Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 1 of 26



Content

Co	ntent		1
1	Cle	eaning and Handling of Sensors with Optical Elements	2
2		ncipal Schematic for HTPA32x32d	
3	Pin	Assignment– Bottom View	5
4	Opt	tical Orientation	5
5	Ord	der Code Example	6
6	App	plication Note	7
7	Ser	ial Order of Frame	7
8	Cha	aracteristics:	8
9	3.1	Common Specifications:	8
9	3.2	Optical characteristics:	9
9	3.3	Electric Specifications:	9
9	I ² C	Timings HTPA32x32d:	11
10	I	² C Communication:	12
	10.1	Write Command	12
	10.2	Read Command	12
	10.3	Sensor Commands	12
	10.4	EEPROM communication	15
	10.5	I ² C Example Sequences – Init and Read Thermopile Array	16
11	T	Temperature calculation	17
	11.1	Ambient Temperature	18
	11.2	Thermal Offset	19
	11.3	Electrical Offset	19
	11.4	Vdd Compensation	19
	11.5	Object Temperature	20
	11.6	Example calculation	
	11.7	Pixel Masking	23
	11.8	Look-up Table	25
12	C	Outer Dimensions	26

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 2 of 26



1 Cleaning and Handling of Sensors with Optical Elements

Cleaning of Filter with Isopropyl Alcohol or Acetone

This is the method most universally used for cleaning optical elements with or without coatings. Filters or lenses mounted in our sensors may be cleaned rubbing the surfaces lightly with a clean, soft, all-cotton cloth or cotton swab during immersion in solvent or simply moistened with the solvent. The parts are then immediately wiped dry with another clean, soft, all-cotton cloth or cotton swab.

Cleaning with Detergent and Water

A very mild, non-abrasive detergent (one which does not contain additives) and water may also be used for cleaning optical elements. In general, a detergent and water mixture is an excellent method for removing fingerprints and other smudges. The liquid detergent is first mixed with deionized water (proportions recommended by the manufacturer should be followed). The element is then washed, rinsed, and immediately wiped dry. Use a clean, soft cloth when cleaning and drying. If the part is allowed to dry in air, a permanent stain may result.

Please note:

- Do not use isopropyl alcohol or acetone or detergent if the elements will be mounted in an assembly with a finish which may be soluble by these solvents.
- Please avoid glass isolation being moistened by solvent.
- If the part is allowed to dry in air, a permanent stain may result.

Handling Advises

Sensors with optical elements deserve special consideration in their handling and care. Ordinarily, filters or lenses are cleaned and inspected prior to shipment. If proper care is exercised during handling cleaning should not be necessary prior to use.

- Wear gloves when handling a sensor or optical element. Lightweight nylon or cotton gloves which are relatively lint-free are recommended.
- Avoid touching the surface of filters and lenses.
- Protect devices from static discharge and static fields.
- Thermopile sensors are electrostatic sensitive devices. Sensors should be handled over an electrostatic protected work area.
- Precautions should be taken to avoid reverse polarity of power supply for sensors with integrated signal processing. Reversed polarity of power supply results in a destroyed unit
- Sensors should rest preferably in a partitioned container where the mounted filters or lenses will be not coming into contact with other material.
- During storage optical surfaces should be covered to avoid contamination from the surrounding environment.

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 3 of 26



- A covered container can eliminate damage during transportation and storage.
- Sensors or optical elements should be stored in a restricted access area to eliminate handling
- Do not expose the sensors to aggressive detergents such as freon, trichlorethylen, etc.
- Avoid rotating the sensors when they are soldered into a PCB or something similar
- Shortening of the pins is not suggested. This may cause cracks in the glass of the pins and result in a leakage.
- If this is necessary, a tool for this is recommended. Please contact Heimann Sensor for further information.

Soldering Recommendations

Attention: For all of our array sensors we give no guarantee on the calibration and its performance if the pins are shortened by the customer. Additionally we strongly recommend to not solder the sensor with its back plate directly to a PCB. This will cause different thermal conductivity compared to air and the measurement results could get worse. Use a minimum gap between PCB and backplate of 2mm or more. The glass of the pins to the back plate can get damage by applying high temperatures (during soldering), which will lead into a lower temperature reading what cannot be repaired afterwards.

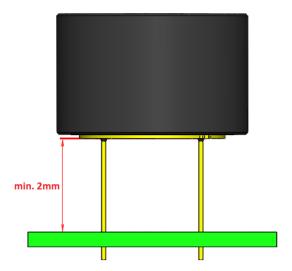


Figure 1: Soldering height

Manual Iron Soldering and Automatic Point-to-Point Iron Soldering

Manual Iron Soldering and Automatic Point-to-Point Iron Soldering methods are allowed for TO packages. It is recommended for through hole applications to shield the package body from soldering heat by PCB or similar.

The soldering iron temperature should be set as low as possible (maximum 350C) and should not

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 4 of 26



exceed recommended soldering time (maximum 5 seconds).

Wave Soldering

Wave soldering is not recommended for Surface Mounted Device packages.

Wave soldering is allowed for through hole application. A pre-heating step is required and should be

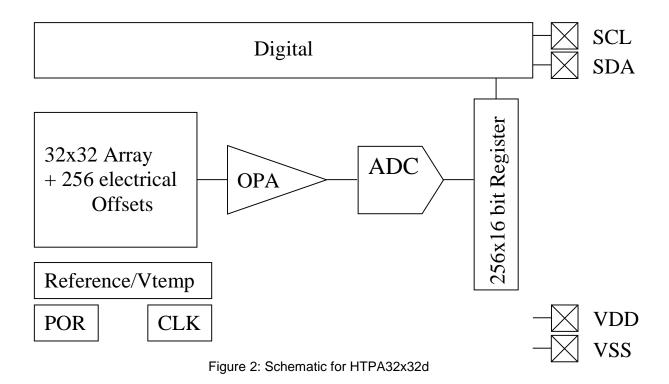
performed in accordance with international standard recommendations. For TO packaged products, during the pre-heat and soldering phase, the temperature of the body shall not exceed 170°C.

Reflow Soldering

Reflow techniques can be used to solder Surface Mounted Device packages. Temperature profile should conform to those described in Jedec-020 standard.

Reflow soldering creates a risk for exposing the sensor body to excessive temperatures around and above the TG of used epoxies. Process validation has been carried out by samples exposed to maximum temperature of below furnace profile.

2 Principal Schematic for HTPA32x32d



Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 5 of 26



3 Pin Assignment–Bottom View

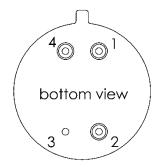


Figure 3: pin-allocation

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	SCL	Digital I/O, Open Drain, 100k PU, Serial Clock
2	VDD	Positive supply voltage
3	VSS	Negative supply voltage / Ground (0V) (connected to housing)
4	SDA	Digital I/O, Open Drain, 100k PU, Serial Data

4 Optical Orientation

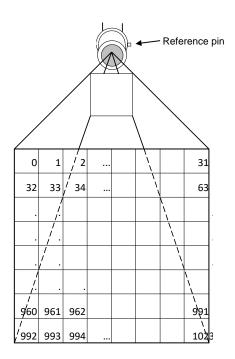


Figure 4: Optical orientation

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 6 of 26



5 Order Code Example

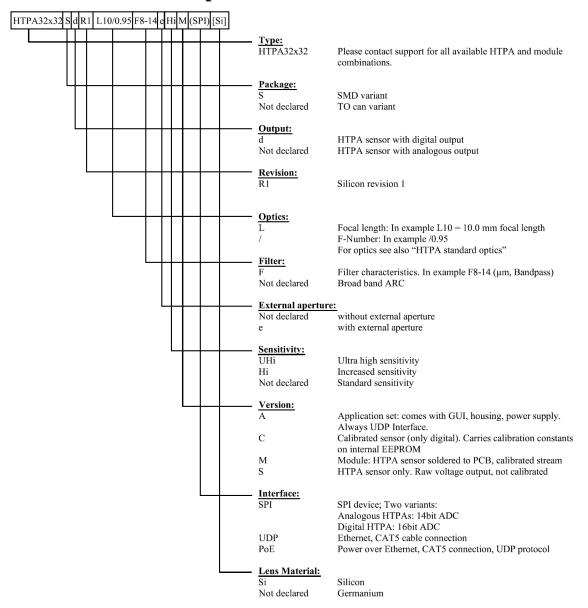


Figure 5: Exemplary order code

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 7 of 26



6 Application Note

This Application Note is giving a short recommendation for the connection of the HTPA32x32d to achieve the best performance.

