## EE6402 Real-Time DSP Design and Applications

## **Continuous Assessment 1**

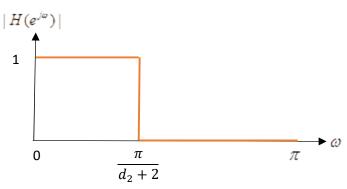
Please write your **name** and **matriculation number** in your solution, then submit (any format) to NTULearn by **17/2/23**. Penalties apply for late submission. *Please do not copy or let others copy your solutions*.

— Anamitra Makur

If your matriculation number is  $Ad_6d_5d_4d_3d_2d_1d_0B$ , where A and B denote letters, and  $d_0$  to  $d_6$  denote decimal digits, then use your digits in the following questions.

Q1. Do the following depending on your matriculation number. [10]

- (i) Express the number  $a=(-1)^{d_3}\left(d_2+\frac{d_1}{10}\right)$  in two's complement binary Q4.  $(d_0+1)$  fixed point format. Use rounding if a is required to be quantized.
- (ii) Express  $b=d_6+\frac{d_5}{10}$  in the same format as part (i) using the same quantization strategy.
- (iii) Add these two binary numbers in  $Q4.(d_0+1)$  format, to find their sum. Is there any overflow in this addition?
- Q2. An input signal is quantized to  $(d_3 + 1)$  binary fractional bits (after the binary point) using truncation. [10]
- (i) What is the quantization step size?
- (ii) What is the variance of the quantization error?
- (iii) The input signal is filtered by the low-pass filter shown on the right. What is the output noise variance due to the input quantization noise?



- Q3. A band-pass signal of bandwidth  $(d_1d_0)_{10}=10d_1+d_0$  KHz is centered around  $(d_6d_5d_4)_{10}=100d_6+10d_5+d_4$  KHz. [10]
- (i) Find all possible sampling frequencies for the signal such that there is no aliasing.
- (ii) If the signal is sampled at 100 KHz, will there be aliasing?