uHeartMonitor

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1 Topic Index

1.1 Topics

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3 File Index

3.1 File List

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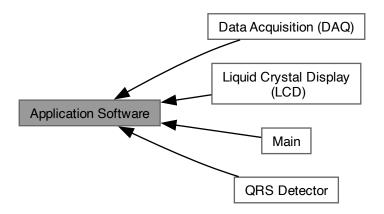
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4 Topic Documentation

4.1 Application Software

Application-specific software modules.

Collaboration diagram for Application Software:



Modules

• Data Acquisition (DAQ)

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

· QRS Detector

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

• Main

Main program file.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

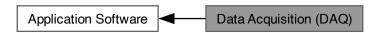
Application-specific software modules.

These modules contain functions built specifically for this project's purposes.

4.1.2 Data Acquisition (DAQ)

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

 $Collaboration \ diagram \ for \ Data \ Acquisition \ (DAQ):$



Files

• file DAQ.c

Source code for DAQ module.

• file DAQ.h

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

• file DAQ_lookup.c

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

Macros

• #define SAMPLING PERIOD MS 5

sampling period in ms ($T_s = \frac{1}{f_s}$)

#define DAQ_LOOKUP_MAX ((float32_t) 5.5f)

maximum lookup table value

• #define DAQ_LOOKUP_MIN ((float32_t) (-5.5f))

minimum lookup table value

Variables

static const float32 t DAQ LOOKUP_TABLE [4096]

Lookup table for converting ADC data from unsigned 12-bit integer values to 32-bit floating point values.

Digital Filters

• enum {

NUM_STAGES_NOTCH = 6, NUM_COEFFS_NOTCH = NUM_STAGES_NOTCH * 5, STATE_BUFF_ \leftarrow SIZE_NOTCH = NUM_STAGES_NOTCH * 4, NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4, NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5, STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4}

- typedef arm_biquad_casd_df1_inst_f32 Filter_t
- static const float32 t COEFFS NOTCH [NUM COEFFS NOTCH]
- static const float32_t COEFFS_BANDPASS [NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS]
- static float32 t stateBuffer Notch [STATE BUFF SIZE NOTCH]
- static const Filter t notchFiltStruct = { NUM STAGES NOTCH, stateBuffer Notch, COEFFS NOTCH }
- static const Filter t *const notchFilter = ¬chFiltStruct
- static float32 t stateBuffer Bandpass [STATE BUFF SIZE BANDPASS]
- static const Filter_t bandpassFiltStruct
- static const Filter_t *const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct

Initialization

void DAQ_Init (void)

Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

Reading Input Data

uint16_t DAQ_readSample (void)

Read a sample from the ADC.

void DAQ acknowledgeInterrupt (void)

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

float32_t DAQ_convertToMilliVolts (uint16_t sample)

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

Digital Filtering Functions

float32_t DAQ_NotchFilter (volatile float32_t xn)

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

float32_t DAQ_BandpassFilter (volatile float32_t xn)

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

4.1.2.1 Detailed Description

Module for managing data acquisition (DAQ) functions.

4.1.2.2 Function Documentation

DAQ Init()

```
void DAQ_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the data acquisition (DAQ) module.

Postcondition

The analog-to-digital converter (ADC) is initialized and configured for timer-triggered sample capture.

The timer is initialized in PERIODIC mode and triggers the ADC every 5ms (i.e. sampling frequency $f_s = 200Hz$).

The DAQ module has access to its lookup table (LUT).

DAQ_readSample()

Read a sample from the ADC.

Precondition

Initialize the DAQ module.

This should be used in an interrupt handler and/or at a consistent rate (i.e. the sampling frequency).

Parameters

out	sample	12-bit sample in range [0×000 ,	0xFFF]
-----	--------	---	--------

Postcondition

The sample can now be converted to millivolts.

See also

DAQ_convertToMilliVolts()

DAQ_acknowledgeInterrupt()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

Acknowledge the ADC interrupt.

Precondition

This should be used within an interrupt handler.

DAQ_NotchFilter()

```
float32_t DAQ_NotchFilter ( {\tt volatile~float32\_t~\it xn~)}
```

Apply a 60 [Hz] notch filter to an input sample.

Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC and convert it to millivolts.

Parameters

in	xn	Raw input sample
out	yn	Filtered output sample

Postcondition

y[n] is ready for analysis and/or further processing.

See also

DAQ_BandpassFilter()

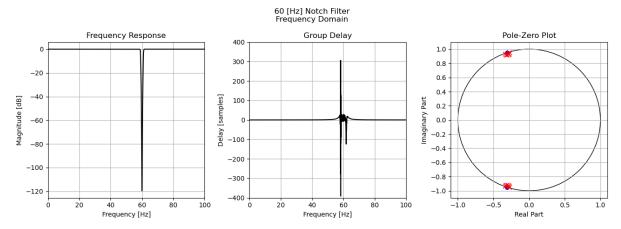


Figure 1 Frequency domain parameters for the notch filter.

DAQ_BandpassFilter()

```
float32_t DAQ_BandpassFilter ( volatile \ float32\_t \ \textit{xn} \ )
```

Apply a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to an input sample.

Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC and convert it to millivolts.

Parameters

in	xn	Input sample
out	yn	Filtered output sample

Postcondition

y[n] is ready for analysis and/or further processing.

See also

DAQ_NotchFilter()

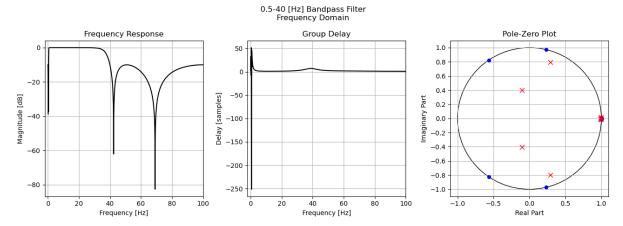


Figure 2 Frequency domain parameters for the bandpass filter.

DAQ_convertToMilliVolts()

Convert a 12-bit ADC sample to a floating-point voltage value via LUT.

Precondition

Read a sample from the ADC.

Parameters

iı	n	sample	12-bit sample in range [0x000, 0xFFF]
01	ut	xn	Voltage value in range $[-5.5, 5.5)[mV]$

Postcondition

The sample x[n] is ready for filtering.

See also

DAQ_readSample()

Note

Defined in DAQ_lookup.c rather than DAQ.c.

4.1.2.3 Variable Documentation

COEFFS NOTCH

```
Initial value:
= {
      0.8856732845306396f,  0.5476464033126831f,  0.8856732845306396f,
      -0.5850160717964172f,  -0.9409302473068237f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.615153431892395f,  -0.9412328004837036f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.5631667971611023f,  -0.9562366008758545f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.6460562348365784f,  -0.9568508863449097f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.5554963946342468f,  -0.9837208390235901f,
      1.0f,  0.6183391213417053f,  1.0f,
      -0.6700929999351501f,  -0.9840363264083862f,
}
```

COEFFS_BANDPASS

```
const float32_t COEFFS_BANDPASS[NUM_COEFFS_DAQ_BANDPASS] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0.3240305185317993f, 0.3665695786476135f, 0.3240305185317993f, -0.20968256890773773f, -0.1729172021150589f,

1.0f, -0.4715292155742645f, 1.0f, 0.5868059992790222f, -0.7193671464920044f,

1.0f, -1.9999638795852661f, 1.0f, 1.9863483905792236f, -0.986438512802124f,

1.0f, -1.9997893571853638f, 1.0f, 1.994096040725708f, -0.9943605065345764f,
```

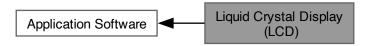
bandpassFiltStruct

```
const Filter_t bandpassFiltStruct [static]
```

4.1.3 Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

Collaboration diagram for Liquid Crystal Display (LCD):



Files

• file Font.c

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.

• file LCD.c

Source code for LCD module.

• file LCD.h

Header file for LCD module.

Macros

• #define CONVERT_INT_TO_ASCII(X) ((unsigned char) (X + 0x30))

Functions

• static void LCD_plotSample (uint16_t x, uint16_t y, uint8_t color)

Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

Variables

```
• const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]
struct {
    uint16 t x1
      starting x-value in range [0, x2]
    uint16_t x2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM_ROWS)
   uint16_t y1
      starting y-value in range [0, y2]
   uint16_t y2
      ending x-value in range [0, NUM_COLS)
   uint16_t lineNum
      line number for text; in range [0, NUM_LINES)
    uint16 t colNum
      column number for text; in range [0, NUM_COLS)
    uint8 t color
    bool islnit
      if true, LCD has been initialized
 \} \ \text{lcd} = \{ 0 \}
```

const uint8_t *const FONT_ARRAY [128]

Initialization & Configuration

```
enum LCD_PLOT_INFO { LCD_X_MAX = ILI9341_NUM_ROWS - 1 , LCD_Y_MAX = ILI9341_NUM_COLS
        - 1 }
• enum LCD COLORS {
        \textbf{LCD\_BLACK} = 0x00 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_RED} = 0x04 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_GREEN} = 0x02 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ ^{\wedge} \ 0x07 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} = 0x01 \ , \ \textbf{LCD\_BLUE} =
        LCD YELLOW = 0x06 \land 0x07, LCD CYAN = 0x03 \land 0x07, LCD PURPLE = 0x05 \land 0x07, LCD WHITE =
        0x07 ^ 0x07 

    void LCD_Init (void)

                       Initialize the LCD.

    void LCD_setOutputMode (bool isOn)

                         Toggle display output ON or OFF (OFF by default).
void LCD_setX (uint16_t x1, uint16_t x2)
                        Set new x-coordinates to be written to. 0 <= x1 <= x2 <= X_{MAX}.
void LCD_setY (uint16_t y1, uint16_t y2)
                        Set new y-coordinates to be written to. 0 <= y1 <= y2 <= Y_{MAX} .

    void LCD_setColor (uint8_t color)

                        Set the color value.
```

Writing

```
    enum LCD_WRITING_INFO { HEIGHT_CHAR = 8 , LEN_CHAR = 5 , NUM_LINES = 30 , NUM_COLS = 64 }
    void LCD_setCursor (uint16_t lineNum, uint16_t colNum)
        Set the cursor to line x, column y.
    void LCD_writeChar (unsigned char inputChar)
    void LCD_writeStr (void *asciiString)
    void LCD_writeInt (int32_t num)
    void LCD_writeFloat (float num)
```

ASCII Characters (Punctuation)

```
static const uint8_t FONT_SPACE [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_COLON [8]
```

ASCII Characters (Numbers)

```
static const uint8_t FONT_0 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_1 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_2 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_3 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_4 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_5 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_6 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_7 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_8 [8]
static const uint8_t FONT_9 [8]
```

ASCII Characters (Uppercase Letters)

- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER A [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER B [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_C [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER D [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_E [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER G [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_H [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER I [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_J [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER K [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_L [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_M [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_N [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_O [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_P [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Q [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_S [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_T [8]
 static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_H [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_U [8]
 static const uint8 t FONT_UPPER_V [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_W [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER X [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER Y [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT UPPER Z [8]

ASCII Characters (Lowercase Letters)

- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_A [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER B [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_C [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER D [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_E [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_F [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER G [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_H [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_I [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_J [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_K [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_L [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_M [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_N [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_O [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_P [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Q [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_R [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER S [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_T [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_U [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_V [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_W [8]
- static const uint8 t FONT LOWER X [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Y [8]
- static const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Z [8]

Helper Functions

• static void LCD_drawLine (uint16_t center, uint16_t lineWidth, bool is_horizontal)

Helper function for drawing straight lines.

static void LCD_updateCursor (void)

Update the cursor for after writing text on the display.

Drawing

```
    void LCD Draw (void)
```

Draw on the LCD.

void LCD Fill (void)

Fill the display with a single color.

void LCD_drawHoriLine (uint16_t yCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)

Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.

void LCD_drawVertLine (uint16_t xCenter, uint16_t lineWidth)

Draw a vertical line across the entire display.

• void LCD_drawRectangle (uint16_t x1, uint16_t dx, uint16_t y1, uint16_t dy)

Draw a rectangle of size $dx \times dy$ onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).

4.1.3.1 Detailed Description

Module for displaying graphs on an LCD via the ILI9341 module.

4.1.3.2 Function Documentation

LCD_drawLine()

Helper function for drawing straight lines.

Parameters

center	Row or column that the line is centered on. center is increased or decreased if the line to be written would have gone out of bounds.	
lineWidth	Width of the line. Should be a positive, odd number.	
is_row	true for horizontal line, false for vertical line	

LCD_Init()

```
void LCD_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the LCD.

Postcondition

The display will be ready to accept commands, but output will be off.

LCD_setOutputMode()

```
void LCD_setOutputMode ( bool \ \textit{isOn} \ )
```

Toggle display output \mathtt{ON} or \mathtt{OFF} (\mathtt{OFF} by default).

