = 0x054 }
```

Functions

Timer_t Timer_Init (timerName_t timerName)

Initialize a hardware timer.

void Timer_Deinit (Timer_t timer)

De-initialize a hardware timer.

timerName_t Timer_getName (Timer_t timer)

Get the name of a timer object.

bool Timer_isInit (Timer_t timer)

Check if a timer object is initialized.

• void Timer_setMode (Timer_t timer, timerMode_t timerMode, timerDirection_t timerDirection)

Set the mode for the timer.

void Timer_enableAdcTrigger (Timer_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

void Timer_disableAdcTrigger (Timer_t timer)

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

void Timer enableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

void Timer disableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

void Timer_clearInterruptFlag (Timer_t timer)

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

void Timer_setInterval_ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Set the interval to use.

- uint32_t Timer_getCurrentValue (Timer_t timer)
- void Timer Start (Timer t timer)

Start the timer.

void Timer_Stop (Timer_t timer)

Stop the timer.

• bool Timer_isCounting (Timer_t timer)

Check if the timer is currently counting.

void Timer_Wait1ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Initiate a time delay.

Variables

• static TimerStruct t TIMER POOL [6]

7.25.1 Detailed Description

Source code for Timer module.

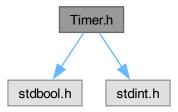
Author

Bryan McElvy

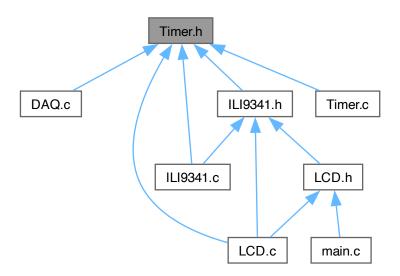
7.26 Timer.h File Reference

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for Timer.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Enumerations

- enum timerName_t {
 TIMER0 , TIMER1 , TIMER2 , TIMER3 ,
 TIMER4 , TIMER5 }
- enum timerMode_t { ONESHOT , PERIODIC }
- enum timerDirection_t { UP , DOWN }

Functions

• Timer_t Timer_Init (timerName_t timerName)

Initialize a hardware timer.

void Timer_Deinit (Timer_t timer)

De-initialize a hardware timer.

timerName_t Timer_getName (Timer_t timer)

Get the name of a timer object.

bool Timer_isInit (Timer_t timer)

Check if a timer object is initialized.

• void Timer_setMode (Timer_t timer, timerMode_t timerMode, timerDirection_t timerDirection)

Set the mode for the timer.

void Timer_enableAdcTrigger (Timer_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

void Timer_disableAdcTrigger (Timer_t timer)

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

void Timer enableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

void Timer disableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

void Timer_clearInterruptFlag (Timer_t timer)

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

void Timer_setInterval_ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Set the interval to use.

- uint32_t Timer_getCurrentValue (Timer_t timer)
- void Timer Start (Timer t timer)

Start the timer.

void Timer_Stop (Timer_t timer)

Stop the timer.

• bool Timer_isCounting (Timer_t timer)

Check if the timer is currently counting.

void Timer_Wait1ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Initiate a time delay.

7.26.1 Detailed Description

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

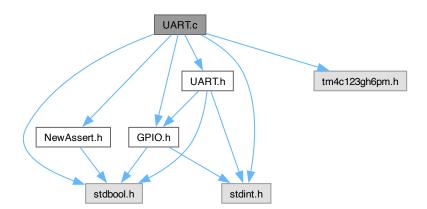
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.27 UART.c File Reference

Source code for UART module.

