

%Clinton Tepper

%Macro Finance

%Model from Eisfeldt 2007. All errors are mine.

clear();

analyzeSigma(1.5);

analyzeSigma(2);

analyzeSigma(5);

function stat=analyzeSigma(sigma)

%set parameter values

disp(strcat("RESULTS FOR SIGMA = ", num2str(sigma)));

beta=.96^(.25);

rb=0;

tau=.01;

%markov process for income (from AG 1991)

y=[.31;.7524;1.3470]; %average income=1

piy=[.34 .33 .33;.035 .4825 .4825;.035 .4825 .4825];

%finite dimensional state space

step=.1; %should be .1, set to 1 for debugging

bmax=5.1; %should be 5.1

b=(0:step:bmax)'; %grid steps for bonds are .1*avg. income

%%begin: My Code

%Note

tol=10^-10;

n = length(b);

m = 3;

%first we create our operator

R = ones(n,n,m);

I = ones(n,m);

for j = 1:3

R(:, :, j)=ones(n,1)*b'.*(1+rb) + y(j)-tau- b*ones(1,n);

end

R=(max(R,10^-10000).^ (1-sigma))./(1-sigma);

err = 1;

iter = 1;

V = ones(n,m);

Vm1 = V;

while err> tol && iter < 10000

%to get policy and V

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for j = 1:3
    [V(:,j),I(:,j)]=max(R(:,j))+...
        piy(j,1)*beta*Vm1(:,1)*ones(1,n)+...
        piy(j,2)*beta*Vm1(:,2)*ones(1,n)+...
        piy(j,3)*beta*Vm1(:,3)*ones(1,n));
end

err = max(max(abs(V-Vm1)));
Vm1=V;

iter = iter + 1;

end

figure();
hold on;
plot(b,b(I(:,1)),'+');
plot(b,b(I(:,2)),'o');
plot(b,b(I(:,3)),'*');
title(strcat('b+1 vs b sigma=', num2str(sigma)));
xlabel('b');
ylabel('b+1');
line([0 max(b)], [0 max(b)], 'LineStyle', '--');
legend('Low', 'Med', 'High', '45 deg');
legend('location', 'southeast');
hold off;

%Calc our stats by MC
nSims=10^8;
burnIn = nSims/10; %Just to be safe
consumption = ones(nSims,1);
savings = ones(nSims,1);
state=2;
bCur=round(n/2);
bNext=1;
luck=rand(nSims,1);
stateHist = ones(nSims,1);
bHist = ones(nSims,1);

for i = 1:nSims
    %update the state
    if luck(i) < piy(state,1)
        state = 1;
    elseif luck(i) < piy(state,2)+piy(state,1)
        state = 2;
    else
        state = 3;
    end

    stateHist(i) = state;
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bNext = I(bCur,state);
consumption(i) = b(bCur) + y(state)- tau - b(bNext);
savings(i) = b(bNext)-b(bCur);

bHist(i) = b(bNext);
bCur = bNext;
end

consumption = consumption(burnIn:end);
%savings = savings(burnIn:end);
bHist = bHist(burnIn:end);
stateHist = stateHist(burnIn:end);

disp(strcat("Mean Consumption:", num2str(mean(consumption))));

disp(strcat("Consumption Variance:", num2str(var(consumption))));

bMean = [mean(bHist(stateHist==1)) ...
         mean(bHist(stateHist==2)) ...
         mean(bHist(stateHist==3))];

disp("Average Bond Holdings by Income Level");
disp(["Income" 1:3;"b" bMean]);

%Get autocorrellations- note xcorr is fast but requires demeaning
[acs, lgs] = xcorr(bHist-mean(bHist),10,"coef");

figure();
hold on;
plot(lgs(lgs>=0),acs(lgs>=0),'+');
title(strcat('Autocorrelations Sigma=', num2str(sigma)));
xlabel('lags');
ylabel('Autocorr');
%legend('Low','Med','High','45 deg');
%legend('location','southeast');
hold off;

%check: invariant dist method

pmat = zeros(n*m,n*m);
for i = 1:n
    for j = 1:m
        pmat((j-1)*n+i,[I(i,j);n+I(i,j);(2*n+I(i,j))])=...
            [piy(j,1) piy(j,2) piy(j,3)];
    end
end

err=1;
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uProb = ones(n*m,1)*1/(n*m);
uProbLag = uProb;
while err>tol && iter<10^5
    uProbLag = uProb;
    uProb = pmat'*uProbLag;
    err = max(max(abs(uProbLag-uProb)));
    iter=iter+1;
end

bMean = [(uProb(1:n)' * b(I(1:n)))/sum(uProb(1:n)) ...
    (uProb(n+1:2*n)' * b(I(n+1:2*n)))/sum(uProb(n+1:2*n)) ...
    (uProb(2*n+1:3*n)' * b(I(2*n+1:3*n)))/sum(uProb(2*n+1:3*n))];

disp("Average Bond Holdings by Income Level Calculated");
disp(["Income" 1:3;"b" bMean]);

clear();

stat=1;
end
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