Problem Set 1

 $Clinton\ Tepper$

Part I

1. Definition of expectation:

$$E\left[X\right] = \int_{s \in \Re} p\left(s\right) s ds$$

2. Definition of variance:

$$\begin{split} V\left[X\right] = & E\left[X^2\right] - E\left[X\right]^2 \\ = & \int_{s \in \Re} p\left(s\right) s^2 ds - \left(\int_{s \in \Re} p\left(s\right) s ds\right)^2 \end{split}$$

3. Definition of E[Y|X]:

$$E\left[Y|X=x\right] = \frac{\int_{s \in \Re} p\left(x,s\right) s ds}{p_X\left(x\right)}$$

4. Independence

$$\begin{split} p\left(X,Y\right) = & p\left(X\right)p\left(Y\right) \\ E\left[Y|X=x\right] = & \frac{\int_{s\in\Re}p\left(x,s\right)sds}{p_{X}\left(x\right)} \\ = & \frac{\int_{s\in\Re}p_{X}\left(x\right)p_{Y}\left(s\right)sds}{p_{X}\left(x\right)} \\ = & \int_{s\in\Re}p_{Y}\left(s\right)sds \\ = & E\left[Y\right] \end{split}$$

5. Scalar expectations:

$$E[aX_1 + bX_2 + cX_3] = (a + b + c) E[X]$$

 $V[aX_1 + bX_2 + cX_3] = (a + b + c)^2 V[X]$

6. Yes!

$$E\left[\frac{1}{N}\sum_{i}X_{i}\right] = \frac{1}{N}E\left[\sum_{i}X_{i}\right]$$
$$= \frac{1}{N}\sum_{i}E\left[X_{i}\right]$$
$$= E\left[X\right]$$

7. Variance of \overline{X} :

$$\begin{split} V\left[\overline{X}\right] = & E\left[\overline{X}^2\right] - E\left[\overline{X}\right]^2 \text{ (by q2 definition)} \\ = & E\left[\overline{X}^2\right] - E\left[X\right]^2 \text{ (by q6)} \\ = & \frac{1}{N^2} E\left[\left(\sum_i X_i\right)^2\right] - E\left[X\right]^2 \\ = & \frac{1}{N^2} E\left[\sum_i X_i^2 + \sum_{i \neq j} X_i X_j\right] - E\left[X\right]^2 \\ = & \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_i E\left[X_i^2\right] + \frac{1}{N^2} \sum_{i \neq j} E\left[X_i\right] E\left[X_j\right] - E\left[X\right]^2 \text{ (linearity & independence)} \\ = & \frac{1}{N} E\left[X^2\right] + \frac{N-1}{N} E\left[X\right]^2 - E\left[X\right]^2 \text{ (iid & linearity)} \\ = & \frac{1}{N} \left(E\left[X^2\right] - E\left[X\right]^2\right) \\ = & \frac{1}{N} V\left[X\right] \end{split}$$

Part II

8. Start with FOC:

$$0 = -2X'Y + 2X'X\beta$$
$$\beta = [X'X]^{-1}[X'Y] \text{ (premultiply by } [X'X]^{-1})$$

9. See below code:

```
p1q1 = function(N = 100) {
    X = matrix(c(rep(1, N), rnorm(N), rnorm(N)), nrow = N, ncol = 3)
    ep = rnorm(N)
    B = c(1, 2, 3)
    Y = X %*% B + ep
    Xqr = qr(X)
    Q = qr.Q(Xqr)
    R = qr.R(Xqr)
    Best = solve(R) %*% t(Q) %*% Y
    cat("Our estimate: ", Best, "\n")
    cat("lm estimate:\n")
    print(coef(lm(Y \sim X + 0)))
}
p1q1(N=100)
                  1.103211 2.142035 2.816583
## Our estimate:
```

You can also embed plots, for example:

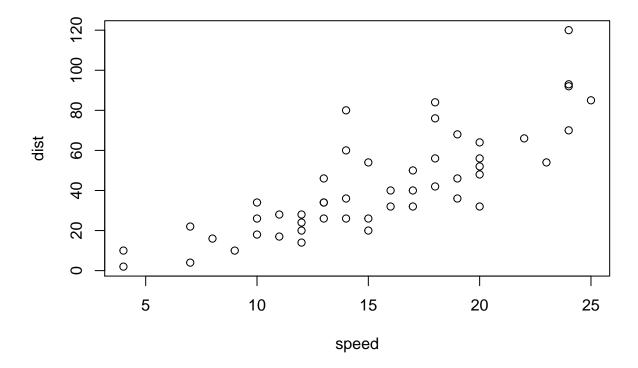
1.103211 2.142035 2.816583

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lm estimate:

##



Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.