Parameters

in	isOn	true to turn display output ON, false to turn OFF
----	------	---

Postcondition

When OFF, the display is cleared. When ON, the IC writes pixel data from its memory to the display.

LCD_setX()

Set new x-coordinates to be written to. $0 \le x1 \le x2 \le X_{MAX}$.

Parameters

in	x1	left-most x-coordinate
in	x2	right-most x-coordinate

See also

```
LCD_setY()
```

LCD_setY()

Set new y-coordinates to be written to. $0 <= y1 <= y2 <= Y_{MAX}$.

Parameters

in	y1	lowest y-coordinate
in	y2	highest y-coordinate

See also

```
LCD_setX()
```

LCD_setColor()

Set the color value.

Parameters

```
in color Color to use.
```

Postcondition

Outgoing pixel data will use the selected color.

LCD_Draw()

```
void LCD_Draw (
          void )
```

Draw on the LCD.

Precondition

Set the drawable area and the color to use for that area.

Postcondition

The selected areas of the display will be drawn onto with the selected color.

See also

```
LCD\_setX(),\,LCD\_setY(),\,LCD\_setColor()
```

References ILI9341_writeMemCmd(), and ILI9341_writePixel().

LCD_Fill()

```
void LCD_Fill (
     void )
```

Fill the display with a single color.

Precondition

Select the desired color to fill the display with.

See also

```
LCD_setColor()
```

LCD_drawHoriLine()

Draw a horizontal line across the entire display.

Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the line.

Parameters

in	yCenter	y-coordinate to center the line on	
in	lineWidth	width of the line; should be a positive, odd number	

See also

LCD_drawVertLine, LCD_drawRectangle()

LCD_drawVertLine()

Draw a vertical line across the entire display.

Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the line.

Parameters

in	xCenter	x-coordinate to center the line on
in	lineWidth	width of the line; should be a positive, odd number

See also

LCD_drawHoriLine, LCD_drawRectangle()

LCD_drawRectangle()

Draw a rectangle of size dx x dy onto the display. The bottom-left corner will be located at (x1, y1).

Precondition

Select the desired color to use for the rectangle.

Parameters

in	x1	lowest (left-most) x-coordinate
in	dx	length (horizontal distance) of the rectangle
in	y1	lowest (bottom-most) y-coordinate
in	dy	height (vertical distance) of the rectangle

See also

```
LCD_Draw(), LCD_Fill(), LCD_drawHoriLine(), LCD_drawVertLine()
```

LCD_plotSample()

Plot a sample at coordinates (x, y).

Parameters

in	X	x-coordinate (i.e. sample number) in range [0, X_MAX]	
in	У	y-coordinate (i.e. amplitude) in range [0, Y_MAX]	
in	color	Color to use	

See also

```
LCD_setX(), LCD_setY(), LCD_setColor(), LCD_Draw()
```

LCD_setCursor()

Set the cursor to line $\boldsymbol{x},$ column $\boldsymbol{y}.$

Parameters

in	lineNum	Line number to place characters. Should be in range [0, 30)	
in	colNum	Column number to place characters. Should be in range [0,	64).

4.1.3.3 Variable Documentation

FONT_SPACE

FONT_PERIOD

```
const uint8_t FONT_PERIOD[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_COLON

```
const uint8_t FONT_COLON[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x04,
0x00,
0x00,
0x00,
0x04,
0x00,
0x00
```

FONT_0

```
const uint8_t FONT_0[8] [static]
```

FONT_1

FONT_2

```
const uint8_t FONT_2[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_3

```
const uint8_t FONT_3[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_4

```
const uint8_t FONT_4[8] [static]
```

FONT_5

FONT_6

```
const uint8_t FONT_6[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_7

```
const uint8_t FONT_7[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_8

```
const uint8_t FONT_8[8] [static]
```

FONT_9

```
const uint8_t FONT_9[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
     0x0E,
     0x11,
     0x0F,
     0x0I,
     0x01,
     0x01,
     0x01,
     0x11,
     0x0E
}
```

FONT_UPPER_A

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_A[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x0E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x1F,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
```

FONT_UPPER_B

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_B[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
```

FONT_UPPER_C

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_C[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_D

FONT_UPPER_E

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_E[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_F

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_F[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_G

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_G[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_H

FONT_UPPER_I

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_I[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_J

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_J[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_K

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_K[8] [static]
```

```
0x12,
0x14,
0x18,
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x11,
0x11
```

FONT_UPPER_L

FONT_UPPER_M

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_M[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_N

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_N[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_O

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_O[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_P

FONT_UPPER_Q

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Q[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_R

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_R[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x18,
0x14,
0x12,
0x11
```

FONT_UPPER_S

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_S[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_T

FONT_UPPER_U

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_U[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_V

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_V[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_W

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_W[8] [static]
```

FONT_UPPER_X

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_X[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
          0x11,
          0x11,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x0A,
          0x11
}
```

FONT_UPPER_Y

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Y[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_UPPER_Z

```
const uint8_t FONT_UPPER_Z[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_A

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_A[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_B

FONT_LOWER_C

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_C[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_D

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_D[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x01,
0x01,
0x0F,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x0F,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_E

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_E[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_F

FONT_LOWER_G

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_G[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_H

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_H[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x1E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x11,
0x01
```

FONT_LOWER_I

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_I[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_J

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_J[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
      0x02,
      0x00,
      0x06,
      0x02,
      0x02,
      0x12,
      0x12,
      0x0c)
}
```

FONT_LOWER_K

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_K[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x10,
0x10,
0x10,
0x12,
0x14,
0x18,
0x14,
0x12,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_L

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_L[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x0C,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x06,
0x06,
```

FONT_LOWER_M

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_M[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_N

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_N[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
     0x00,
     0x00,
     0x1E,
     0x11,
     0x11,
     0x11,
     0x11,
     0x00)
}
```

FONT_LOWER_O

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_O[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
0x00,
0x00,
0x00,
0x0E,
0x11,
0x11,
0x01,
0x00,
```

FONT_LOWER_P

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_P[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_Q

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Q[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_R

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_R[8] [static]

Initial value:
= {
          0x00,
          0x10,
          0x15,
          0x10,
          0x10,
          0x10,
          0x00,
}
```

FONT_LOWER_S

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_S[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_T

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_T[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
(0x04,
0x04,
0x06,
0x06,
0x04,
0x04,
0x04,
0x02,
0x00
```

FONT_LOWER_U

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_U[8] [static]
```

FONT_LOWER_V

FONT_LOWER_W

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_W[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_X

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_X[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_Y

```
const uint8_t FONT_LOWER_Y[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

FONT_LOWER_Z

4.1.4 QRS Detector

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

Collaboration diagram for QRS Detector:



Files

• file QRS.c

Source code for QRS detection module.

• file QRS.h

Header file for QRS detection module.

Macros

- #define QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS 40
- #define **FLOAT_COMPARE_TOLERANCE** (float32_t)(1E-5f)
- $\bullet \ \ \text{\#define IS_GREATER}(X,\,Y) \ (bool) \ ((X\, \cdot \,Y) > FLOAT_COMPARE_TOLERANCE) \\$
- #define IS_PEAK(X_MINUS_1, X, X_PLUS_1) (bool) (IS_GREATER(X, X_MINUS_1) && IS_GREATER(X, X_PLUS_1))
- #define QRS_SAMP_FREQ ((uint32_t) 200)
- #define QRS_SAMP_PERIOD_SEC ((float32_t) 0.005f)
- #define QRS_NUM_SAMP ((uint16_t) (1 << 11))

Variables

```
    struct {
        bool isCalibrated
        float32_t signalLevel
            estimated signal level
        float32_t noiseLevel
        estimated noise level
        float32_t threshold
        amplitude threshold
        uint16_t fidMarkArray [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        float32_t utilityBuffer1 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
        array to hold fidMark indices
        float32_t utilityBuffer2 [QRS_NUM_FID_MARKS]
    } Detector = { false, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, { 0 }, { 0 }, { 0 }}
```

Digital Filters

• enum {

```
NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS = 4 , NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 5 , STATE ← BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS = NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS * 4 , NUM_COEFF_DERFILT = 5 , BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT = (1 << 8) , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_DERFILT = NUM_COEFF_DERFILT + BLOCK ← SIZE_DERFILT - 1 , NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG = 10 , BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG = BLOCK_SIZE_DERFILT , STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG = NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG + BLOCK_SIZE_MOVAVG - 1 }
```

- typedef arm_biquad_casd_df1_inst_f32 IIR_Filt_t
- typedef arm_fir_instance_f32 FIR_Filt_t
- static const float32 t COEFF BANDPASS [NUM COEFF HIGHPASS]
- static const float32 t COEFF DERFILT [NUM COEFF DERFILT]
- static const float32_t COEFF_MOVAVG [NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG]
- static float32_t stateBuffer_bandPass [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_BANDPASS] = { 0 }
- static const IIR_Filt_t bandpassFiltStruct = { NUM_STAGES_BANDPASS, stateBuffer_bandPass, COEFF
 —BANDPASS }
- static const IIR Filt t *const bandpassFilter = &bandpassFiltStruct
- static float32 t stateBuffer DerFilt [STATE BUFF SIZE DERFILT] = { 0 }
- static const FIR_Filt_t derivativeFiltStruct = { NUM_COEFF_DERFILT, stateBuffer_DerFilt, COEFF_
 DERFILT }
- static const FIR_Filt_t *const derivativeFilter = &derivativeFiltStruct
- static float32_t stateBuffer_MovingAvg [STATE_BUFF_SIZE_MOVAVG] = { 0 }
- static const FIR_Filt_t movingAvgFiltStruct = { NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG, stateBuffer_MovingAvg, COEFF← MOVAVG }
- static const FIR_Filt_t *const movingAverageFilter = &movingAvgFiltStruct

Implementation

- static uint8_t QRS_findFiducialMarks (const float32_t yn[], uint16_t fidMarkArray[])
 Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").
- $\bullet \ \ static\ void\ \ \ QRS_initLevels\ (const\ float 32_t\ yn[\],\ float 32_t\ *sigLvIPtr,\ float 32_t\ *noiseLvIPtr)$

Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.

static float32_t QRS_updateLevel (const float32_t peakAmplitude, float32_t level)

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

static float32_t QRS_updateThreshold (const float32_t signalLevel, const float32_t noiseLevel)

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

Interface Functions

void QRS_Init (void)

Initialize the QRS detector.

void QRS_Preprocess (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules (const float32_t yn[])

Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.

float32_t QRS_runDetection (const float32_t xn[], float32_t yn[])

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

4.1.4.1 Detailed Description

Module for analyzing ECG data to determine heart rate.

4.1.4.2 Function Documentation

QRS_findFiducialMarks()

Mark local peaks in the input signal y as potential candidates for QRS complexes (AKA "fiducial marks").

Parameters

	in	yn	Array containing the preprocessed ECG signal $y[n]$
	in	fidMarkArray	Array to place the fiducial mark's sample indices into.
out numMarks Number of identified fiducial m		numMarks	Number of identified fiducial marks

Postcondition

fidMarkArray will hold the values of the fiducial marks.

The fiducial marks must be spaced apart by at least 200 [ms] (40 samples @ fs = 200 [Hz]). If a peak is found within this range, the one with the largest amplitude is taken to be the correct peak and the other is ignored.

QRS_initLevels()

Initialize the signal and noise levels for the QRS detector using the initial block of input signal data.

Parameters

i	in	yn	Array containing the preprocessed ECG signal $\boldsymbol{y}[\boldsymbol{n}]$
i	Ln	sigLvlPtr	Pointer to variable holding the signal level value.
i	in	noiseLvlPtr	Pointer to variable holding the noise level value.

Postcondition

The signal and noise levels are initialized.

QRS updateLevel()

Update the signal level (if a fiducial mark is a confirmed peak) or the noise level (if a fiducial mark is rejected).

Parameters

in	peakAmplitude	Amplitude of the fiducial mark in signal $y[n]$
in	level	The current value of the signal level or noise level
out <i>newLevel</i>		The updated value of the signal level or noise level

```
signalLevel_1 = f(peakAmplitude, signalLevel_0) = \frac{1}{8}peakAmplitude + \frac{7}{8}signalLevel_0

noiseLevel_1 = f(peakAmplitude, noiseLevel_0) = \frac{1}{8}peakAmplitude + \frac{7}{8}noiseLevel_0
```

QRS_updateThreshold()

Update the amplitude threshold used to identify peaks based on the signal and noise levels.

Parameters

	in	signalLevel	Current signal level.
in <i>noiseLevel</i>		noiseLevel	Current noise level.
	out <i>threshold</i>		New threshold to use for next comparison.

See also

QRS_updateLevel(), QRS_applyDecisionRules

threshold = f(signalLevel, noiseLevel) = noiseLevel + 0.25(signalLevel - noiseLevel)

QRS_Init()

```
void QRS_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the QRS detector.

Note

This function isn't necessary anymore, but I'm keeping it here just in case.

This function originally initialized the filter structs but now does nothing since those have been made const and their initialization functions have been removed entirely.

