



## GN007 Application Note

Modeling Thermal Behavior of GaN Systems' GaNPX™  
Using RC Thermal SPICE Models

Updated on Jan-29-2017

- GaN Systems provides RC thermal models allowing customers to perform detailed thermal simulation using SPICE
- Models are created based on FEA thermal simulation and have been verified by GaN Systems
- Cauer model has been chosen allowing customers to extend the thermal model to their system by including interface material and heat sinks
- RC thermal models of GaN Systems devices are found on GaN Systems product pages

- ☐ [RC network definition](#)
- ☐ [GaN \$P\_x\$  RC model structure](#)
- ☐ [How to use GaN \$P\_x\$  RC model during SPICE simulation](#)
- ☐ [SPICE simulation examples](#)

## Thermal network

- Thermal resistance ( $R_{\theta}$ )
- Thermal capacitance ( $C_{\theta}$ )
- Time dependent temperature distribution

### Analogy between Electrical and Thermal Parameters

Electrical Parameters	Thermal Parameters
Voltage V (V)	Temperature difference $\Delta T$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Current I (A)	Power P (W)
Resistance R ( $\Omega$ )	Thermal resistance $R_{\theta}$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ )
Capacitance C (F)	Thermal capacitance $C_{\theta}$ ( $\text{W}\cdot\text{s}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

## Equations for calculating $R_{\theta}$ and $C_{\theta}$ :

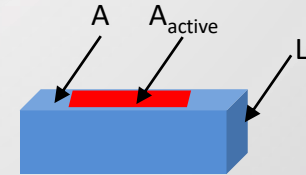
$$R_{\theta} = L/(k \cdot A) \quad (1)$$

$$R_{\theta} = L/(k \cdot A_{\text{active}}) \quad (2)$$

$$R_{\theta} = \Delta T/P$$

$$C_{\theta} = C_p \cdot \rho \cdot L \cdot A \quad (4)$$

$$C_{\theta} = C_p \cdot \rho \cdot L \cdot A_{\text{active}} \quad (5)$$



where:

$L$  – layer thickness (m)

$k$  – thermal conductivity ( $\text{W}/\text{m}\cdot\text{K}$ )

$A$  – layer area ( $\text{m}^2$ )

$A_{\text{active}}$  – device active area ( $\text{m}^2$ )

$\Delta T$  – temperature rise ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

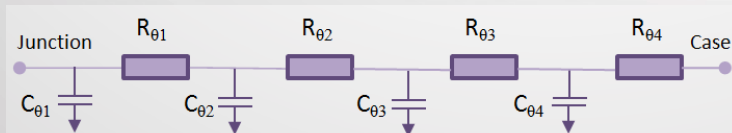
$C_p$  – pressure specific heat capacity ( $\text{W}\cdot\text{s}/\text{kg}\cdot\text{K}$ )

$\rho$  – density ( $\text{kg}/\text{m}^3$ )

$$\text{Thermal time constant: } \tau_{\theta} = R_{\theta} \cdot C_{\theta}$$

## Cauer Model

- Cauer RC network is based on the physical property and packaging structure
- The RC elements are assigned to the layers of the package



### Pros:

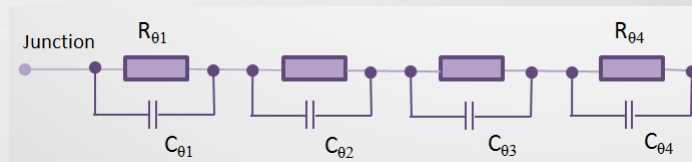
- Cauer RC model reflects the real, physical setup of the device
- Allows to add extra  $R_{\theta}$  and  $C_{\theta}$  to simulate the Thermal Interface Material (TIM) or Heatsink

### Cons:

- Detailed thermal analysis using FEA
- Challenge to extract the thermal capacitance

## Foster Model

- Foster thermal model is not based on the physical property and packaging structure
- $R_{\theta}$  and  $C_{\theta}$  are curve-fitting parameters



### Pros:

- Can be extracted from the transient response curve from the datasheets
- Can be extracted from a measured heating or cooling curves

