## Package 'lpme'

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Title Measurement Error Analysis and Correction Under Identification Restrictions

Version 0.1

**Description** An R package for analyzing latent variable models with measurement error correction, including Item Response Theory (IRT) models. It provides tools for implementing various correction methods such as Bayesian MCMC, overimputation, bootstrapping for robust standard errors, OLS, and IV-based approaches. The package supports flexible specification of observable indicators and groupings, making it suitable for latent variable analyses in social sciences and other fields.

```
Depends R (>= 3.3.3)
License GLP3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData false
Maintainer Connor Jerzak <connor.jerzak@gmail.com>
Imports reticulate,
     stats,
     sensemakr,
     pscl,
     AER,
     sandwich,
     mvtnorm,
     Amelia,
     emIRT,
     gtools
Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0),
     knitr.
     rmarkdown
VignetteBuilder knitr
Config/testthat/edition 3
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
URL https://github.com/cjerzak/lpme
BugReports https://github.com/cjerzak/lpme/issues
```

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## Description

A function to build the environment for lpme. Builds a conda environment in which 'JAX', 'numpyro', and 'np' are installed. Users can also create a conda environment where 'JAX' and 'np' are installed themselves.

#### Usage

```
build_backend(conda_env = "lpme", conda = "auto")
```

## **Arguments**

conda_env	(default = "1pme") Name of the conda environment in which to place the backends.
conda	(default = auto) The path to a conda executable. Using "auto" allows reticulate to attempt to automatically find an appropriate conda binary.

#### Value

Invisibly returns NULL; this function is used for its side effects of creating and configuring a conda environment for 1pme. This function requires an Internet connection. You can find out a list of conda Python paths via: Sys.which("python")

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Create a conda environment named "lpme"
# and install the required Python packages (jax, numpy, etc.)
build_backend(conda_env = "lpme", conda = "auto")

# If you want to specify a particular conda path:
# build_backend(conda_env = "lpme", conda = "/usr/local/bin/conda")

## End(Not run)
```

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## **Description**

Implements bootstrapped analysis for latent variable models with measurement error correction

### Usage

