#### Abstract

In this article we will explore the model of Latent Dirichlet Allocation theoretically by introducing the model and multiple algorithms for model selection and inference and practically by implementing an inference algorithm based on Gibb's sampling and exploring and visualizing the results. The first section will give an overview about the model and the domain of problems it is applied to. The second section explains how to implement the model-selection algorithm and will guide the way to . In the third section we will train the model on a subset of the simple english wikipedia and evaluate the results by visualizing the learned topics with the Python library pyLDAviz.

## 1 Latent Dirichlet Allocation

The model of Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA) is a generative probabilistic model for collections of discrete data proposed by Blei, Ng and Jordan [1]. It is a mixture model that tries to model latent topics or concepts of multinomial observations, e.g. words in text corpus. The probability of a term to occur in a document p(w=t) is modelled as a marginal distribution of the joint distribution over topics and terms.

$$p(w = t) = \sum_{k} p(w = t | z = k) p(z = k)$$

$$p(w_{m}, z_{m}, \xi_{m} | \alpha, \beta) = \prod_{w_{m,n}}^{N_{m}} p(w_{m,n} | \phi_{z_{m,n}}) p(z_{m,n} | \xi_{m}) p(\phi | \beta)$$
(1)

### 1.1 Generative Process

To understand the model better we analyze the LDA generative model. To generate a corpus consisting of documents, that consist of words, the steps shown in figure 1 have to be taken.

Given the number of topics K, the number of documents M, the Dirichlet-hyperparameters  $\alpha, \beta$  and the moment of the Poisson distribution  $\xi$  we start by specifying the topics by sampling a categorical topic-word

1

distribution for every topic. These hold a probability for every possible term to occur in the context of the topic. We sample the topic-categoricals from a Dirichlet distribution with the parameter  $\beta$ .

With the Dirichlet-samples we can start to generate documents. For every document d we sample from a Dirichlet distribution again, this time using with the hyperparameter  $\alpha$ . The resulting categorical distribution sets probabilities for all topics to be included in the documents. Furthermore we sample a document length from the Poisson distribution.

Finally, for every word to be generated, we sample a topic index from the documents own document-topiccategorical distribution and then sample the term given the

Look in section 4.4 for an implementation of the process.

```
Data: Number of topics K, Number of Documents M, Dirichlet parameters \alpha and \beta, Poisson parameter \xi

Result: Corpus c
for all topics k \in [1, K] do

| sample topic-term distribution parameters \phi_k \sim Dir(\beta)
end

for all documents m \in [1, M] do

| sample document-topic distribution parameters \vartheta \sim Dir(\alpha)
sample document-length l_m \sim Poisson(\xi)
for all words w \in [1, l_m] do

| sample topic index z_{m,n} \sim Mult(\xi)
| sample term for word w_{m,n} from p(w_{m,n}|z_{m,n},\beta) w_{m,n} \sim Mult(\phi_{z_{m,n}})
end
end
```

Figure 1: The generative model of LDA [1, 2]

## 1.2 Model Selection

Various algorithms to tackle the inference problem for LDA have been proposed. There exist

## 2 Imlementation

Although the inference algorithm can potentially be parallelized in multiple ways [3, 4], we aim to create a serial implementation

## 2.1 Preparation

First we have to choose a text corpus to estimate the parameters of the LDA-model from. For this we use a dump from the simple english wikipedia [5], namely the version named 'All pages, current versions only'.

For the purpose of speeding up the development process we will perform our operations on an even smaller subset of only 5 articles, to avoid long loading times on every run. We split some articles of the downloaded file into a smaller file with the script in section 4.1.

### 2.2 Class: Dataset

We aggregate all operations regarding the preprocessing of the corpus in a class named Dataset, which can be examined in section 4.2. Our goal here is to process all articles and end up with a datatructure that provides us with with counts of terms for every document. Therefore we have to establish a common dictionary containing all occurring words from all

- 2.3 Class: LDA
- 3 Applying LDA

## References

- [1] D. M. Blei, A. Y. Ng, M. I. Jordan, and J. Lafferty, "Latent dirichlet allocation," 2003.
- [2] Heinrich, "Parameter estimation for text analysis," 2005.
- [3] D. Newman, P. Smyth, and M. Steyvers, "Scalable parallel topic models," 2006.
- [4] Y. Wang, H. Bai, M. Stanton, W.-Y. Chen, and E. Y. Chang, "Plda: Parallel latent dirichlet allocation for large-scale applications," in *AAIM*, 2009.
- [5] "simplewiki dump progress on 20181120," https://dumps.wikimedia.org/simplewiki/20181120/, (Accessed on 12/15/2018).