A pull-up resistor of 4.7 k Ω for the I²C pins (SDA and SCL) is recommended. In addition adding 100 nF and 47 μ F are improving the stability of the supply voltage.

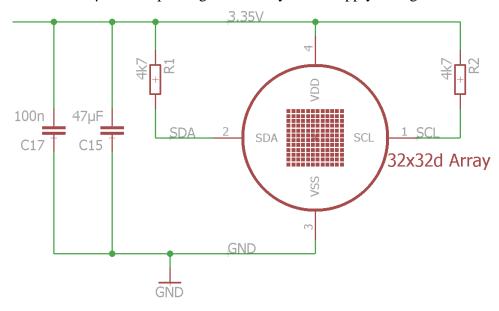


Figure 6: Recommended circuit for operation

The Sensor can be powered directly via 3.35 V if the supply voltage is stable enough, this has to be measured before and tested with the sensor. It is important to not insert any inductor or otherwise the noise will increase.

7 Serial Order of Frame

The sensor is divided into two parts (top and bottom half) which are again separated into 4 blocks. The readout order is shown below for the different blocks.

Block 0 (top)
Block 1 (top)
Block 2 (top)
Block 3 (top)
Block 3 (bottom)
Block 2 (bottom)
Block 1 (bottom)
Block 0 (bottom)

Figure 7: Division of blocks

Whenever a conversion is started the Block x of the top and bottom half are measured at the same time. Each block consists of 128 Pixel that are sampled fully parallel. The readout order on the bottom half is mirrored compared to the top half so that the central lines are always read last.

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 8 of 26



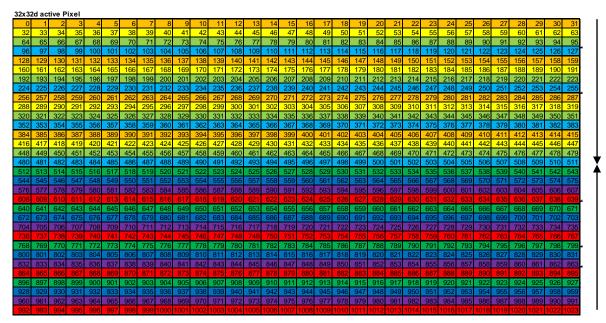


Figure 8: 32x32d readout order for active pixel

The electrical offsets are sampled in parallel for the top and bottom half. The matching rows for the corresponding electrical offsets and active Pixel are marked with the same color. The conversion of the electrical offsets is started by sending the command for the BLIND bit during the start command.

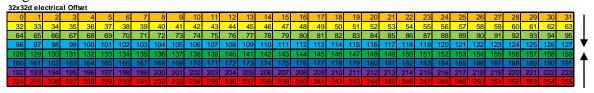


Figure 9: 32x32d readout order for electrical offsets

8 Characteristics:

8.1 Common Specifications:

Technology n-poly/p-poly Si Element Resistance approx. 300 kOhms

Sensitivity approx. 450 V/W without optics and filter

Thermal pixel time constant <4 ms
Digital Interface I²C
Analog Output No

selectable Clock 1 to 13 MHz EEPROM size 64 kBit

Pitch 90 μm Absorber size 44 μm

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 9 of 26



Max. Framerate 60 Hz

(complete frame with maximum I²C and sensor clock speed and reduced ADC resolution)

1024 sensitive elements

8.2 Optical characteristics:

Focal length: 2.1 mm ("L" equals the focal length of the lens)

F-Number: 0.8

Field of view: 90 x 90 deg

Lens coating: LWP-Coating 5.0

Cut On (Tr. 5%): $5.0 \mu m \pm 0.3 \mu m^{4}$

Accuracy: $\pm 3\% \cdot |TO - TA|$ or $\pm 3K$ (whatever is larger) for pixel within

radiometric radius

The radiometric radius is specified for the pixels listed below with a "1". All pixels outside this area can have a higher tolerance and less accuracy.

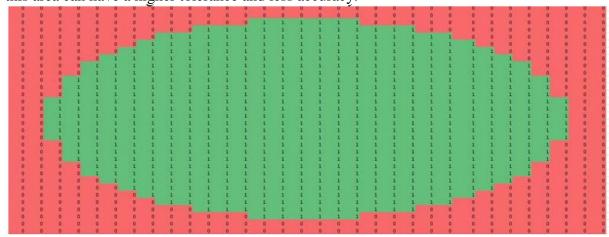


Figure 10: Radiometric radius

8.3 Electric Specifications:

Table 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}		-0.3		3.6	V
Voltage at All inputs and outputs	V_{IO}		-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}		-40		85	Deg. C

Table 2: Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 10 of 26



Supply Current (sensor running)	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	mA
Supply Current (sensor in idle state)	mA
Standby Current (sensor in sleep state)	μΑ
Operation Temperature	Deg. C
ESD-Protection	kV
Operation Temperature	

Table 3: Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Digital Input						
Internal Clock	F _{CLK}		1	5	13	MHz
frequency						
Internal I ² C Pull up	R _{PU}		1	100	100	kOhm
Bias current	I_{BIAS}		1	3	13	μΑ
BPA current	I_{BPA}		0.2	1.5	4.0	μΑ
Input voltage high	V_{IH}		$0.7 \mathrm{xV}_{\mathrm{DD}}$			V
Input voltage low	V_{IL}				$0.3xV_{DD}$	V
PTAT						
Temperature range			TBD		TBD	Deg. C
PTAT gradient			328	339	350	K/V

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 11 of 26



Table 4: Preamplifier / ADC

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Chopper frequency	FCHP			20		kHz
Preamplifier Noise	N_{PA}	at 20 kHz		72		nV/HZ ^{1/2}
Frame rate (Full Array)	FR1		2	9	60	Hz
Frame rate (Quarter Array)	FR4		8	36	240	HZ
ADC pos. Reference	V_{REFP}	REF_CAL 00		1.529		
		REF_CAL 01		1.442		V
		REF_CAL 10		1.355		*
		REF_CAL 11		1.268		
ADC neg. Reference	V _{REFN}	REF_CAL 00		0.850		
		REF_CAL 01		0.901		V
		REF_CAL 10		0.968		ľ
		REF_CAL 11		1.056		
ADC resolution	ADC_{LSB}	at 16 Bit	6.5		20.7	μV

I²C Timings HTPA32x32d:

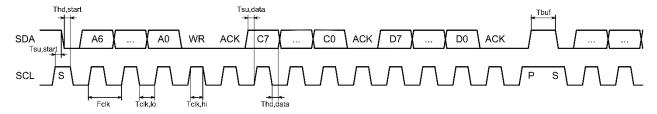


Figure 11: I2C Timings of HTPA32x32d

Table 5: I2C Timings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
I ² C clock frequency	F _{CLK}			400	1000	kHz
low pulse duration	T _{CLK,lo}		0.50			μs
high pulse duration	T _{CLK,hi}		0.26			μs
data set up time	T _{SU,data}		0.05			μs
data hold time	T _{hd,data}		0.00			μs
start setup time	T _{SU,start}		0.26			μs
start hold time	T _{hd,start}		0.26			μs
stop setup time	$T_{SU,stop}$		0.26			μs
stop hold time	T _{hd,stop}		0.26			μs
time between	T _{buf}		0.50			μs
STOP / START						
Time startup	T _{startup}			100		μs

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 12 of 26



10 I²C Communication:

The chip uses the **7-bit I**²**C** address **0x1A** for configuration and **sensor** data and the **7-bit I**²**C** address **0x50** to access the internal **EEPROM**. The address byte is followed by a W/R bit and an 8-bit command.