```
1pme(
 Υ,
  observables,
 observables_groupings = colnames(observables),
 make_observables_groupings = FALSE,
 n_{boot} = 32L
 n_partition = 10L,
 boot_basis = 1:length(Y),
  return_intermediaries = TRUE,
  ordinal = FALSE,
  estimation_method = "emIRT",
 mcmc_control = list(backend = "numpyro", n_samples_warmup = 500L, n_samples_mcmc =
    1000L, chain_method = "parallel", n_thin_by = 1L, n_chains = 2L),
  conda_env = "lpme",
  conda_env_required = TRUE
)
```

## **Arguments**

Y A vector of observed outcome variables

observables A matrix of observable indicators used to estimate the latent variable observables\_groupings

A vector specifying groupings for the observable indicators. Default is column names of observables.

make\_observables\_groupings

Logical. If TRUE, creates dummy variables for each level of the observable indicators. Default is FALSE.

n\_boot Integer. Number of bootstrap iterations. Default is 32.

n\_partition Integer. Number of partitions for each bootstrap iteration. Default is 10.

 $boot\_basis \qquad Vector\ of\ indices\ or\ grouping\ variable\ for\ stratified\ bootstrap.\ Default\ is\ 1:length(Y).$   $return\_intermediaries$ 

Logical. If TRUE, returns intermediate results. Default is TRUE.

ordinal Logical indicating whether the observable indicators are ordinal (TRUE) or binary (FALSE).

estimation\_method

Character specifying the estimation approach. Options include:

• "emIRT" (default): Uses expectation-maximization via emIRT package. Supports both binary (via emIRT::binIRT) and ordinal (via emIRT::ordIRT) indicators.

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• "MCMC": Markov Chain Monte Carlo estimation using either pscl::ideal (R backend) or numpyro (Python backend)

- "MCMCFull": Full Bayesian model that simultaneously estimates latent variables and outcome relationship using numpyro
- "MCMCOverImputation": Two-stage MCMC approach with measurement error correction via over-imputation

@param mcmc\_control A list indicating parameter specifications if MCMC used.

- backend Character string indicating the MCMC engine to use. Valid options are:
  - "numpyro" (default): Uses the Python numpyro package via reticulate.
  - "pscl": Uses the R-based pscl::ideal function.
- n\_samples\_warmup Integer specifying the number of warm-up (a.k.a. burnin) iterations before samples are collected. Default is 500.
- n\_samples\_mcmc Integer specifying the number of post-warmup MCMC iterations to retain. Default is 1000.
- chain\_method Character string passed to numpyro specifying how to run multiple chains. Typical options include:
  - "parallel" (default): Runs chains in parallel.
  - "sequential": Runs chains sequentially.
  - "vectorized": Vectorized evaluation of multiple chains.
- n\_thin\_by Integer indicating the thinning factor for MCMC samples (i.e., retaining every n\_thin\_by-th sample). Default is 1.
- n\_chains Integer specifying the number of parallel MCMC chains to run.
   Default is 2.

conda\_env

A character string specifying the name of the conda environment to use via reticulate. Default is "lpme".

conda\_env\_required

A logical indicating whether the specified conda environment must be strictly used. If TRUE, an error is thrown if the environment is not found. Default is TRUE.

#### **Details**

This function implements a bootstrapped latent variable analysis with measurement error correction. It performs multiple bootstrap iterations, each with multiple partitions. For each partition, it calls the LatentOneRun function to estimate latent variables and apply various correction methods. The results are then aggregated across partitions and bootstrap iterations to produce final estimates and bootstrap standard errors.

#### Value

A list containing various estimates and statistics (in snake\_case):

- ols\_coef: Coefficient from naive OLS regression.
- ols\_se: Standard error of naive OLS coefficient.
- ols\_tstat: T-statistic of naive OLS coefficient.
- iv\_coef: Coefficient from instrumental variable (IV) regression.
- iv\_se: Standard error of IV regression coefficient.

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- iv\_tstat: T-statistic of IV regression coefficient.
- corrected\_iv\_coef: IV regression coefficient corrected for measurement error.
- corrected\_iv\_se: Standard error of the corrected IV coefficient (currently NA).
- corrected\_iv\_tstat: T-statistic of the corrected IV coefficient.
- var\_est: Estimated variance of the measurement error (split-half variance).
- corrected\_ols\_coef: OLS coefficient corrected for measurement error.
- corrected\_ols\_se: Standard error of the corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA).
- corrected\_ols\_tstat: T-statistic of the corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA).
- corrected\_ols\_coef\_alt: Alternative corrected OLS coefficient (if applicable).
- corrected\_ols\_se\_alt: Standard error for the alternative corrected OLS coefficient (if applicable).
- corrected\_ols\_tstat\_alt: T-statistic for the alternative corrected OLS coefficient (if applicable).
- bayesian\_ols\_coef\_outer\_normed: Posterior mean of the OLS coefficient under MCMC, after normalizing by the overall sample standard deviation.
- after normalizing by the overall sample standard deviation.

- bayesian\_ols\_tstat\_outer\_normed: T-statistic for bayesian\_ols\_coef\_outer\_normed.
- bayesian\_ols\_coef\_inner\_normed: Posterior mean of the OLS coefficient under MCMC, after normalizing each posterior draw individually.
- bayesian\_ols\_se\_inner\_normed: Posterior standard error corresponding to bayesian\_ols\_coef\_inner\_normed
- bayesian\_ols\_tstat\_inner\_normed: T-statistic for bayesian\_ols\_coef\_inner\_normed.
- m\_stage\_1\_erv: Extreme robustness value (ERV) for the first-stage regression (x\_est2 on x\_est1), if computed.
- m\_reduced\_erv: ERV for the reduced model (Y on x\_est1), if computed.
- x\_est1: First set of latent variable estimates.
- x\_est2: Second set of latent variable estimates.

#### **Examples**

```
# Generate some example data
set.seed(123)
Y <- rnorm(1000)
observables <- as.data.frame( matrix(sample(c(0,1), 1000*10, replace = TRUE), ncol = 10) )
# Run the bootstrapped analysis
results <- lpme(Y, observables, n_boot = 100, n_partition = 5)
# View the corrected IV coefficient and its standard error
print(c(results$corrected_iv_reg_coef, results$corrected_iv_reg_se))</pre>
```

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1pme\_onerun

lpme\_onerun

#### **Description**

Implements analysis for latent variable models with measurement error correction

#### Usage