```
#include "UART.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include "tm4c123gh6pm.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for UART.c:
```



Data Structures

struct Uart_t

Macros

#define ASCII_CONVERSION 0x30

Enumerations

- enum UART_BASE_ADDRESSES {
 UART0_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000C000 , UART1_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000D000 , UART2_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000E000 , UART3_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000F000 ,
 UART4_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40010000 , UART5_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40011000 , UART6_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40012000 , UART7_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40013000 }
- enum UART_REG_OFFSETS {
 UART_FR_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x18 , IBRD_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x24 , FBRD_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x28 , LCRH_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x2C ,
 CTL_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x30 , CC_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0xFC8 }

Functions

• Uart_t UART_Init (GpioPort_t port, uartNum_t uartNum)

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

bool UART_isInit (Uart_t uart)

Check if the UART object is initialized.

• unsigned char UART_ReadChar (Uart_t uart)

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

void UART_WriteChar (Uart_t uart, unsigned char inputChar)

Write a single character to the UART.

• void UART_WriteStr (Uart_t uart, void *inputStr)

Write a C string to the UART.

• void UART_WriteInt (Uart_t uart, int32_t n)

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

void UART_WriteFloat (Uart_t uart, double n, uint8_t numDecimals)

Write a floating-point number the UART.

Variables

• static UartStruct_t UART_ARR [8]

7.27.1 Detailed Description

Source code for UART module.

Author

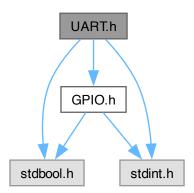
Bryan McElvy

7.28 UART.h File Reference

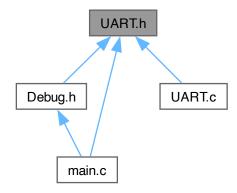
Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

```
#include "GPIO.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for UART.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Enumerations

```
    enum uartNum_t {
    UART0 , UART1 , UART2 , UART3 ,
    UART4 , UART5 , UART6 , UART7 }
```

Functions

Uart_t UART_Init (GpioPort_t port, uartNum_t uartNum)

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

bool UART_isInit (Uart_t uart)

Check if the UART object is initialized.

unsigned char UART_ReadChar (Uart_t uart)

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

· void UART_WriteChar (Uart_t uart, unsigned char inputChar)

Write a single character to the UART.

• void UART_WriteStr (Uart_t uart, void *inputStr)

Write a C string to the UART.

• void UART_WriteInt (Uart_t uart, int32_t n)

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

• void UART_WriteFloat (Uart_t uart, double n, uint8_t numDecimals)

Write a floating-point number the UART.

7.28.1 Detailed Description

Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

Author

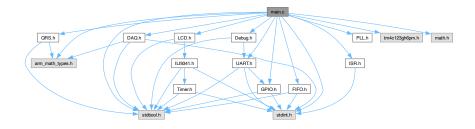
Bryan McElvy

```
UARTO uses PAO and PAI, which are not broken out but can connect to a PC's serial port via USB.  
UART1 uses PBO (Rx) and PB1 (Tx), which are broken out but do not connect to a serial port.
```

7.29 main.c File Reference

Main program file.

```
#include "DAQ.h"
#include "LCD.h"
#include "QRS.h"
#include "Debug.h"
#include "FIFO.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "ISR.h"
#include "PLL.h"
#include "UART.h"
#include "arm_math_types.h"
#include <math.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include dependency graph for main.c:
```



Enumerations

- enum ISR_VECTOR_NUMS { DAQ_VECTOR_NUM = INT_ADC0SS3 , PROC_VECTOR_NUM = INT_CAN0 , LCD_VECTOR_NUM = INT_TIMER1A }
- enum FIFO_INFO {
 DAQ_FIFO_CAP = 3 , DAQ_ARRAY_LEN = DAQ_FIFO_CAP + 1 , QRS_FIFO_CAP = QRS_NUM_SAMP ,
 QRS_ARRAY_LEN = QRS_FIFO_CAP + 1 ,
 LCD_FIFO_1_CAP = DAQ_FIFO_CAP , LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP + 1 , LCD_FIFO_2_CAP
 = 1 , LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN = LCD_FIFO_2_CAP + 1 }
- enum LCD_INFO {
 LCD_TOP_LINE = (LCD_Y_MAX 24) , LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y = LCD_TOP_LINE , LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET
 = 0 , LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN = (0 + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) ,
 LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX = (LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_TEXT_LINE_NUM = 28 ,
 LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM = 24 }

Functions

- static void DAQ_Handler (void)
 - ISR for the data acquisition system.
- static void Processing_Handler (void)
 - ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.
- static void LCD Handler (void)
 - ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.
- int main (void)

Main function for the project.