10.1 Write Command

In case of a write access to an internal register the command is followed by the data byte. The chip acknowledges each byte with a low active ACK bit.

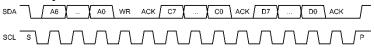


Figure 12: Write command

10.2 Read Command

To read data from the chip first the address and read command must be sent. After the last ACK a new start-bit (repeated start) and the address with a set read-flag initiates the read sequence. There can be bytes read as many as required. The last byte must be denoted by a not-acknowledge. The shown example below can be used e.g. to get the status register.

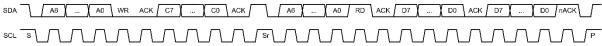


Figure 13: Read command

10.3 Sensor Commands

The sensor has several registers that can be written and read, they are listed below.

Table 6: Configuration register (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7 Bit!) / 0x01											
Config Reg	7 6 5 4 3 2 1							0				
Name	R	RFU		OCK	START	VDD_MEAS	BLIND	WAKEUP				
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				

The WAKEUP bit is used to switch on / off the chip and must be set prior all other operations. After the START bit is set the chip starts a conversion of the array or blind elements and enters the idle state (not sleep!) when finished. The BLOCK selects one of the four multiplexed array blocks.

If the BLIND bit is set the electrical offsets are sampled instead of the active pixel and the setting of the BLOCK is ignored.

If VDD_MEAS bit is set the VDD voltage is measured instead of the PTAT value. RFU means reserved for future use and can be subject to change.

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 13 of 26



Table 7: Status Register (read only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	0x1A (7 Bit!) / 0x02										
Status Reg	7 6 5 4 3 2 1											
Name	RI	Ŧ U	BLOCK		RFU	VDD_MEAS	BLIND	EOC				

If the EOC flag is set a previous started conversion has been finished.

Table 8: Trim Register 1 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	0x1A (7 Bit!) / 0x03								
Trim Reg 1	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
Name	RFU		REF CAL		MBIT TRIM					

REF_CAL: selectable amplification

MBIT_TRIM: m = 4 to $12 \implies (m+4)$ bit as ADC resolution

Table 9: Trim Register 2 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	Bit!) / 0x0)4							
Trim Reg 2	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
Name		RFU BIAS TRIM TOP								

BIAS_TRIM_TOP: 0 to 31 \Rightarrow 1µA to 13µA

This setting is used to adjust the bias current of the ADC. A faster clock frequency requires a higher bias current setting.

Table 10: Trim Register 3 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	Bit!) / 0x0)5					
Trim Reg 3	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name		RFU BIAS TRIM BOT						

BIAS TRIM BOT: 0 to 31 \Rightarrow 1 μ A to 13 μ A

This setting is used to adjust the bias current of the ADC. A faster clock frequency requires a higher bias current setting.

Table 11: Trim Register 4 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	0x1A (7 Bit!) / 0x06									
Trim Reg 4	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0									
Name	RI	RFU CLK TRIM									

CLK_TRIM: $0 \text{ to } 63 \implies 1 \text{MHz to } 13 \text{MHz}$

NOTE: The measure time depends on the clock frequency settings. One quarter frame takes about:

$$t_{FR4} = \frac{32 \cdot (2^{MBIT} + 4)}{F_{CLK}} \approx 27ms @ 5MHz$$

Table 12: Trim Register 5 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	Bit!) / 0x0)7							
Trim Reg 5	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
Name		RFU BPA TRIM TOP								

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 14 of 26



BPA_TRIM_TOP: 0 to 31 \Rightarrow 0.2 μ A to 4.0 μ A

This setting is used to adjust the common mode voltage of the preamplifier.

Table 13: Trim Register 6 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	Bit!) / 0x0	08							
Trim Reg 6	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
Name		RFU BPA TRIM BOT								

BPA_TRIM_BOT: 0 to 31 \Rightarrow 0.2 μ A to 4.0 μ A

This setting is used to adjust the common mode voltage of the preamplifier.

Table 14: Trim Register 7 (write only)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7	Bit!) / 0x0	19							
Trim Reg 7	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
Name		PU SDA TRIM PU SCL TRIM								

PU_SDA_TRIM: select internal pull up resistor on SDA PU_SCL_TRIM: select internal pull up resistor on SCL

"1000" = 100 kOhm; "0100" = 50 kOhm; "0010" = 10 kOhm; "0001" = 1 kOhm

Table 15: Read Data 1 Command (Top Half of Array)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7 E	x1A (7 Bit!) / 0x0A										
Read Data	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1										
1. Byte / 2. Byte		PTAT 1 MSB / LSB or Vdd 1 MSB / LSB										
3. Byte / 4. Byte		Pixel (0+BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										
5. Byte / 6. Byte		Pixel (0+BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB Pixel (1+BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										
257. Byte / 258. Byte		Pixel (127+BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										

Table 16: Read Data 2 Command (Bottom Half of Array)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7 E	it!) / 0x0)B									
Read Data	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
1. Byte / 2. Byte		PTAT 2 MSB / LSB or Vdd 2 MSB / LSB										
3. Byte / 4. Byte			Pixel (99	2-BLOCK	*128) M	SB / LSB						
5. Byte / 6. Byte		Pixel (993-BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										
•••		` /										
65. Byte / 66. Byte		Pixel (1023-BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										
67. Byte / 68. Byte			Pixel (96	0-BLOCK	*128) M	SB / LSB						
69. Byte / 70. Byte			Pixel (96	1-BLOCK	*128) M	SB / LSB						
•••												
129. Byte / 130. Byte			Pixel (99	1-BLOCK	*128) M	SB / LSB						
131. Byte / 132. Byte		Pixel (928-BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										
257. Byte / 258. Byte		Pixel (927-BLOCK*128) MSB / LSB										

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 15 of 26



The complete sensor data must be read at once. If the communication fails somewhere in between, all successive data will be corrupted. The readout can be stopped anywhere by pausing the clock. A new initialized readout proceeds at this stopped byte by continuing the clock, but the index is reset when a new conversion has been started.

