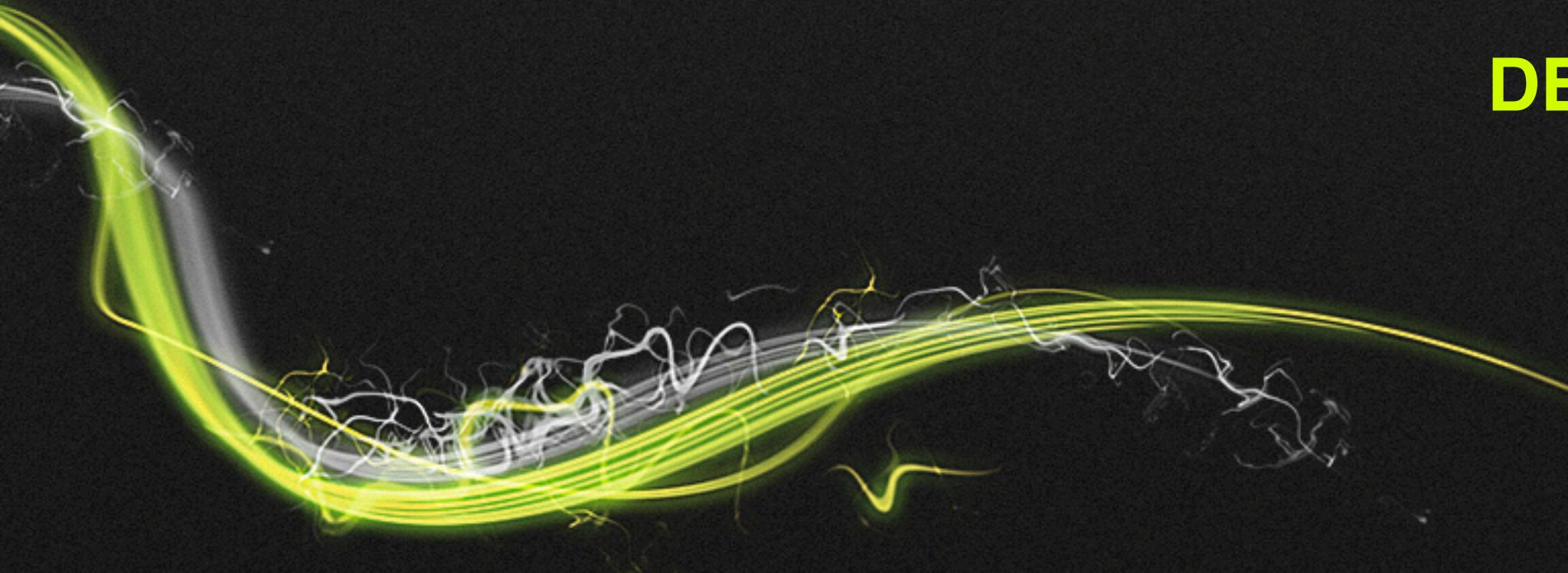


# SDN Decrypted A top level view to SDN

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**DENOOG6**



# 3 types of SDN



# 3 types of SDN



SDN for  
LAN



SDN for WAN



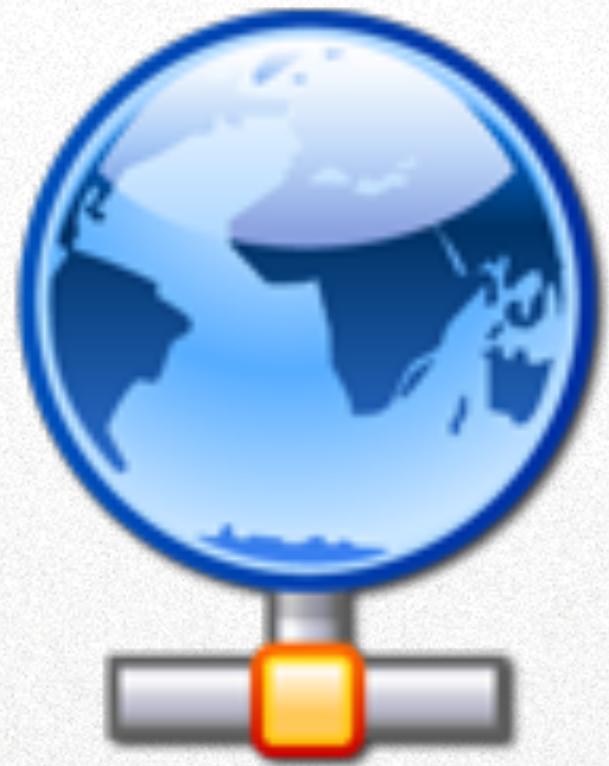
SDN for Clouds

# SDN for LANs



- ◆ SDN for LAN is mostly an idea
