# Package 'csvread'

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<b>Title</b> Fast Specialized CSV File Loader.
Version 1.0
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Description This package provides functions for loading large (10M+ lines) CSV and other delimited files, similar to read.csv, but typically faster and using less memory than the standard R loader. While not entirely general, it covers many common use cases when the types of columns in the CSV file are known in advance. In addition, the package provides a class 'int64', which represents 64-bit integers exactly when reading from a file. The latter is useful when working with 64-bit integer identifiers exported from databases. The CSV file loader supports common column types including 'integer', 'double', 'string', and 'int64', leaving further type transformations to the user.
<pre>URL http://github.com/collectivemedia/csvread</pre>
<b>Depends</b> R ( $>= 3.0.3$ ),methods
Enhances bit64
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csvread

Fast Specialized CSV File Loader.

#### **Description**

Package csvread contains a fast specialized CSV and other delimited file loader, and a basic 64-bit integer class to aid in reading 64-bit integer values.

Given a list of the column types, function csvread parses the CSV file and returns a data frame.

map.coltypes guesses the column types in the CSV file by reading the first nrows lines. The result can be passed to csvread as the coltypes argument.

# Usage

```
csvread(file, coltypes, header, colnames = NULL, nrows = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE, delimiter = ",")
map.coltypes(file, header, nrows = 100, delimiter = ",")
```

## **Arguments**

file

Path to the CSV file.

coltypes

A vector of column types, e.g., c("integer", "string"). The accepted types are "integer", "double", "string", "long" and "longhex".

- integer the column is parsed into an R integer type (32 bit)
- double the column is parsed into an R double type
- string the column is loaded as character type
- long the column is interpreted as the decimal representation of a 64-bit integer, stored as a double and assigned the int 64 class.
- longhex the column is interpreted as the hex representation of a 64-bit integer, stored as a double and assigned the int 64 class with an additional attribute base = 16L that is used for printing.
- integer64 same as long but produces a column of class integer64, which should be compatible with package bit64 (untested).
- verbose if TRUE, the function prints number of lines counted in the file.
- delimiter a single character delimiter, defalut is ", ".

header

TRUE (default) or FALSE; indicates whether the file has a header and serves as the source of column names if colnames is not provided.

colnames

Optional column names for the resulting data frame. Overrides the header, if header is present. If NULL, then the column names are taken from the header, or, if there is no header, the column names are set to 'COL1', 'COL2', etc.

nrows

If NULL, the function first counts the lines in the file. This step can be avoided if the number of lines is known by providing a value to nrows. On the other hand, nrows can be used to read only the first lines of the CSV file.

verbose

If TRUE and nrows is NULL, the function prints number of lines counted in the

delimiter

A single character delimiter, defalut is ", ".

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#### **Details**

csvread provides functionality for loading large (10M+ lines) CSV and other delimited files, similar to read.csv, but typically faster and using less memory than the standard R loader. While not entirely general, it covers many common use cases when the types of columns in the CSV file are known in advance. In addition, the package provides a class 'int64', which represents 64-bit integers exactly when reading from a file. The latter is useful when working with 64-bit integer identifiers exported from databases. The CSV file loader supports common column types including integer, double, string, and int64, leaving further type transformations to the user.

If number of columns, which is inferred from the number of provided coltypes, is greater than the actual number of columns, the extra columns are still created. If the number of columns is less than the actual number of columns in the file, the extra columns in the file are ignored. Commas included in double quotes will be considered part of the field, rather than a separator, but double quotes will NOT be stripped. Runaway double quotes will end at the end of the line.

See also int 64 for information about dealing with 64-bit integers when loading data from CSV files.

#### Value

A data frame containing the data from the CSV file.