### Cons:

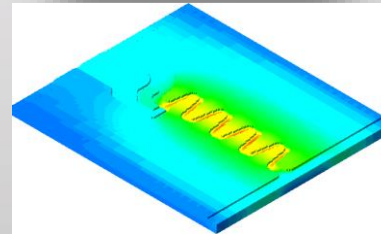
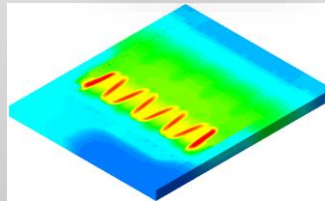
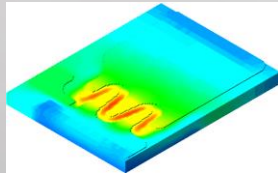
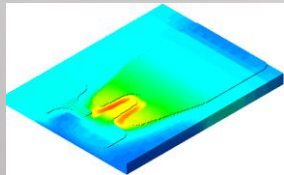
- Valid only for measured conditions
- Adding extra resistance and capacitance requires new curve fitting

- ❑ [RC network definition](#)
- ❑ [GaN<sub>Px</sub> RC model structure](#)
- ❑ [How to use GaN<sub>Px</sub> RC model during SPICE simulation](#)
- ❑ [SPICE simulation examples](#)



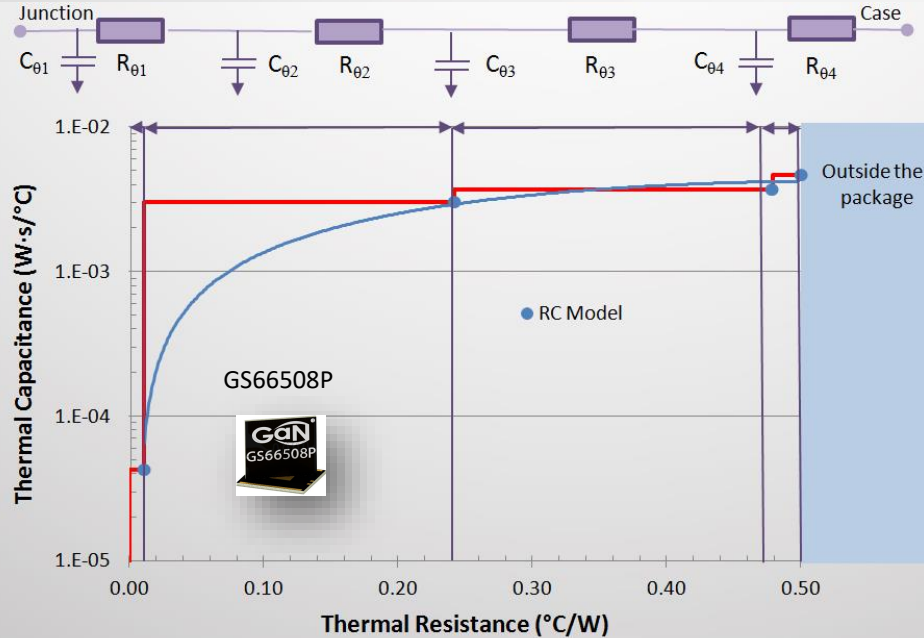
- The detailed steady state and transient thermal analysis were conducted using a 3D heat transfer software with Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) capabilities: ElectroFlo and ANSYS Icepack
- During the steady state analysis the device junction-to-case thermal resistance was obtained

## 650 V Devices

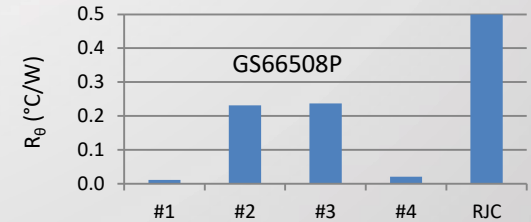
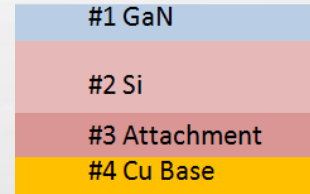


GaN <sub>Px</sub>	R <sub>θJC</sub> (°C/W)
GS66502B	2.0
GS66504B	1.0
GS66508B	0.5
GS66508P	0.5

## Cauer model was chosen for all GaN Systems transistors



GaN<sub>Px</sub> consists of 4 layers:



- Layer thermal resistance was derived from the thermal simulation and calculated using the equation (3):

$$R_{\theta 1} = \Delta T / P = (T_j - T_1) / P$$

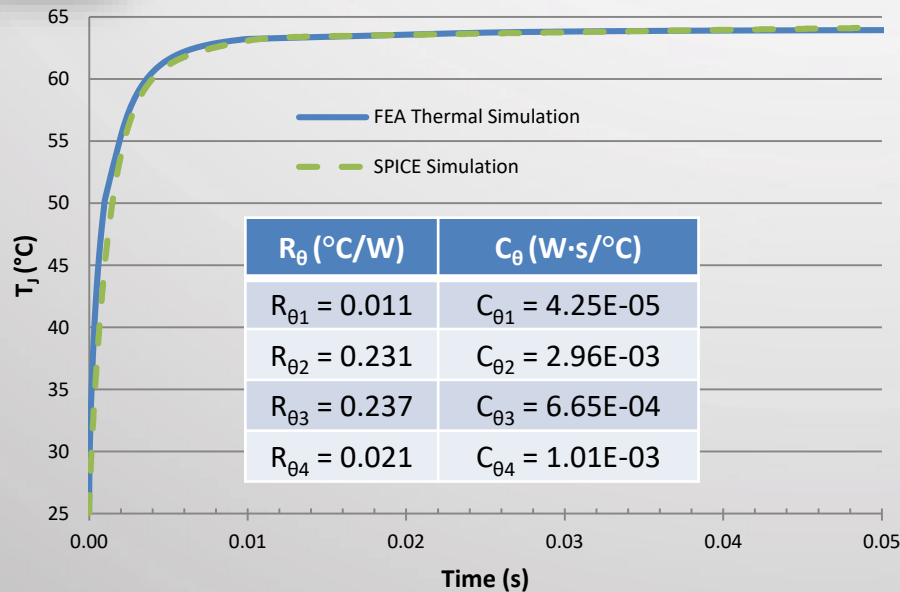
- Layer thermal capacitance was calculated using the active area of the device (equation (5)):

$$C_{\theta 1} = C_{p1} \cdot \rho_1 \cdot L_1 \cdot A_{\text{active}}$$



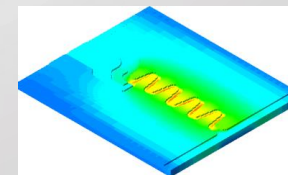
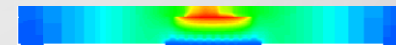
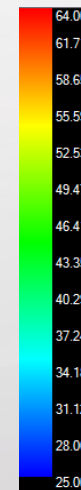


## GS66508P Cauer RC model



### Boundary Condition:

- Power  $P = 80 \text{ W}$
- Case temperature at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$



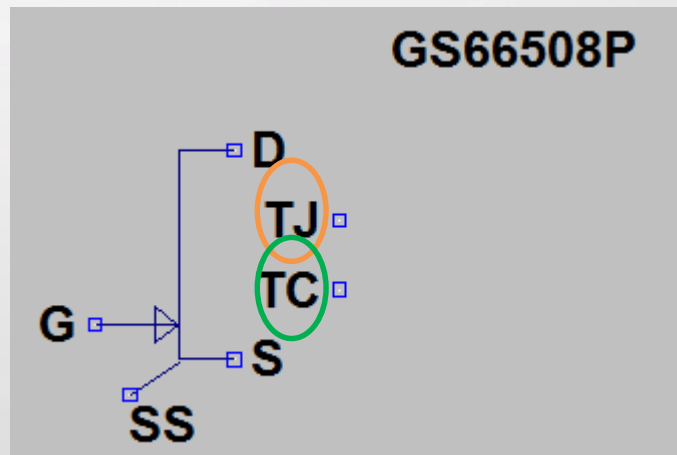
Good agreement between Cauer model from thermal and SPICE simulations has been achieved

- ❑ [RC network definition](#)
- ❑ [GaN<sub>Px</sub> RC model structure](#)
- ❑ [How to use GaN<sub>Px</sub> RC model during SPICE simulation](#)
- ❑ [SPICE simulation examples](#)

## SPICE Netlist in .lib File :

```
Rth_1 T11 TJ {0.011}  
Cth_1 0 TJ {4.25e-5}  
Rth_2 T22 T11 {0.231}  
Cth_2 0 T11 {2.96e-3}  
Rth_3 T33 T22 {0.237}  
Cth_3 0 T22 {6.65e-4}  
Rth_4 TC T33 {0.021}  
Cth_4 0 T33 {1.01e-3}
```

