

# MA32009 Lecture slides

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# Lecture 1

# Malthusian model - derivation and qualitative analysis

## A general model

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = f(N)N = H(N),$$

# Numerical solution

# Dimensions and nondimensionalisation

As an example, consider the linear ODE

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN.$$

## Introducing dimensionless variables

# Steady-state analysis

## Lecture 10

- ▶ Recap
- ▶ Techniques for single first order ODE (ctd)
- ▶ Example model 1: Logistic growth
- ▶ Example model 2: Spruce budworm



# Linear stability analysis

## Linear stability analysis (ctd)

## Graphical solution

# Bifurcation diagrams

## Example model 1: the logistic growth equation

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN(t) \left( 1 - \frac{N(t)}{K} \right).$$

## Numerical solution

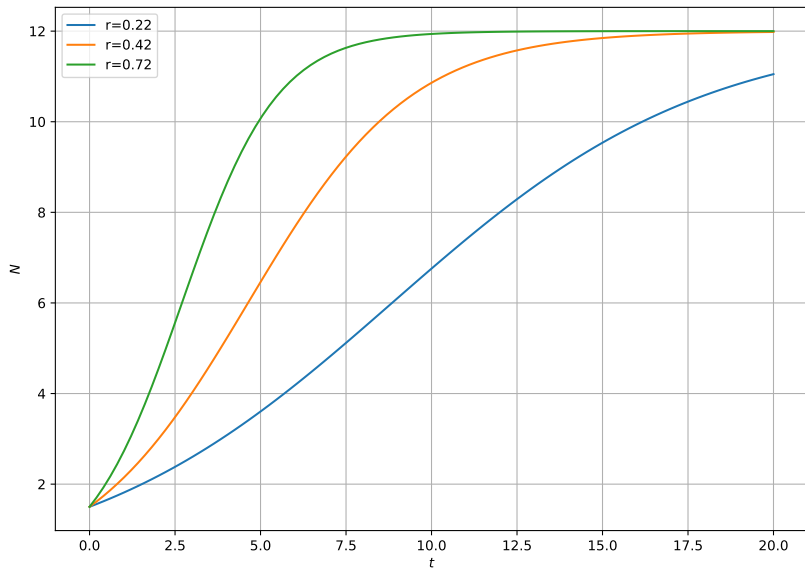


Figure 1: Numerical solution of the logistic growth model

# Steady states and linear stability

# Graphical analysis



An exact solution of the logistic growth equation

## Example model 2: the spruce budworm model

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = r_B N \left( 1 - \frac{N}{K_B} \right) - \frac{BN^2}{A^2 + N^2}, \quad (1)$$

## Nondimensionalisation

$$\frac{dn}{d\tau} = rn \left( 1 - \frac{n}{q} \right) - \frac{n^2}{1 + n^2} = H(n),$$

## Plotting the RHS

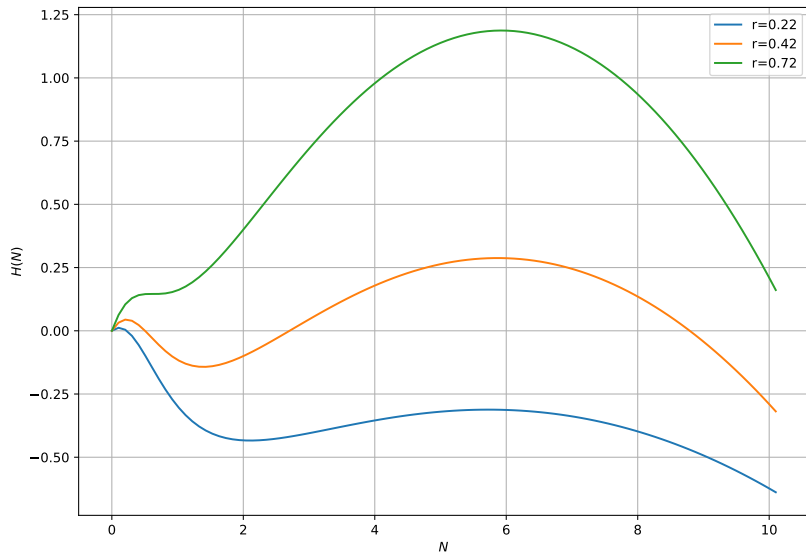
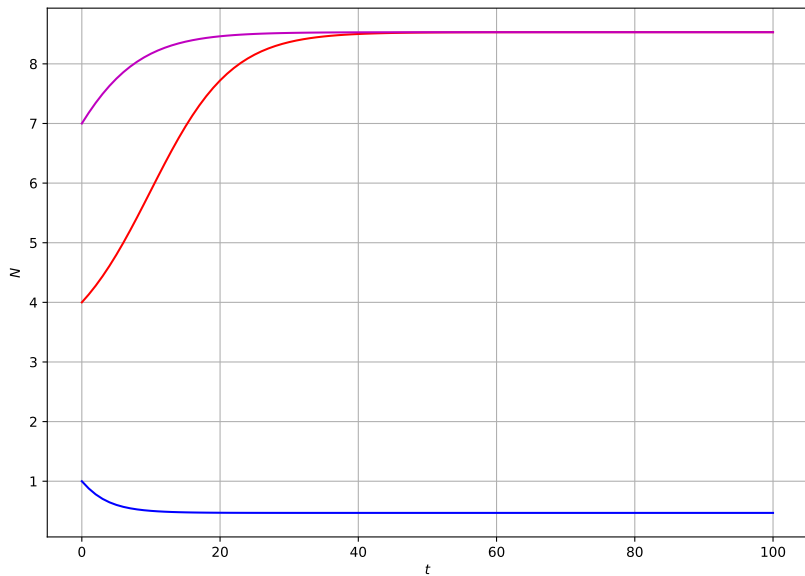


Figure 2: RHS of spr. budworm model

## Numerical solution



## Steady state analysis

$$rn^*(1 - \frac{n^*}{q}) - \frac{n^{*2}}{1 + n^{*2}} = 0.$$

Linear stability analysis