The Good The Bad The Ugly





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https://diode.io

Taipei Ethereum Meetup Online Event Thursday, 24 September 2020 Ethereum Governance, DeFi, vAMMs, Layer 2 solutions, and more



Tim Beiko (Parity)



What Are We *Not* Trying To Fix?

High Gas Prices

- There is a common misconception that EIP-1559 will help "bring gas prices down".
- This is only partially true: it will make intra-block gas prices more consistent and will allow for better management of demand spikes, but if demand is always high, and the block space (supply) is fixed, gas prices will be high.

ETH's Inflationary Supply

- There is a misconception that EIP-1559 will lead to "negative issuance" of ETH (i.e. a deflationary supply).
- This would only be true if transaction fees are significantly larger than block rewards for extended periods of time.

 Empirically, block rewards have almost always been much larger than total block transaction fees.

WHAT?



ABOUT ME



Co-Founder of Diode building **decentralized infrastructure**

- <u>BlockQuick paper</u> published on May 27, 2019
- PreNet Launched January 2020
- Diode Client v0.4.10
- Offices in Berlin and Taipei

Focusing on makers, Raspberry Pl. Driving Network versatility. Broadcasting, secure tunneling, fleet management, VPN security, and storage.

BlockQuick Validation for IoT



Client	Storage	Sync/Day
geth fast sync	200 GB	~100 MB
geth light	1.2 GB	~3.5 MB
IOTA	8 GB	~1 GB
BlockQuick	20 KB	20 KB



The Problems EIP-1559 Tries to Solve

Mismatch between **volatility** of transaction fee levels and social cost of transactions

Needless **delays** for users

Inefficiencies of first price auctions

Instability of blockchains with no block reward

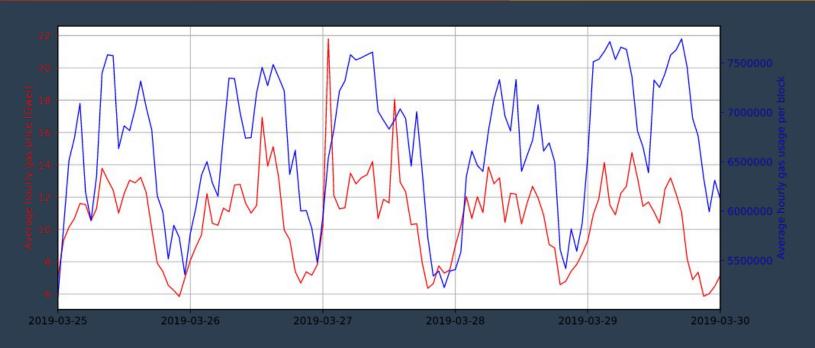
Vitalik Buterin March 2019



GOOD



Daily Gas Demand Cycle



The difference between average gasprice and 10th percentile gasprice in a regular block is something like 3x for median and 5-8x for mean. People needlessly overpay massively.



EIP-1559 TRANSACTION

GASFEE

TIP BASEFEE



Pre EIP-1559 Block Capacity

(10 million gas today max)

