Package 'lpme'

July 12, 2025

Title Measurement Error Analysis and Correction Under Identification Restrictions

Version 0.1

Description An R package for analyzing latent variable models with measurement error correction, including Item Response Theory (IRT) models. It provides tools for implementing various correction methods such as Bayesian MCMC, overimputation, bootstrapping for robust standard errors, OLS, and IV-based approaches. The package supports flexible specification of observable indicators and groupings, making it suitable for latent variable analyses in social sciences and other fields.

```
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License GPL-3
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LazyData false
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```

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Description

A function to build the environment for lpme. Builds a conda environment in which 'JAX', 'numpyro', and 'numpy' are installed. Users can also create a conda environment where 'JAX' and 'numpy' are installed themselves.

Usage

```
build_backend(conda_env = "lpme", conda = "auto")
```

Arguments

conda_env	(default = "lpme") Name of the conda environment in which to place the backends.
conda	(default = auto) The path to a conda executable. Using "auto" allows reticulate to attempt to automatically find an appropriate conda binary.

Value

Invisibly returns NULL; this function is used for its side effects of creating and configuring a conda environment for 1pme. This function requires an Internet connection. You can find out a list of conda Python paths via: Sys.which("python")

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Create a conda environment named "lpme"
# and install the required Python packages (jax, numpy, etc.)
build_backend(conda_env = "lpme", conda = "auto")

# If you want to specify a particular conda path:
# build_backend(conda_env = "lpme", conda = "/usr/local/bin/conda")

## End(Not run)
```

infer_orientation_signs

```
infer_orientation_signs
```

Infer orientation signs for each observable indicator

Description

This helper analyzes observable indicators and returns a numeric vector of 1 or -1 for use with the orientation_signs argument in 1pme. Each sign is chosen so that the correlation between the oriented indicator and either the outcome Y or the first principal component of the indicators is positive.

Usage

```
infer\_orientation\_signs(Y, observables, method = c("Y", "PC1"))
```

Arguments

Y Numeric outcome vector. Only used when method = "Y".

observables A matrix or data frame of binary observable indicators.

method Character string specifying how to orient the indicators.

"Y" orient each indicator so that its correlation with Y is positive.

"PC1" orient each indicator so that its correlation with the first principal component of observables is positive.

Default is "Y".

Value

A numeric vector of length ncol(observables) containing 1 or -1.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
Y <- rnorm(10)
obs <- data.frame(matrix(sample(c(0,1), 20, replace = TRUE), ncol = 2))
infer_orientation_signs(Y, obs)</pre>
```

KnowledgeVoteDuty

KnowledgeVoteDuty: Survey Respondents' Views of Voting as a Duty and Political Knowledge Questions

Description

KnowledgeVoteDuty is a modified set of responses to a small set of questions on the American National Election Study's 2024 Time Series Study. These data only include respondents who had non-missing values on all of the variables included, dropping respondents with one or more missing values.

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Usage

```
data(KnowledgeVoteDuty)
```

Format

A data frame with 3,059 observations and 5 variables:

voteduty Whether respondents feel that voting is a duty or a choice. Values range from 1 to 7, with 1 being "Very strongly a duty" and 7 being "Very strongly a choice," created based on variable V241218x

SenateTerm Dummy variable (0 or 1) for whether respondent correctly stated the length of a U.S. Senate term. Created based on variable V241612.

SpendLeast Dummy variable (0 or 1) for whether respondent correctly identified "Foreign aid" from a list as the category the federal government spends the least on. Created based on variable V241613.

HouseParty Dummy variable (0 or 1) for whether respondent correctly identified the political party that currently has the most members in the U.S. House of Representatives. Created based on variable V241614.

SenateParty Dummy variable (0 or 1) for whether respondent correctly identified the political party that currently has the most members in the U.S. Senate. Created based on variable V241615.

References

American National Election Studies. 2024. ANES 2024 Time Series Study Full Release [dataset and documentation]. https://www.electionstudies.org

Examples

```
data(KnowledgeVoteDuty)
voteduty <- KnowledgeVoteDuty$voteduty
knowledge <- scale(rowMeans(KnowledgeVoteDuty[ , -1]))
summary(lm(voteduty ~ knowledge))</pre>
```

1pme

lpme

Description

Implements bootstrapped analysis for latent variable models with measurement error correction

Usage

```
lpme(
    Y,
    observables,
    observables_groupings = colnames(observables),
    orientation_signs = NULL,
    make_observables_groupings = FALSE,
    n_boot = 32L,
```

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```
n_partition = 10L,
boot_basis = 1:length(Y),
return_intermediaries = TRUE,
ordinal = FALSE,
estimation_method = "em",
latent_estimation_fn = NULL,
mcmc_control = list(backend = "pscl", n_samples_warmup = 500L, n_samples_mcmc = 1000L,
    batch_size = 512L, chain_method = "parallel", subsample_method = "full",
    anchor_parameter_id = NULL, n_thin_by = 1L, n_chains = 2L),
conda_env = "lpme",
conda_env_required = TRUE
```

