

# notes

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```
In [2]: %pylab inline
```

Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib

```
In [6]: import networkx as nx
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import scipy as sp
import scipy.stats as sps
```

```
In [7]: sns.set_style('white')
sns.set_context('notebook')
```

## 0.1 Lecture 3

### 0.1.1 Power laws, Preferential Attachment, and master equations

#### 0.1.2 April 5, 2016

#### Emergence of a Giant Component in Erdos-Renyi Random Graphs

```
In [8]: G = nx.random_graphs.erdos_renyi_graph(100, .1)
```

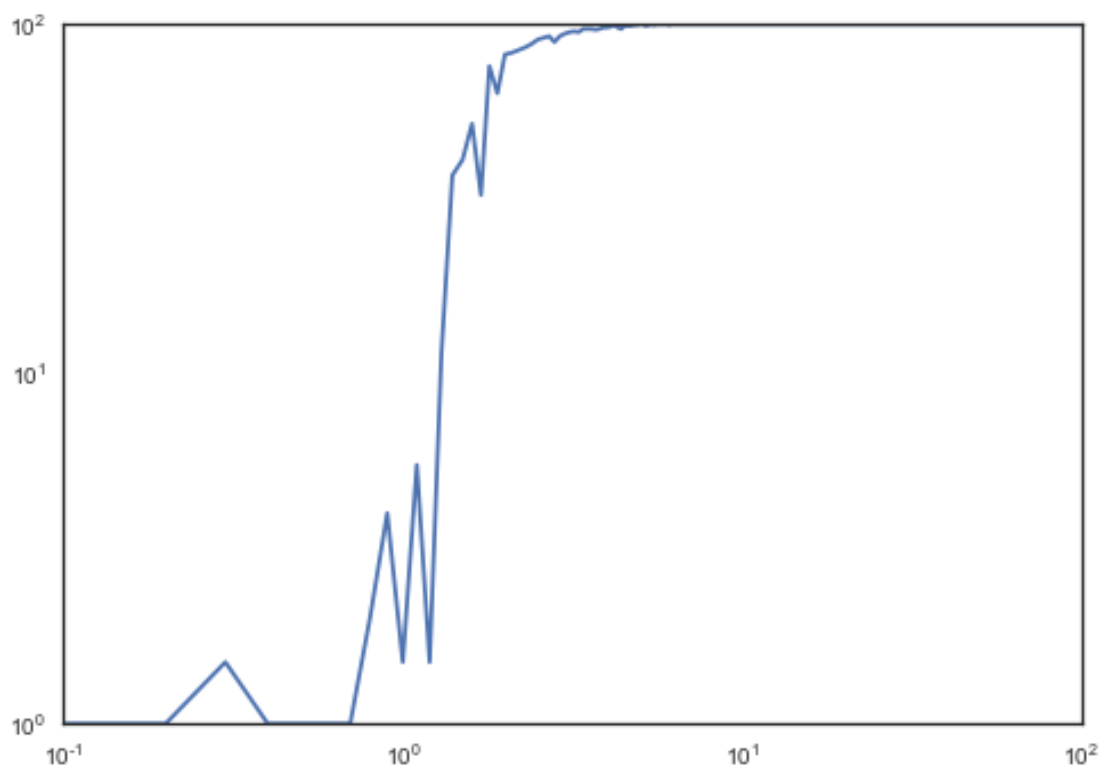
```
In [43]: def random_graph_maxc(N=100):
    P = np.arange(0,1,.001)
    graphs = [nx.random_graphs.erdos_renyi_graph(N, p) for p in P]
    c_max = [float(len(next(nx.connected_components(g)))) for g in graphs]

    return pd.Series(c_max, index=P*N)
```

```
In [45]: maxc_df = pd.DataFrame([random_graph_maxc() for _ in xrange(10)])
```

```
In [51]: maxc_df.median().plot(logx=True, logy=True)
```

```
Out[51]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x153d49c90>
```



### Preferential Attachment

- $P_r(t+1 \rightarrow n_j) = d_j / \sum_i d_i$

In [ ]:

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