

Imagine a planet in the shape of a regular tetrahedron (its surface consists of 4 equilateral triangles). Suppose that on each face there is a car traveling at a constant speed in clockwise direction along the edges bounding the face. Can they travel without crashing?



SUBMIT your solution to

- Dr. Erol Akbas @ matexa@langate.gsu.edu **or**
- Dr. Yuanhui Xiao @ matyxx@langate.gsu.edu

before the **deadline: Friday, Februrary 26, 2010, 5:00PM.**

You may get a copy of this problem from **the wall behind you.**

Problem of Last Month: An Equation

Let x be a real number and $\text{frac}(x) = x - \lfloor x \rfloor$ (fractional part of x) where $\lfloor x \rfloor$ is the greatest integer function. For example: $\text{frac}(5.87) = 0.87$ or $\text{frac}(\frac{7}{5}) = \frac{2}{5}$ or $\text{frac}(-\frac{1}{3}) = \frac{2}{3}$.

Find a positive real number x such that $\text{frac}(x) + \text{frac}(\frac{1}{x}) = 1$.

Winner: Reimbay Reiimbayev.

Participant(s) with Correct Solution: Robert Xu, Donald Davis.

Solution. We can safely exclude 0 and 1 as solutions. Suppose that $n = \lfloor 1/x \rfloor$ and $y = \text{frac}(1/x)$. If we look for a solution x in $(0, 1)$, then $\text{frac}(x) = x$. So,

$$x + y = x + 1/x - n = 1.$$

Doing some algebra would result in the following quadratic equation

$$x^2 - (n+1)x + 1 = 0,$$

which has the solutions

$$x = \frac{n+1 \pm \sqrt{(n+3)(n-1)}}{2}, \quad n = 2, 3, \dots$$

A solution is

$$\frac{2+1 - \sqrt{(2+3)(2-1)}}{2} = \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2} = 0.381966011\dots$$