- ◆ No real products are available -> OpenFlow is academic
- ◆ Anyhow, nobody needs it

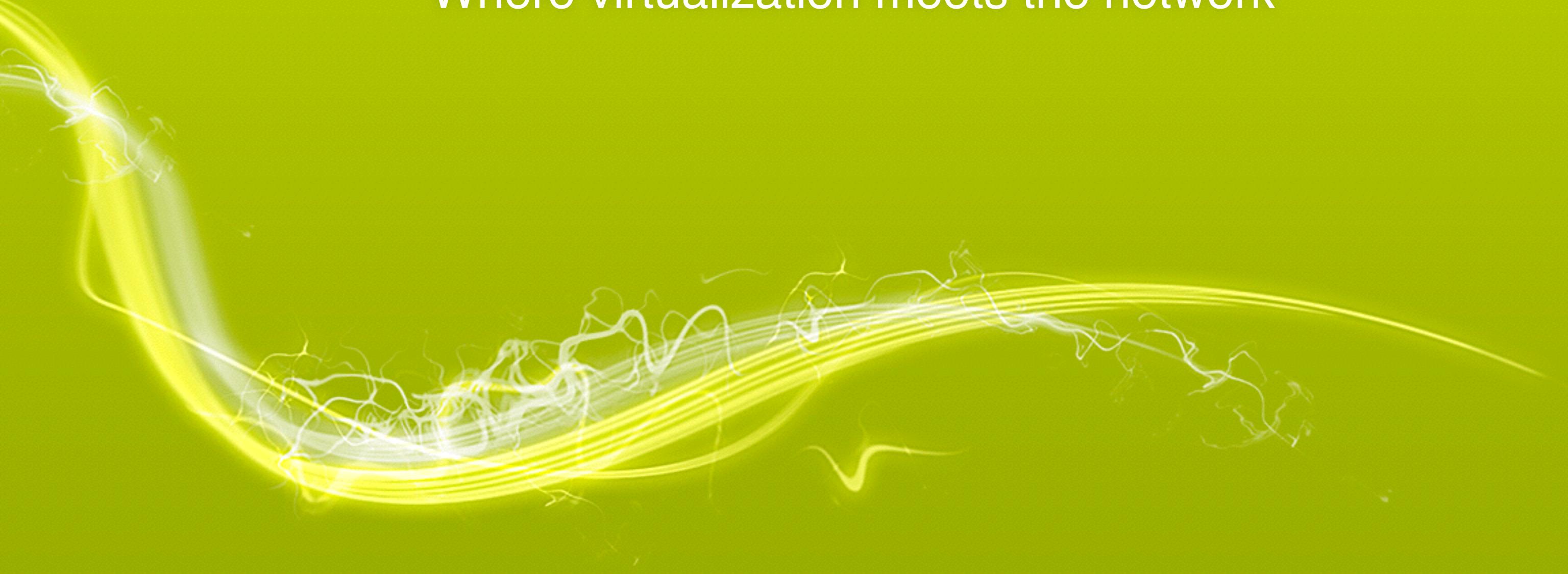
# SDN for WAN



- ◆ SDN for WAN is in first steps
- ◆ MPLS LSPs are to be manipulated by a central controller
- ◆ Protocols drafts are quite old
- ◆ Early adopter products available Q1 2015
- ◆ Use cases are in big carrier backbones

