Let  $f:[0,1] \to [0,1]$  be any continuous function with the property that f(0) = f(1). Prove that for every positive integer n there exists  $x_n \in [0,1]$  satisfying  $f(x_n) = f(x_n + 1/n)$ .

Please submit your solution to:

- Dr. Tirtha Timsina, ttimsina@gsu.edu
- Dr. Christian Avart, cavart@gsu.edu

before the deadline: September 28th, 7:00PM. The WINNER will be awarded with a \$15 gift certificate and will be announced in the NEXT issue.

## Solution to the April Problem of the Month:

Show that  $X^4Y^2Z^2 + X^2Y^4Z^2 + X^2Y^2Z^4 - 4X^2Y^2Z^2 + 1 \ge 0$  for all  $X,Y,Z \in \mathbb{R}^3$ . The simplest proof applies the fact that arithmetic mean is always greater than or equal to geometric mean ie  $AM \ge GM$  for any non-negative numbers. Clearly  $X^4Y^2Z^2, X^2Y^4Z^2, X^2Y^2Z^4, 1$  are non-negative. Their arithmetic mean is

$$\frac{X^4Y^2Z^2+X^2Y^4Z^2+X^2Y^2Z^4+1}{4}$$
 and their geometric mean is

$$\sqrt[4]{X^4Y^2Z^2 \times X^2Y^4Z^2 \times X^2Y^2Z^4 \times 1} = X^2Y^2Z^2$$
.

Since AM > GM, we will have

$$\frac{X^4Y^2Z^2+X^2Y^4Z^2+X^2Y^2Z^4+1}{4} \geq X^2Y^2Z^2$$

$$\mathbf{or}\ X^4Y^2Z^2 + X^2Y^4Z^2 + X^2Y^2Z^4 + 1 \geq 4X^2Y^2Z^2$$

$$\text{or } X^4Y^2Z^2 + X^2Y^4Z^2 + X^2Y^2Z^4 - 4X^2Y^2Z^2 + 1 \geq 0 \text{ for all } X,Y,Z \in \mathbb{R}^3.$$

Winner: Joseph Moravitz.