QRS_Preprocess()

Preprocess the ECG data to remove noise and/or exaggerate the signal characteristic(s) of interest.

Precondition

Fill input buffer xn with raw or lightly preprocessed ECG data.

Parameters

	in	xn	Array of raw ECG signal values.
ſ	in	yn	Array used to store preprocessed ECG signal values.

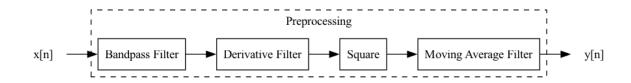
Postcondition

The preprocessed signal data y[n] is stored in yn and is ready to be analyzed to calculate the heart rate in [bpm].

See also

QRS_applyDecisionRules()

This function uses the same overall preprocessing pipeline as the original Pan-Tompkins algorithm, but the high-pass and low-pass filters have been replaced with ones generated using Scipy.



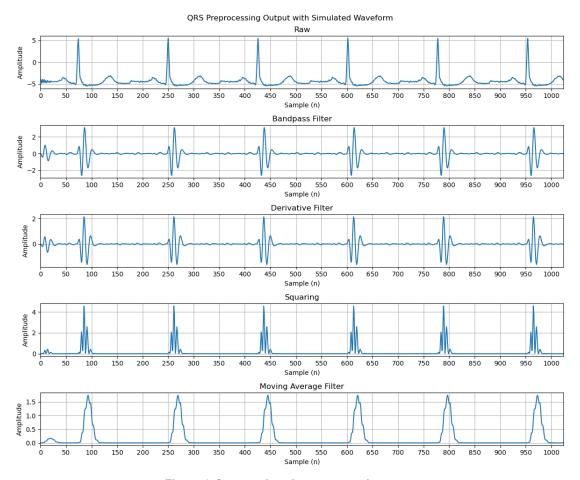


Figure 3 Output of each preprocessing step.

Note

The FIR filters are applied in blocks to decrease the amount of memory needed for their state buffers.

QRS_applyDecisionRules()

```
float32_t QRS_applyDecisionRules ( {\tt const\ float32\_t\ yn[]\ )}
```

Calculate the average heart rate (HR) using predetermined decision rules.

Precondition

Preprocess the raw ECG data.

Parameters

in	yn	Array of preprocessed ECG signal values.
out	heartRate	Average heart rate in [bpm].

Postcondition

Certain information (signal/noise levels, thresholds, etc.) is retained between calls and used to improve further detection.

Warning

The current implementation only processes one block at a time and discards the data immediately after, so peaks that are cut off between one block and another might not be being counted.

See also

```
QRS_Preprocess()
```

QRS_runDetection()

Run the full algorithm (preprocessing and decision rules) on the inputted ECG data.

This function simply combines the preprocessing and decision rules functions into a single function.

Parameters

in	xn	Array of raw ECG signal values.
in	yn	Array used to hold preprocessed ECG signal values.
out	heartRate	Average heart rate in [bpm].

Postcondition

yn will contain the preprocessed data.

Certain information (signal/noise levels, thresholds, etc.) is retained between calls.

See also

```
QRS_Preprocess(), QRS_applyDecisionRules()
```

4.1.4.3 Variable Documentation

COEFF_BANDPASS

```
const float32_t COEFF_BANDPASS[NUM_COEFF_HIGHPASS] [static]

Initial value:
= {
      0.002937758108600974f, 0.005875516217201948f, 0.002937758108600974f,
      1.0485996007919312f, -0.2961403429508209f,
```

```
1.0f, 2.0f, 1.0f,

1.3876197338104248f, -0.492422878742218f,

1.0f, -2.0f, 1.0f,

1.3209134340286255f, -0.6327387690544128f,

1.0f, -2.0f, 1.0f,

1.6299355030059814f, -0.7530401945114136f,
```

COEFF DERFILT

```
const float32_t COEFF_DERFILT[NUM_COEFF_DERFILT] [static]

Initial value:
= {
    -0.125f, -0.25f, 0.0f, 0.25f, 0.125f
}
```

COEFF_MOVAVG

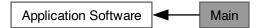
```
const float32_t COEFF_MOVAVG[NUM_COEFF_MOVAVG] [static]
```

Initial value:

4.1.5 Main

Main program file.

Collaboration diagram for Main:



Files

• file main.c

Main program file.

Enumerations

```
    enum ISR_VECTOR_NUMS { DAQ_VECTOR_NUM = INT_ADCOSS3 , PROC_VECTOR_NUM = INT_CANO , LCD_VECTOR_NUM = INT_TIMER1A }
    enum FIFO_INFO {
        DAQ_FIFO_CAP = 3 , DAQ_ARRAY_LEN = DAQ_FIFO_CAP + 1 , QRS_FIFO_CAP = QRS_NUM_SAMP , QRS_ARRAY_LEN = QRS_FIFO_CAP + 1 , LCD_FIFO_1_CAP = DAQ_FIFO_CAP , LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN = LCD_FIFO_1_CAP + 1 , LCD_FIFO_2_CAP = 1 , LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN = LCD_FIFO_2_CAP + 1 }
    enum LCD_INFO {
        LCD_TOP_LINE = (LCD_Y_MAX - 24) , LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y = LCD_TOP_LINE , LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET = 0 , LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN = (0 + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN = (0 + LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX = (LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y + LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET) , LCD_WAVE_Y_LINE_NUM_ = 28 ,
```

Functions

• static void DAQ Handler (void)

LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM = 24 }

ISR for the data acquisition system.

· static void Processing Handler (void)

ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.

· static void LCD Handler (void)

ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.

• int main (void)

Main function for the project.

Variables

- static volatile Fifo t DAQ Fifo = 0
- static volatile uint32_t **DAQ_fifoBuffer** [DAQ_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo_t QRS_Fifo = 0
- static volatile uint32_t QRS_fifoBuffer [QRS_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo t LCD_Fifo1 = 0
- static volatile uint32 t LCD_fifoBuffer1 [LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile Fifo t **LCD_Fifo2** = 0
- static volatile uint32_t LCD_fifoBuffer2 [LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN] = { 0 }
- static volatile bool qrsBufferIsFuII = false

flag for QRS detection to start

• static volatile bool **heartRateIsReady** = false

flag for LCD to output heart rate

- static float32_t QRS_processingBuffer [QRS_ARRAY_LEN] = { 0 }
- static uint16 t LCD prevSampleBuffer [LCD X MAX] = { 0 }

4.1.5.1 Detailed Description

Main program file.

4.1.5.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

ISR VECTOR NUMS

enum ISR_VECTOR_NUMS

Enumerator

DAQ_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the DAQ_Handler()
PROC_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the Processing_Handler()
LCD_VECTOR_NUM	vector number for the LCD_Handler()

FIFO_INFO

enum FIFO_INFO

Enumerator

DAQ_FIFO_CAP	capacity of DAQ's FIFO buffer
DAQ_ARRAY_LEN	actual size of underlying array
QRS_FIFO_CAP	capacity of QRS detector's FIFO buffer
QRS_ARRAY_LEN	actual size of underlying array
LCD_FIFO_1_CAP	capacity of LCD's waveform FIFO buffer
LCD_ARRAY_1_LEN	actual size of underlying array
LCD_FIFO_2_CAP	capacity of LCD's heart rate FIFO buffer
LCD_ARRAY_2_LEN	actual size of underlying array

LCD_INFO

enum LCD_INFO

Enumerator

LCD_TOP_LINE	separates wavefrom from text
LCD_WAVE_NUM_Y	num. of y-vals available for plotting waveform
LCD_WAVE_X_OFFSET	waveform's offset from X axis
LCD_WAVE_Y_MIN	waveform's min y-value
LCD_WAVE_Y_MAX	waveform's max y-value
LCD_TEXT_LINE_NUM	line num. of text
LCD_TEXT_COL_NUM	starting col. num. for heart rate

4.1.5.3 Function Documentation

DAQ_Handler()

ISR for the data acquisition system.

This ISR has a priority level of 1, is triggered when the ADC has finished capturing a sample, and also triggers the intermediate processing handler. It reads the 12-bit ADC output, converts it from an integer to a raw voltage sample, and sends it to the processing ISR via the DAQ_Fifo.

Precondition

Initialize the DAQ module.

Postcondition

The converted sample is placed in the DAQ FIFO, and the processing ISR is triggered.

See also

DAQ_Init(), Processing_Handler()

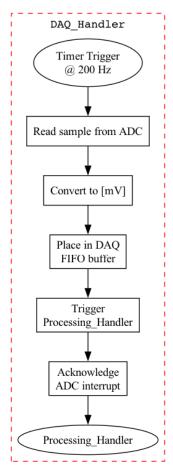


Figure 4 Flowchart for the DAQ handler.

Processing_Handler()

ISR for intermediate processing of the input data.

This ISR has a priority level of 1, is triggered by the DAQ ISR, and triggers the LCD handler. It removes baseline drift and power line interference (PLI) from a sample, and then moves it to the QRS_Fifo and the LCD_Fifo. It also notifies the superloop in main() when the QRS buffer is full.

Postcondition

The converted sample is placed in the LCD FIFO, and the LCD ISR is triggered.

The converted sample is placed in the QRS FIFO, and the flag is set.

See also

DAQ_Handler(), main(), LCD_Handler()

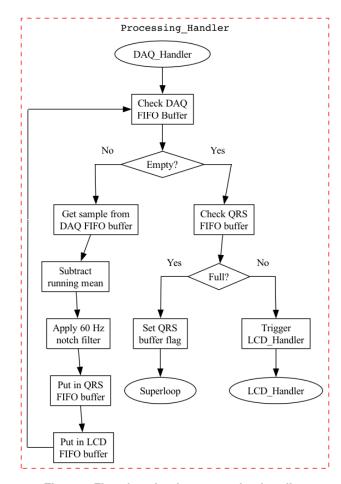


Figure 5 Flowchart for the processing handler.

LCD Handler()

ISR for plotting the waveform and outputting the heart rate to the LCD.

This ISR has a priority level of 1 and is triggered by the Processing ISR. It applies a 0.5-40 [Hz] bandpass filter to the sample and plots it. It also outputs the heart rate.

Precondition

Initialize the LCD module.

Postcondition

The bandpass-filtered sample is plotted to the LCD.

The heart rate is updated after each block is analyzed.

See also

```
LCD_Init(), Processing_Handler(), main()
```

main()

```
int main (
     void )
```

Main function for the project.

Moves the interrupt vector table to RAM; configures and enables the ISRs; initializes all modules and static variables; and performs QRS detection once the buffer has been filled.

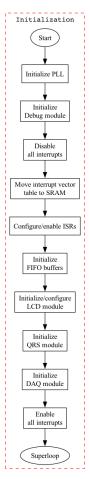


Figure 6 Flowchart for the initialization phase.

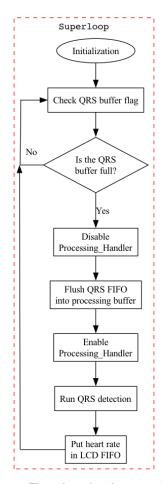
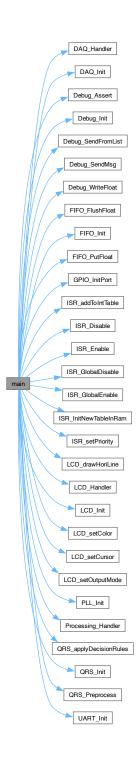


Figure 7 Flowchart for the superloop.

Here is the call graph for this function:

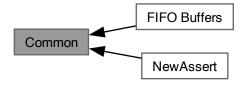


4.2 Common

Modules that are used by multiple layers and/or don't fit into any one layer.

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Collaboration diagram for Common:



Modules

• FIFO Buffers

Module for using the "first-in first-out (FIFO) buffer" data structure.

NewAssert

Module for using a custom assert implementation.

Files

• file NewAssert.c

Source code for custom assert implementation.

• file NewAssert.h

Header file for custom assert implementation.

Functions

• void Assert (bool condition)

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Modules that are used by multiple layers and/or don't fit into any one layer.

4.2.2 Function Documentation

Assert()

```
void Assert (
          bool condition )
```

Custom assert implementation that is more lightweight than the one from newlib.

Parameters

in	condition	Conditional to test.
ın	conaition	Conditional to test.

Postcondition

```
If condition == true, the function simply returns.
If condition == false, a breakpoint is initiated.
```

4.2.3 FIFO Buffers

Module for using the "first-in first-out (FIFO) buffer" data structure.

Collaboration diagram for FIFO Buffers:



Files

- file Fifo.c
 - Source code for FIFO buffer module.
- file Fifo.h

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

Data Structures

• struct Fifo_t

Macros

• #define FIFO_POOL_SIZE 5

Functions

- Fifo_t FIFO_Init (volatile uint32_t buffer[], const uint32_t N)
 Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.
- void FIFO_Reset (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Reset the FIFO buffer.