Arguments

v

A vector of observed outcome variables

observables A matrix of observable indicators used to estimate the latent variable observables_groupings

A vector specifying groupings for the observable indicators. Default is column names of observables.

orientation_signs

(optional) A numeric vector of length equal to the number of columns in 'observables', containing 1 or -1 to indicate the desired orientation of each column. If provided, each column of 'observables' will be oriented by this sign before analysis. Default is NULL (no orientation applied).

make_observables_groupings

Logical. If TRUE, creates dummy variables for each level of the observable indicators. Default is FALSE.

n_boot

Integer. Number of bootstrap iterations. Default is 32.

n_partition

boot_basis

Integer. Number of partitions for each bootstrap iteration. Default is 10.

return_intermediaries

Logical. If TRUE, returns intermediate results. Default is TRUE.

ordinal

Logical indicating whether the observable indicators are ordinal (TRUE) or binary (FALSE).

Vector of indices or grouping variable for stratified bootstrap. Default is 1:length(Y).

estimation_method

Character specifying the estimation approach. Options include:

- "em" (default): Uses expectation-maximization via emIRT package. Supports both binary (via emIRT::binIRT) and ordinal (via emIRT::ordIRT) indicators.
- "averaging": Uses feature averaging.
- "mcmc": Markov Chain Monte Carlo estimation using either pscl::ideal (R backend) or numpyro (Python backend)
- "mcmc_joint": Full Bayesian model that simultaneously estimates latent variables and outcome relationship using numpyro
- "mcmc_overimputation": Two-stage MCMC approach with measurement error correction via over-imputation
- "custom": In this case, latent estimation performed using latent_estimation_fn.

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latent_estimation_fn

Custom function for estimating latent trait from observables if estimation_method="custom" (optional). The function should accept a matrix of observables (rows are observations) and return a numeric vector of length equal to the number of observations.

mcmc_control

A list indicating parameter specifications if MCMC used.

- backend Character string indicating the MCMC engine to use. Valid options are:
 - "numpyro" (default): Uses the Python numpyro package via reticulate.
 - "pscl": Uses the R-based pscl::ideal function.
- n_samples_warmup Integer specifying the number of warm-up (a.k.a. burnin) iterations before samples are collected. Default is 500.
- n_samples_mcmc Integer specifying the number of post-warmup MCMC iterations to retain. Default is 1000.
- chain_method Character string passed to numpyro specifying how to run multiple chains. Typical options include:
 - "parallel" (default): Runs chains in parallel.
 - "sequential": Runs chains sequentially.
 - "vectorized": Vectorized evaluation of multiple chains.
- n_thin_by Integer indicating the thinning factor for MCMC samples (i.e., retaining every n_thin_by-th sample). Default is 1.
- n_chains Integer specifying the number of parallel MCMC chains to run.
 Default is 2.

conda_env

A character string specifying the name of the conda environment to use via reticulate. Default is "lpme".

conda_env_required

A logical indicating whether the specified conda environment must be strictly used. If TRUE, an error is thrown if the environment is not found. Default is TRUE.

Details

This function implements a bootstrapped latent variable analysis with measurement error correction. It performs multiple bootstrap iterations, each with multiple partitions. For each partition, it calls the lpme_onerun function to estimate latent variables and apply various correction methods. The results are then aggregated across partitions and bootstrap iterations to produce final estimates and bootstrap standard errors.

Value

A list containing various estimates and statistics (in snake_case):

- ols_coef: Coefficient from naive OLS regression.
- ols_se: Standard error of naive OLS coefficient.
- ols_tstat: T-statistic of naive OLS coefficient.
- iv_coef: Coefficient from instrumental variable (IV) regression.
- iv_se: Standard error of IV regression coefficient.
- iv_tstat: T-statistic of IV regression coefficient.
- corrected_iv_coef: IV regression coefficient corrected for measurement error.

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- corrected_iv_se: Standard error of the corrected IV coefficient (currently NA).
- corrected_iv_tstat: T-statistic of the corrected IV coefficient.
- var_est: Estimated variance of the measurement error (split-half variance).
- corrected_ols_coef: OLS coefficient corrected for measurement error.
- corrected_ols_se: Standard error of the corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA).
- corrected_ols_tstat: T-statistic of the corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA).
- corrected_ols_coef_alt: Alternative corrected OLS coefficient (if applicable).
- corrected_ols_se_alt: Standard error for the alternative corrected OLS coefficient (if applicable).
- corrected_ols_tstat_alt: T-statistic for the alternative corrected OLS coefficient (if applicable).
- bayesian_ols_coef_outer_normed: Posterior mean of the OLS coefficient under MCMC, after normalizing by the overall sample standard deviation.
- bayesian_ols_se_outer_normed: Posterior standard error corresponding to bayesian_ols_coef_outer_normed
- bayesian_ols_tstat_outer_normed: T-statistic for bayesian_ols_coef_outer_normed.
- bayesian_ols_coef_inner_normed: Posterior mean of the OLS coefficient under MCMC, after normalizing each posterior draw individually.
- bayesian_ols_se_inner_normed: Posterior standard error corresponding to bayesian_ols_coef_inner_normed
- bayesian_ols_tstat_inner_normed: T-statistic for bayesian_ols_coef_inner_normed.
- m_stage_1_erv: Extreme robustness value (ERV) for the first-stage regression (x_est2 on x_est1), if computed.
- m_reduced_erv: ERV for the reduced model (Y on x_est1), if computed.
- x_est1: First set of latent variable estimates.
- x_est2: Second set of latent variable estimates.