Variables

- static volatile Fifo_t **DAQ_Fifo** = 0
- static volatile uint32_t **DAQ_fifoBuffer** [DAQ_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo_t QRS_Fifo = 0
- static volatile uint32_t QRS_fifoBuffer [QRS_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo_t LCD_Fifo1 = 0
- static volatile uint32_t LCD_fifoBuffer1 [LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo_t LCD_Fifo2 = 0
- static volatile uint32_t LCD_fifoBuffer2 [LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile bool qrsBufferIsFuII = false

flag for QRS detection to start

• static volatile bool heartRateIsReady = false

flag for LCD to output heart rate

- static float32_t QRS_processingBuffer [QRS_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static uint16_t LCD_prevSampleBuffer [LCD_X_MAX] = { 0 }

7.29.1 Detailed Description

Main program file.

Author

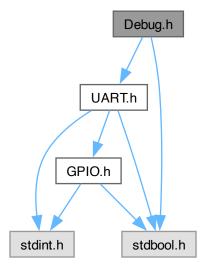
Bryan McElvy

7.30 Debug.h File Reference

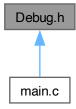
Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

```
#include "UART.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
```

Include dependency graph for Debug.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

Initialization

void Debug_Init (Uart_t uart)
 Initialize the Debug module.

Assertions

• void Debug_Assert (bool condition)

Stops program if condition is true. Useful for bug detection during debugging.

Serial Output

- enum Msg_t { DEBUG_DAQ_INIT , DEBUG_QRS_INIT , DEBUG_LCD_INIT , DEBUG_QRS_START }
- void Debug_SendMsg (void *message)

Send a message to the serial port.

• void Debug_SendFromList (Msg_t msg)

Send a message from the message list.

• void Debug_WriteFloat (double value)

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

7.30.1 Detailed Description

Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

Author

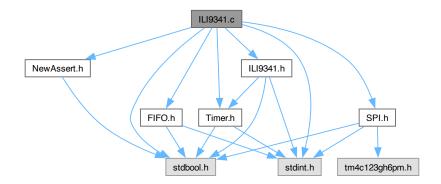
Bryan McElvy

7.31 ILI9341.c File Reference

Source code for ILI9341 module.

```
#include "ILI9341.h"
#include "SPI.h"
#include "Timer.h"
#include "FIFO.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
```

Include dependency graph for ILI9341.c:



Functions

- static void ILI9341_setMode (uint8_t param)
- static void ILI9341_setAddress (uint16_t start_address, uint16_t end_address, bool is_row)
- static void ILI9341_sendParams (Cmd_t cmd)

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

void ILI9341 Init (Timer t timer)

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

• void ILI9341_setInterface (void)

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

void ILI9341_resetHard (Timer_t timer)

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

• void ILI9341_resetSoft (Timer_t timer)

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

void ILI9341_setSleepMode (sleepMode_t sleepMode, Timer_t timer)

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

void ILI9341 setDisplayArea (displayArea t displayArea)

Set the display area.

void ILI9341_setColorExpression (colorExpr_t colorExpr)

Set the color expression (FULL_COLORS by default).

void ILI9341 setPartialArea (uint16 t rowStart, uint16 t rowEnd)

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

void ILI9341_setDispInversion (invertMode_t invertMode)

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

void ILI9341_setDispOutput (outputMode_t outputMode)

Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

void ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl (bool areRowsFlipped, bool areColsFlipped, bool areRowsAndCols
 — Switched, bool isVertRefreshFlipped, bool isColorOrderFlipped, bool isHorRefreshFlipped)

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

void ILI9341_setColorDepth (colorDepth_t colorDepth)

Set the color depth for the display.