# SDN for the cloud

Where virtualization meets the network



# What is cloud computing?

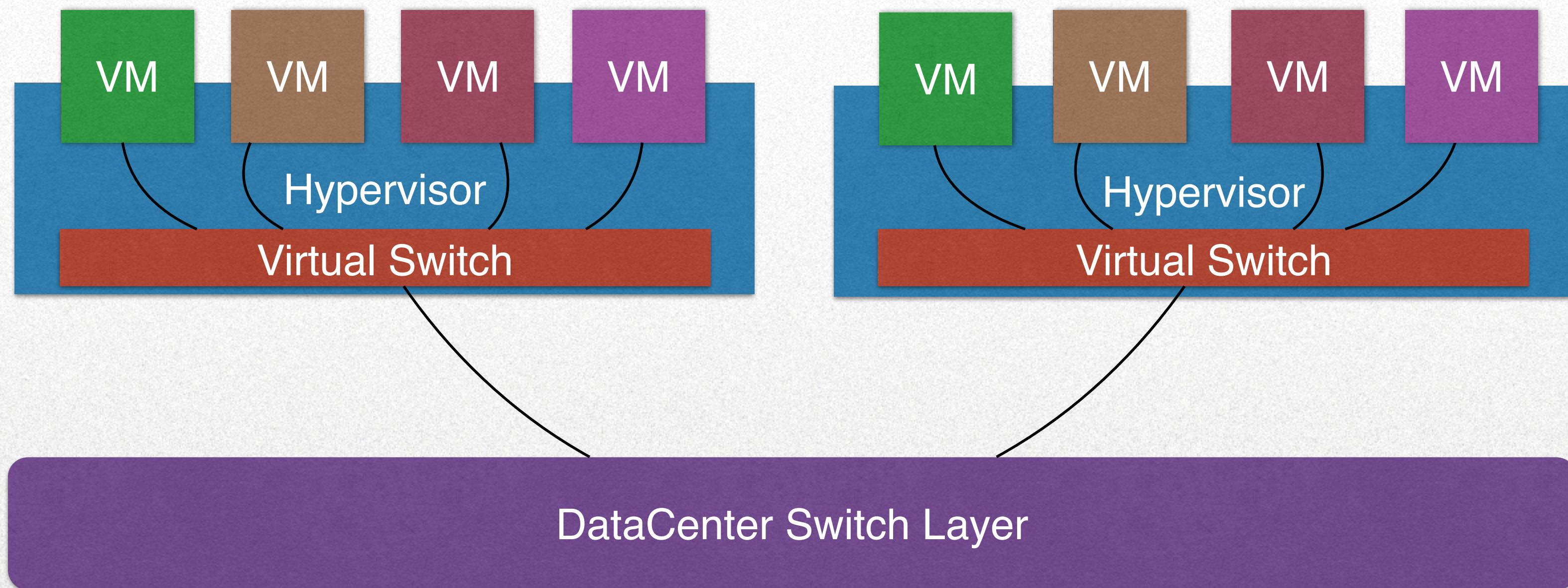
Cloud computing is the delivery of computing as a service rather than a product, whereby shared resources, software, and information are provided to computers over a network.

# Cloud computing vs. virtualization environments

Cloud computing is classic virtualization in a much higher scale and fully automated.

Cloud computing is meant for 1000s of virtual systems.