Examples

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1pme_onerun

lpme_onerun

Description

Implements analysis for latent variable models with measurement error correction

Usage

```
lpme_onerun(
    Y,
    observables,
    observables_groupings = colnames(observables),
    make_observables_groupings = FALSE,
    estimation_method = "em",
    latent_estimation_fn = NULL,
    mcmc_control = list(backend = "pscl", n_samples_warmup = 500L, n_samples_mcmc = 1000L,
    batch_size = 512L, chain_method = "parallel", subsample_method = "full", n_thin_by =
    1L, n_chains = 2L),
    ordinal = FALSE,
    conda_env = "lpme",
    conda_env_required = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Y A vector of observed outcome variables

observables A matrix of observable indicators used to estimate the latent variable observables_groupings

A vector specifying groupings for the observable indicators. Default is column names of observables.

make_observables_groupings

Logical. If TRUE, creates dummy variables for each level of the observable indicators. Default is FALSE.

estimation_method

Character specifying the estimation approach. Options include:

- "em" (default): Uses expectation-maximization via emIRT package. Supports both binary (via emIRT::binIRT) and ordinal (via emIRT::ordIRT) indicators.
- "averaging": Uses feature averaging.
- "mcmc": Markov Chain Monte Carlo estimation using either pscl::ideal (R backend) or numpyro (Python backend)
- "mcmc_joint": Joint Bayesian model that simultaneously estimates latent variables and outcome relationship using numpyro
- "mcmc_overimputation": Two-stage MCMC approach with measurement error correction via over-imputation
- "custom": In this case, latent estimation performed using latent_estimation_fn.

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latent_estimation_fn

Custom function for estimating latent trait from observables if estimation_method="custom" (optional). The function should accept a matrix of observables (rows are observations) and return a numeric vector of length equal to the number of observations.

mcmc_control

A list indicating parameter specifications if MCMC used.

- backend Character string indicating the MCMC engine to use. Valid options are:
 - "numpyro" (default): Uses the Python numpyro package via reticulate.
 - "pscl": Uses the R-based pscl::ideal function.
- n_samples_warmup Integer specifying the number of warm-up (a.k.a. burnin) iterations before samples are collected. Default is 500.
- n_samples_mcmc Integer specifying the number of post-warmup MCMC iterations to retain. Default is 1000.
- chain_method Character string passed to numpyro specifying how to run multiple chains. Typical options include:
 - "parallel" (default): Runs chains in parallel.
 - "sequential": Runs chains sequentially.
 - "vectorized": Vectorized evaluation of multiple chains.
- n_thin_by Integer indicating the thinning factor for MCMC samples (i.e., retaining every n_thin_by-th sample). Default is 1.
- n_chains Integer specifying the number of parallel MCMC chains to run.
 Default is 2.

ordinal

Logical indicating whether the observable indicators are ordinal (TRUE) or binary (FALSE).

conda_env

A character string specifying the name of the conda environment to use via reticulate. Default is "lpme".

conda_env_required

A logical indicating whether the specified conda environment must be strictly used. If TRUE, an error is thrown if the environment is not found. Default is TRUE.

Details

This function implements a latent variable analysis with measurement error correction. It splits the observable indicators into two sets, estimates latent variables using each set, and then applies various correction methods including OLS correction and instrumental variable approaches.

Value

A list containing various estimates and statistics:

- ols_coef: Coefficient from naive OLS regression
- ols_se: Standard error of naive OLS coefficient
- ols_tstat: T-statistic of naive OLS coefficient
- \bullet corrected_ols_coef: OLS coefficient corrected for measurement error
- corrected_ols_se: Standard error of corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA)
- corrected_ols_tstat: T-statistic of corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA)
- corrected_ols_coef_alt: Alternative corrected OLS coefficient (currently NA)

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- iv_coef: Coefficient from instrumental variable regression
- iv_se: Standard error of IV regression coefficient
- iv_tstat: T-statistic of IV regression coefficient
- corrected_iv_coef: IV regression coefficient corrected for measurement error
- corrected_iv_se: Standard error of corrected IV coefficient
- corrected_iv_tstat: T-statistic of corrected IV coefficient
- var_est_split: Estimated variance of the measurement error
- x_est1: First set of latent variable estimates
- x_est2: Second set of latent variable estimates

Examples

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