End of Chapter 10 Exercises

Due on July 21st, 2019 Computer Organization & Programming CS550WS—Summer I Ed Banduk

Daniel Kadyrov

Problem 3A. A multiplattered hard disk is divided into 1100 sectors and 40,000 cylinders. There are six platter surfaces. Each block holds 512 bytes. The disk is rotating a rate of 4800 rpm. The disk has an average seek time of 12 msec. What is the total capacity of this disk?

Solution

Disk Capacity = 6 platters
$$\times$$
 1100 sectors \times 40,000 cylinders \times 512 bytes = 135,168,000,000 bytes = 135.168 Gigabytes

Problem 10.4A. The average latency on a disk with 2200 sectors is found experimentally to be 110 msec. What is the rotating speed of the disk?

Solution

Rotational Speed =
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 Average Latency
= $\frac{1}{2}(110\text{ms})$
= $.004545$ ms

Problem I. For a display of 1920 pixels by 1080 pixels at 16 bits per pixel how much memory, in megabytes, is needed to store the image?

Solution

$$\begin{split} &1920 \text{ pixels} \times 1080 \text{ pixels} = 2,073,600 \text{ pixels} \\ &2,073,600 \text{ pixels} \times 16 \frac{\text{bits}}{\text{pixel}} \times \frac{1 \text{ bytes}}{8 \text{ bits}} = 4,147,200 \text{ bytes} \\ &4,147,200 \text{ bytes} \times \frac{1\text{MB}}{1,048,576 \text{ bytes}} = \textbf{3.955 MB} \end{split}$$

Problem II. What is the average rotational latency of a hard drive rotating at 7,200 RPM or 120 revolutions per second? (Give your answer in milliseconds)

Solution

$$\begin{split} \text{Average Latency Time} &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\text{rotational speed}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{7200 \text{rev/min} \times 1 \text{ min/60 sec}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{120 \text{rev/sec}} = 0.00416 \text{ seconds} = \textbf{4.167 milliseconds} \end{split}$$

Problem III. What is the transfer time for a hard drive rotating at 7,200 RPM or 120 revolutions per second? Assume there are 30 sectors per track. (Give your answer in milliseconds)

Solution

Transfer Time = (Number of Sectors × Rotational Speed)⁻¹ =
$$\frac{1}{30 \text{ sector/track}} \times \frac{1}{20 \text{ rev/sec}} = 0.000278 \text{ seconds} = \mathbf{0.278 \text{ milliseconds}}$$