# 4 Appendix

#### 4.1 Extract subset

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
cd dataset
#Choose how many pages to extract
n = 100
#Get line number of n-th occurrence of the closing tag "</page>"
lineNum=$(
 grep -n "</page>" simplewiki -20181120 - pages - meta - current.xml | \
   head -n{n} | \
   tail -n1 | \
   cut -d: -f1 \
)
#Copy large set upto lineNum into the file small.xml
head simplewiki-20181120-pages-meta-current.xml -n${lineNum} > small.xml
#Add closing tag to small.xml
echo "</mediawiki>" >> small.xml
4.2 Class: Dataset
import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
import multiprocessing as mp
import gensim as gsm
import scipy.sparse as sps
```

```
import scipy as sp
import numpy as np
from functools import partial
import time
from tqdm import tqdm
import pickle
import sys
def preprocessText(page, onlyOverview=True):
    # Shortcut to get it running
    # return page
    return gsm.parsing.preprocessing.preprocess_string(page)
def tuples2Matrix(tuples,
                  dictionarySize,
                  matrixFormat,
                  matrixDType):
    matrix = matrixFormat(
        (1, dictionarySize),
        dtype=matrixDType
    for t in tuples:
        matrix[0, t[0]] = t[1]
    return matrix
```

```
class DataSet:
   def __init__(self,
                 path='../dataset/small.xml',
                 verbose=True,
                 ):
        self.verbose = verbose
   def load(self, path='../dataset/small.xml'):
        self.path = path
        if self.verbose:
            print("Dataset => Loading File")
        start = time.perf_counter()
        documents, self.documentLengths, self.dictionary = self.loadXMLFile(
            path)
        end = time.perf_counter()
        self.loadTime = end - start
        if self.verbose:
            print("Dataset => Parsing " + str(len(documents))
                  + " documents took: " + "{:10.4f}".format(self.loadTime) + "s")
        if self.verbose:
            print("Dataset => Building Matrix")
        start = time.perf_counter()
        self.documents = self.countTerms(documents, self.dictionary)
```

8

```
self.docLengths = list(map(lambda pairList: np.sum(
        list(map(lambda p: p[1], pairList))), self.documents))
    end = time.perf_counter()
    self.termCounts = np.ones(len(self.dictionary))
    for document in self.documents:
        for termIndex, count in document:
            self.termCounts[termIndex] += count
    self.countTermsTime = end - start
    if self.verbose:
        print("Dataset => Building took: "
              + "{:10.4f}".format(self.countTermsTime) + "s")
    if self.verbose:
        print("Dataset => Constructed")
def numOfDocuments(self):
    return len(self.documents)
def documentLengths(self):
    return self.docLengths
def dictionarySize(self):
    return len(self.dictionary)
def countTerms(self, documents, dictionary):
    with mp.Pool(mp.cpu_count() - 1) as p:
```

9

```
counts = p.map(dictionary.doc2bow, tqdm(
            documents, desc='Counting words'))
    return counts
def loadXMLFile(self, path):
    documents = list()
    root = ET.parse(path).getroot()
    xmlNamespaces = {'root': 'http://www.mediawiki.org/xml/export-0.10/'}
    # Extract text-attribute of pages in Wikipedia-namespace '0'
    texts = [
        page.find('root:revision', xmlNamespaces)
        .find('root:text', xmlNamespaces).text
        for page in root.findall('root:page', xmlNamespaces)
        if 0 == int(page.find('root:ns', xmlNamespaces).text)
    1
    if self.verbose:
        print('Parse xml')
    # Parallel preprocessing of pages
    with mp.Pool(mp.cpu_count() - 1) as p:
        documents = p.map(preprocessText, tqdm(
            texts, desc='Preprocessing text'))
    documentsLengths = list(map(len, documents))
    # Build gensim dictionary
    dictionary = gsm.corpora.dictionary.Dictionary(documents)
    return [documents, documentsLengths, dictionary]
```

```
def saveToDir(self, savePath):
        with open(savePath + 'corpus.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
            pickle.dump(self.documents, handle,
                        protocol=pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
        with open(savePath + 'dictionary.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
            pickle.dump(self.dictionary, handle,
                        protocol=pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
    def loadFromDir(self, path):
        self.dictionary = pickle.load(
            open(path + "/" + "dictionary.pickle", 'rb')
        self.documents = pickle.load(open(path + "/" + "corpus.pickle", 'rb'))
        self.docLengths = list(map(
            lambda pairList: np.sum(list(map(
                lambda p: p[1],
                pairList
            ))),
            self.documents
        ))
        self.termCounts = np.ones(len(self.dictionary))
        for document in self.documents:
            for termIndex, count in document:
                self.termCounts[termIndex] += count
if __name__ == '__main__':
    dataset = DataSet()
```