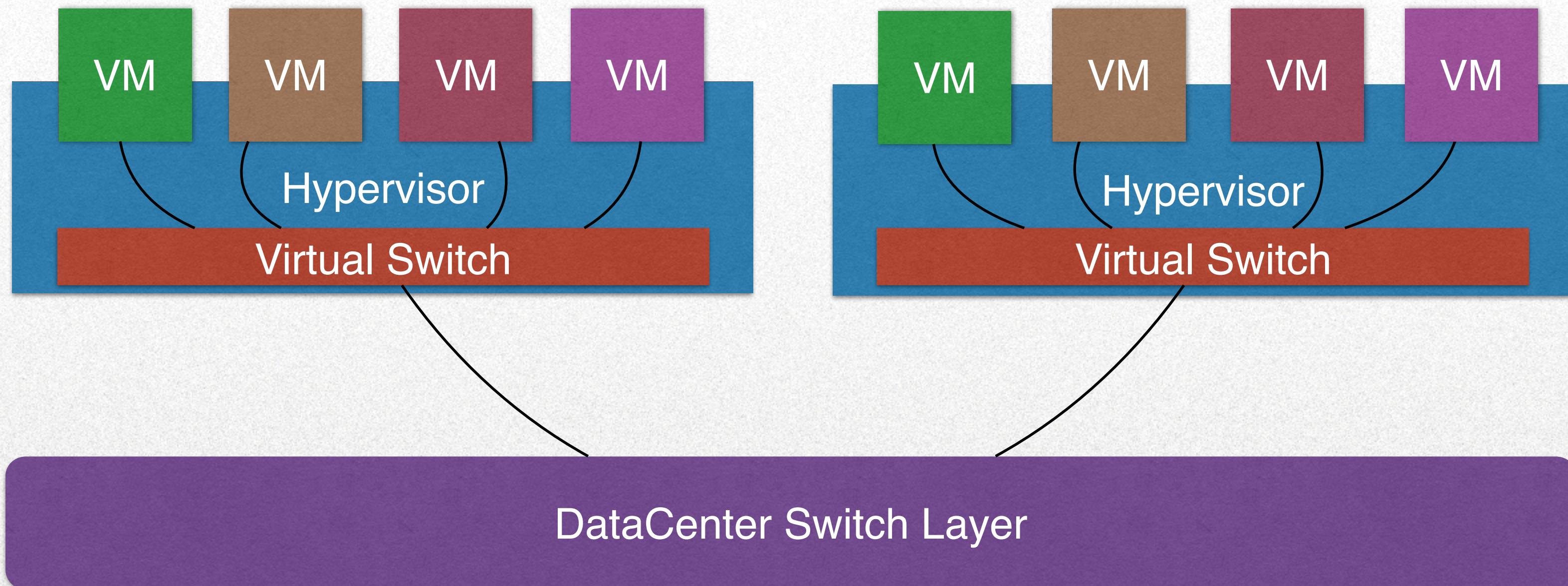
# Classic approach to virtualization



- ◆ 4 VMs per Server
- ◆ each from a different customer
- ◆ each customer has its own VLAN
- ◆ preconfigured to each server

This scales only up to 4096 VLANs, and only to as much hosts as the Datacenter Switch Layer can learn mac addresses

# Classic approach to virtualization



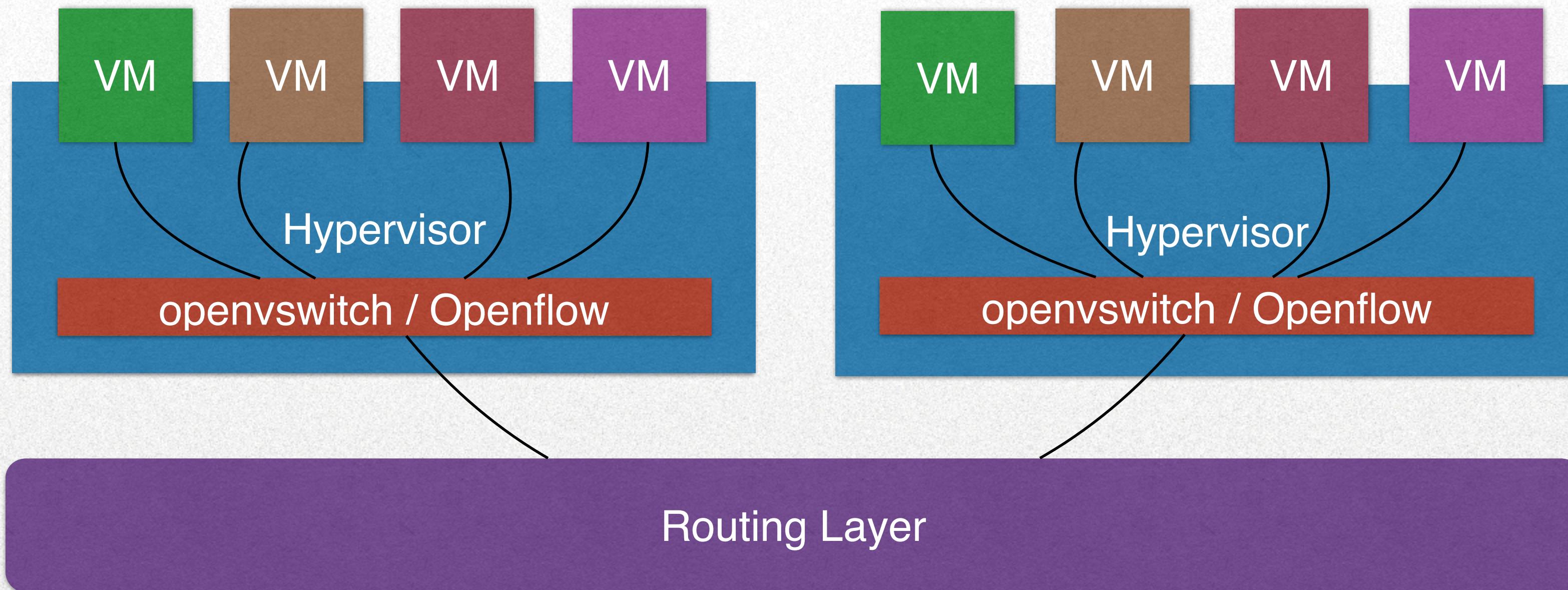
## Automatisation approaches:

- ◆ Configure VLAN to server via orchestration
- ◆ Overlay: VXLAN

## Scaling approaches:

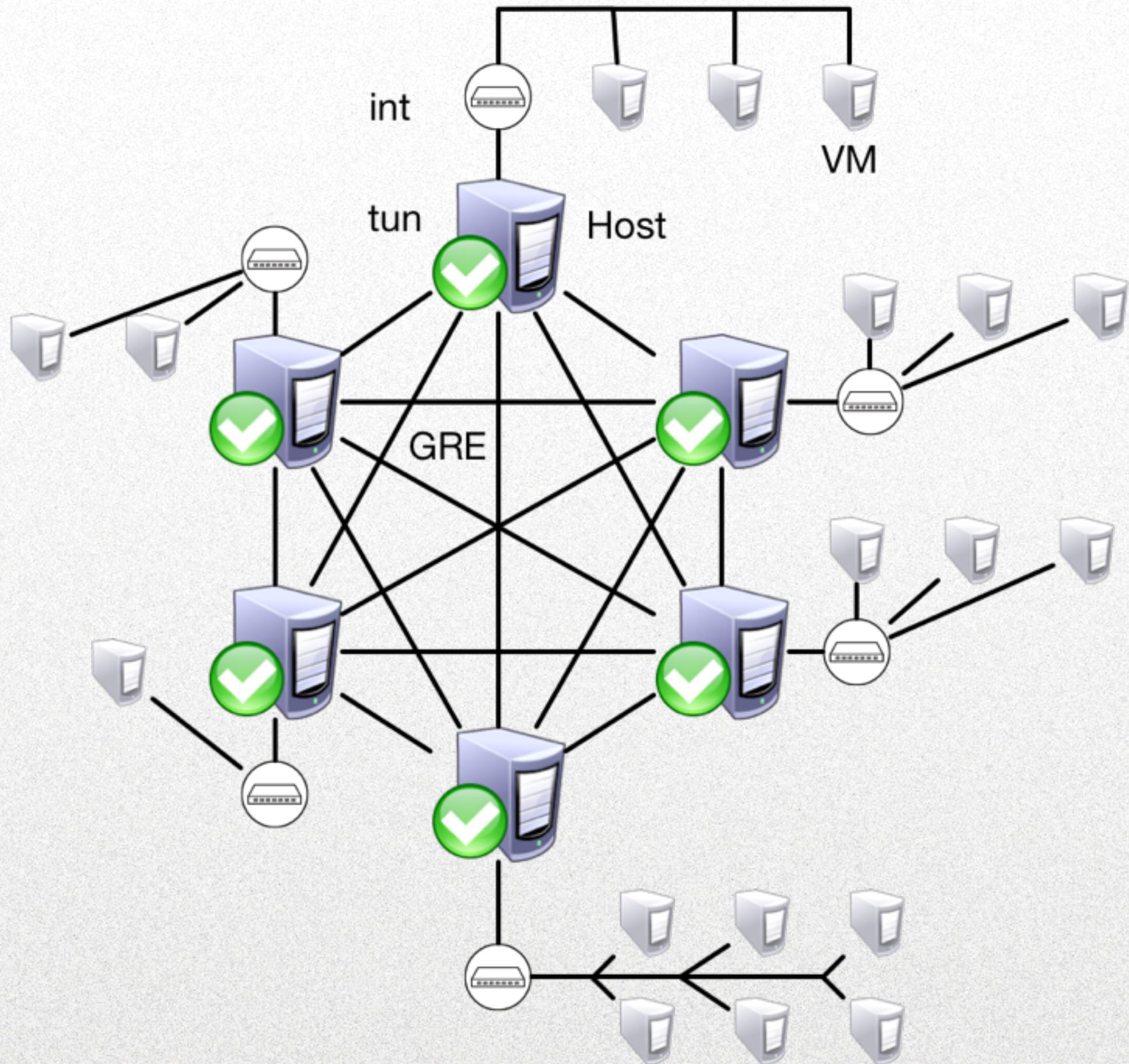
- ◆ Multiple clients per VLAN
- ◆ Breakup in multiple independent domains
- ◆ Nonstandard-compliant hacks