If the bit for the electrical offsets (Bit 1 in Config 0x01) is set the electrical offsets are sampled and can be read similar to the active pixel:

Table 17: Read Data electrical offsets (Top Half of Array)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7 B	0x1A (7 Bit!) / 0x0A									
Read Data	7	7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0									
1. Byte / 2. Byte		PTAT 1 MSB / LSB or Vdd 1 MSB / LSB									
3. Byte / 4. Byte		electrical offset (0) MSB / LSB									
5. Byte / 6. Byte			elect	rical offset	(1) MSB /	LSB					
257. Byte / 258. Byte			electr	ical offset (127) MSB	/ LSB					

Table 18: Read Data electrical offsets (Bottom Half of Array)

Addr / CMD	0x1A (7 E	it!) / 0x0B										
Read Data	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
1. Byte / 2. Byte		PTAT 2 MSB / LSB or Vdd 2 MSB / LSB										
3. Byte / 4. Byte			electr	ical offset (224) MSB	/ LSB						
5. Byte / 6. Byte		electrical offset (225) MSB / LSB										
•••												
65. Byte / 66. Byte			electr	ical offset (255) MSB	/ LSB						
67. Byte / 68. Byte			electr	ical offset (192) MSB	/ LSB						
•••												
257. Byte / 258. Byte		electrical offset (159) MSB / LSB										

The complete sensor data must be read at once. If the communication fails somewhere in between, all successive data will be corrupted. The readout can be stopped anywhere by pausing the clock. A new initialized readout proceeds at this stopped byte by continuing the clock, but the index is reset when a new conversion has been started.

Depending on the setting of VDD_MEAS the PTAT or the VDD is transmitted.

10.4 EEPROM communication

The built-in EEPROM (24AA64 from Microchip) consists of 8 blocks of 1K x 8-bit. The chip select of the EEPROM is set to 000 (A2 to A0). For further information please see the corresponding datasheet:

http://ww1.microchip.com/downloads/en/DeviceDoc/21189f.pdf

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 16 of 26



10.5 I²C Example Sequences – Init and Read Thermopile Array

(There should be a delay of at least 5 ms between the write of each Configuration Register) Please be reminded, that you readout the calibration settings for MBIT, BIAS, CLK, BPA and PU and use them for a correct temperature calculation.

PU an	d use the	m fo	or a co	orrec	t temp	eratu	ire ca	alcu	ılati	on.								
	ADDR		V	V/R	CO	NFIG_	REG		W	AKEU	ЛР							
S	0x1A			0		0x01				0x01		P	1					
					•			•					-					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	REG1	I	MBI	T_TF	RIM							
S	0x1A			0		0x03				0x0C		P]					
													_					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	REG2	F	3IAS	S_TR	IML							
S	0x1A			0		0x04				0x0C		P						
													_					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	REG3	E	SIAS	_TR	MR							
S	0x1A			0		0x05	1			0x0C		P						
													_					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	REG4		CLF	C_TR	IM							
S	0x1A			0		0x06	·)			0x14		P						
													_					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	EG5]	BPA	_TRI	ML							
S	0x1A			0		0x07	'			0x0C		P						
													_					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	EG6	I	BPA	_TRI	MR							
S	0x1A			0		0x08				0x0C		P						
													_					
	ADDR		V	V/R	TR	IM_F	REG7		PU	_TRI	M							
S	0x1A			0		0x09	1			0x88		P						
	ADDR		V	V/R	CO	NFIG_	REG	ST	ART	[WA	KEUP							
S	0x1A			0		0x01				0x09		P						
	ADDR		V	V/R	STA	TUS	REG			A	DDR		W/	R	STA	ATUS		
S	0x1A			0		0x02		S	r	()x1A		1			??	J	P
Wait 3					ı										· ·			
	ADDR		V	V/R	STA	TUS	REG			А	DDR		W/	R	STA	ATUS		
S	0x1A		•	0	511	0x02		S	r)x1A		1			??	1	P
	1 01	ļ			I	0.102			- 1	`		1			1			
	ADDR W/R	READ	_DATA 1		ADDR	W/R				Γ1 LSB	P0,0 MSB		LSB		Px,y MSB		В	
S	0x1A 0	0	0x0A	Sr	0x1A	1	??			??	??	?	?		??	??		P
			_DATA 2		ADDR		PTAT2			Γ2 LSB	P0,0 MSB		LSB		Px,y MSB		В	
S	0x1A 0	(DxOB	Sr	0x1A	1	??			??	??	?	?		??	??	_	P

	ADDR	W/R	CONFIG_REG	SLEEP	
S	0x1A	0	0x01	0x00	Р

Figure 14: Init and Read Thermopile Array

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 17 of 26



11 Temperature calculation

The object and ambient temperature can be calculated from the sensor output and the stored calibration data. The table below is showing an overview of the EEPROM.

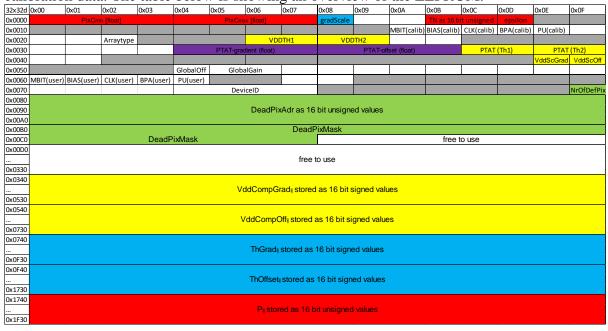


Figure 15: EEPROM overview 32x32d

All values are stored as unsigned 8 bit values unless they are specified otherwise. The little endian format is used for larger values. Grey marked areas are used during calibration or for future use and are Heimann Sensor reserved.

MBIT(calib), BIAS(calib), CLK(calib), BPA(calib) and PU(calib) are the settings for the registers that have been used during calibration.

We recommend the usage of calibration settings of MBIT (stored in 0x1A), BIAS (0x1B), CLK (0x1c), BPA (0x1D) and PU (0x1E).

MBIT(user), BIAS(user), CLK(user), BPA(user) and PU(user) are free to be set by the user.

The temperature calculation is only valid if the same settings are used that have been set during calibration!

TN is the tablenumber and has to match the given tablenumber in the sample code.

GlobalOff is stored as an 8 bit signed value, GlobalGain and VddCalib are both stored as 16 bit unsigned.

VDDTH1 and VDDTH2 is the used supply voltage during calibration measured by the sensor itself and stored in Digits.

The corresponding order of $ThGrad_{ii}$, $ThOffset_{ii}$ and P_{ii} to the Pixelnumber is given by the following overview:

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 18 of 26





Figure 16: Readout order 32x32d

The order of $VddCompGral_{ij}$ and $VddCompOff_{ij}$ is similar to the electrical Offsets and have to be used block by block.



Figure 17: Readout of VDDCompGrad 32x32d

The order for *DeadPixAdr_Pij* isdescribed more detailed in 11.7.

11.1 Ambient Temperature

The ambient temperature (Ta) is calculated from the average measured PTAT value, the $PTAT_{gradient}$ and the $PTAT_{offset}$.

$$Ta = PTAT_{av} \cdot PTAT_{gradient} + PTAT_{offset}$$
 (Value is given back in dK) where:
 $PTAT_{gradient}$ is the gradient of the PTAT stored in the EEPROM as a float value $PTAT_{offset}$ is the offset of the PTAT stored in the EEPROM as a float value $PTAT_{av} = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{7} PTAT_i}{8}$ is the average measured PTAT value

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 19 of 26



11.2 Thermal Offset

The thermal offset of the sensor needs to be subtracted for each pixel to compensate for any thermal drifts.

$$V_{ij_Comp} = V_{ij} - \frac{ThGrad_{ij} \cdot PTAT_{av}}{2^{gradScale}} - ThOffset_{ij}$$

where:

ij represents the row (i) and column (j) of the pixel

 $V_{ij\ Comp}$ is the thermal offset compensated voltage

is the raw pixel data (digital), readout from the RAM V_{ii}

 $ThGrad_{ii}$ is the thermal gradient, stored in the EEPROM from 0x740 to 0xF3F $ThOffset_{ii}$ is the thermal offset, stored in the EEPROM from 0xF40 to 0x173F

gradScale is the scaling coefficient for the thermal gradient stored in the EEPROM

11.3 Electrical Offset

The electrical offset is used to compensate changes in the supply voltage. This compensation is only a substraction so it can be done before or after the thermal offset compensation (here done afterwards).