• void ILI9341_setFrameRate (uint8_t divisionRatio, uint8_t clocksPerLine)

TODO: Write brief.

• void ILI9341 setRowAddress (uint16 t startRow, uint16 t endRow)

Sets the start/end rows to be written to.

void ILI9341_setColAddress (uint16_t startCol, uint16_t endCol)

Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

void ILI9341 writeMemCmd (void)

Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

• void ILI9341_writePixel (uint8_t red, uint8_t green, uint8_t blue)

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

Variables

```
• static uint32_t ILI9341_Buffer [8]
```

• static Fifo_t ILI9341_Fifo

struct {

sleepMode_t sleepMode
displayArea_t displayArea
colorExpr_t colorExpression
invertMode_t invertMode
outputMode_t outputMode
colorDepth_t colorDepth
bool isInit

} ili9341 = { SLEEP_ON, NORMAL_AREA, FULL_COLORS, INVERT_OFF, OUTPUT_ON, COLORDEPTH_16BIT, false }

7.31.1 Detailed Description

Source code for ILI9341 module.

Author

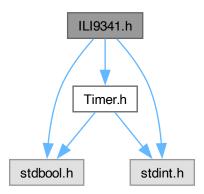
Bryan McElvy

7.32 ILI9341.h File Reference

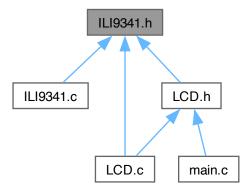
Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

```
#include "Timer.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
```

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for ILI9341.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Enumerations

```
    enum { ILI9341_NUM_COLS = 240 , ILI9341_NUM_ROWS = 320 }
    enum Cmd_t {
        NOP = 0x00 , SWRESET = 0x01 , SPLIN = 0x10 , SPLOUT = 0x11 ,
        PTLON = 0x12 , NORON = 0x13 , DINVOFF = 0x20 , DINVON = 0x21 ,
        CASET = 0x2A , PASET = 0x2B , RAMWR = 0x2C , DISPOFF = 0x28 ,
        DISPON = 0x29 , PLTAR = 0x30 , VSCRDEF = 0x33 , MADCTL = 0x36 ,
        VSCRSADD = 0x37 , IDMOFF = 0x38 , IDMON = 0x39 , PIXSET = 0x3A ,
        FRMCTR1 = 0xB1 , FRMCTR2 = 0xB2 , FRMCTR3 = 0xB3 , PRCTR = 0xB5 ,
        IFCTL = 0xF6 }
```

- enum $sleepMode_t$ { $SLEEP_ON = SPLIN$, $SLEEP_OFF = SPLOUT$ }

- enum displayArea_t { NORMAL_AREA = NORON , PARTIAL_AREA = PTLON }
- enum colorExpr t { FULL COLORS = IDMOFF , PARTIAL COLORS = IDMON }
- enum invertMode_t { INVERT_ON = DINVON , INVERT_OFF = DINVOFF }
- enum outputMode t { OUTPUT ON = DISPON , OUTPUT OFF = DISPOFF }
- enum colorDepth_t { COLORDEPTH_16BIT = 0x55 , COLORDEPTH_18BIT = 0x66 }

Functions

void ILI9341 Init (Timer t timer)

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

• void ILI9341_setInterface (void)

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

• void ILI9341_resetHard (Timer_t timer)

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

void ILI9341 resetSoft (Timer t timer)

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

void ILI9341 setSleepMode (sleepMode t sleepMode, Timer t timer)

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

void ILI9341_setDisplayArea (displayArea_t displayArea)

Set the display area.

void ILI9341_setPartialArea (uint16_t rowStart, uint16_t rowEnd)

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

void ILI9341_setColorExpression (colorExpr_t colorExpr)

Set the color expression (FULL_COLORS by default).

void ILI9341_setDispInversion (invertMode_t invertMode)

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

void ILI9341_setDispOutput (outputMode_t outputMode)

Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

void ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl (bool areRowsFlipped, bool areColsFlipped, bool areRowsAndCols
 — Switched, bool isVertRefreshFlipped, bool isColorOrderFlipped, bool isHorRefreshFlipped)

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

void ILI9341 setColorDepth (colorDepth t colorDepth)

Set the color depth for the display.