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Variables

```
    static FifoStruct_t fifoPool [FIFO_POOL_SIZE] = { 0 }
        pre-allocated pool
```

• static uint8_t numFreeFifos = FIFO_POOL_SIZE

Basic Operations

· void FIFO Put (volatile Fifo t fifo, const uint32 t val)

Add a value to the end of the buffer.

• uint32_t FIFO_Get (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Remove the first value of the buffer.

• void FIFO_Flush (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

void FIFO_PutFloat (volatile Fifo_t fifo, const float val)

Add a floating-point value to the end of the buffer.

• float FIFO_GetFloat (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Remove the first value of the buffer, and cast it to float.

void FIFO_FlushFloat (volatile Fifo_t fifo, float outputBuffer[])

Empty the FIFO buffer into an array of floating-point values.

Peeking

• uint32_t FIFO_PeekOne (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

void FIFO_PeekAll (volatile Fifo_t fifo, uint32_t outputBuffer[])

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

Status Checks

bool FIFO_isFull (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

• bool FIFO_isEmpty (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

• uint32_t FIFO_getCurrSize (volatile Fifo_t fifo)

Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

4.2.3.1 Detailed Description

Module for using the "first-in first-out (FIFO) buffer" data structure.

4.2.3.2 Function Documentation

FIFO_Init()

Initialize a FIFO buffer of length N.

Parameters

in	buffer	Array of size ${\tt N}$ to be used as FIFO buffer
in	N	Length of buffer. Usable length is ${\tt N}-{\tt 1}.$
out	fifo	pointer to the FIFO buffer

Postcondition

The number of available FIFO buffers is reduced by 1.

TODO: Add details

FIFO_Reset()

Reset the FIFO buffer.

Parameters

in /	fifo	Pointer to FIFO buffer.
------	------	-------------------------

Postcondition

The FIFO is now considered empty. The underlying buffer's contents are not affected.

FIFO_Put()

Add a value to the end of the buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
in	val	Value to add to the buffer.

Postcondition

If the FIFO is not full, val is placed in the buffer. If the FIFO is full, nothing happens.

See also

FIFO_PutFloat()

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FIFO_Get()

Remove the first value of the buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

Postcondition

If the FIFO is not empty, the next value is returned. If the FIFO is empty, 0 is returned.

See also

FIFO_GetFloat()

FIFO_Flush()

Empty the FIFO buffer's contents into an array.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.	

Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are transferred to the output buffer.

See also

FIFO_FlushFloat()

FIFO_PutFloat()

Add a floating-point value to the end of the buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
in	val	Value to add to the buffer.

Postcondition

If the FIFO is not full, val is placed in the buffer. If the FIFO is full, nothing happens.

Note

This was added to avoid needing to type-pun floating-point values.

```
// type-punning example
float num = 4.252603;
FIFO_Put(fifo, *((uint32_t *) &num));
FIFO_PutFloat(fifo, num); // same thing, but cleaner
```

See also

```
FIFO_Put()
```

Remarks

To properly use floating-point values, type-punning is necessary.

FIFO_GetFloat()

Remove the first value of the buffer, and cast it to float.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

Postcondition

If the FIFO is not empty, the next value is returned. If the FIFO is empty, 0 is returned.

Note

This was added to avoid needing to type-pun floating-point values.

```
// type-punning example
float num;
*((uint32_t *) &num) = FIFO_Get(fifo);
num = FIFO_GetFloat(fifo);
```

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See also

```
FIFO_Get()
```

Remarks

To properly use floating-point values, type-punning is necessary.

FIFO_FlushFloat()

Empty the FIFO buffer into an array of floating-point values.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.	

Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are transferred to the output buffer.

Note

This was added to avoid needing to type-pun floating-point values.

```
// type-punning example
FIFO_Flush(fifo, (uint32_t *) outputBuffer);
FIFO_FlushFloat(fifo, outputBuffer); // same thing, but cleaner
```

See also

FIFO Flush()

FIFO_PeekOne()

See the first element in the FIFO without removing it.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to FIFO object
out	val	First sample in the FIFO.

FIFO_PeekAll()

See the FIFO buffer's contents without removing them.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to source FIFO buffer.	
in	outputBuffer	Array to output values to. Should be the same length as the FIFO buffer.	

Postcondition

The FIFO buffer's contents are copied to the output buffer.

FIFO_isFull()

Check if the FIFO buffer is full.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	true	The FIFO buffer is full.
out	false	The FIFO buffer is not full.

FIFO_isEmpty()

Check if the FIFO buffer is empty.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	true	The FIFO buffer is empty.
out	false	The FIFO buffer is not empty.

FIFO_getCurrSize()

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Get the current size of the FIFO buffer.

Parameters

in	fifo	Pointer to the FIFO buffer.
out	size	Current number of values in the FIFO buffer.

4.2.4 NewAssert

Module for using a custom assert implementation.

Collaboration diagram for NewAssert:

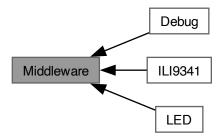


Module for using a custom assert implementation.

4.3 Middleware

High-level device driver modules.

Collaboration diagram for Middleware:



Modules

Debug

Module for debugging functions, including serial output and assertions.

• ILI9341

Functions for interfacing an ILI9341-based 240RGBx320 LCD via Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

• LED

Functions for driving light-emitting diodes (LEDs) via General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO).

4.3.1 Detailed Description

High-level device driver modules.

These modules contain functions for interfacing with external devices/peripherals using low-level drivers.

4.3.2 Debug

Module for debugging functions, including serial output and assertions.

Collaboration diagram for Debug:



Files

• file Debug.h

Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

Serial Output

- enum Msg_t { DEBUG_DAQ_INIT , DEBUG_QRS_INIT , DEBUG_LCD_INIT , DEBUG_QRS_START }
- void Debug_SendMsg (void *message)

Send a message to the serial port.

void Debug_SendFromList (Msg_t msg)

Send a message from the message list.

• void Debug_WriteFloat (double value)

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

Initialization

void Debug_Init (Uart_t uart)
 Initialize the Debug module.

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Assertions

void Debug_Assert (bool condition)

Stops program if condition is true. Useful for bug detection during debugging.

4.3.2.1 Detailed Description

Module for debugging functions, including serial output and assertions.

4.3.2.2 Function Documentation

Debug_Init()

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to use for serial output.
----	------	--------------------------------

Postcondition

An initialization message is sent to the serial port.

Debug_SendMsg()

```
void Debug_SendMsg (
     void * message )
```

Send a message to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

```
message (Pointer to) array of ASCII characters.
```

Postcondition

A floating point value is written to the serial port.

See also

Debug_SendMsg()

Debug_SendFromList()

Send a message from the message list.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in	msg	An entry from the enumeration.
----	-----	--------------------------------

Postcondition

The corresponding message is sent to the serial port.

See also

Debug_SendMsg()

Debug_WriteFloat()

Write a floating-point value to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

in value Floating-point va

Postcondition

A floating point value is written to the serial port.

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See also

Debug_SendMsg()

Debug_Assert()

```
void Debug_Assert (
          bool condition )
```

Stops program if condition is true. Useful for bug detection during debugging.

Precondition

Initialize the Debug module.

Parameters

nal statement to evaluate.		condition	in	
----------------------------	--	-----------	----	--

Postcondition

If condition == true, the program continues normally. If condition == false, a message is sent and a breakpoint is activated.

4.3.3 ILI9341

Functions for interfacing an ILI9341-based 240RGBx320 LCD via Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

Collaboration diagram for ILI9341:



Files

• file ILI9341.c

Source code for ILI9341 module.

• file ILI9341.h

Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

Enumerations

```
enum { ILI9341_NUM_COLS = 240 , ILI9341_NUM_ROWS = 320 }
enum Cmd_t {
    NOP = 0x00 , SWRESET = 0x01 , SPLIN = 0x10 , SPLOUT = 0x11 ,
    PTLON = 0x12 , NORON = 0x13 , DINVOFF = 0x20 , DINVON = 0x21 ,
    CASET = 0x2A , PASET = 0x2B , RAMWR = 0x2C , DISPOFF = 0x28 ,
    DISPON = 0x29 , PLTAR = 0x30 , VSCRDEF = 0x33 , MADCTL = 0x36 ,
    VSCRSADD = 0x37 , IDMOFF = 0x38 , IDMON = 0x39 , PIXSET = 0x3A ,
    FRMCTR1 = 0xB1 , FRMCTR2 = 0xB2 , FRMCTR3 = 0xB3 , PRCTR = 0xB5 ,
    IFCTL = 0xF6 }
enum sleepMode_t { SLEEP_ON = SPLIN , SLEEP_OFF = SPLOUT }
enum displayArea_t { NORMAL_AREA = NORON , PARTIAL_AREA = PTLON }
enum colorExpr_t { FULL_COLORS = IDMOFF , PARTIAL_COLORS = IDMON }
enum invertMode_t { INVERT_ON = DINVON , INVERT_OFF = DINVOFF }
enum colorDepth_t { COLORDEPTH_16BIT = 0x55 , COLORDEPTH_18BIT = 0x66 }
```

Functions

- static void ILI9341_setMode (uint8_t param)
- static void ILI9341_setAddress (uint16_t start_address, uint16_t end_address, bool is_row)
- static void ILI9341 sendParams (Cmd t cmd)

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

void ILI9341_Init (Timer_t timer)

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

void ILI9341 setInterface (void)

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

void ILI9341_resetHard (Timer_t timer)

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

void ILI9341_resetSoft (Timer_t timer)

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

void ILI9341_setSleepMode (sleepMode_t sleepMode, Timer_t timer)

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

void ILI9341_setDisplayArea (displayArea_t displayArea)

Set the display area.

void ILI9341_setColorExpression (colorExpr_t colorExpr)

Set the color expression (FULL_COLORS by default).

void ILI9341_setPartialArea (uint16_t rowStart, uint16_t rowEnd)

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

void ILI9341 setDispInversion (invertMode t invertMode)

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

void ILI9341_setDispOutput (outputMode_t outputMode)

 ${\it Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.}$

void ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl (bool areRowsFlipped, bool areColsFlipped, bool areRowsAndCols
 — Switched, bool isVertRefreshFlipped, bool isColorOrderFlipped, bool isHorRefreshFlipped)

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

void ILI9341_setColorDepth (colorDepth_t colorDepth)

Set the color depth for the display.

void ILI9341_setFrameRate (uint8_t divisionRatio, uint8_t clocksPerLine)

TODO: Write brief.

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```
    void ILI9341_setRowAddress (uint16_t startRow, uint16_t endRow)
        Sets the start/end rows to be written to.
    void ILI9341_setColAddress (uint16_t startCol, uint16_t endCol)
        Sets the start/end columns to be written to.
    void ILI9341_writeMemCmd (void)
        Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.
    void ILI9341_writePixel (uint8_t red, uint8_t green, uint8_t blue)
```

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

Variables

```
    static uint32_t ILI9341_Buffer [8]
    static Fifo_t ILI9341_Fifo
    struct {
        sleepMode_t sleepMode
        displayArea_t displayArea
        colorExpr_t colorExpression
        invertMode_t invertMode
        outputMode_t outputMode
        colorDepth_t colorDepth
        bool isInit
    } ili9341 = { SLEEP_ON, NORMAL_AREA, FULL_COLORS, INVERT_OFF, OUTPUT_ON, COLORDEPTH_16BIT, false }
```

4.3.3.1 Detailed Description

Functions for interfacing an ILI9341-based 240RGBx320 LCD via Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

4.3.3.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

anonymous enum

anonymous enum

Enumerator

ILI9341_NUM_COLS	4.3.3.3	of columns available on the display
ILI9341_NUM_ROWS		
	4.3.3.4	of rows available on the display

Cmd_t

enum Cmd_t

Enumerator

NOP	No Operation.
SWRESET	Software Reset.
SPLIN	Enter Sleep Mode.
SPLOUT	Sleep Out (i.e. Exit Sleep Mode)
PTLON	Partial Display Mode ON.
NORON	Normal Display Mode ON.
DINVOFF	Display Inversion OFF.
DINVON	Display Inversion ON.
CASET	Column Address Set.
PASET	Page Address Set.
RAMWR	Memory Write.
DISPOFF	Display OFF.
DISPON	Display ON.
PLTAR	Partial Area.
VSCRDEF	Vertical Scrolling Definition.
MADCTL	Memory Access Control.
VSCRSADD	Vertical Scrolling Start Address.
IDMOFF	Idle Mode OFF.
IDMON	Idle Mode ON.
PIXSET	Pixel Format Set.
FRMCTR1	Frame Rate Control Set (Normal Mode)
FRMCTR2	Frame Rate Control Set (Idle Mode)
FRMCTR3	Frame Rate Control Set (Partial Mode)
PRCTR	Blanking Porch Control.
IFCTL	Interface Control.

4.3.3.5 Function Documentation

ILI9341_setMode()

ILI9341_setAddress()

This function implements the "Column Address Set" (CASET) and "Page Address Set" (PASET) commands from p. 110-113 of the ILI9341 datasheet.

The input parameters represent the first and last addresses to be written to when ${\tt ILI9341_writePixel}$ () is called.

To work correctly, startAddress must be no greater than endAddress, and endAddress cannot be greater than the max number of rows/columns.

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ILI9341_sendParams()

Send a command and/or the data within the FIFO buffer. A command is only sent when cmd != NOP (where NOP = 0). Data is only sent if the FIFO buffer is not empty.

Parameters

in	cmd	Command to send.
T11	Cilia	Command to Send.

ILI9341_Init()

Initialize the LCD driver and the SPI module.

Parameters

	in	timer	Hardware timer to use during initialization.
--	----	-------	--

ILI9341_setInterface()

Sets the interface for the ILI9341.

The parameters for this command are hard-coded, so it only needs to be called once upon initialization.

This function implements the "Interface Control" (IFCTL) command from p. 192-194 of the ILI9341 datasheet, which controls how the LCD driver handles 16-bit data and what interfaces (internal or external) are used.

Name	Bit #	Param #	Effect when set = 1
MY_EOR	7		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
MX_EOR	6		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
MV_EOR	5	0	flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
BGR_EOR	3		flips value of corresponding MADCTL bit
WEMODE	0		overflowing pixel data is not ignored
EPF[1:0]	5:4	1	controls 16 to 18-bit pixel data conversion
MDT[1:0]	1:0	ı	controls display data transfer method
ENDIAN	5		host sends LSB first
DM[1:0]	3:2	2	selects display operation mode
RM	1	_	selects GRAM interface mode
RIM	0		specifies RGB interface-specific details

The first param's bits are cleared so that the corresponding MADCTL bits (ILI9341_setMemoryAccessCtrl()) are unaffected and overflowing pixel data is ignored. The EPF bits are cleared so that the LSB of the R and B values is copied from the MSB when using 16-bit color depth. The TM4C123 sends the MSB first, so the ENDIAN bit is cleared. The other bits are cleared and/or irrelevant since the RGB and VSYNC interfaces aren't used.

ILI9341_resetHard()