# Virtualize the network - step 1



The default switch is getting replaced with a encapsulating switch

# Virtualize the network - Step 1

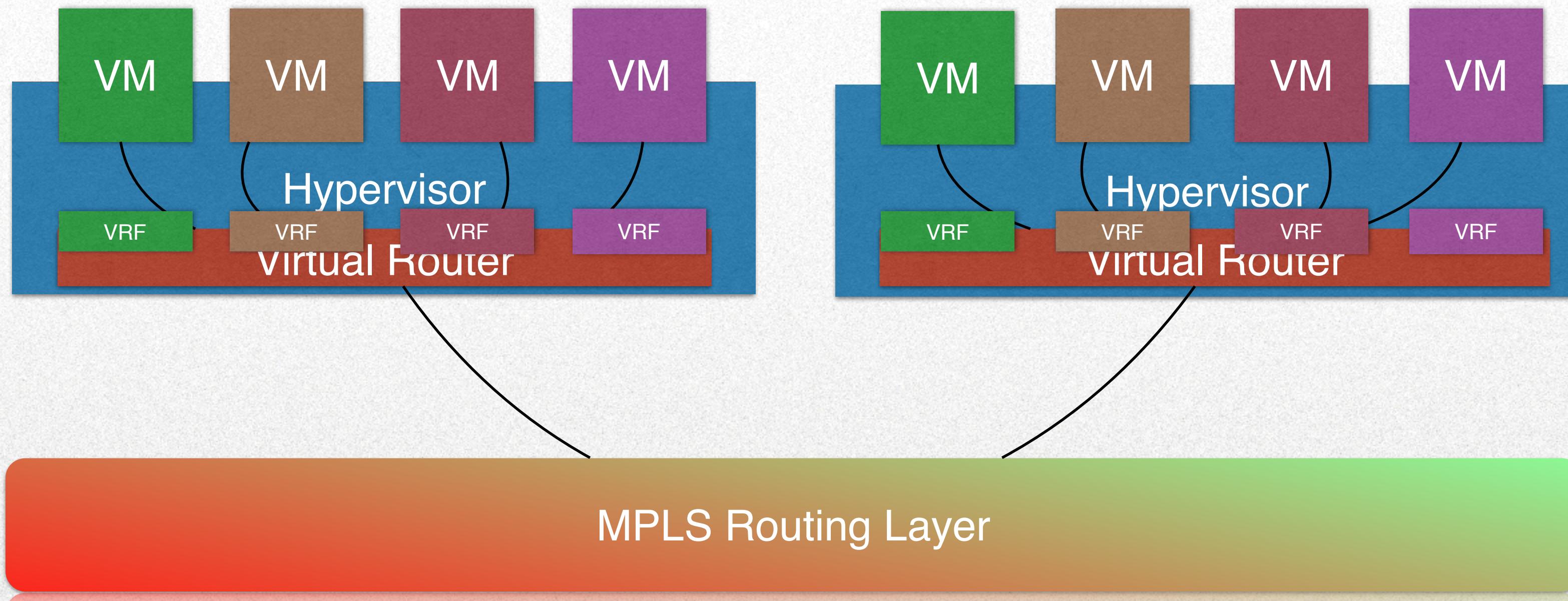


A full mesh of either GRE-tunnels or VXLAN or \$Overlay is created