## SPICE Symbol:



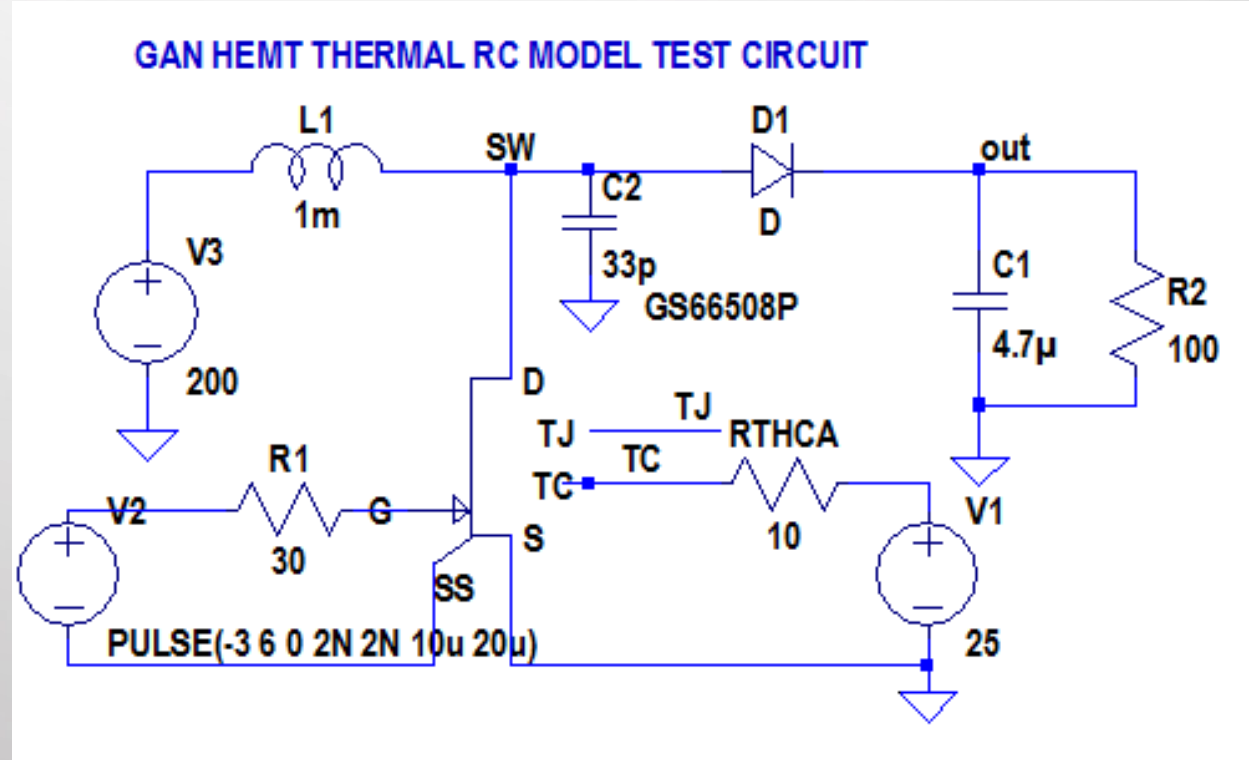
## In the SPICE Schematics:

- Connect  $T_C$  to a voltage equal to the case temperature
- Read  $V(T_J)$  to measure the junction temperature