```
void ILI9341_resetHard ( {\tt Timer\_t\ \it timer}\ )
```

Perform a hardware reset of the LCD driver.

Parameters

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during reset.
----	-------	-------------------------------------

The LCD driver's RESET pin requires a negative logic (i.e. active LOW) signal for >= 10 [us] and an additional 5 [ms] before further commands can be sent.

ILI9341_resetSoft()

Perform a software reset of the LCD driver.

Parameters

in	timer	Hardware timer to use during reset.
----	-------	-------------------------------------

the driver needs 5 [ms] before another command

ILI9341_setSleepMode()

Enter or exit sleep mode (ON by default).

Parameters

in	sleepMode	SLEEP_ON or SLEEP_OFF
in	timer	Hardware timer to use for a slight delay after the mode change.

Postcondition

The IC will be in or out of sleep mode depending on the value of sleepMode.

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The MCU must wait >= 5 [ms] before sending further commands regardless of the selected mode.

It's also necessary to wait 120 [ms] before sending SPLOUT after sending SPLIN or a reset, so this function waits 120 [ms] regardless of the preceding event.

ILI9341_setDisplayArea()

Set the display area.

Precondition

If using partial mode, set the partial area first.

Parameters

in	displayArea	NORMAL_AREA or PARTIAL_AREA
----	-------------	-----------------------------

See also

ILI9341_setPartialArea()

ILI9341_setColorExpression()

Set the color expression (FULL_COLORS by default).

Parameters

```
in colorExpr FULL_COLORS or PARTIAL_COLORS
```

Postcondition

With partial color expression, the display only uses 8 colors. Otherwise, the color depth determines the number of colors available.

ILI9341_setPartialArea()

Set the display area for partial mode. Call before activating partial mode.

Parameters

in	rowStart	
in	rowEnd	

See also

ILI9341_setDisplayArea()

ILI9341_setDispInversion()

Toggle display inversion (OFF by default).

Parameters

in	invertMode	INVERT_ON or INVERT_OFF
----	------------	-------------------------

Postcondition

When inversion is ON, the display colors are inverted. (e.g. BLACK -> WHITE, GREEN -> PURPLE)

ILI9341_setDispOutput()

Change whether the IC is outputting to the display for not.

Parameters

in	outputMode	OUTPUT_ON or OUTPUT_OFF
----	------------	-------------------------

Postcondition

If ON, the IC outputs data from its memory to the display. If OFF, the display is cleared and the IC stops outputting data.

TODO: Write description

ILI9341_setMemAccessCtrl()

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```
bool areColsFlipped,
bool areRowsAndColsSwitched,
bool isVertRefreshFlipped,
bool isColorOrderFlipped,
bool isHorRefreshFlipped )
```

Set how data is converted from memory to display.

Parameters

in	areRowsFlipped	
in	areColsFlipped	
in	areRowsAndColsSwitched	
in	isVertRefreshFlipped	
in	isColorOrderFlipped	
in	isHorRefreshFlipped	

This function implements the "Memory Access Control" (MADCTL) command from p. 127-128 of the ILI9341 datasheet, which controls how the LCD driver displays data upon writing to memory.

Name	Bit #	Effect when set = 1
MY	7	flip row (AKA "page") addresses
MX	6	flip column addresses
MV	5	exchange rows and column addresses
ML	4	reverse horizontal refresh order
BGR	3	reverse color input order (RGB -> BGR)
МН	2	reverse vertical refresh order

All bits are clear after powering on or HWRESET.

ILI9341_setColorDepth()

Set the color depth for the display.

Parameters

in <i>colorDepth</i>	COLORDEPTH_	_16BIT or COLORDEPTH_	_18BIT

Postcondition

16BIT mode allows for \sim 65K (2 $^{\wedge}$ 16) colors and requires 2 transfers. 18BIT mode allows for \sim 262K (2 $^{\wedge}$ 18) colors but requires 3 transfers.

ILI9341_setFrameRate()

```
void ILI9341\_setFrameRate (
```

```
uint8_t divisionRatio,
uint8_t clocksPerLine )
```

TODO: Write brief.

TODO: Write description

ILI9341_setRowAddress()

Sets the start/end rows to be written to.

Parameters

```
in
```

0 <= startRow <= endRow</pre>

Parameters



startRow<=endRow` < 240

See also

ILI9341_setRowAddress, ILI9341_writePixel()

This function is simply an interface to ILI9341_setAddress(). To work correctly, start_row must be no greater than end_row, and end_row cannot be greater than the max row number (default 320).

ILI9341_setColAddress()

Sets the start/end columns to be written to.

Parameters



 $0 \le \text{startCol} \le \text{endCol}$

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Parameters



startCol<=endCol` < 240

See also

```
ILI9341_setColAddress, ILI9341_writePixel()
```

This function is simply an interface to ILI9341_setAddress(). To work correctly, start_col must be no greater than end_col, and end_col cannot be greater than the max column number (default 240).

ILI9341_writeMemCmd()

```
void ILI9341_writeMemCmd ( void \ \ )
```

Signal to the driver that pixel data is incoming and should be written to memory.

Precondition

Set the row and/or column addresses.

Postcondition

The LCD driver is ready to accept pixel data.

See also

```
ILI9341\_setRowAddress, ILI9341\_setColAddress(), ILI9341\_writePixel()
```

ILI9341_writePixel()

Write a single pixel to frame memory.

Precondition

Send the "Write Memory" command.

Set the desired color depth for the display.

Parameters

in	red	5 or 6-bit R value
in	green	5 or 6-bit G value
in	blue	5 or 6-bit B value

See also

ILI9341 setColorDepth, ILI9341 writeMemCmd(), ILI9341 writePixel()

This function sends one pixel to the display. Because the serial interface (SPI) is used, each pixel requires 2 transfers in 16-bit mode and 3 transfers in 18-bit mode.

The following table (adapted from p. 63 of the datasheet) visualizes how the RGB data is sent to the display when using 16-bit color depth.

Transfer	1										2	2				
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0

The following table (adapted from p. 64 of the datasheet) visualizes how the RGB data is sent to the display when using 18-bit color depth.

Transfer		1								2	
Bit #	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	
Value	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	0/1	0/1	G5	G4	

4.3.4 LED

Functions for driving light-emitting diodes (LEDs) via General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO).

Collaboration diagram for LED:



Files

• file Led.c

Source code for LED module.

• file Led.h

Interface for LED module.

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Data Structures

struct Led t

Macros

• #define LED_POOL_SIZE 1

Variables

```
• static LedStruct_t Led_ObjPool [LED_POOL_SIZE] = \{ 0 \}
```

• static uint8_t num_free_leds = LED_POOL_SIZE

Initialization & Configuration

```
    Led_t Led_Init (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pin)
    Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led_t.
```

• GpioPort_t Led_GetPort (Led_t led)

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

GpioPin_t Led_GetPin (Led_t led)

Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

Status Checking

```
• bool Led_isInit (Led_t led)
```

Check if an LED is initialized.

bool Led_isOn (Led_t led)

Check the LED's status.

Operations

```
    void Led_TurnOn (Led_t led)
```

Turn an LED ON.

• void Led_TurnOff (Led_t led)

Turn an LED OFF.

void Led_Toggle (Led_t led)

Toggle an LED.

4.3.4.1 Detailed Description

Functions for driving light-emitting diodes (LEDs) via General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO).

4.3.4.2 Function Documentation

Led_Init()

Initialize a light-emitting diode (LED) as an Led_t.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to a struct representing a GPIO port.
in	pin	GPIO pin to use.
out	led	Pointer to LED data structure.

Led_GetPort()

Get the GPIO port associated with the LED.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

l	in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
	out	gpioPort	Pointer to a GPIO port data structure.

See also

Led_Init(), Led_GetPin()

Led_GetPin()

Get the GPIO pin associated with the LED.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	pin	GPIO pin associated with the LED.

See also

Led_Init(), Led_GetPort()

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Led_isInit()

Check if an LED is initialized.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	true	The LED is initialized.
out	false	The LED is not initialized.

See also

Led_Init()

Led_isOn()

```
bool Led_isOn (
          Led_t led )
```

Check the LED's status.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
out	true	the LED is ON.
out	false	the LED is OFF.

See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_TurnOff(), Led_Toggle()
```

Led_TurnOn()

Turn an LED ON.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in led Pointer to LED data structur	 е.
-------------------------------------	--------

Postcondition

The LED is turned ON.

See also

```
Led_TurnOff(), Led_Toggle()
```

Led_TurnOff()

Turn an LED OFF.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in	led	Pointer to LED data structure.
----	-----	--------------------------------

Postcondition

The LED is turned OFF.

See also

```
Led_TurnOn(), Led_Toggle()
```

Led_Toggle()

Toggle an LED.

Precondition

Initialize the LED.

Parameters

in led Pointer to LED data structu	ire.
--	------

Postcondition

The LED's state is flipped (i.e. ON -> OFF or OFF -> ON).

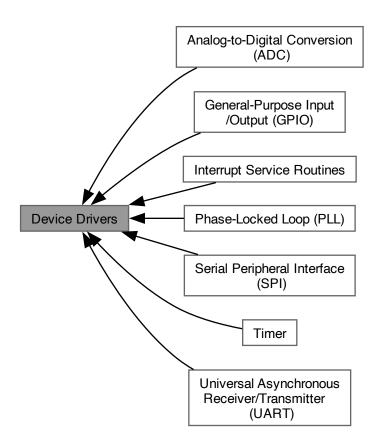
See also

Led_TurnOn(), Led_TurnOff()

4.4 Device Drivers

Low level device driver modules.

Collaboration diagram for Device Drivers:



Modules

Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC)

Functions for analog-to-digital conversion.

General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

Functions for using GPIO ports.

• Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)

Function for initializing the phase-locked loop.

Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

Functions for SPI-based communication via the SSI peripheral.

Timer

Functions for using hardware timers.

• Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)

Functions for serial communication via the UART peripheral.

Interrupt Service Routines

Functions for manipulating the interrupt vector table and setting up interrupt handlers via the NVIC.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

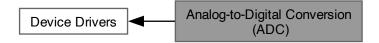
Low level device driver modules.

These modules contain functions for interfacing with the TM4C123 microcontroller's built-in peripherals.

4.4.2 Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC)

Functions for analog-to-digital conversion.

Collaboration diagram for Analog-to-Digital Conversion (ADC):



Files

• file ADC.c

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

• file ADC.h

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

Functions

void ADC_Init (void)

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

4.4.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions for analog-to-digital conversion.

4.4.2.2 Function Documentation

ADC_Init()

```
void ADC_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize ADC0 as a single-input analog-to-digital converter.

Postcondition

Analog input 8 (Ain8) – AKA GPIO pin PE5 – captures samples when triggered by one of the hardware timers, and initiates an interrupt once sample capture is complete.

4.4.3 General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO)

Functions for using GPIO ports.

Collaboration diagram for General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO):



Files

• file GPIO.c

Source code for GPIO module.

• file GPIO.h

Header file for general-purpose input/output (GPIO) device driver.