```
dataset.load(sys.argv[1])
```

#### 4.3 Class: LDA

```
from lda.dataset import DataSet
from tqdm import tqdm
import time
import scipy.sparse as sps
import scipy as sp
import numpy as np
import numpy.random as npr
import scipy.stats as spst
import lda.helpers as hlp
import multiprocessing as mp
import itertools as it
import threading as th
from functools import partial
import json
import multiprocessing as mp
import pickle
class LDA():
    def __init__(self,
                 maxit=3,
                 verbose=True,
                 readOutIterations=10,
                 estimateHyperparameters=True,
                 # Mixture proportions; length = num of topics
                 alpha=None,
```

```
# Mixture components ; length = num of terms
             beta=None
             ):
    self.verbose = verbose
    self.maxit = maxit
   self.alpha = None
    self.beta = None
    self.iterations = 0
    self.converged = False
    self.readOutIterations = readOutIterations
    self.lastReadOut = 0
    if self.verbose:
        print("LDA-Model => constructed")
def saveJson(self, file):
    saveDict = {'topic_term_dists': self.phi,
                'doc_topic_dists': self.topicTerm_count_n_kt,
                'doc_lengths': dataset.documentLengths(),
                'vocab': dataset,
                'term_frequency': data_input['term.frequency']}
    jsonString = json.dumps(my_dictionary)
def fit(self, dataset,
        nTopics=5):
    self.nTopics = nTopics
    self.dataset = dataset
    if self.alpha == None:
```

```
self.alpha = np.repeat(50 / nTopics, nTopics)
if self.beta == None:
    self.beta = np.repeat(0.01, dataset.dictionarySize())
if self.verbose:
    print("LDA-Model => fitting to dataset")
start = time.perf_counter()
# M: Number of documents
# K: Number of topics
# V: number of Terms
partialMultilist = partial(hlp.randomMultilist, nTopics=nTopics)
self.topicAssociations_z = list(
    map(partialMultilist, dataset.documentLengths()))
# M x K
self.documentTopic_count_n_mk = np.zeros(
    (dataset.numOfDocuments(),
     nTopics)
)
print("Dsize:", dataset.dictionarySize())
# K x v
self.topicTerm_count_n_kt = np.zeros(
    (nTopics,
     dataset.dictionarySize())
)
```

```
for documentIndex in range(dataset.numOfDocuments()):
    document = dataset.documents[documentIndex]
    wordIndex = 0
    for pair in document:
        termIndex = pair[0]
        for c in range(pair[1]):
            topicIndex = self.topicAssociations_z[documentIndex][wordIndex]
            self.documentTopic_count_n_mk[documentIndex,
                                           topicIndex] += 1
            self.topicTerm_count_n_kt[topicIndex, termIndex] += 1
            wordIndex += 1
# M
self.documentTopic_sum_n_m = np.sum(
    self.documentTopic_count_n_mk, axis=1)
assert (
    len(self.documentTopic_sum_n_m.shape) == 1
assert (
    self.documentTopic_sum_n_m.shape[0] == dataset.numOfDocuments()
)
# K
self.topicTerm_sum_n_k = np.sum(self.topicTerm_count_n_kt, axis=1)
assert (
    len(self.topicTerm_sum_n_k.shape) == 1
assert (
    self.topicTerm_sum_n_k.shape[0] == nTopics
```

```
# end = time.perf_counter()
end = time.perf_counter()
self.initializazionTime = end - start
if self.verbose:
   print("LDA => Initialization took: {:10.4f}".format(
       self.initializazionTime) + "s")
# ------ Sampling ------
if self.verbose:
   print("LDA => fitting to Dataset")
start = time.perf_counter()
for iteration in tqdm(range(self.maxit), desc='Sampling: '):
   for documentIndex in range(len(dataset.documents)):
       document = dataset.documents[documentIndex]
       wordIndex = 0
       for pair in document:
           termIndex = pair[0]
           for c in range(pair[1]):
               previousTopicIndex = self.topicAssociations_z[documentIndex][wordIndex]
               # For the current assignment of k to a term t for word w_{m,n}
               self.documentTopic_count_n_mk[documentIndex,
                                            previousTopicIndex] -= 1
               self.documentTopic_sum_n_m[documentIndex] -= 1
               self.topicTerm_count_n_kt[previousTopicIndex,
                                        termIndex] -= 1
```