EIP-1559 MAX Capacity

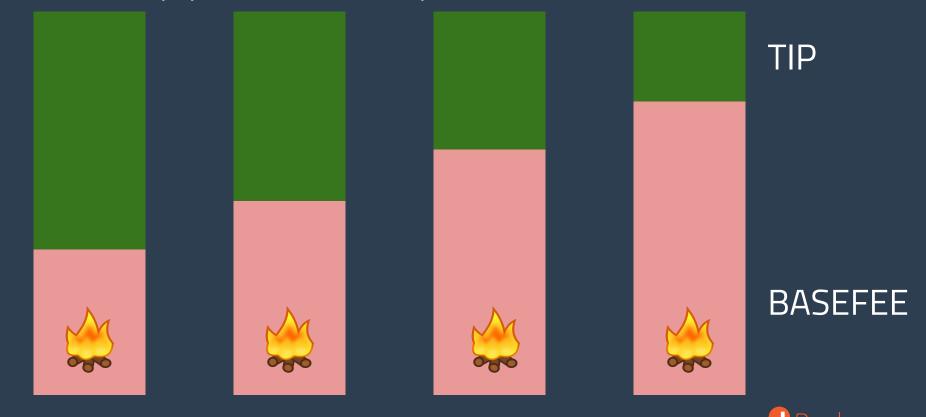
EIP-1559 TARGET Capacity

Decrease BASEFEE **◄**

Increase BASEFEE



Full Blocks Increase the BASEFEE by max. 12% Empty Block Reduce it by max. 12%



Improvements

Smooth BASEFEE Curve

Predictable Gas Fees => Less Overpaid Gas

Larger max. Blocks

No/Less gas price Manipulation

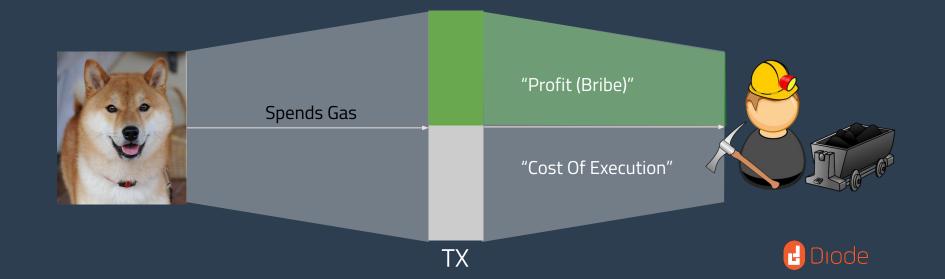




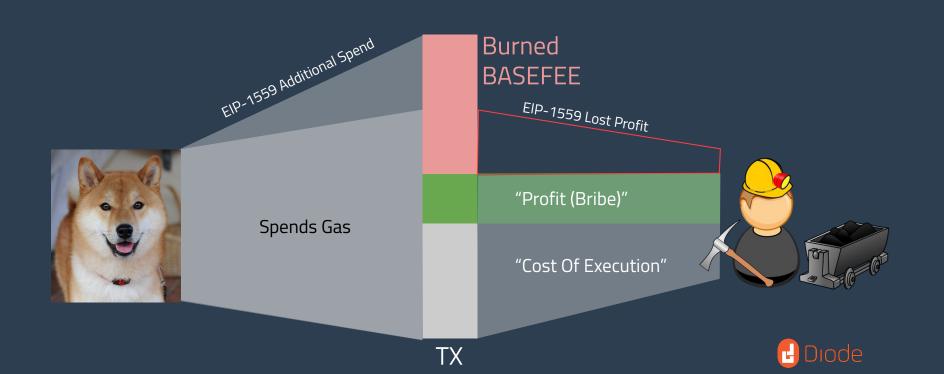
lt's a Nobodoy profits



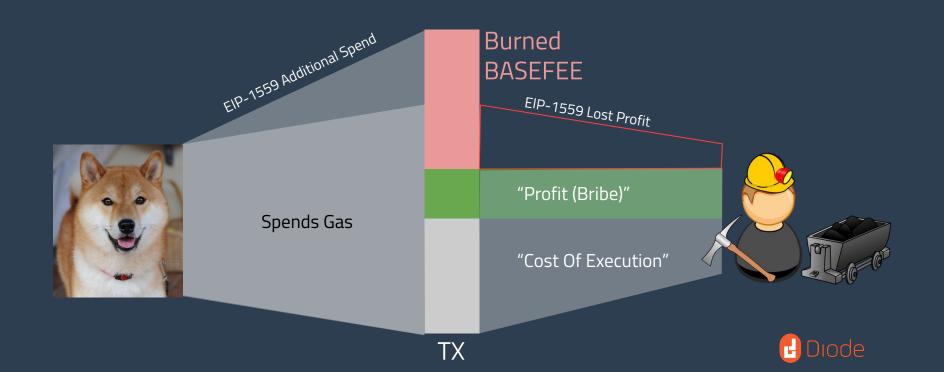
PRE EIP-1559



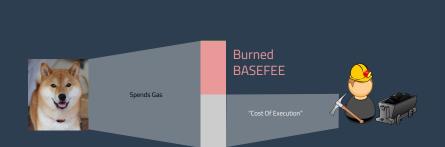
EIP-1559 Equilibrium?

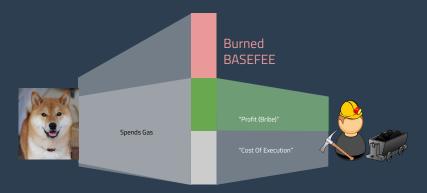


EIP-1559 Equilibrium? "Loose-Loose"

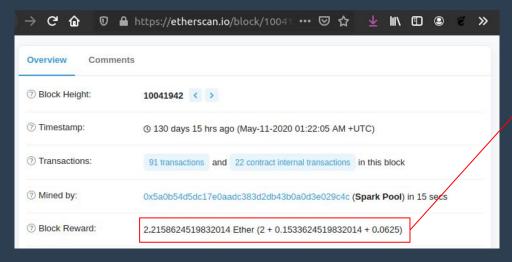


EIP-1559 Equilibrium?