Data Structures

struct GpioPort_t

Macros

• #define GPIO_NUM_PORTS 6

Enumerations

```
enum {
 GPIO PORTA BASE ADDRESS = (uint32 t) 0x40004000 , GPIO PORTB BASE ADDRESS = (uint32 ↔
 _t) 0x40005000 , GPIO_PORTC_BASE_ADDRESS = (uint32_t) 0x40006000 , GPIO_PORTD_BASE_
 ADDRESS = (uint32 t) 0x40007000,
 GPIO PORTE BASE ADDRESS = (uint32 t) 0x40024000, GPIO PORTF BASE ADDRESS = (uint32 t)
 0x40025000 }
enum {
 GPIO DATA R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x03FC , GPIO DIR R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0400 , GPIO IS R↔
 _OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0404 , GPIO_IBE_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0408 ,
 GPIO_IEV_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x040C , GPIO_IM_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0410 , GPIO_ICR_R_←
 OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x041C, GPIO AFSEL R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0420,
 GPIO DR2R R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0500 , GPIO DR4R R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0504 , GPIO ←
 DR8R_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0508, GPIO_PUR_R_OFFSET = (uint32_t) 0x0510,
 GPIO PDR R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0518 , GPIO DEN R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x051C , GPIO ←
 LOCK R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0520, GPIO COMMIT R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0524,
 GPIO AMSEL R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x0528 , GPIO PCTL R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x052C }
enum GPIO PortName t {
 GPIO PORT A. GPIO PORT B. GPIO PORT C. GPIO PORT D.
 GPIO PORT E, GPIO PORT F, A = GPIO PORT A, B = GPIO PORT B,
 C = GPIO PORT C, D = GPIO PORT D, E = GPIO PORT E, F = GPIO PORT F
enum GpioPin t {
 GPIO_PIN0 = ((uint8\_t) \ 1), GPIO_PIN1 = ((uint8\_t) \ (1 << 1)), GPIO_PIN2 = ((uint8\_t) \ (1 << 2)), GPIO\leftarrow
  PIN3 = ((uint8 t) (1 << 3)),
 GPIO PIN4 = ((uint8 t) (1 << 4)), GPIO PIN5 = ((uint8 t) (1 << 5)), GPIO PIN6 = ((uint8 t) (1 << 6)),
 GPIO PIN7 = ((uint8 t) (1 << 7)).
 GPIO_ALL_PINS = ((uint8_t) (0xFF)) }

    enum GPIO LAUNCHPAD LEDS {

 LED_RED = GPIO_PIN1 , LED_GREEN = GPIO_PIN3 , LED_BLUE = GPIO PIN2 , LED_YELLOW =
 (LED_RED + LED_GREEN),
 LED_CYAN = (LED_BLUE + LED_GREEN) , LED_PURPLE = (LED_RED + LED_BLUE) , LED_WHITE =
 (LED RED + LED BLUE + LED GREEN) }
```

Functions

GpioPort_t GPIO_InitPort (GPIO_PortName_t portName)

Initialize a GPIO Port and return a pointer to its struct.

• bool GPIO isPortInit (GpioPort t gpioPort)

Check if the GPIO port is initialized.

uint32_t GPIO_getBaseAddr (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Get the base address of a GPIO port.

void GPIO_ConfigDirOutput (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Configure the direction of the specified GPIO pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function should only be called to specify OUTPUT pins.

void GPIO_ConfigDirInput (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Configure the specified GPIO pins as INPUT pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function is technically unnecessary, but useful for code readability.

void GPIO ConfigPullUp (GpioPort t gpioPort, GpioPin t pinMask)

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-up resistors.

void GPIO_ConfigPullDown (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-down resistors.

• void GPIO ConfigDriveStrength (GpioPort t gpioPort, GpioPin t pinMask, uint8 t drive mA)

Configure the specified pins' drive strength. Pins are initialized with 2[mA] drive strength, so this is only needed for a drive strength of 4[mA] or 8[mA].

void GPIO_EnableDigital (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Enable digital I/O for the specified pins.

void GPIO_DisableDigital (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Disable digital I/O for the specified pins.

void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_Edge (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask, bool risingEdge)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge of an input.

• void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_BothEdges (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on both edges of an input.

void GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_LevelTrig (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask, bool highLevel)

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on a high level or low level pulse.

void GPIO_ConfigNVIC (GpioPort_t gpioPort, uint8_t priority)

Configure interrupts for the selected port in the NVIC.

volatile uint32_t * GPIO_getDataRegister (GpioPort_t gpioPort)

Get the address of a GPIO port's data register.

uint8_t GPIO_ReadPins (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Read from the specified GPIO pin.

• void GPIO_WriteHigh (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Write a 1 to the specified GPIO pins.

• void GPIO_WriteLow (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Write a 0 to the specified GPIO pins.

void GPIO_Toggle (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Toggle the specified GPIO pins.

void GPIO_ConfigAltMode (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Activate the alternate mode for the specified pins.

void GPIO_ConfigPortCtrl (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask, uint8_t fieldEncoding)

Specify the alternate mode to use for the specified pins.

void GPIO_ConfigAnalog (GpioPort_t gpioPort, GpioPin_t pinMask)

Activate analog mode for the specified GPIO pins.

Variables

• static GpioPortStruct_t GPIO_PTR_ARR [6]

4.4.3.1 Detailed Description

Functions for using GPIO ports.

4.4.3.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

GPIO_LAUNCHPAD_LEDS

enum GPIO_LAUNCHPAD_LEDS

Enumerator

LED_RED	PF1.
LED_GREEN	PF3.
LED BLUE	PF2.

4.4.3.3 Function Documentation

GPIO_InitPort()

Initialize a GPIO Port and return a pointer to its struct.

Parameters

in	portName	Name of the chosen port.
out	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.

GPIO_isPortInit()

Check if the GPIO port is initialized.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	true	The GPIO port is initialized.
out	false	The GPIO port has not been initialized.

GPIO_getBaseAddr()

Get the base address of a GPIO port.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	baseAddress	Base address of the GPIO port.

GPIO_ConfigDirOutput()

Configure the direction of the specified GPIO pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function should only be called to specify OUTPUT pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	bitMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended OUTPUT pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigDirInput()

Configure the specified GPIO pins as INPUT pins. All pins are configured to INPUT by default, so this function is technically unnecessary, but useful for code readability.

Parameters

	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in	bitMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended INPUT pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPullUp()

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-up resistors.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPullDown()

Activate the specified pins' internal pull-down resistors.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigDriveStrength()

Configure the specified pins' drive strength. Pins are initialized with 2[mA] drive strength, so this is only needed for a drive strength of 4[mA] or 8[mA].

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	drive_mA	Drive strength in [mA]. Should be 2, 4, or 8 [mA].

GPIO_EnableDigital()

Enable digital I/O for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_DisableDigital()

Disable digital I/O for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_Edge()

```
GpioPin_t pinMask,
bool risingEdge )
```

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on the rising or falling edge of an input.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	risingEdge	true for rising edge, false for falling edge

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_BothEdges()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on both edges of an input.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigInterrupts_LevelTrig()

Configure the specified GPIO pins to trigger an interrupt on a high level or low level pulse.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	highLevel	true for high level, false for low level

GPIO_ConfigNVIC()

Configure interrupts for the selected port in the NVIC.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	priority	Priority number between 0 (highest) and 7 (lowest).

GPIO_getDataRegister()

```
volatile uint32_t * GPIO_getDataRegister ( {\tt GpioPort\_t} \  \, gpioPort \  \, )
```

Get the address of a GPIO port's data register.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
out	dataRegister	Address of the GPIO port's data register.

GPIO_ReadPins()

Read from the specified GPIO pin.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_WriteHigh()

Write a $\ensuremath{\mathbb{1}}$ to the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

ſ	in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
ſ	in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_WriteLow()

Write a 0 to the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_Toggle()

Toggle the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigAltMode()

Activate the alternate mode for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

GPIO_ConfigPortCtrl()

Specify the alternate mode to use for the specified pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).
in	fieldEncoding	Number corresponding to intended alternate mode.

GPIO_ConfigAnalog()

Activate analog mode for the specified GPIO pins.

Parameters

in	gpioPort	Pointer to the specified GPIO port.
in	pinMask	Bit mask corresponding to the intended pin(s).

4.4.3.4 Variable Documentation

GPIO_PTR_ARR

```
GpioPortStruct_t GPIO_PTR_ARR[6] [static]
```

Initial value:

4.4.4 Phase-Locked Loop (PLL)

Function for initializing the phase-locked loop.

Collaboration diagram for Phase-Locked Loop (PLL):



Files

• file PLL.c

Implementation details for phase-lock-loop (PLL) functions.

• file PLL.h

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

Functions

void PLL_Init (void)
 Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

4.4.4.1 Detailed Description

Function for initializing the phase-locked loop.

4.4.4.2 Function Documentation

PLL_Init()

```
void PLL_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize the phase-locked-loop to change the bus frequency.

Postcondition

The bus frequency is now running at 80 [MHz].

4.4.5 Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)

Functions for SPI-based communication via the SSI peripheral.

Collaboration diagram for Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI):



Files

• file SPI.c

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

• file SPI.h

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

Macros

- #define SPI_IS_BUSY (SSI0_SR_R & 0x10)
- #define SPI_TX_ISNOTFULL (SSI0_SR_R & 0x02)
- #define SPI CLEAR RESET() (GPIO PORTA DATA R &= \sim (0x80))
- #define **SPI_SET_RESET**() (GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R |= 0x80)

Enumerations

• enum {

```
 \begin{split} & \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO\_PIN2} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_CS\_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO\_PIN3} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_RX\_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO\_PIN4} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_TX\_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO\_PIN5} \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_DC\_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO\_PIN6} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_RESET\_PIN} = \texttt{GPIO\_PIN7} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_SSI0\_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_} \leftrightarrow \texttt{CS\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI} \; \texttt{TX\_PIN} \;) \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_RX\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_GPIO\_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI\_DC\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_RSET\_PIN} \;) \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_GPIO\_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI\_DC\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_RSET\_PIN} \;) \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_SSI0\_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI\_DC\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_RSET\_PIN} \;) \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_RX\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_SSI0\_PINS} = (\texttt{SPI\_DC\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_RSET\_PIN} \;) \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \; \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_CLK\_PIN} \mid \texttt{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_TX\_PIN} \;, \\ & \textbf{SPI\_TX\_PIN}
```

```
SPI_ALL_PINS = (SPI_SSI0_PINS | SPI_GPIO_PINS) }
```

Functions

• void SPI_Init (void)

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

• uint8_t SPI_Read (void)

Read data from the serial port.

void SPI_WriteCmd (uint8_t cmd)

Write a command to the serial port.

• void SPI_WriteData (uint8_t data)

Write data to the serial port.

Variables

• static register_t gpioPortReg = 0

4.4.5.1 Detailed Description

Functions for SPI-based communication via the SSI peripheral.

4.4.5.2 Function Documentation

SPI_Init()

```
void SPI_Init (
     void )
```

Initialize SSI0 to act as an SPI Controller (AKA Master) in mode 0.

The bit rate BR is set using the (positive, even-numbered) clock prescale divisor CPSDVSR and the SCR field in the SSI Control 0 (CR0) register:

```
BR = f_{bus}/(CPSDVSR*(1+SCR))
```

The ILI9341 driver has a min. read cycle of 150 [ns] and a min. write cycle of 100 [ns], so the bit rate BR is set to be equal to the bus frequency ($f_{bus}=80[MHz]$) divided by 8, allowing a bit rate of 10 [MHz], or a period of 100 [ns].

SPI_Read()

Read data from the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

Parameters

SPI_WriteCmd()

Write a command to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

Parameters

in	cmd	8-bit command to write.
	Cilia	o bit command to write.

Postcondition

The D/C pin is cleared.

The data is added to the hardware's transmit FIFO.

SPI_WriteData()

Write data to the serial port.

Precondition

Initialize the SPI module.

Parameters

in data 8-bit data to write.

Postcondition

The D/C pin is set.

The data is added to the hardware's transmit FIFO.

4.4.6 Timer

Functions for using hardware timers.

Collaboration diagram for Timer:



Files

• file Timer.c

Source code for Timer module.

• file Timer.h

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

Data Structures

struct Timer t

Enumerations

```
• enum {
     BASE = 0x40033000,
     TIMER4_BASE = 0x40034000, TIMER5_BASE = 0x40035000}
   enum REGISTER_OFFSETS {
     CONFIG = 0x00, MODE = 0x04, CTRL = 0x0C, INT_MASK = 0x18,
     INT\_CLEAR = 0x24, INTERVAL = 0x28, VALUE = 0x054}
   enum timerName_t {
     TIMERO, TIMER1, TIMER2, TIMER3,
     TIMER4, TIMER5 }

    enum timerMode t { ONESHOT , PERIODIC }

   enum timerDirection_t { UP , DOWN }
Functions
   • Timer t Timer Init (timerName t timerName)
        Initialize a hardware timer.