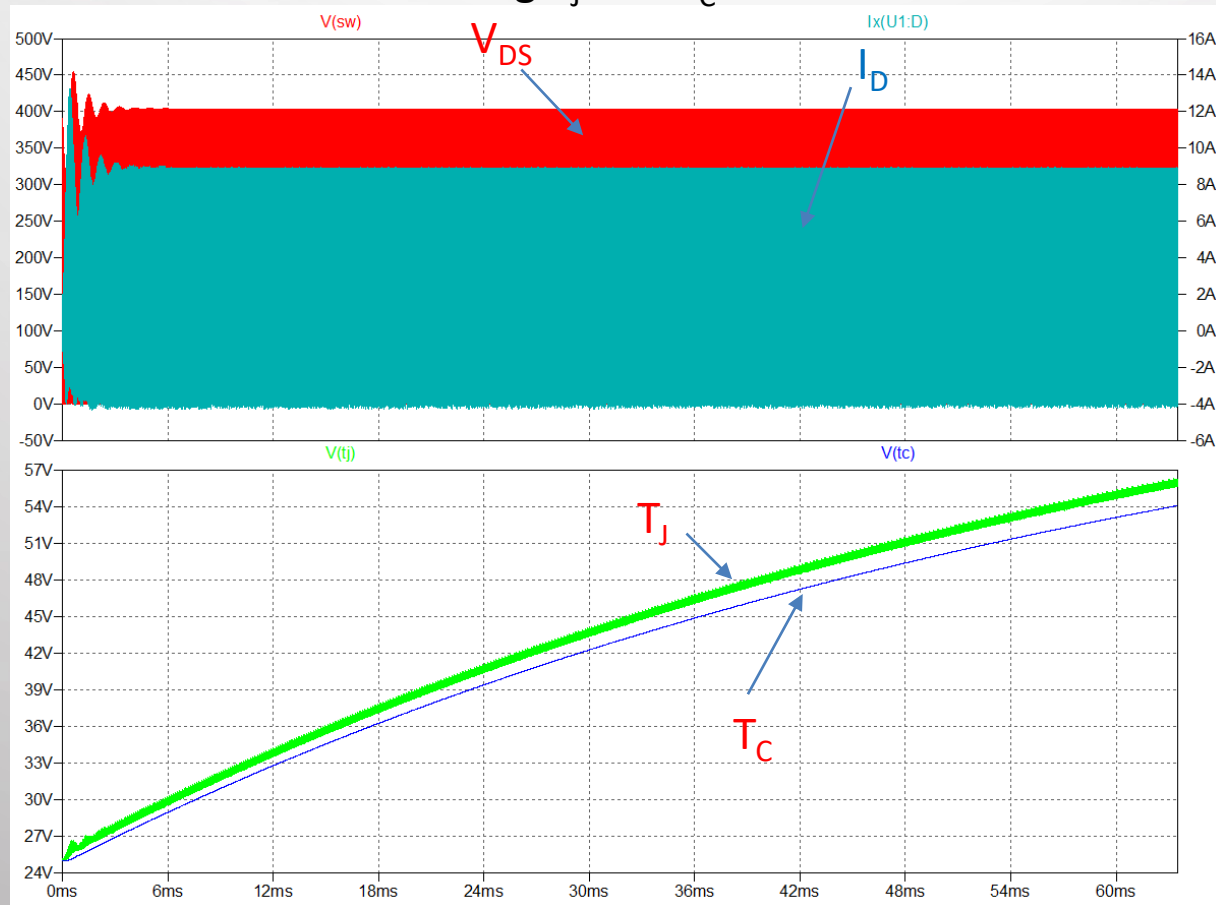
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A simple boost converter circuit was used to verify the functionality of RC thermal model

- 200 - 400 V,  $I_{out} = 4$  A
- $D = 0.5$ ,  $F_{sw} = 50$  kHz
- $T_A = 25$  °C
- $R_{thCA} = 10$  °C/W
- Monitor  $T_J$ ,  $T_C$

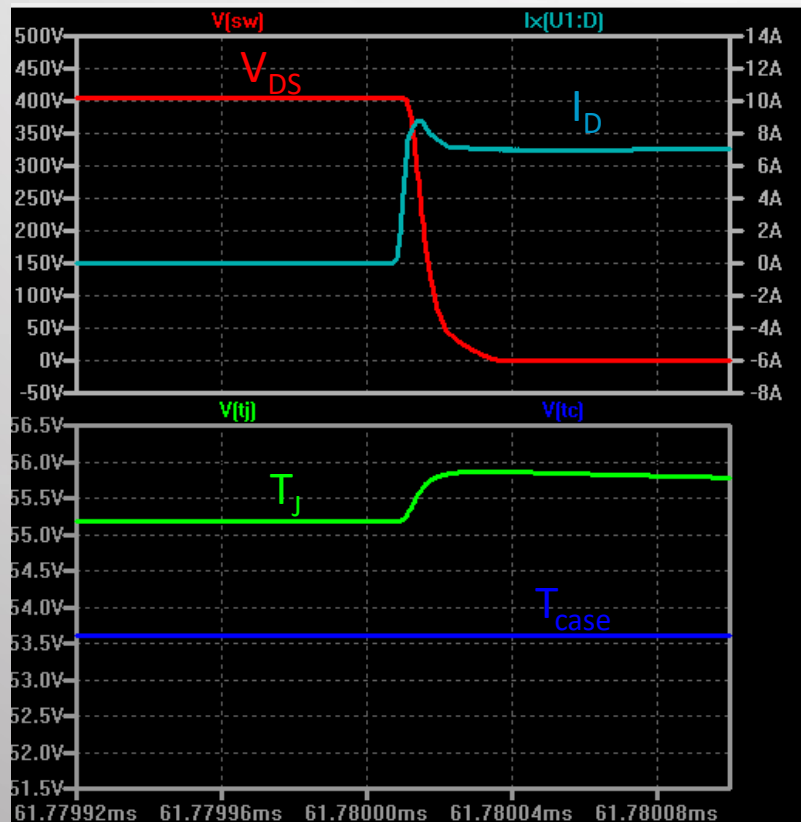


Transient thermal simulation showing  $T_J$  and  $T_C$  time constant for first 70ms

