```
1 theory HOMML imports Main
                                                                                     (* By Christoph Benzmüller, 2018 *)
  3 begin (*An Embedding of Higher-Order Multi-Modal Logic (HOMML) in HOL.*)
  4
        typedecl i (*Type of possible worlds.*) typedecl \mu (*Type of individuals.*)
        type synonym \sigma="(i\Rightarrowbool)" (*Type of world depended formulas (truth sets).*)
        type synonym \alpha="(i \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool)" (*Type of accessibility relations between worlds.*)
  8
      (*Lifted HOMML connectives: they operate on world depended formulas (truth sets).*)
       definition mtop :: "\sigma" ("T") where "T \equiv \lambdaw. True"
 10
        definition mbot :: "\sigma" ("\perp") where "\perp \equiv \lambdaw. False"
 11
        definition mneg :: "\sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" ("¬_"[52]53) where "¬\varphi \equiv \lambdaw. ¬\varphi(w)"
 12
        definition mand :: "\sigma \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" (infixr"\"51) where "\varphi \land \psi \equiv \lambda w. \varphi(w) \land \psi(w)"
 13
        definition mor :: "\sigma \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" (infixr"\vee"50) where "\varphi \lor \psi \equiv \lambda w. \varphi(w) \lor \psi(w)"
 14
 15
        definition mimp :: "\sigma \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" (infixr"\rightarrow"49) where "\varphi \rightarrow \psi \equiv \lambda w. \varphi(w) \longrightarrow \psi(w)"
        definition mequ :: "\sigma \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" (infixr"\leftrightarrow"48) where "\varphi \leftrightarrow \psi \equiv \lambda w. \varphi(w) \longleftrightarrow \psi(w)"
 16
        definition mall :: "('a\Rightarrow \sigma)\Rightarrow \sigma" ("\forall") where "\forall \Phi \equiv \lambda w. \forall x. \Phi(x)(w)"
 17
        definition mallB:: "('a\Rightarrow\sigma)\Rightarrow\sigma" (binder"\forall"[8]9) where "\forallx. \varphi(x) \equiv \forall\varphi"
 18
        definition mexi :: "('a\Rightarrow \sigma)\Rightarrow \sigma" ("\exists") where "\exists \Phi \equiv \lambda w. \exists x. \Phi(x)(w)"
 19
        definition mexiB:: "('a\Rightarrow\sigma)\Rightarrow\sigma" (binder"\exists"[8]9) where "\existsx. \varphi(x) \equiv \exists\varphi"
 20
        definition mbox :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" ("\square_ ") where "\square r \varphi \equiv (\lambda w. \forall v. r w v \longrightarrow \varphi v)"
 21
        definition mdia :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \sigma" ("\diamond_ _") where "\diamond r \varphi \equiv (\lambda w. \exists v. r w v \land \varphi v)"
 22
 23
       (*Global and local validity of lifted formulas*)
 24
        definition global_valid :: "\sigma \Rightarrow bool" ("|_|"[7]8) where "|\varphi| \equiv \forall w. \varphi w"
 25
        consts cw :: i (*Current world; uninterpreted constant of type i*)
 26
        definition local_valid :: "\sigma \Rightarrow \text{bool}" ("|_|cw"[9]10) where "|\varphi|_{cw} \equiv \varphi cw"
 27
 28
      (*Introducing "Defs" as the set of the above definitions; useful for convenient unfolding.*)
 29
      named_theorems Defs declare mtop_def[Defs] mbot_def[Defs] mneg_def[Defs] mand_def[Defs]
⇒30I
       mor_def[Defs] mimp_def[Defs] mequ_def[Defs] mall_def[Defs] mallB_def[Defs] mexi_def[Defs]
 31
        mexiB_def[Defs] mbox_def[Defs] mdia_def[Defs] global_valid_def[Defs] local_valid_def[Defs]
└32
933 end
_34
```

```
1 theory Relations imports HOMML
                                                                         (* By Christoph Benzmüller, 2018 *)

⇒ 2 begin

     (*Some useful properties and operations on (accessibility) relations*)
      definition reflexive :: "\alpha \Rightarrow bool" where "reflexive R \equiv \forall x. R x x"
      definition symmetric :: "\alpha \Rightarrow bool" where "symmetric R \equiv \forallx y. R x y \longrightarrow R y x"
      definition transitive :: "\alpha \Rightarrow bool" where "transitive R \equiv \forallx y z. R x y \land R y z \longrightarrow R x z"
      definition euclidean :: "\alpha \Rightarrow bool" where "euclidean R \equiv \forallx y z. R x y \land R x z \longrightarrow R y z"
  7
      definition intersection_rel :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \Rightarrow \alpha" where "intersection_rel R Q \equiv \lambdau v. R u v \wedge Q u v"