• void ILI9341 setFrameRate (uint8 t divisionRatio, uint8 t clocksPerLine)

TODO: Write brief.

void ILI9341 setRowAddress (uint16 t startRow, uint16 t endRow)

Sets the start/end rows to be written to.

• void ILI9341_setColAddress (uint16_t startCol, uint16_t endCol)

Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

void ILI9341_writeMemCmd (void)

Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

void ILI9341 writePixel (uint8 t red, uint8 t green, uint8 t blue)

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

7.32.1 Detailed Description

Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

Author

Bryan McElvy

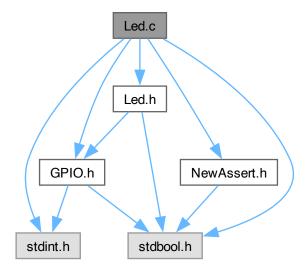
This module contains functions for initializing and outputting graphical data to a 240RGBx320 resolution, 262K color-depth liquid crystal display (LCD). The module interfaces the LaunchPad (or any other board featuring the TM4C123GH6PM microcontroller) with an ILI9341 LCD driver chip via the serial peripheral interface (SPI) protocol.

7.33 Led.c File Reference 167

7.33 Led.c File Reference

Source code for LED module.

```
#include "Led.h"
#include "GPIO.h"
#include "NewAssert.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for Led.c:
```



Data Structures

• struct Led_t

Functions

Initialization & Configuration

- Led_t Led_Init (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pin)

 Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led_t.
- GpioPort_t Led_GetPort (Led_t led)

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

GPIO_Pin_t Led_GetPin (Led_t led)
 Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

Status Checking

- bool Led_isInit (Led_t led)

 Check if an LED is initialized.
- bool Led_isOn (Led_t led)

Check the LED's status.

Operations

```
    void Led_TurnOn (Led_t led)
        Turn an LED ON.

    void Led_TurnOff (Led_t led)
```

Turn an LED OFF.
• void Led_Toggle (Led_t led)
Toggle an LED.

Variables

- static LedStruct_t Led_ObjPool [LED_POOL_SIZE] = { 0 }
- static uint8_t num_free_leds = LED_POOL_SIZE

7.33.1 Detailed Description

Source code for LED module.

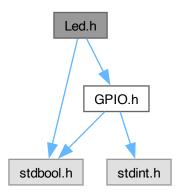
Author

Bryan McElvy

7.34 Led.h File Reference

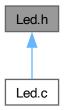
Interface for LED module.

#include "GPIO.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
Include dependency graph for Led.h:



7.34 Led.h File Reference 169

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

• #define LED_POOL_SIZE 1

Functions

Initialization & Configuration

- Led_t Led_Init (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GPIO_Pin_t pin)
 Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led_t.
- GpioPort_t Led_GetPort (Led_t led)

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

GPIO_Pin_t Led_GetPin (Led_t led)
 Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

Status Checking

- bool Led_isInit (Led_t led)
 - Check if an LED is initialized.
- bool Led_isOn (Led_t led)

Check the LED's status.

Operations

- void Led_TurnOn (Led_t led)
 - Turn an LED ON.
- void Led_TurnOff (Led_t led)

Turn an LED OFF.

void Led_Toggle (Led_t led)
 Toggle an LED.

7.34.1 Detailed Description

Interface for LED module.

Author

Bryan McElvy

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