# SVEUČILIŠTE U ZAGREBU FAKULTET ELEKTROTEHNIKE I RAČUNARSTVA

#### NEIZRAZITO, EVOLUCIJSKO I NEURORAČUNARSTO

# 6. Domaća zadaća - Sustav ANFIS (engl. *Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference System*)

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# SADRŽAJ

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Funkcija pogreške za k-ti uzorak:

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2}(y_k - o_k)^2,$$

gdje  $y_k$  predstavlja željeni izlaz za k-ti uzorak, dok  $o_k$  predstavlja stvarni izlaz neurofuzzy sustava.

Ažuriranje parametara u skladu s algoritmom gradijentnog spusta:

$$\psi(t+1) = \psi(t) - \eta \cdot \frac{\partial E_k}{\partial \psi}.$$

Promatrat ćemo ANFIS koji koristi zaključivanje tipa 3 (metodu Takagi-Sugeno-Kang). Neuro-fuzzy sustav će imati dva ulaza i jedan izlaz čime će obavljati preslikavanje  $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ .. U općem slučaju, neuro-fuzzy sustav će raspolagati s m pravila:

$$\mathbb{R}_1$$
: Ako  $x$  je  $A_1$  i  $y$  je  $B_1$  tada  $z = p_1 x + q_1 y + r_1$ 

$$\mathbb{R}_2$$
: Ako  $x$  je  $A_2$  i  $y$  je  $B_2$  tada  $z = p_2x + q_2y + r_2$ 

. . .

$$\mathbb{R}_m$$
: Ako  $x$  je  $A_m$  i  $y$  je  $B_m$  tada  $z=p_mx+q_my+r_m$ 

Uz zadani skup pravila od m pravila, temeljem primjera za učenje sustav treba naučiti ukupno  $2 \cdot m$  neizrazitih skupova koji se nalaze u antecedent dijelu pravila i  $3 \cdot m$  parametara koji određuju m funkcija u konzekvens dijelovima pravila.

Neizraziti skupovi *A* i *B* su definirani sljedećim funkcijama pripadnosti:

$$\alpha_i = A_i(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{b_i(x - a_i)}},$$

$$\beta_i = B_i(y) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{d_i(y - c_i)}}.$$

Iz navedenog se može zaključiti da je potrebno naučiti sveukupno  $7 \cdot m$  parametara sustava.

Stvarni izlaz neuro-fuzzy sustava je definiran na sljedeći način:

$$o_k = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{m} \pi_i z_i}{\sum_{i=1}^{m} \pi_i},$$

gdje je  $\pi_i = \alpha_i \cdot \beta_i$ . Sada kada znamo kako je sve definirano, možemo izvesti formule za ažuriranje svih parametara tijekom učenja algoritmom gradijenti spust, pa krenimo:

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial a_i} = \frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial \pi_i} \frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial \alpha_i} \frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial a_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} = \frac{\partial}{\partial o_k} (\frac{1}{2} (y_k - o_k)^2) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (y_k - o_k) \cdot (-1) = -(y_k - o_k)$$

$$\frac{\partial o_k}{\partial \pi_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \pi_i} (\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j z_j}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}) = \frac{z_i \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j z_j \cdot 1}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} = \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j (z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \pi_i}{\partial a_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial a_i} (\alpha_i \cdot \beta_i) = \beta_i$$

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial a_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial a_i} (\frac{1}{1 + e^{b_i(x - a_i)}}) = (-1) \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + e^{b_i(x - a_i)})^2} \cdot e^{b_i(x - a_i)} \cdot (-b_i) = \alpha_i (1 - \alpha_i) \cdot b_i$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial a_i} = -(y_k - o_k) \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j (z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} \beta_i \alpha_i (1 - \alpha_i) b_i$$

$$\implies a_i (t + 1) = a_i (t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j (z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} \beta_i \alpha_i (1 - \alpha_i) b_i$$

2.

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial b_i} = \frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial \pi_i} \frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial \alpha_i} \frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial b_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} = -(y_k - o_k)$$

$$\frac{\partial o_k}{\partial \pi_i} = \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j (z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \pi_i}{\partial b_i} = \beta_i$$

$$\frac{\partial \alpha_i}{\partial b_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial b_i} (\frac{1}{1 + e^{b_i(x - a_i)}}) = (-1) \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + e^{b_i(x - a_i)})^2} \cdot e^{b_i(x - a_i)} \cdot (x - a_i) = \alpha_i (1 - \alpha_i) \cdot (a_i - x)$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial b_i} = -(y_k - o_k) \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j (z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} \beta_i \alpha_i (1 - \alpha_i) (a_i - x)$$

$$\implies b_i(t + 1) = b_i(t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j (z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} \beta_i \alpha_i (1 - \alpha_i) (a_i - x)$$

3. Po uzoru na ažuriranje parametra a uz  $\frac{\partial \pi_i}{\partial \beta_i} = \alpha_i$ :

$$\implies c_i(t+1) = c_i(t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j(z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} \alpha_i \beta_i (1 - \beta_i) d_i$$

4. Po uzoru na ažuriranje parametra b uz  $\frac{\partial \pi_i}{\partial \beta_i} = \alpha_i$ :

$$\implies d_i(t+1) = d_i(t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^m \pi_j(z_i - z_j)}{(\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j)^2} \alpha_i \beta_i (1 - \beta_i) (c_i - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial p_i} = \frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial p_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} = -(y_k - o_k)$$

$$\frac{\partial o_k}{\partial p_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial p_i} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j z_j}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial p_i} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j (p_j x + q_j y + r_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}\right) = \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j} x$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial p_i} = -(y_k - o_k) \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j} x$$

$$\implies p_i(t+1) = p_i(t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j} x$$

6.

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial q_i} = \frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial q_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} = -(y_k - o_k)$$

$$\frac{\partial o_k}{\partial q_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_i} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j z_j}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_i} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j (p_j x + q_j y + r_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}\right) = \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j} y$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial q_i} = -(y_k - o_k) \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j} y$$

$$\implies q_i(t+1) = q_i(t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j} y$$

7.

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial r_i} = \frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} \frac{\partial o_k}{\partial r_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial o_k} = -(y_k - o_k)$$

$$\frac{\partial o_k}{\partial r_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial r_i} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j z_j}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}\right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial q_i} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j (p_j x + q_j y + r_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}\right) = \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_k}{\partial r_i} = -(y_k - o_k) \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}$$

$$\implies r_i(t+1) = r_i(t) + \eta \cdot (y_k - o_k) \frac{\pi_i}{\sum_{j=1}^m \pi_j}$$

**Napomena:** Ažuriranje parametara je izvedeno za *online* tip učenja, dok bi se za pravi gradijent morala uzimati suma pogrešaka svih uzoraka za učenje tijekom pronalaska parcijalnih derivacija, tj.

$$E = \sum_{k=1}^{N} E_k.$$

### 5. Literatura

M. Čupić, B. Dalbelo Bašić, i M. Golub. *Neizrazito, evolucijsko i neuroračunarstvo*, kolovoz 2013. URL http://java.zemris.fer.hr/nastava/nenr/knjiga-0.1.2013-08-12.pdf. [Pristupljeno 15-Prosinac-2020.].