Computing for Mathematics: Handout 2

This handout contains a summary of the topics covered and an activity to carry out prior or during your lab session.

At the end of the handout is a specific coursework like exercise.

For further practice you can do the exercises available at the algebra chapter of Python for Mathematics.

1 Summary

The purpose of this handout is to cover Algebra which corresponds to the Algebra chapter of Python for Mathematics.

The topics covered are:

- · Creating symbolic numeric values
- · Getting numerical value of a symbolic expression
- · Factorising an expression
- · Expanding an expression
- · Simplifying an expression
- · Solving an equation
- Substituting values in to expressions

2 Activity

We will be tackling the problem from the tutorial of the Algebra chapter of Python for Mathematics.

- 1. Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+1}$
- 2. Consider the quadratic: $f(x) = 2x^2 + x + 1$:
 - (a) Calculate the discriminant of the quadratic equation $2x^2 + x + 1 = 0$. What does this tell us about the solutions to the equation? What does this tell us about the graph of f(x)?
 - (b) By completing the square, show that the minimum point of f(x) is $\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{7}{8}\right)$

There are instructions for how to do all of this is in the Algebra chapter of Python for Mathematics.

- 1. Create the variable expression which has value $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 1$.
- 2. Use the sympy simplify command to rationalise the denominator.
- 3. Create the variable expression which has value the quadratic from the second part of the question: $f(x) = 2x^2 + x + 1$.
- 4. Use the sympy equation and sympy soveset command to find the roots of f.
- 5. Create the variable expression which has value the expression $a(x-b)^2 + c$.

6. Solve the various equations that give the correct values of a, b and c to be able to complete the square for f(x).

3 Summary examples

Create the symbolic value 1/3

```
import sympy
value = 1 / sympy.S(3)
```

Get the numeric value of a symbolic variable 1/3

```
import sympy
float(value)
```

Factor $x^2 - 81$

```
import sympy
x = sympy.Symbol("x")
sympy.factor(x ** 2 - 81)
```

Expand (x-1)(x+1)

```
import sympy
x = sympy.Symbol("x")
sympy.expand((x - 1) * (x + 1))
```

```
Simplify (x-3)(x-3)
```

```
import sympy
x = sympy.Symbol("x")
sympy.simplify((x - 3) * (x - 3))
```

Solve $x + 4 = x^2$

```
import sympy
x = sympy.Symbol("x")
equation = sym.Eq(x + 4, x ** 2)
sympy.solveset(equation, x)
```

Substitute x = -2 in to $x^2 - 4$

```
import sympy
x = sympy.Symbol("x")
expression = x ** 2 - 4
expression.subs({x: -2})
```