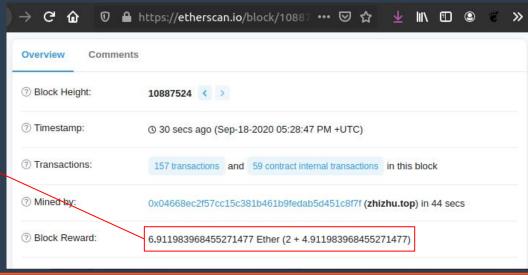






Good old time with low tx fees \$832

Todays defi reality \$2,609



RISKS

• Stability: 2x Sized Blocks ??

Implementation: Two Transaction Queues

Miners: Lower Revenue Per Block
 Harder to Earn Block Mining Incentives

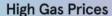
Price Equilibrium: ?





IT'S NOT FIXING HIGH GAS PRICES

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"In Protocol"-Collusion



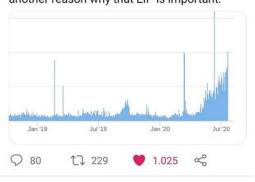


dominic

Just saw your comment @vbuterin



vitalik.eth ② @VitalikButerin · 17 Std. Transaction fee revenue is now nearing half as high as block reward revenue. This actually risks making ethereum *less* secure because of cs.princeton.edu/~arvindn/publi.... Fee market reform (ie. EIP 1559) fixes this; another reason why that EIP is important.



Could you lay out the thought how eip-1559 helps with the attack described in the paper? I was thinking about the impact myself but concluded that because the anticipated equilibrium in https://www.cs.princeton.edu/~arvindn/publications/mining_CCS.pdf has only half filled blocks it would keep the MINFEE at 0 and hence not change anything on the problem.

There was another paper proposing payout of the transaction fee in a sliding average window of the last 10 blocks. That might fix the risk of the petty miner scheme and could be quick follow of 1559.