The compensation for the top half is done by using the following formula:

$$V_{ij_Comp} *= V_{ij_Comp} - elOffset[(j+i\cdot32)\%128]$$

and the bottom half analogue with this formula:

$$V_{ij_Comp} * = V_{ij_Comp} - elOffset[(j+i\cdot32)\%128+128]$$

where:

ij represents the row (i) and column (j) of the pixel and electrical offset

 $V_{ij\ Comp}$ * is the thermal and electrical offset compensated voltage

is the thermal offset compensated voltage $V_{ii\ Comp}$ elOffset[ij] is the electrical offset belonging to Pixel ij

i%128 is the rest of the integer division of i by 128 (e.g. 130% 128=2)

11.4 Vdd Compensation

A supply voltage compensation called VddComp is used to take care of supply voltage changes. In order to use this compensation the supply voltage of the sensor (Vdd) has to be measured by the sensor from time to time by setting the configuration register and the average of Vdd 1 and Vdd 2 is resulting in Vdd (similar like *PTAT*_{av}).

The compensation for the top half is done by using the following formula:

$$VDD_{av} = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{7} VDD_i}{8}$$

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 20 of 26



$$\begin{split} &V_{ij_VDDComp} = V_{ij_Comp} * \\ &- \underbrace{\left(\frac{VddCompGrad[(j+i\cdot32)\%128] \cdot PTAT_{av}}{2^{VddScGrad}} + VddCompOff[(j+i\cdot32)\%128] \right)}_{2^{VddScOff}} \\ &\cdot \underbrace{\left(VDD_{av} - VDD_{TH1} - \left(\frac{VDD_{TH2} - VDD_{TH1}}{PTAT_{TH2} - PTAT_{TH1}} \right) \cdot (PTAT_{av} - PTAT_{TH1}) \right)}_{} \end{split}$$

and the bottom half analogue with this formula:

$$V_{ij_VDDComp} = V_{ij_Comp} * \\ - \underbrace{\left(\frac{VddCompGrad[(j+i\cdot32)\%128+128] \cdot PTAT_{av}}{2^{VddScGrad}} + VddCompOff[(j+i\cdot32)\%128+128] \right)}_{2^{VddScOff}}$$

$$\cdot \left(VDD_{av} - VDD_{TH1} - \left(\frac{VDD_{TH2} - VDD_{TH1}}{PTAT_{TH2} - PTAT_{TH1}}\right) \cdot (PTAT_{av} - PTAT_{TH1})\right)$$

where:

ij represents the row (i) and column (j) of the pixel

 $V_{ii\ VDDComp}$ is the Vdd compensated voltage

 V_{ij_Comp} * is the thermal and electrical offset compensated voltage VddCompGrad[ij] is the VddComp gradient belonging to Pixel ij

VddCompOff[ij] is the VddComp offset belonging to Pixel ij

is the rest of the integer division of i by 128 (e.g. 130% 128=2) is the average measured supply voltage of the sensor in Digits

VddScGrad is a scaling coefficient and stored in the EEPROM 0x4EVddScOff is a scaling coefficient and stored in the EEPROM 0x4F

 VDD_{TH1} is the supply voltage during calibration 1 stored in the EEPROM 0x26, 0x27 VDD_{TH2} is the supply voltage during calibration 2 stored in the EEPROM 0x28, 0x29

 $PTAT_{TH1}$ is the PTAT value of calibration 1 stored in the EEPROM 0x3C, 0x3D $PTAT_{TH2}$ is the PTAT value of calibration 2 stored in the EEPROM 0x3E, 0x3F

11.5 Object Temperature

The calculation of the object temperature is done by using a look-up table and doing a bilinear interpolation, the matching table is given by the tablenumber (TN). The table is supplied in a separate file named "Table.c". If you do not have the file, please ask Heimann Sensor for support.

The sensitivity coefficients ($PixC_{ii}$) are calculated in the following way:

$$PixC_{ij} = \left(\frac{P_{ij} \cdot \left(PixC_{\max} - PixC_{\min}\right)}{65535} + PixC_{\min}\right) \cdot \frac{epsilon}{100} \cdot \frac{GlobalGain}{10000}$$

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 21 of 26



where:

 $PixC_{ii}$ is the sensitivity coefficient for each pixel

 P_{ii} is the stored sensitivity coefficient scaled to 16 bit

 $PixC_{min}$ is the minimum sensitivity coefficient, used for scaling $PixC_{max}$ is the maximum sensitivity coefficient, used for scaling

epsilon is the emissivity factor

GlobalGain is a factor for fine tuning of the sensitivity for all Pixel

Leading to a compensation of the pixel voltage

$$V_{ij_PixC} = \frac{V_{ij_VDDComp} \cdot PCSCALEVAL}{PixC_{ii}}$$

where:

 $V_{ii PixC}$ is the sensitivity compensated IR voltage

PCSCALEVAL is a defined scaling coefficient, typically set to 1.10^8

11.6 Example calculation

Example values:

$$PTAT_{av} = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{7} PTAT_{i}}{8} = 38152Digits$$

$$PTAT_{gradient} = 0.0211 dK/Digit$$

$$PTAT_{offset} = 2195.0 dK$$

 $V_{00} = 34435 \ Digits$

elOffset[0] = 34240

gradScale = 17

 $THGrad_{00} = 87 \rightarrow signcheck 87$

 $THOffset_{00} = 65506 \rightarrow signcheck - 30$

 $VDD_{av} = 35000$

 $VDD_{TH1} = 33942$

 $VDD_{TH2} = 36942$

 $PTAT_{TH1} = 30000$

 $PTAT_{TH2} = 42000$

 $VddCompGrad[0] = 10356 \rightarrow signcheck \ 10356$

 $VddCompOff[0] = 51390 \rightarrow signcheck - 14146$

VddScGrad = 16

VddScOff = 23

 $PixC_{00} = 1 \cdot 10^8$

 $PCSCALEVAL = 1 \cdot 10^8$

Calculation of ambient temperature:

$$Ta = PTAT_{av} \cdot PTAT_{gradient} + PTAT_{offset} = 38152 \cdot 0.0211 + 2195.0 \ dK = 3000 \ dK$$

Compensation of thermal offset:

$$V_{00_Comp} = V_{00} - \frac{ThGrad_{00} \cdot PTAT_{av}}{2^{gradScale}} - ThOffset_{00} = 34435 - \frac{87 \cdot 38152}{2^{17}} - (-30)$$

$$= 34439$$

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 22 of 26



Compensation of electrical offset:

$$V_{00_Comp}$$
*= V_{00_Comp} -elOffset[0]=34439-34240=199

Compensation of supply voltage:

$$V_{ij_VDDComp} = V_{ij_Comp} * - \frac{\left(\frac{VddCompGrad[0] \cdot PTAT_{av}}{2^{VddScGrad}} + VddCompOff[0]\right)}{2^{VddScOff}} \cdot \left(VDD_{av} - VDD_{TH1} - \left(\frac{VDD_{TH2} - VDD_{TH1}}{PTAT_{TH2} - PTAT_{TH1}}\right) \cdot (PTAT_{av} - PTAT_{TH1})\right) = 199 - \frac{\left(\frac{10356 \cdot 38152}{2^{16}} - 14146\right) \cdot \left(35000 - 33942 - 2038\right)}{2^{23}} = 199 - (1) = 198$$

Table 19: Example look-up table

TA[dK]/dig	2882	3032	3182	3332
-64	1494	2128	2491	2775
-32	2466	2692	2898	3091
0	2882	3032	3182	3332
32	3170	3285	3406	3530
64	3396	3491	3592	3699
96	3584	3665	3754	3848
128	3746	3818	3897	3981
160	3890	3954	4025	4102
192	4019	4078	4143	4214
224	4137	4191	4251	4317
256	4246	4296	4351	4413
288	4347	4393	4445	4503
320	4441	4485	4534	4588

$$V_{00_{-}PixC} = \frac{198 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{8}}{1.087 \cdot 10^{8}} = 182$$

Ta was calculated before to 3000 dK.