    void Timer_Deinit (Timer_t timer)

        De-initialize a hardware timer.

    timerName_t Timer_getName (Timer_t timer)

        Get the name of a timer object.

    bool Timer_isInit (Timer_t timer)

        Check if a timer object is initialized.

    void Timer setMode (Timer t timer, timerMode t timerMode, timerDirection)

        Set the mode for the timer.

    void Timer enableAdcTrigger (Timer t timer)

        Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

    void Timer disableAdcTrigger (Timer t timer)

        Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.
```

void Timer_enableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer_t timer)

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

void Timer disableInterruptOnTimeout (Timer t timer)

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

void Timer_clearInterruptFlag (Timer_t timer)

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

void Timer setInterval ms (Timer t timer, uint32 t time ms)

Set the interval to use.

- uint32_t Timer_getCurrentValue (Timer_t timer)
- void Timer_Start (Timer_t timer)

Start the timer.

void Timer Stop (Timer t timer)

Stop the timer.

bool Timer_isCounting (Timer_t timer)

Check if the timer is currently counting.

void Timer_Wait1ms (Timer_t timer, uint32_t time_ms)

Initiate a time delay.

Variables

• static TimerStruct_t TIMER_POOL [6]

4.4.6.1 Detailed Description

Functions for using hardware timers.

4.4.6.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

timerMode_t

```
enum timerMode_t
```

Enumerator

ONESHOT	the timer runs once, then stops
PERIODIC	the timer runs continuously once started

$timer Direction_t$

```
enum timerDirection_t
```

Enumerator

UP	the timer starts and 0 and counts to the reload value
DOWN	the timer starts at its reload value and counts down

4.4.6.3 Function Documentation

Timer_Init()

Initialize a hardware timer.

Parameters

in	timerName	Name of the hardware timer to use.
out	timer	Pointer to timer object.

Postcondition

The timer is ready to be configured and used.

See also

```
Timer_isInit(), Timer_Deinit()
```

Timer_Deinit()

De-initialize a hardware timer.

Parameters

in	timerName	Name of the hardware timer to use.
----	-----------	------------------------------------

Postcondition

The hardware timer is no longer initialized or receiving power.

See also

```
Timer_Init(), Timer_isInit()
```

Timer_getName()

Get the name of a timer object.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	timer↔	Name of the hardware timer being used.
	Name_t	

Timer_isInit()

Check if a timer object is initialized.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	true	The timer is initialized.
out	false	The timer is not initialized.

See also

```
Timer_Init(), Timer_Deinit()
```

Timer_setMode()

Set the mode for the timer.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	timerMode	Mode for hardware timer to use.
in	timerDirection	Direction to count towards.

Timer_enableAdcTrigger()

Set the timer to trigger ADC sample capture once it reaches timeout (i.e. down to 0 or up to its reload value).

Precondition

Initialize and configure an ADC module to be timer-triggered.

Parameters

|--|

Postcondition

A timeout event triggers ADC sample capture.

See also

Timer_disableAdcTrigger()

Timer_disableAdcTrigger()

Disable ADC sample capture on timeout.

Precondition	
	n

Initialize and configure an ADC module to be timer-triggered.

Parameters

in <i>timer</i> P	ointer to timer object.
-------------------	-------------------------

Postcondition

A timeout event no longer triggers ADC sample capture.

See also

Timer_enableAdcTrigger()

Timer_enableInterruptOnTimeout()

Set the timer to trigger an interrupt on timeout.

Precondition

Configure the interrupt service routine using the ISR module.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
----	-------	--------------------------

Postcondition

Upon timeout, an interrupt is triggered.

See also

Timer_disableInterruptOnTimeout()

Timer_disableInterruptOnTimeout()

Stop the timer from triggering interrupts on timeout.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.

Postcondition

Timeout no longer triggers ADC sample capture.

See also

Timer_enableInterruptOnTimeout()

Timer_clearInterruptFlag()

Clear the timer's interrupt flag to acknowledge the interrupt.

Precondition

Call this during a timer's interrupt service routine (ISR).

Parameters

Timer_setInterval_ms()

Set the interval to use.

Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	time_ms	Time in [ms].

Postcondition

Upon starting, the Timer counts down from or up to this value.

See also

Timer_Init(), Timer_setMode()

Timer_Start()

Start the timer.

Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

Parameters

Postcondition

The timer is counting.

See also

Timer_Stop(), Timer_isCounting()

Timer_Stop()

Stop the timer.

Precondition

Start the timer.

Parameters

ir	1	timer	Pointer to timer object.
1			

Postcondition

The timer is no longer counting.

See also

Timer_Start(), Timer_isCounting()

Timer_isCounting()

Check if the timer is currently counting.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
out	true	The timer is counting.
out	false	The timer is not counting.

See also

```
Timer_Start(), Timer_Stop()
```

Timer_Wait1ms()

Initiate a time delay.

Precondition

Initialize and configure the timer.

Parameters

in	timer	Pointer to timer object.
in	time_ms	Time in [ms] to wait for.

Postcondition

The program is delayed for the desired time.

4.4.6.4 Variable Documentation

TIMER_POOL

```
TimerStruct_t TIMER_POOL[6] [static]
```

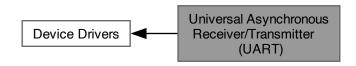
Initial value:

```
{ TIMER2, TIMER2_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + INTERVAL), (register_t) (TIMER2_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
{ TIMER3, TIMER3_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER3_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
{ TIMER4, TIMER4_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
(register_t) (TIMER4_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false },
{ TIMER5, TIMER5_BASE, (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + CTRL), (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + INTERVAL), (register_t) (TIMER5_BASE + INT_CLEAR), false }
```

4.4.7 Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART)

Functions for serial communication via the UART peripheral.

Collaboration diagram for Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART):



Files

• file UART.c

Source code for UART module.

· file UART.h

Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

Data Structures

struct Uart_t

Macros

• #define ASCII_CONVERSION 0x30

Enumerations

```
enum GPIO BASE ADDRESSES {
 GPIO PORTA BASE = (uint32 t) 0x40004000 , GPIO PORTB BASE = (uint32 t) 0x40005000 , GPIO ←
 PORTC_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40006000 , GPIO_PORTD_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40007000 ,
 GPIO_PORTE_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40024000 , GPIO_PORTF_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40025000 }
enum UART_BASE_ADDRESSES {
 UART0_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000C000 , UART1_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000D000 , UART2_BASE =
 (uint32_t) 0x4000E000, UART3_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x4000F000,
 UART4_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40010000 , UART5_BASE = (uint32_t) 0x40011000 , UART6_BASE =
 (uint32 t) 0x40012000, UART7 BASE = (uint32 t) 0x40013000 }
enum UART REG OFFSETS {
 UART FR R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x18 , IBRD R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x24 , FBRD R OFFSET =
 (uint32 t) 0x28, LCRH_R_OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x2C,
 CTL R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0x30 , CC R OFFSET = (uint32 t) 0xFC8 }
enum uartNum_t {
 UARTO, UART1, UART2, UART3,
 UART4, UART5, UART6, UART7}
```

Functions

• Uart_t UART_Init (GpioPort_t port, uartNum_t uartNum)

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

bool UART_isInit (Uart_t uart)

Check if the UART object is initialized.

• unsigned char UART_ReadChar (Uart_t uart)

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

void UART_WriteChar (Uart_t uart, unsigned char inputChar)

Write a single character to the UART.

• void UART_WriteStr (Uart_t uart, void *inputStr)

Write a C string to the UART.

void UART_WriteInt (Uart_t uart, int32_t n)

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

void UART_WriteFloat (Uart_t uart, double n, uint8_t numDecimals)

Write a floating-point number the UART.

Variables

static UartStruct_t UART_ARR [8]

4.4.7.1 Detailed Description

Functions for serial communication via the UART peripheral.

4.4.7.2 Function Documentation

UART_Init()

Initialize the specified UART peripheral.

Parameters

in	port	GPIO port to use.	
in	uartNum	UART number. Should be either one of the enumerated constants or an int in range $[0,7].$	
out	uart	(Pointer to) initialized UART peripheral.	

Given the bus frequency (f_bus) and desired baud rate (BR), the baud rate divisor (BRD) can be calculated: $BRD = f_{bus}/(16*BR)$

The integer BRD (IBRD) is simply the integer part of the BRD: IBRD = int(BRD)

The fractional BRD (FBRD) is calculated using the fractional part (mod (BRD, 1)) of the BRD: FBRD = int((mod(BRD, 1) * 64) + 0.5)

UART_isInit()

Check if the UART object is initialized.

Parameters

in uart UART to check.		UART to check.
out true The UART object is initialized.		
out false The UART object is not initialize		The UART object is not initialized.

UART_ReadChar()

Read a single ASCII character from the UART.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to read from.
out	unsigned	char ASCII character from sender.

UART_WriteChar()

Write a single character to the UART.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	input_char	ASCII character to send.

UART_WriteStr()

Write a C string to the UART.

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Parameters

in	uart	UART to write to.
in	input_str	Array of ASCII characters.

UART_WriteInt()

Write a 32-bit unsigned integer the UART.

Parameters

in	uart	UART to write to.	
in	n	Unsigned 32-bit int to be converted and transmitted.	

UART_WriteFloat()

Write a floating-point number the UART.

Parameters

	in	uart	UART to write to.
	in	n	Floating-point number to be converted and transmitted.
Ī	in	num_decimals	Number of digits after the decimal point to include.

4.4.7.3 Variable Documentation

UART_ARR

```
UartStruct_t UART_ARR[8] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
{
    { UARTO_BASE, ((register_t) (UARTO_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false },
    { UART1_BASE, ((register_t) (UART1_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false },
    { UART2_BASE, ((register_t) (UART2_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN6, GPIO_PIN7, false },
    { UART3_BASE, ((register_t) (UART3_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN6, GPIO_PIN7, false },
    { UART4_BASE, ((register_t) (UART4_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART5_BASE, ((register_t) (UART5_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART6_BASE, ((register_t) (UART6_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN4, GPIO_PIN5, false },
    { UART7_BASE, ((register_t) (UART7_BASE + UART_FR_R_OFFSET)), 0, GPIO_PIN0, GPIO_PIN1, false }
}
```

4.4.8 Interrupt Service Routines

Functions for manipulating the interrupt vector table and setting up interrupt handlers via the NVIC.

Collaboration diagram for Interrupt Service Routines:



Files

• file ISR.c

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

· file ISR.h

Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

Macros

- #define VECTOR_TABLE_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0x00000000)
- #define VECTOR_TABLE_SIZE ((uint32_t) 155)
- #define VECTOR_TABLE_ALIGNMENT ((uint32_t) (1 << 10))
- #define NVIC_EN_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E100)
- #define NVIC_DIS_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E180)
- #define NVIC PRI BASE ADDR ((uint32 t) 0xE000E400)
- #define NVIC_UNPEND_BASE_ADDR ((uint32_t) 0xE000E280)

Typedefs

typedef void(* ISR_t) (void)

Type definition for function pointers representing ISRs.

Functions

- static void ISR_setStatus (const uint8_t vectorNum, const bool isEnabled)
- void ISR_GlobalDisable (void)

Disable all interrupts globally.

void ISR_GlobalEnable (void)

Enable all interrupts globally.

- static ISR_t newVectorTable[VECTOR_TABLE_SIZE] __attribute__ ((aligned(VECTOR_TABLE_
 — ALIGNMENT)))
- · void ISR InitNewTableInRam (void)

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

void ISR_addToIntTable (ISR_t isr, const uint8_t vectorNum)

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Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

void ISR_setPriority (const uint8_t vectorNum, const uint8_t priority)

Set the priority for an interrupt.

void ISR_Enable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_Disable (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

void ISR_triggerInterrupt (const uint8_t vectorNum)

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

Variables

- static bool interruptsAreEnabled = true
- void(*const interruptVectorTable [])(void)
- static bool isTableCopiedToRam = false

4.4.8.1 Detailed Description

Functions for manipulating the interrupt vector table and setting up interrupt handlers via the NVIC.

4.4.8.2 Function Documentation

ISR_GlobalDisable()

Disable all interrupts globally.

See also

ISR_GlobalEnable()

ISR_GlobalEnable()

Enable all interrupts globally.

See also

ISR_GlobalDisable()

ISR_InitNewTableInRam()

Relocate the vector table to RAM.

Precondition

Disable interrupts globally before calling this.

Postcondition

The vector table is now located in RAM, allowing the ISRs listed in the startup file to be replaced.

See also

