

## Problem Set - 0

# Introduction to Mathematical Logic and Proofs

OpenCourseWare Discord

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## Fundamentals of Mathematical Logic

1. Complete the following truth table:

$P$	$Q$	$\neg Q$	$P \wedge (\neg Q)$
T	T	-	-
T	F	-	-
F	T	-	-
F	F	-	-

2. A college student makes the following statement:

“If I don’t see my advisor today, then I’ll see her tomorrow.”

Determine whether for each of the following the above statement is true or false:

- The student doesn’t see his advisor either day.
- The student sees his advisor both days.
- The student sees his advisor on one of the two days.
- The student doesn’t see his advisor today and waits until next week to see her.

3. Let  $P$  and  $Q$  be statements. Which of the following implies that  $P \vee Q$  is false?

- $(\neg P) \vee (\neg Q)$  is false.
- $(\neg P) \vee Q$  is true.
- $(\neg P) \wedge (\neg Q)$  is true.
- $Q \implies P$  is true.
- $P \wedge Q$  is false.

4. “Translate” the following logical statements into statements in English<sup>1</sup>:

- $(\neg Q) \implies (P \wedge (\neg P))$
- $(P \vee Q) \implies R$
- $(P \implies R) \wedge (Q \implies R)$

Are the last two statements logically equivalent? Check and explain why they are or aren’t the same.

## Proofs

- Let  $x \in \mathbb{Z}$  Prove that if  $2^{2x}$  is an odd integer, then  $2^{-2x}$  is an even integer.
- Prove that  $2n^2 + n$  is odd iff  $\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$  is even.
- Find a counterexample for the following statements:
  - If  $a$  and  $b$  are any two real numbers, then  $\log(ab) = \log(a) + \log(b)$ .
  - Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ . If  $ab$  and  $(a+b)^2$  are of opposite parity, then  $a^2b^2$  and  $a + ab + b$  are of opposite parity.
- Prove that there exist no positive integers  $m$  and  $n$  for which  $m^2 + m + 1 = n^2$ .
- Prove  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$  is an irrational number.
- Show that  $7^n - 1$  is divisible by 6, for all positive integers  $n$ .
- [Optional Bonus]** Let  $x$  be a real number such that  $x + x^{-1}$  is an integer. Prove that  $x^n + x^{-n}$  is an integer, for all positive integers  $n$ .

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<sup>1</sup>That is, if your logical statement is  $P \implies Q$  then you “translate” it to : “P implies Q” or anything equivalent to that. You’re also encouraged to use examples as you like, such as “If A is an apple, then B is a ball.”