The matching region in the look-up table is already marked yellow, the bi-linear interpolation is leading to an object temperature of $4026 \text{ dK} = 129.4 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

A global Offset (GlobalOff) is used for fine tuning of the measured object temperature and has to be added to the object temperature. This value is stored in the EEPROM.

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics

Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 23 of 26



11.7 Pixel Masking

A maximum of 5 defect Pixels are allowed on the complete array, this means that at least 99.5 % of the Pixels are working correctly. The amount of defect Pixels is given in the EEPROM at address 0x007F and is named NrOfDefPix. DeadPixAdr is the address of the defect Pixels and *DeadPixMask* determines the neighbours that should be used for masking the pixel. A simple averaging of all selected nearest neighbours is done to overwrite the temperature value of these Pixel. Only the amount of pixels "NrOfDefPix" is stored in DeadPixAdr. These values are stored as 16 bit unsigned values. For example: If only one pixel has to be masked, then the other values of *DeadPixAdr* are set to 0.

The value stored in *DeadPixAdr* is equal to the pixel number if *DeadPixAdr* is <0x0200. If the value is greater, that means between 0d512 and 0d1024, the actual read-out pixel has to be calculated first. For example: If you have a pixel number of 997 stored to the EEPROM, this is actually 517 (please refer to 6). The pixel number, that is stored in the EEPROM corresponds to the number of the read-out pixel. So the bottom half is mirrored. Example calculation:

 $adaptedAd\eta[i] = 1024 + 512 - DeadPixAd\eta[i] + k[i] \cdot 2 - 32$

adaptedAdr[i] is the adapted dead pixel address

k[i]is the column of the corresponsive pixel (for pixel number 997 this

would be 5)

adaptedAdr|i| = 1024 + 512 - 997 + 10 - 32 = 517

The neighbours to use is given in a binary format and the order is shown in the overview below in decimal and binary values for the top and bottom half.

top half

128	1	2
64	DeadPix	4
32	16	8

0b1000 0000	0b0000 0001	0b0000 0010
0b0100 0000	DeadPix	0b0000 0100
0b0010 0000	0b0001 0000	0b0000 1000

bottom half

32	16	8
64	DeadPix	4
128	1	2

0b0010 0000	0b0001 0000	0b0000 1000
0b0100 0000	DeadPix	0b0000 0100
0b1000 0000	0b0000 0001	0b0000 0010

Example values for the masking:

NrOfDefPix = 0x03

 $DeadPixAdr[0] = 0x000F \rightarrow Pixel 15$

 $DeadPixAdr[1] = 0x012C \rightarrow Pixel\ 300$

 $DeadPixAdr[0] = 0x0295 \rightarrow Pixel\ 661\ (read - out\ pixel)$ actual pixel number is 885

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Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp

Page 24 of 26

HEIMANN Sensor

$$DeadPixMask[0] = 0x7C \rightarrow 0b01111100(top)$$

$$DeadPixMask[1] = 0x8F \rightarrow 0b10001111(top)$$

$$DeadPixMask[3] = 0xFE \rightarrow 0b111111110(bot)$$

According to the sample values 3 Pixels are defect and need to be interpolated. 2 Pixels are on the top and 1 Pixel on the bottom half. Assuming that the neighbouring Pixels are having the temperature data stated below and the green marked cells are used for averaging (according to DeadPixMask) then the interpolated temperature will be the following:

Pixel
$$15 = \frac{3007 + 3008 + 3008 + 3011 + 3009}{5} dK = \frac{15043}{5} dK \approx 3009 dK$$

Pixel $300 = \frac{3010 + 3012 + 3005 + 3008 + 3009}{5} dK = \frac{15044}{5} dK \approx 3009 dK$
Pixel $977 = \frac{3010 + 3012 + 3005 + 3007 + 3008 + 3009}{7} dK = \frac{21059}{7} dK \approx 3008 dK$

All values are given in dK

3007	Pixel 15	3008
3008	3011	3009

Pixel 14	Pixel 15	Pixel 16
Pixel 46	Pixel 47	Pixel 48

3010	3012	3005
3007	Pixel 300	3008
3008	3011	3009

Pixel 267	Pixel 268	Pixel 269
Pixel 299	Pixel 300	Pixel 301
Pixel 331	Pixel 332	Pixel 333

3010	3012	3005
3007	Pixel 977	3008
3008	3011	3009

Pixel 944	Pixel 945	Pixel 946
Pixel 976	Pixel 977	Pixel 978
Pixel 1008	Pixel 1009	Pixel 1010

Thermopile Array With Lens Optics Rev.11: 2019.07.05 Schnorr/M. Lupp Page 25 of 26



11.8 Look-up Table

The matching look-up table has to be taken from the Table.c file. Here is just shown an exemplary data for one optics.