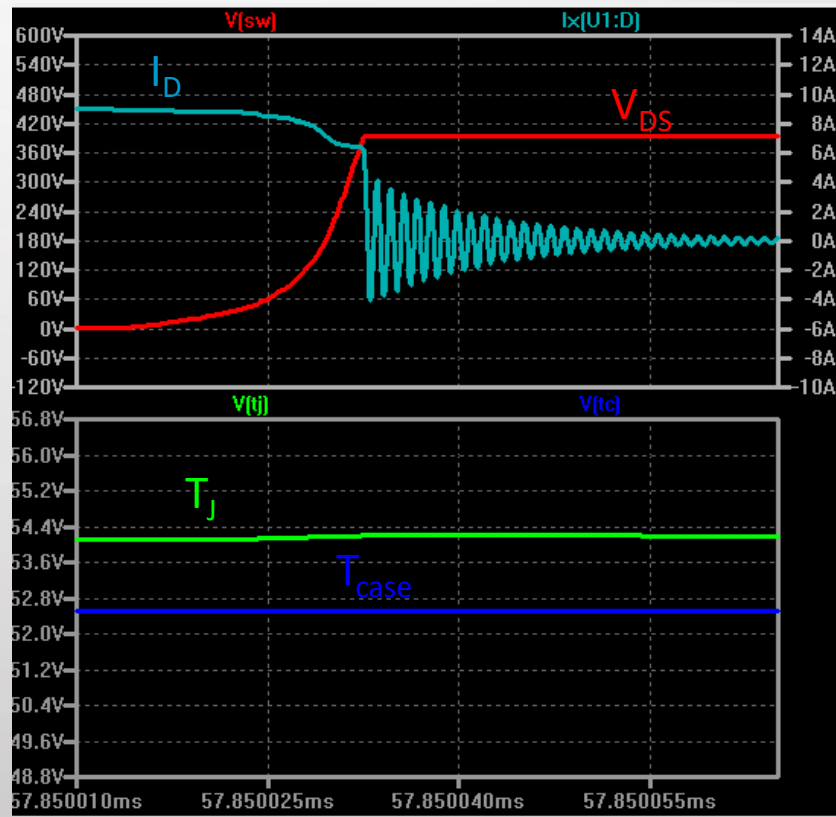




## Thermal simulation – Turn-on

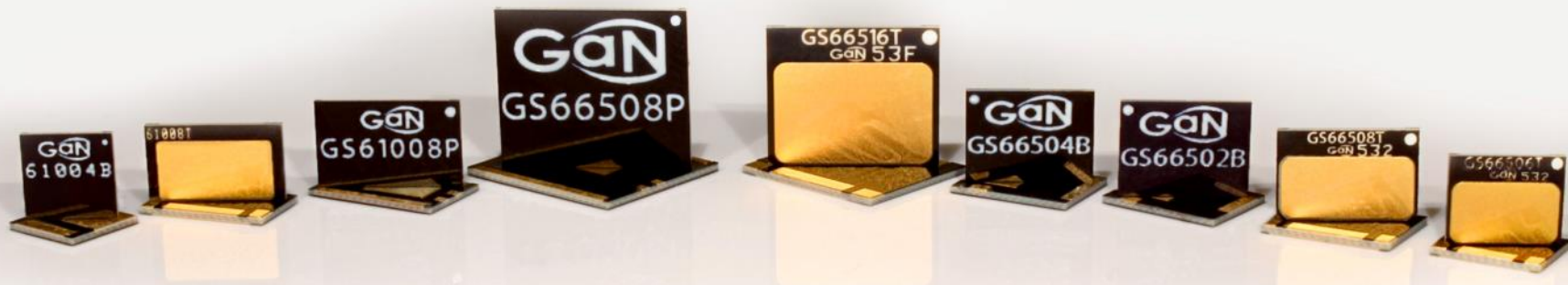


## Thermal simulation – Turn-off



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