```
lpme_onerun(
    Y,
    observables,
    observables_groupings = colnames(observables),
    make_observables_groupings = FALSE,
    estimation_method = "emIRT",
    mcmc_control = list(backend = "numpyro", n_samples_warmup = 500L, n_samples_mcmc =
        1000L, chain_method = "parallel", n_thin_by = 1L, n_chains = 2L),
    ordinal = FALSE,
    conda_env = "lpme",
    conda_env_required = TRUE,
    seed = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

v

A vector of observed outcome variables

observables A matrix of observable indicators used to estimate the latent variable observables\_groupings

A vector specifying groupings for the observable indicators. Default is column names of observables.

make\_observables\_groupings

Logical. If TRUE, creates dummy variables for each level of the observable indicators. Default is FALSE.

estimation\_method

Character specifying the estimation approach. Options include:

- "emIRT" (default): Uses expectation-maximization via emIRT package. Supports both binary (via emIRT::binIRT) and ordinal (via emIRT::ordIRT) indicators.
- "MCMC": Basic Markov Chain Monte Carlo estimation using either pscl::ideal (R backend) or numpyro (Python backend)
- "MCMCFull": Full Bayesian model that simultaneously estimates latent variables and outcome relationship using numpyro
- "MCMCOverImputation": Two-stage MCMC approach with measurement error correction via over-imputation

mcmc\_control

A list indicating parameter specifications if MCMC used.

- backend Character string indicating the MCMC engine to use. Valid options are:
  - "numpyro" (default): Uses the Python numpyro package via reticulate.
  - "pscl": Uses the R-based pscl::ideal function.

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• n\_samples\_warmup Integer specifying the number of warm-up (a.k.a. burnin) iterations before samples are collected. Default is 500.

- n\_samples\_mcmc Integer specifying the number of post-warmup MCMC iterations to retain. Default is 1000.
- chain\_method Character string passed to numpyro specifying how to run multiple chains. Typical options include:
  - "parallel" (default): Runs chains in parallel.
  - "sequential": Runs chains sequentially.
  - "vectorized": Vectorized evaluation of multiple chains.
- n\_thin\_by Integer indicating the thinning factor for MCMC samples (i.e., retaining every n\_thin\_by-th sample). Default is 1.
- n\_chains Integer specifying the number of parallel MCMC chains to run.
   Default is 2.

ordinal Logical indicating whether the observable indicators are ordinal (TRUE) or binary (FALSE).

conda\_env A character string specifying the name of the conda environment to use via reticulate. Default is "lpme".

conda\_env\_required

A logical indicating whether the specified conda environment must be strictly used. If TRUE, an error is thrown if the environment is not found. Default is

Random seed for reproducibility. Default is a random integer between 1 and 10000 (used internally)

#### **Details**

seed

This function implements a latent variable analysis with measurement error correction. It splits the observable indicators into two sets, estimates latent variables using each set, and then applies various correction methods including OLS correction and instrumental variable approaches.

#### Value

A list containing various estimates and statistics:

- ols\_coef: Coefficient from naive OLS regression
- ols\_se: Standard error of naive OLS coefficient
- ols\_tstat: T-statistic of naive OLS coefficient
- corrected\_ols\_coef: OLS coefficient corrected for measurement error
- corrected\_ols\_se: Standard error of corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA)
- corrected\_ols\_tstat: T-statistic of corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA)
- corrected\_ols\_coef\_alt: Alternative corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA)
- iv\_coef: Coefficient from instrumental variable regression
- iv\_se: Standard error of IV regression coefficient
- iv\_tstat: T-statistic of IV regression coefficient
- corrected\_iv\_coef: IV regression coefficient corrected for measurement error
- corrected\_iv\_se: Standard error of corrected IV coefficient
- corrected\_iv\_tstat: T-statistic of corrected IV coefficient
- var\_est\_split: Estimated variance of the measurement error
- x\_est1: First set of latent variable estimates
- x\_est2: Second set of latent variable estimates

lpme\_onerun

## Examples

```
# Generate some example data
set.seed(123)
Y <- rnorm(100)
observables <- as.data.frame( matrix(sample(c(0,1), 1000*10, replacement = TRUE), ncol = 10) )
# Run the analysis
results <- lpme_onerun(Y, observables)
# View the corrected OLS coefficient
print(results$Corrected_OLSCoef)</pre>
```

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