4864 5889 5893 5962 5977 6046 6130 6229 1228 7538 7542 7572 7626 7703 7801 7919 4982 5990 5913 5946 5997 6046 6150 6249 12416 7558 7563 7593 7644 7725 7823 7944 7552 5953 5965 6077 6086 6170 6269 12416 7569 7574 7562 7853 7593 7644 7725 7823 7944 7552 5953 5966 6076 6086 6170 6269 12416 7569 7574 7560 7577 7660 7736 7734 7845	exem	ıplary	/ data	for o	ne op	otics.										
Section To in K		2782	2882	2982												
Section Sect	-448	= т	لم جند ما	117	1848	2094	2284	2442	6976	6453	6463	6494	6546		6705	
1.50		1	o m c	1IV												
1.50									7168	6501	6511	6542	6593	6664	6753	6858
State	-128	2481	2612	2735	2852	2964	3073	3180	7296	6532	6542	6573	6624	6695	6785	6890
1.5 1.5	0	2782	2882	2982	3082	3182	3282	3382	7424				6655		6816	
100																
Section Sect									7616			6649	6700			
March Marc	320	3305	3370	3443	3522	3606	3695	3787	7744	6639	6648	6678	6730	6802	6892	6999
Section Sect	448	3465	3524	3590	3664		3831	3922	7872							
Sect																
The color of the	640			3787	3855				8064	6712	6721	6752	6803	6876	6966	7074
Bear State	768	3802	3848	3904	3971	4046	4128	4218	8192	6741	6750	6780	6832	6905	6996	7104
100	896	3918	3960	4014	4078	4152	4233	4322	2 8320							
1989 1977 1971 1970																
1512 1513 1514 1524 1525	1088			4166	4227			4469	9 8512	6812	6820	6851	6903	6976	7067	7176
1.50	1216	4175	4211	4260	4320	4391	4471	4560	8640	6840	6848	6878	6931	7003	7095	7205
Columb																
Color														7045	7137	7247
Dec Los Color		4398	4429	4474	4532	4601	4681	4770	8960	6908	6916	6946	6999	7072	7164	7275
The Gold G	1664	4480	4509	4553	4610	4679	4758	4848	9088	6935	6943	6973	7026	7099	7192	7302
Text Text	1792	4558	4586	4629	4685	4753	4833	4922	9216	6962	6969	7000	7052	7126	7219	7329
1986					4757								7065		7232	7343
2112 440	1984	4669	4696	4737	4792	4860	4940	5030	9408							
22.00	2112	4740	4765	4806	4860	4928	5008	5098	9536	7028	7035	7065	7118	7191	7285	7396
2008	2240	4808	4832	4872	4926	4994	5074	5164	9664	7053	7060	7091	7143	7217	7311	7423
2006 4807 4806 4806 4806 5002 5110 5100 5202																
2002 6969 5000 5000 5000 5101 5200 5201 5200 5201 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000 5000 5101 5000										7104						
2008 9020 9000 9000 5000 5141 5020 5281			4991						9984	7117	7123	7154	7207	7281	7375	7488
2010 5,000 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,100 5,000	2688	5029	5050	5088	5141	5208	5289	5381	1 10112	7142	7148	7179	7231	7306	7401	7513
2944 5146 5156 5202 5205 5325 5402	2816	5088	5109	5146	5199	5266	5346	5439	9 10240	7166	7173	7203	7256	7331	7426	7539
3077 5201 5202 5207 5308 5407 5408 5407 5408 5707 5208 7204	2944	5145	5165	5202	5255	5322	5402	5495	5 10368	7191	7197	7228	7281	7356	7451	
3398 5208 5247 5298 5308 5409 5404 5507 10000 7272 7246 7770 7700 7406 7700 7700 7400 7300 7300																
3040 5580	3136	5228			5336	5403			7 10560	7227	7234	7264	7317	7392	7488	7601
3302 5334 5352 5388 5439 5507 5508 5962 5962 5962 5963 5708 5963	3264	5282		5336	5388	5455	5537	5630	10688	7251	7258	7288	7341	7416	7512	7626
3500 5886 5600 5438 5489 5557 5688 5735 5698 5735 5698 5735 5698 5735 5698 5735 5698 5735 5698 5690 5785 5790 5785	3392	5334	5352	5388	5439	5507	5588	5682	10816	7275	7281	7312	7365	7440	7536	7651
3948 5436 5462 5667 5678 5630 5712 5867 5867 5778 5851 11136 7334 7340 7370 7424 7499 7596 7711 3776 5465 5600 5604 5606 5664 5606 5664 5606 5664 5606 5664 5606 5664 5606 5664 5606 5606 5664 5606 5664 5606 5606 5664 5606	3520	5385	5403	5438	5489	5557	5638	5733	10944	7299	7305	7335	7389	7464	7560	7675
3712 6469 6476 6511 6560 6536 6566 5736 6831 3776 4469 5600 5536 6566 5736 6831 3776 4480 5600 5636 5606 5656 5736 5831 3776 4480 5600 5636 5600 5610 5677 5600 5850 5811 3776 4303 5600 5600 5600 5610 5677 5600 5850 5810 11200 7346 7350 7300 7447 7300 7420 7750 7750 7750 5800 7447 7447 7440 7440 7440 7440 7440 7																
3940 5507 5504 5508 5610 5677 5780 5585 11264 7357 7380 7378 7405										7334	7340					
3988 5554 5571 5805 5865 5572 5806 5902 13302 7380 7380 7421 7470 7546 7643 7780 4038 5578 5558 55594 5502 5679 5747 5829 5925 5941 1458 73302 7337 7427 7441 7575 7564 7780 7780 7868 7868 5865																7735
4008 5501 5616 5650 5702 5708 5812 5904 11500 7409 7439 7439 7409 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 4228 5623 5639 5673 5724 5702 5875 5971 11500 7400 7430 7430 7430 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 75	3968	5554	5571	5605	5656	5724	5806	5902	11392	7380	7386	7416	7470	7546	7643	7758
4228 5666 5681 5776 5785 5836 5974 6038 5897 5998 6016 11776 7430 7430 7431 7437 7526 7598 7598 7598 5380 5991 6016 11776 7430 7448 7443 7473 7526 7503 7700 7917 4332 5690 5705 5739 5739 5858 5941 6038 11776 7448 7449 7454 7444 7434 7538 7614 7712 7628 7440 7440 7459 7450 7450 7450 7450 7450 7450 7450 7450	4096	5601	5616	5650	5702	5769	5852	5948	11520	7403	7409	7439	7493	7569	7666	7782
4452 5660 5776 5736 5730 5730 5858 5941 6038 11776 7448 7454 7454 7538 7514 7712 7526 4460 5774 5772 5750 5811 5840 5822 6006 6103 11904 7471 7476 7506 7500 7537 7734 7545 4608 5775 5770 5800 5854 5922 6006 6103 11909 7471 7476 7506 7500 7537 7734 7545 4608 5776 5770 5800 5854 5922 6006 6103 11909 7471 7476 7506 7500 7537 7734 7545 4608 5776 5770 5800 5854 5892 6006 6103 11909 7471 7476 7506 7500 7537 7734 7545 4608 5776 5770 5800 5804 5892 6006 6103 11909 7471 7476 7506 7500 7537 7734 7545 4608 5776 5791 5791 5824 5894 5895 5894 6002 6122 12032 7493 7498 7520 7530 7550 7757 7577 7574 7476 7476 7476 7476 7476																
4416 5712 5727 5700 5811 5879 5963 6060 11904 7449 7465 7465 7549 7625 7723 7340 7461 7464 7465 7465 7546 7525 7723 7340 7464 7464 5755 5770 5803 5864 5922 6006 6103 11969 7471 7476 7500 7571																
4644 6775 5770 5803 5884 5922 6006 6103 11988 7482 7487 7517 7517 7648 7746 7862 4607 6776 5791 5824 5875 5943 6027 6125 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123 6125 6123																
## 4672 5737 5811 5844 5896 5964 6048 6146 12096 7504 7509 7539 7593 7670 7768 7885 4865 5916 5994 6005 6089 6187 6005 6089 6188 12224 7526 7531 7561 7615 7602 7790 7790 7908 4866 5893 5833 5836 5937 6005 6089 6188 12224 7526 7531 7561 7615 7602 7790 7790 7908 4866 5895 5873 5006 5977 6045 6130 6229 12235 7547 7552 7553 7537 7714 7714 7712 7330 7448 7552 7565 7561 7615 7602 7790 77	4544	5755	5770	5803	5854	5922	6006	6103	11968	7482	7487	7517	7571	7648	7746	7862
4800 5839 5853 5886 5937 6005 6006 6108 6128 12224 7526 7531 7561 7615 7602 7790 7308 4806 6869	4672	5797	5811	5844	5896	5964	6048	6146	12096	7504	7509	7539	7593	7670	7768	7885