#### Maintainer

Sergei Izrailev

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#### URL

http://github.com/collectivemedia/csvread

### **Installation from github**

```
devtools::install_github("collectivemedia/csvread")
```

#### Author(s)

Sergei Izrailev

#### See Also

int64

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#### **Examples**

typeof(frm\$COL5)

```
## Not run:
frm <- csvread("inst/10rows.csv",</pre>
  coltypes = c("longhex", "string", "double", "integer", "long"),
  header = FALSE, nrows = 10)
frm
               COL1
                         COL2
                                   COL3 COL4 COL5
# 1 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4977
# 2 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4987
# 3 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 5200 5528
# 4 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5004
# 5 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4980
# 6 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5020
# 7 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5048
# 8 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5035
# 9 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4971
# 10 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4973
typeof(frm$COL1)
# [1] "double"
class(frm$COL1)
# [1] "int64"
typeof(frm$COL5)
# [1] "double"
class(frm$COL5)
# [1] "int64"
## End(Not run)
## Not run:
coltypes <- map.coltypes("inst/10rows.csv", header = FALSE)</pre>
coltypes
# V1
             V2
                       V3
                                 V4
# "string" "string" "double" "integer" "integer"
frm <- csvread(file = "inst/10rows.csv", coltypes = coltypes, header = F, verbose = T)
# Counted 10 lines.
frm
               COT<sub>1</sub>1
                         COL2
                                  COL3 COL4 COL5
# 1 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4977
# 2 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4987
    11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 5200 5528
    11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5004
    11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4980
# 6 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5020
# 7 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5048
# 8 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 5035
# 9 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4971
# 10 11fb89c1558c792 2011-05-06 0.150001 4970 4973
typeof(frm$COL1)
# [1] "character"
class(frm$COL1)
# [1] "character"
```

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```
# [1] "integer"
class(frm$COL5)
# [1] "integer"

frm$COL1 <- as.int64(frm$COL1, base = 16)
frm$COL1
# [1] "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"
# [5] "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"
# [9] "11fb89c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"
# [9] "10db9c1558c792" "11fb89c1558c792"

typeof(frm$COL1)
# [1] "double"
class(frm$COL1)
# [1] "int64"

as.character.int64(frm$COL1[1], base = 10)
# [1] "80986298828507026"

### End(Not run)</pre>
```

int64

A very basic 64-bit integer class.

#### **Description**

A very basic 64-bit integer class.

#### Usage

```
int64(length = 0)
is.int64(x)
## Default S3 method:
as.int64(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'factor'
as.int64(x, \dots)
## S3 method for class 'character'
as.int64(x, base = 10L, ...)
## S3 method for class 'numeric'
as.int64(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'NULL'
as.int64(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
format(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
print(x, ...)
```

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```
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.character(x, base = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.double(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.integer(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
is.na(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
as.list(x, \dots)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
c(...)
## S3 method for class 'int64'
is.numeric(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

X	Object to be coerced or tested
length	A non-negative integer specifying the desired length. Double values will be coerced to integer: supplying an argument of length other than one is an error.
	Further arguments passed to or from other methods.
base	Specifies the base of the number (default is the base attribute of the object).

#### **Details**

The int64 class stores 64-bit integers in vectors of doubles and the base as an attribute base of the vector for printing and conversion to character. The motivation behind this class is to give R the ability to load 64-bit integers directly, for example, to represent the commonly used 64-bit identifiers in relational and other databases.

#### See Also

Ops.int64 csvread

nt 64 Operators for the int 64 class.	Ops.int64	Operators for the int 64 class.
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# Description

Operators for the int 64 class: one of +, -, ==, !=, <, <=, > or >=.

Ops.int64

# Usage

```
e1 + e2
e1 - e2
## S3 method for class 'int64'
e1 + e2
## S3 method for class 'int64'
e1 - e2
```

# **Arguments**

el int64 object, character vector or numeric vector (character and numeric values are converted by as.int64).

e2 int64 object, character vector or numeric vector (character and numeric values are converted by as.int64).

#### See Also

int64

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