  8
      definition union rel :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \Rightarrow \alpha" where "union rel R Q \equiv \lambdau v. R u v \vee Q u v"
      definition sub_rel :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha \Rightarrow bool" where "sub_rel R Q \equiv \forallu v. R u v \longrightarrow Q u v"
 10
      definition inverse rel :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha" where "inverse rel R \equiv \lambdau v. R v u"
 11
 12
     (*In HOL the transitive closure of a relation can be defined in a single line.*)
 13
      definition tc :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha" where "tc R \equiv \lambda x y.\forall Q. transitive Q \longrightarrow (sub rel R Q \longrightarrow Q x y)"
 14
 15
     (*Adding the above definitions to the set of definitions Defs.*)
 16
     declare reflexive_def[Defs] symmetric_def[Defs] transitive_def[Defs] euclidean_def[Defs]
17
        intersection_rel_def[Defs] union_rel_def[Defs] sub_rel_def[Defs] inverse_rel_def[Defs]
 18
 19
 20
     (*Some useful lemmata.*)
      lemma trans_tc: "transitive (tc R)" unfolding Defs tc_def by metis
 21
      lemma trans inv tc: "transitive (inverse rel (tc R))" unfolding Defs tc def by metis
 22
      lemma sub_rel_tc: "symmetric R → (sub_rel R (inverse_rel (tc R)))"
 23
 24
         unfolding Defs tc def by metis
 25
      lemma sub rel tc tc: "symmetric R \longrightarrow (sub rel (tc R) (inverse rel (tc R)))"
         using sub_rel_def sub_rel_tc tc_def trans_inv_tc by fastforce
 26
      lemma symm_tc: "symmetric R → symmetric (tc R)" sledgehammer [verbose] nitpick
 27
         using inverse_rel_def sub_rel_def sub_rel_tc_tc symmetric_def by auto
 28
 29 end
```

```
1 theory WiseMenPuzzle imports HOMML Relations
                                                                        (* By Christoph Benzmüller, 2018 *)

⇒ 2 begin

      consts a:: "\alpha" b:: "\alpha" c:: "\alpha" (*Wise men modeled as accessibility relations.*)
     (*Reflexivity, transitivity and euclideaness is postulated for these relations.*)
      axiomatization where
       knowl abc: "(x = a \lor x = b \lor x = c) \implies (reflexive x \land transitive x \land euclidean x)"
    (*Eabc \varphi stands for "Everyone in group {a,b,c} knows \varphi".*)
      definition Eabc where "Eabc = union_rel (union_rel a b) c"
  8
    (*Cabc \varphi stands for "The common knowledge of group {a,b,c}".*)
     definition Cabc :: "i \Rightarrow i \Rightarrow bool" where "Cabc \equiv tc Eabc"
 10
     (*Cabc is reflexive, transitive and euclidean; i.e. it is a knowledge operator.*)
 11
      lemma refl_Cabc: "reflexive Cabc" using Cabc_def Eabc_def knowl_abc Defs tc_def by smt
 12
      lemma symm_C_abc: "symmetric Cabc" using Cabc_def Eabc_def knowl_abc symm_tc Defs by smt
 13
      lemma eucl Cabc: "euclidean Cabc" using Cabc def Eabc def knowl abc symm C abc Defs to def by smt
 14
 15
     (*We are now ready to model and automate the wise men puzzle.*)
      consts ws :: "\alpha \Rightarrow \sigma" (*ws a: a has a white spot.*) wise :: "\alpha \Rightarrow bool" (*wise a: a is a wise man.*)
 16
      axiomatization where
17
       A0: "wise a \wedge wise b \wedge wise c" (*a, b and c are wise men.*) and
 18
       (*Common knowledge: at least one of a, b and c has a white spot *)
 19
       A1: "|□Cabc (ws a ∨ ws b ∨ ws c)|" and
 20
       (*Common knowledge: if x has a white spot then y can see this (and hence kn_0w this).*)
 21
       A2: "wise x \land wise y \land x \neq y \implies |\Box Cabc (ws <math>x \rightarrow \Box y (ws x))|" and
 22
       (*Common knowledge: if x not has a white spot then y can see this (hence know this) *)
 23
       A3: "wise x \land wise y \land x \neq y \implies |\Box Cabc (\neg(ws x) \rightarrow \Box y (\neg(ws x)))|" and
 24
       (*Common knowledge: a does not know whether he has a white spot.*)
 25
       A4: "|(□Cabc (¬(□a (ws a))))|"
 26
 27
       (*Common knowledge: b does not know whether he has a white spot.*)
 28
       A5: \|(\Box Cabc \neg (\Box b (ws b)))\|
      theorem (*c knows he has a white spot.*)
29
       T1: "|(\Box c (ws c))|" using A0 A1 A3 A4 A5 refl_Cabc unfolding Defs sledgehammer()
 30
        by metis
 31
.32 lemma True nitpick [satisfy,user_axioms,expect=genuine,show_all] oops (*Consistency confirmed*)
 33 end
```