4926 5880 5980 5902 5937 6046 6130 6229	4800	5839	5853	5886	5937	6005	6089	6188	12224	7526	7531	7561	7615	7692	7790	7908
4992 5990 5913 5996 6077 6086 6170 6289 6289 12416 7588 7563 7593 7544 7725 7823 7344 7952 5120 5940 5953 5986 6076 6016 6190 6299 1244 7589 7574 7604 7658 7776 7734 7734 7343 7352 7345	4928	5880	5893	5926	5977	6045	6130	6229	9 12352	7547	7552	7583	7637	7714	7812	7930
5120 5940 5953 5986 6036 6105 6190 6299 12544 7580 7585 7615 7689 7746 7845 7855 5186 5979 5971 6005 6066 6124 6229 6339 12572 7590 7595 7625 7680 7757 7756 7747 7856 7747 7856 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7586 7747 7757 7758 7589 5376 6017 6030 6062 6113 6182 6267 6368 1200 7622 7627 7657 7712 7769 7788 8007 8550 6057 6064 6048 6048 6132 6201 6220 6308 1200 7622 7627 7657 7712 7780 7788 8007 8550 6057 6068 6118 6169 6228 6324 6442 6226 6368 6167 6068 6118 6168 6234 6442 6296 6368 6167 6068 6118 6169 6238 6324 6442 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6462 6368 6469 6462 6368 6469 6462 6368 6469 6469 6462 6368 6469	5056	5920	5933	5965	6017	6085	6170	6269	9 12480	7569	7574					7952
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5376 6017 6030 6062 6113 6182 6267 6388 12800 7622 7627 7657 7712 7789 7888 8007 5504 6036 6049 6081 6132 6201 6286 6387 722 7633 7583 7668 7722 77800 7789 8018 5504 6055 6067 6099 6150 6220 6305 6462 12262 7627 7648 7678 7733 77810 77910 8029 5586 6074 6086 6118 6169 6228 6324 6442 12262 7627 7648 7678 7773 77810 7792 8040 5632 6002 6104 6138 6167 6257 6343 6444 13056 7664 7669 7669 7754 7821 7320 8040 5766 6112 6114 6173 6224 6293 6379 6481 13184 7685 7660 7720 7774 7862 7962 8072 5824 6147 6159 6191 6242 6311 6388 6469 13148 7665 7700 7730 7774 7865 7963 8082 5888 6165 6177 6209 6200 6329 6416 6517 13312 7706 7710 7740 7795 7873 7973 8093 5955 6183 6196 6226 6277 6347 6348 6536 6354 6344 6236 6346 6469 6230 6241 6230 6260 6230 6440 6517 6080 6219 6230 6261 6313 6382 6469 6571 13312 7706 7710 7740 7795 7884 7994 8114 6080 6219 6230 6261 6313 6382 6469 6571 13504 7726 7731 7761 7781 7884 7994 8104 6080 6219 6230 6261 6313 6382 6469 6571 13504 7726 7731 7761 7781 7895 7904 8004 8125 6208 6233 6264 6269 6347 6494 6529 6667 13600 7777 7771 7781 7888 7782 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781 7781								6329	9 12672							
5504 6005 6007 6009 6150 6220 6305 6408 112928 7648 7678 7733 7810 7910 8029 5568 6074 6086 6118 6169 6238 6324 6425 12992 7654 7689 7689 7743 7821 7920 8040 5698 6002 6104 6136 6187 6257 6341 6462 13056 7669 7769 7769 7779 7770 7774 7832 7931 8050 5526 6129 6141 6173 6524 6293 6379 6481 13184 7685 7680 7720 7774 7882 7952 8072 5624 6147 6159 6191 6224 6231 6489 13184 7685 7690 7720 7774 7862 7962 8072 5888 6165 6177 6209 6200 6329 6416 6517 <td>5376</td> <td>6017</td> <td>6030</td> <td>6062</td> <td>6113</td> <td>6182</td> <td>6267</td> <td>6368</td> <td>12800</td> <td>7622</td> <td>7627</td> <td>7657</td> <td>7712</td> <td>7789</td> <td>7888</td> <td>8007</td>	5376	6017	6030	6062	6113	6182	6267	6368	12800	7622	7627	7657	7712	7789	7888	8007
6562 6032 6104 6136 6167 6257 6343 6444 13056 7669 7769 7769 7769 7764 7832 7331 8050	5504	6055	6067	6099	6150	6220	6305	6406	6 12928	7643	7648	7678	7733	7810	7910	8029
5766 6129 6141 6173 6224 6293 6379 6481 13184 7685 7680 7720 7774 7892 7952 8072 5828 6165 6177 6209 6200 6329 6416 6517 13312 7706 7710 7710 7719 7715 7713 7715 5985 6183 6195 6226 6277 6347 6349 6539 6451 6554 13440 7726 7713 7761 7716 7719 7718 7894 8704 6016 6201 6212 6244 6295 6365 6451 6554 13440 7726 7731 7761 7716	5632	6092	6104	6136	6187	6257	6343	6444	4 13056	7664	7669	7699	7754	7832	7931	8050
5888 6165 6177 6209 6220 6277 6347 6348 6556 6573 6572 6484 6572 6347 6348 6529 6348 6484 6529 6348 6484 6529 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6329 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6329 6330 6348 6484 6488 6569 6662 6664 6322 6332 6346 6445 6485 6573 6676 6676 6784	5760	6129	6141	6173	6224	6293	6379	6481	1 13184		7690	7720	7774	7852		8072
6952 6183 6196 6226 6277 6347 6344 6355 6356 6357 6451 6554 6256 6257 6278 6250 6256 6355 6451 6554 6256 6256 6257 6250 6256 6256 6257 6250 6256 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257 6250 6257																
6080 6219 6230 6261 6313 6382 6469 6571 13504 7736 7741 7771 7826 7904 8004 8125	5952	6183	6195	6226	6277	6347	6434	6536	13376	7716	7720	7751	7805	7884	7984	8104
6208 6223 6264 6226 6347 6447 6504 6607 13632 7757 7761 7791 7846 7925 8025 8145 6272 6271 6282 6331 6384 6434 6522 6624 13760 7767 7771 7771 7801 7866 7935 8035 8156 6400 6305 6316 6347 6338 6486 6556 6659 13760 7777 7791 7821 7866 7945 8046 8167 6464 6322 6332 6364 6415 6485 6573 6676 13884 7797 7791 7821 7866 7965 8066 8187 6522 6339 6349 6330 6442 6519 6670 13888 7797 7801 7831 7886 7965 8066 8187 6522 6335 6366 6397 6448 6519 6672 6670	6080	6219	6230	6261	6313	6382	6469	6571	1 13504	7736	7741	7771	7826	7904	8004	8125
6336 6238 6299 6330 6381 6451 6539 6642 13760 7777 7781 7811 7866 7945 8046 8166 8406 8406 8326 8438 8448 8458	6208	6253	6264	6296	6347	6417	6504	6607	7 13632	7757	7761	7791	7846	7925	8025	8145
6464 6322 6332 6346 6415 6485 6572	6336	6288	6299	6330	6381	6451	6539	6642	13760	7777	7781	7811	7866	7945	8046	8166
6528 6339 6340 6300 6432 6502 6509 6669 13952 7807 7811 7841 7896 7757 8076 8197 6565 6335 6366 6397 6446 6519 6607 6710 14016 7817 7821 7851 7906 7965 8086 8207 6656 6372 6382 6413 6465 6535 6623 6727 14080 7827 7831 7861 7916 7996 8096 8219 6720 6388 6399 6430 6481 6552 6640 6744 14144 7836 7841 7871 7926 8005 8197																8177 8187
6656 6372 6382 6413 6465 6535 6623 6727 14080 7827 7831 7861 7916 7995 8096 8218 6720 6388 6399 6430 6481 6552 6640 6744 14144 7836 7841 7871 7926 8005 8106 8228	6528	6339	6349	6380	6432	6502	6590	6693	13952	7807	7811	7841	7896	7975	8076	8197
	6656	6372	6382	6413	6465	6535	6623	6727	7 14080	7827	7831	7861	7916	7995	8096	8218
																8238

12 Outer Dimensions