„Netzwerk? Die einzige richtige Lösung ist Routing und MPLS“

*-Tom Eichhorn - 2010*

# SDN for scaling clouds



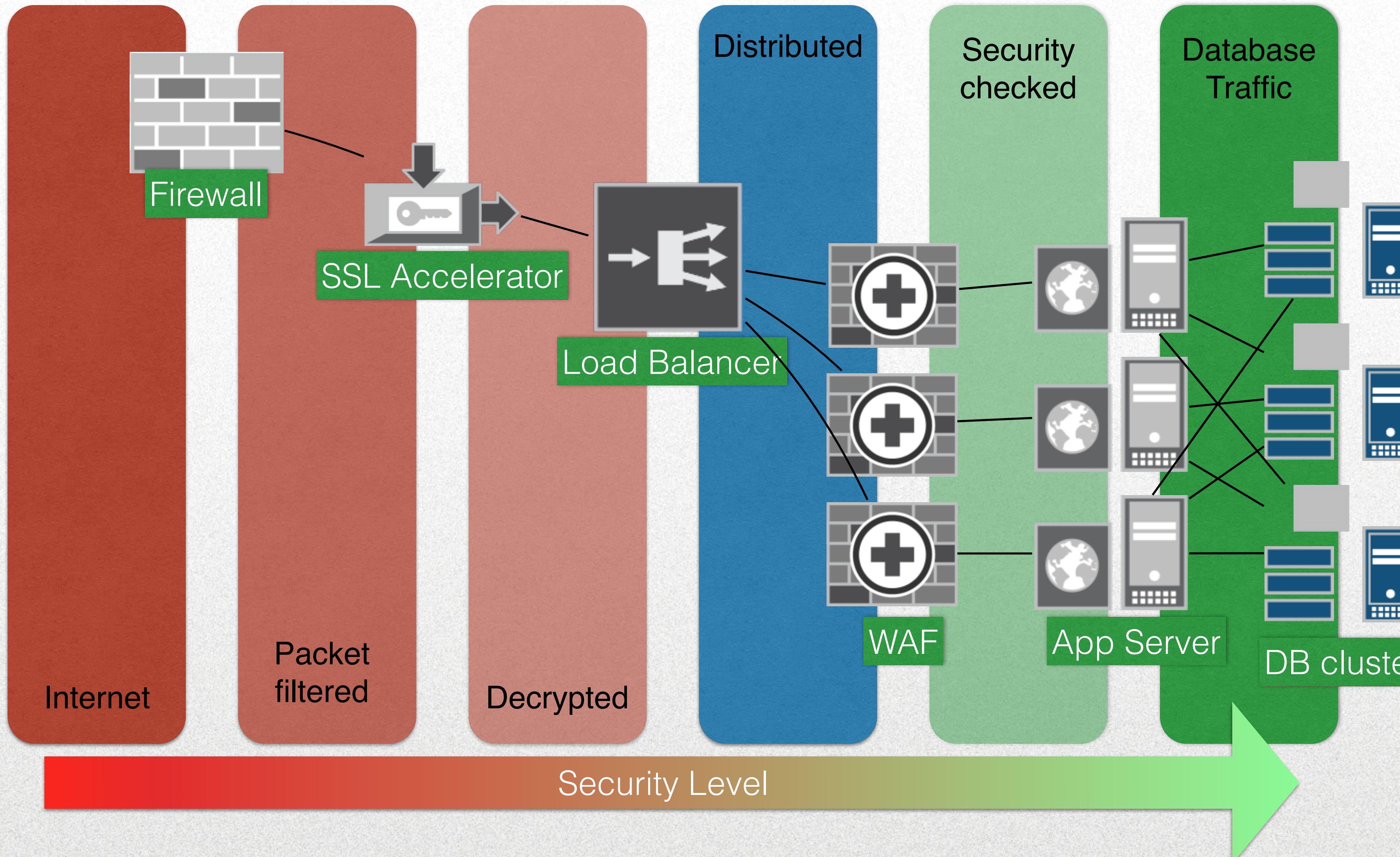
We replace the whole switching stack with a routing stack.