```
ISR_GlobalDisable(), ISR_addToIntTable()
```

ISR_addToIntTable()

Add an ISR to the interrupt table.

Precondition

Initialize a new vector table in RAM before calling this function.

Parameters

in	isr	Name of the ISR to add.	
in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range $[16, 154]$	

Postcondition

The ISR is now added to the vector table and available to be called.

See also

ISR_InitNewTableInRam()

ISR_setPriority()

Set the priority for an interrupt.

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Precondition

Disable the interrupt before adjusting its priority.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154]	
in	priority	Priority to assign. Highest priority is 0, lowest is 7.	

Postcondition

The interrupt's priority has now been changed in the NVIC.

See also

ISR_Disable()

ISR_Enable()

Enable an interrupt in the NVIC.

Precondition

If needed, add the interrupt to the vector table.

If needed, set the interrupt's priority (default 0, or highest priority) before calling this.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].	
----	-----------	--	--

Postcondition

The interrupt is now enabled in the NVIC.

See also

```
ISR_addToIntTable(), ISR_setPriority(), ISR_Disable()
```

ISR_Disable()

Disable an interrupt in the NVIC.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range [16, 154].	
----	-----------	--	--

Postcondition

The interrupt is now disabled in the NVIC.

See also

ISR_Enable()

ISR_triggerInterrupt()

Generate a software-generated interrupt (SGI).

Precondition

Enable the ISR (and set priority as needed).

Enable all interrupts.

Parameters

in	vectorNum	ISR's vector number (i.e. offset from the top of the table). Should be in range $[16, 154]$.	
----	-----------	---	--

Postcondition

The ISR should trigger once any higher priority ISRs return.

See also

ISR_clearPending()

5 Data Structure Documentation

5.1 Fifo_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

• volatile uint32_t * buffer

(pointer to) array to use as FIFO buffer

volatile uint32_t N

 $\textit{length of} \ \textit{buffer}$

volatile uint32_t frontldx

idx of front of FIFO

volatile uint32_t backldx

idx of back of FIFO

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Fifo.c

5.2 GpioPort_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- const uint32_t BASE_ADDRESS
- const uint32_t DATA_REGISTER
- · bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• GPIO.c

5.3 Led_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

• GpioPort_t GPIO_PORT_PTR

pointer to GPIO port data structure

• GpioPin_t GPIO_PIN

GPIO pin number.

- volatile uint32_t * gpioDataRegister
- bool isOn

state indicator

· bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Led.c

5.4 Timer_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- const timerName_t NAME
- · const uint32 t BASE ADDR
- register_t controlRegister
- register_t intervalLoadRegister
- register_t interruptClearRegister
- · bool isInit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• Timer.c

5.5 Uart_t Struct Reference

Data Fields

- const uint32_t BASE_ADDRESS
- register_t FLAG_R_ADDRESS
- GpioPort_t GPIO_PORT

pointer to GPIO port data structure

• GpioPin_t RX_PIN_NUM

GPIO pin number.

• GpioPin_t TX_PIN_NUM

GPIO pin number.

· bool islnit

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• UART.c

6 File Documentation

6.1 DAQ.c File Reference

Source code for DAQ module.

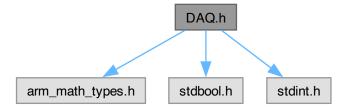
Include dependency graph for DAQ.c:



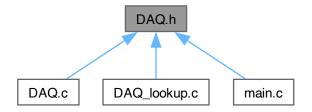
6.2 DAQ.h File Reference

Application software for handling data acquision (DAQ) functions.

Include dependency graph for DAQ.h:



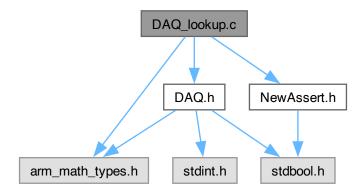
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.3 DAQ_lookup.c File Reference

Source code for DAQ module's lookup table.

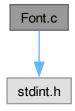
Include dependency graph for DAQ_lookup.c:



6.4 Font.c File Reference

Contains bitmaps for a selection of ASCII characters.

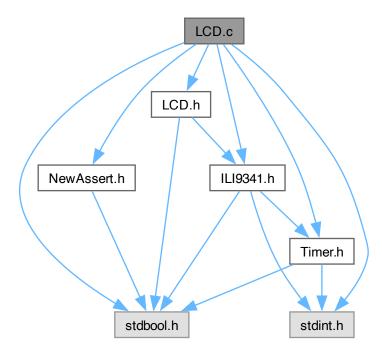
Include dependency graph for Font.c:



6.5 LCD.c File Reference

Source code for LCD module.

Include dependency graph for LCD.c:

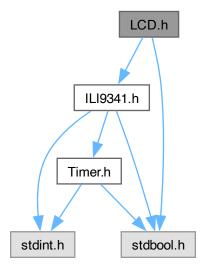


6.6 LCD.h File Reference

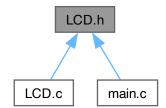
Header file for LCD module.

6.7 QRS.c File Reference 117

Include dependency graph for LCD.h:



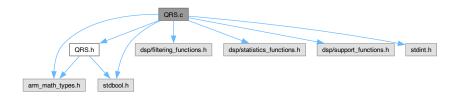
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.7 QRS.c File Reference

Source code for QRS detection module.

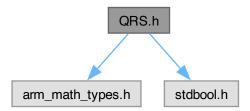
Include dependency graph for QRS.c:



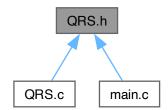
6.8 QRS.h File Reference

Header file for QRS detection module.

Include dependency graph for QRS.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:

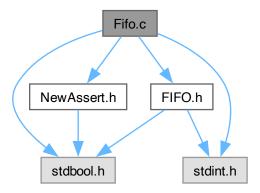


6.9 Fifo.c File Reference

Source code for FIFO buffer module.

6.10 Fifo.h File Reference 119

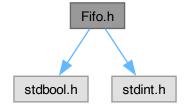
Include dependency graph for Fifo.c:



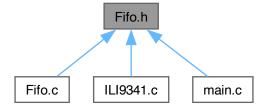
6.10 Fifo.h File Reference

Header file for FIFO buffer implementation.

Include dependency graph for Fifo.h:



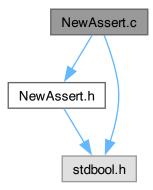
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.11 NewAssert.c File Reference

Source code for custom assert implementation.

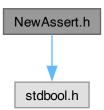
Include dependency graph for NewAssert.c:



6.12 NewAssert.h File Reference

 $\label{thm:leader_file} \textbf{Header file for custom} \ \texttt{assert implementation}.$

Include dependency graph for NewAssert.h:



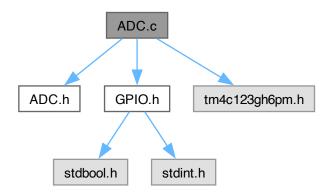
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.13 ADC.c File Reference

Source code ffor analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

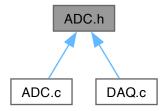
Include dependency graph for ADC.c:



6.14 ADC.h File Reference

Header file for analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) module.

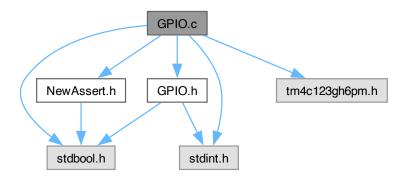
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.15 GPIO.c File Reference

Source code for GPIO module.

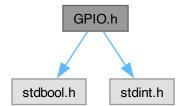
Include dependency graph for GPIO.c:



6.16 GPIO.h File Reference

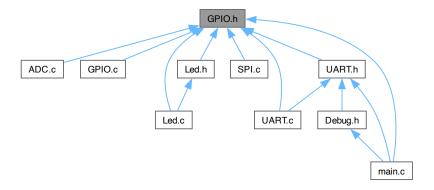
Header file for general-purpose input/output (GPIO) device driver.

Include dependency graph for GPIO.h:



6.17 ISR.c File Reference 123

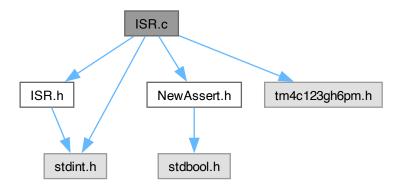
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.17 ISR.c File Reference

Source code for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

Include dependency graph for ISR.c:



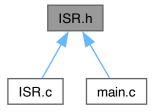
6.18 ISR.h File Reference

Header file for interrupt service routine (ISR) configuration module.

Include dependency graph for ISR.h:



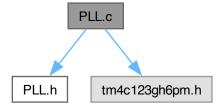
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.19 PLL.c File Reference

 $Implementation\ details\ for\ phase-lock-loop\ (PLL)\ functions.$

Include dependency graph for PLL.c:

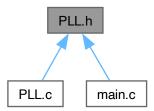


6.20 PLL.h File Reference 125

6.20 PLL.h File Reference

Driver module for activating the phase-locked-loop (PLL).

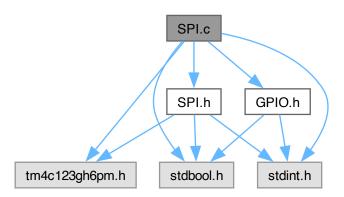
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.21 SPI.c File Reference

Source code for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

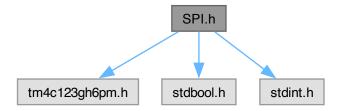
Include dependency graph for SPI.c:



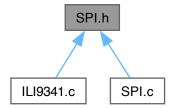
6.22 SPI.h File Reference

Header file for serial peripheral interface (SPI) module.

Include dependency graph for SPI.h:



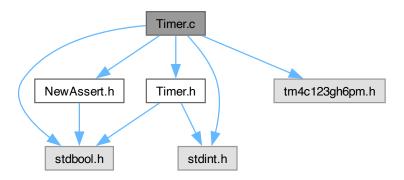
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.23 Timer.c File Reference

Source code for Timer module.

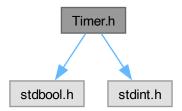
Include dependency graph for Timer.c:



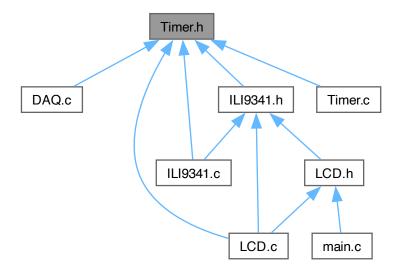
6.24 Timer.h File Reference

Device driver for general-purpose timer modules.

Include dependency graph for Timer.h:



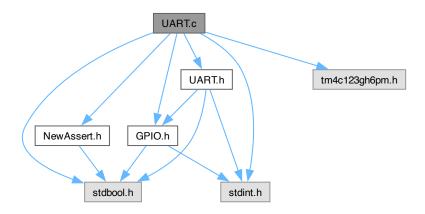
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.25 UART.c File Reference

Source code for UART module.

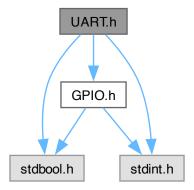
Include dependency graph for UART.c:



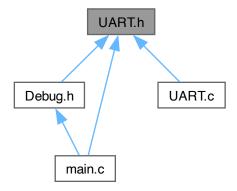
6.26 UART.h File Reference

Driver module for serial communication via UART0 and UART 1.

Include dependency graph for UART.h:



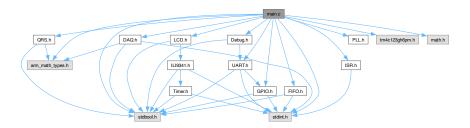
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.27 main.c File Reference

Main program file.

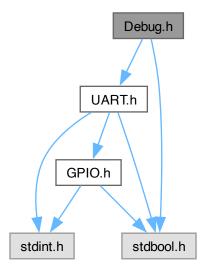
Include dependency graph for main.c:



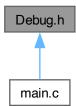
6.28 Debug.h File Reference

Functions to output debugging information to a serial port via UART.

Include dependency graph for Debug.h:



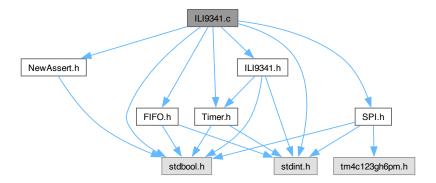
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.29 ILI9341.c File Reference

Source code for ILI9341 module.

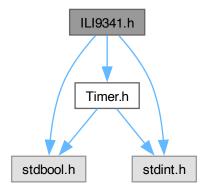
Include dependency graph for ILI9341.c:



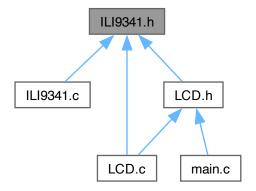
6.30 ILI9341.h File Reference

Driver module for interfacing with an ILI9341 LCD driver.

Include dependency graph for ILI9341.h:



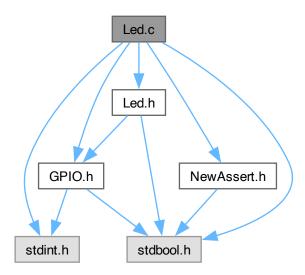
This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



6.31 Led.c File Reference

Source code for LED module.

Include dependency graph for Led.c:

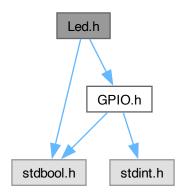


6.32 Led.h File Reference

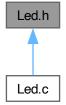
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6.32 Led.h File Reference 133

Include dependency graph for Led.h:



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