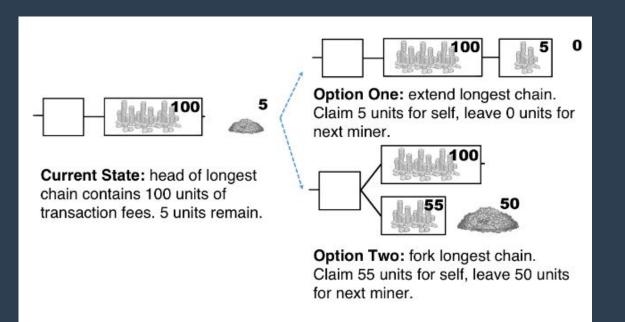


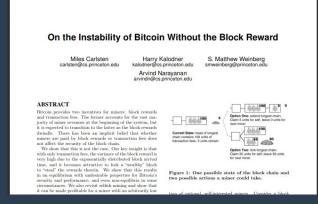


Jul 22



IDEA: All Consensus Rules are Followed but we don't include all Transactions

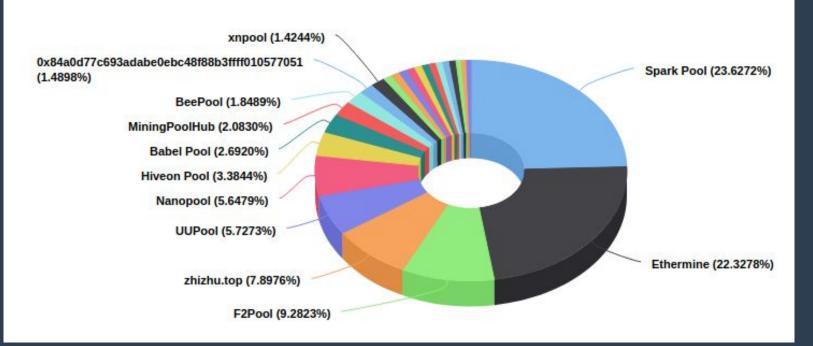




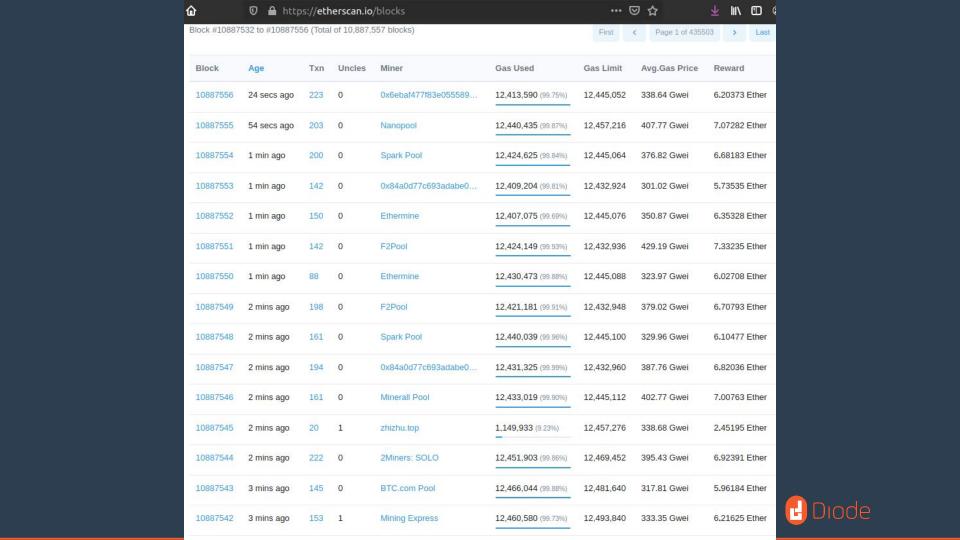


Top 25 Miners by Blocks

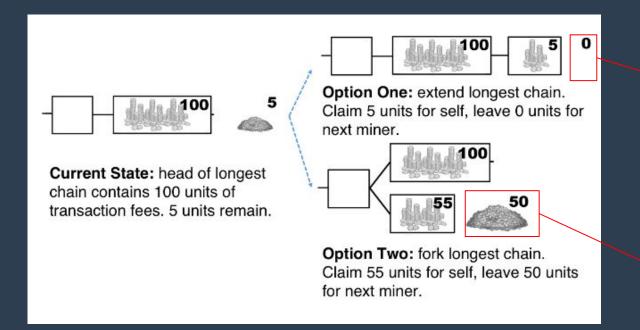
In the last 7 days Source: Etherscan.io







Which Block Would you Follow?

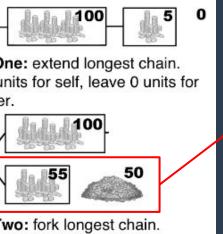


You make ~**\$800**

You make ~**\$2,700**



Which Block Would you Follow?



wo: fork longest chain. units for self, leave 50 units niner.

Half-filled blocks:

- Leave more \$\$\$ for the next miner
- Reduce the BASEFEE TAX: "Win-Win"
- If everyone does it BASEFEE stays 0
 and all stays as is pre eip-1559...



What are other Options?



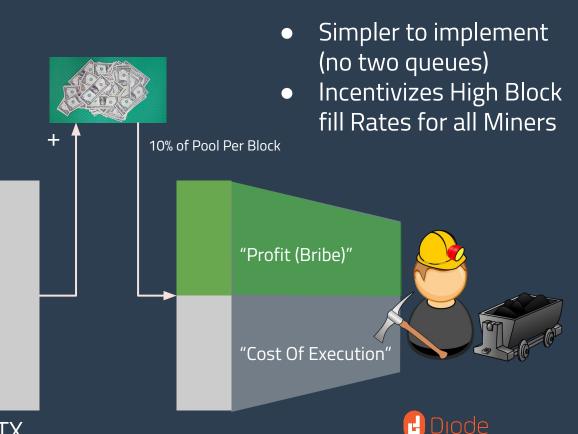
Diode Logo



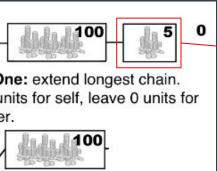
EIP-1559 + FeePool

- 1) No Burning, no TAX.
- 2) Gas is added to Pool.
- Miner gets 10% of Pool per Block

Spends Gas



FeePool Edition (Diode Network):



wo: fork longest chain.
units for self, leave 50 units

niner.

50

Full blocks:

More \$\$\$ for the next miners
 10% (20m gas * 9 block + 1m * 1 block) = 18m gas

Half-filled blocks:

- Leave less! \$\$\$ for the next miners
 10% (10m gas * 9 block + 10m * 1 block) = 10m gas
- Reduce the MINFEE: "Loose-Win"



Thank You!



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