```
self.topicTerm_sum_n_k[previousTopicIndex] -= 1
# multinomial sampling acc. to Eq. 78 (decrements from previous ste
params = np.zeros(self.nTopics)
for topicIndex in range(self.nTopics):
    n = self.topicTerm_count_n_kt[topicIndex,
                                  termIndex] + self.beta[termIndex]
    d = self.topicTerm_sum_n_k[topicIndex] + \
        self.beta[termIndex]
    f = self.documentTopic_count_n_mk[documentIndex,
                                      topicIndex] + self.alpha[topi
    params[topicIndex] = (n / d) * f
# Scale
params = np.asarray(params).astype('float64')
params = params / np.sum(params)
newTopicIndex = hlp.getIndex(
    spst.multinomial(1, params).rvs()[0])
self.topicAssociations_z[documentIndex][wordIndex] = newTopicIndex
# For new assignments of z_{m,n} to the term t for word w_{m,n}
self.documentTopic_count_n_mk[documentIndex,
                              newTopicIndex] += 1
self.documentTopic_sum_n_m[documentIndex] += 1
self.topicTerm_count_n_kt[newTopicIndex,
                          termIndex1 += 1
self.topicTerm_sum_n_k[newTopicIndex] += 1
wordIndex += 1
```

```
self.iterations += 1
        if self.converged and self.lastReadOut > self.readOutIterations:
            print("reading")
        if self.iterations > self.maxit:
            self.converged = True
            if self.verbose:
                print("LDA.fit() => Maximum number of iterations reached!")
    self.compute_phi()
    self.compute_theta()
    end = time.perf_counter()
    self.inferenceTime = end - start
    if self.verbose:
        print("LDA => Fitting took: {:10.4f}".format(
            self.inferenceTime) + "s")
        print("LDA => Convergence took: {:10.4f}".format(self.iterations))
def saveToDir(self, savePath, protocol=2):
    # Safe topic_term_dists, doc_topic_dists, doc_lengths, vocab, term_frequency
    with open(savePath + 'phi.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
        pickle.dump(
            self.phi, handle,
            protocol = protocol
```

```
)
    with open(savePath + 'theta.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
        pickle.dump(
            self.theta, handle,
            protocol = protocol
        )
    with open(savePath + 'docLengths.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
        pickle.dump(
            self.dataset.docLengths, handle,
            protocol = protocol
    with open(savePath + 'vocabulary.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
        pickle.dump(
            list(map(
                lambda x: self.dataset.dictionary[x], self.dataset.dictionary.keys())),
            protocol = protocol
    with open(savePath + 'termFrequencys.pickle', 'wb') as handle:
        pickle.dump(self.dataset.termCounts, handle,
                    protocol = protocol
def compute_phi(self):
    """Calculate Parameters of The topic-term multinomial"""
    self.phi = np.zeros((self.nTopics, self.dataset.dictionarySize()))
    for topicIndex, termIndex in tqdm(it.product(range(self.nTopics), range(self.datase)
```

mDocuments, kTopics,

topicWordConcentration\_beta,

```
self.phi[topicIndex, termIndex] = (self.topicTerm_count_n_kt[topicIndex, termIndex]
                                                self.beta[termIndex]) / (self.topicTerm_sum_
    def compute_theta(self):
        """Calculate Parameters of The document-topic multinomial"""
        self.theta = np.zeros((self.dataset.numOfDocuments(), self.nTopics))
        for documentIndex, topicIndex in tqdm(it.product(range(self.dataset.numOfDocuments()))
            self.theta[documentIndex, topicIndex] = (self.documentTopic_count_n_mk[document]
                self.documentTopic_sum_n_m[documentIndex] + self.alpha[topicIndex])
if __name__ == '__main__':
    dataset = DataSet()
    model = LDA()
    model.fit(dataset)
4.4 Class: LDA
import numpy as np
from scipy.stats import poisson
from scipy.stats import multinomial
from scipy.stats import dirichlet
class GenMod:
    def __init__(self,
```

```
documentTopicConcentration_alpha,
             poissonMoment = 500):
    self.mDocuments = mDocuments
   self.kTopics = kTopics
    self.topicWordDirichlet = dirichlet(topicWordConcentration_beta)
   self.topicWordMultinomialsPhi = self.topicWordDirichlet.rvs(size=self.kTopics)
   self.documentTopicDir = dirichlet(documentTopicConcentration_alpha)
   self.documentTopicMultinomialsTheta = self.documentTopicDir.rvs(mDocuments)
   self.poissonMoment = poissonMoment
   self.docs, self.wordTopicLists = self.randomize()
def randomize(self):
    docs = list()
   wordTopicLists = list()
   for documentIndex in range(self.mDocuments):
        documentLengths = [poisson.rvs(self.poissonMoment)
                           for i in range(self.mDocuments)]
        doc = list()
        docs.append(doc)
        wordTopicList = list()
        wordTopicLists.append(wordTopicList)
        for wordIndex in range(documentLengths[documentIndex]):
            topicIndex = multinomial.rvs(
                p=self.documentTopicMultinomialsTheta[documentIndex, :], n=1)
            wordTopicList.append(topicIndex)
            word = multinomial.rvs(
                p=self.topicWordMultinomialsPhi[topicIndex, :][0], n=1)
```

doc.append(word)
return ([docs, wordTopicLists])