Each virtual machine has a /32 IP and knows its router.

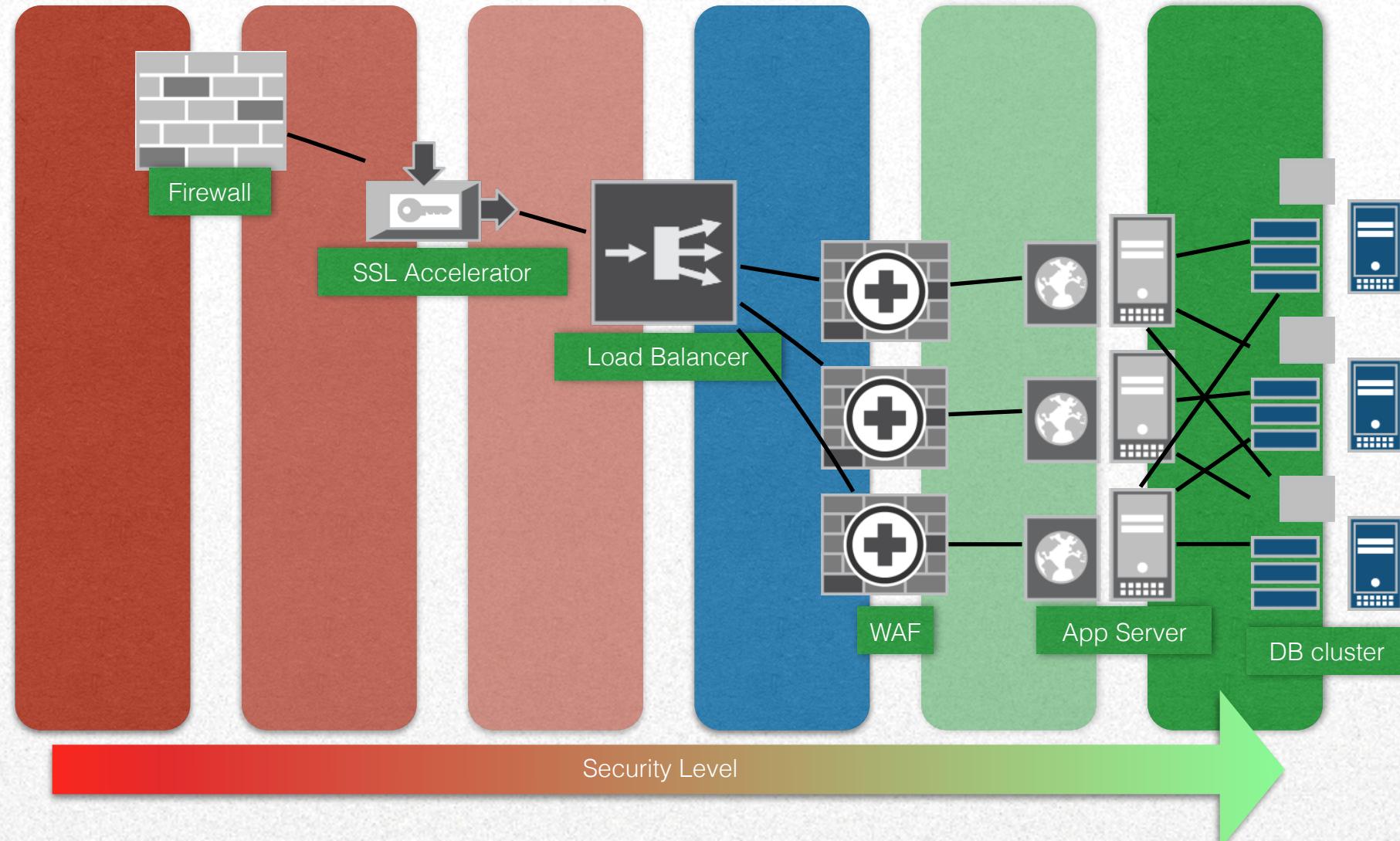
VMs get separated by MPLS VPNs

# What can we do with routed cloud networks?

15



# What can we do with routed cloud networks?



Individual network designs:

- ★ Multiple security zones
- ★ Either physical or virtual appliances
- ★ Customer specific instances of NFV

# Questions?