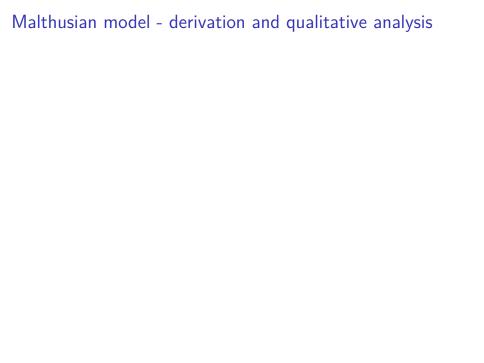
### MA32009 Lecture slides

Philip Murray

### Lecture 1



# A general model

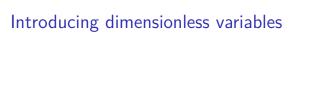
$$\frac{dN}{dt} = f(N)N = H(N),$$

# Numerical solution

### Dimensions and nondimensionalisation

As an example, consider the linear ODE

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN.$$

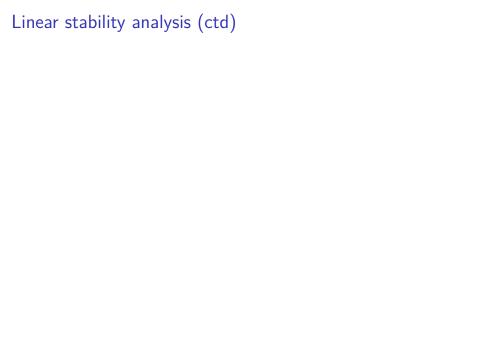


# Steady-state analysis

### Lecture 10

- Recap
- ► Techniques for single first order ODE (ctd)
- Example model 1: Logistic growth
- Example model 2: Spruce budworm





# Graphical solution

# Bifurcation diagrams

# Example model 1: the logistic growth equation

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = rN(t)\left(1 - \frac{N(t)}{K}\right).$$

### Numerical solution

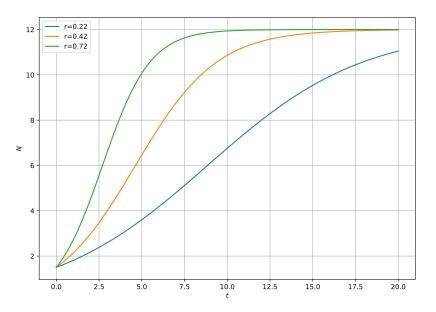
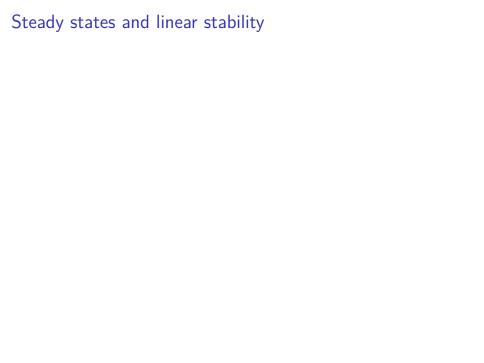
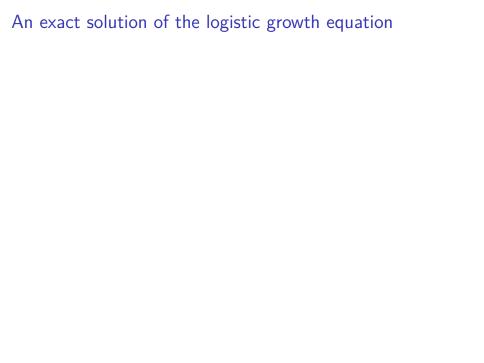


Figure 1: Numerical solution of the logistic growth model



# Graphical analysis



# Example model 2: the spruce budworm model

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = r_B N \left( 1 - \frac{N}{K_B} \right) - \frac{BN^2}{A^2 + N^2},\tag{1}$$

### Nondimensionalisation

$$\frac{dn}{d\tau} = rn\left(1 - \frac{n}{q}\right) - \frac{n^2}{1 + n^2} = H(n),$$

# Plotting the RHS

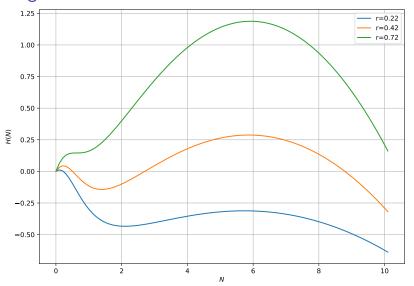
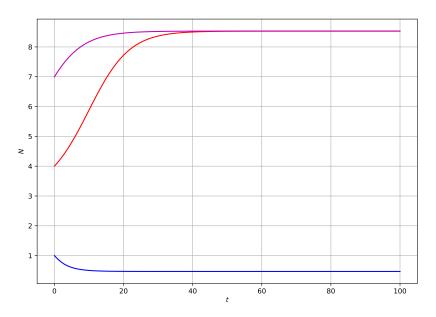


Figure 2: RHS of spr. budworm model

### Numerical solution



# Steady state analysis

$$rn^*(1 - \frac{n^*}{q}) - \frac{n^{*2}}{1 + n^{*2}} = 0.$$



# Tangent bifurcations in $\emph{rq}$ space

# Plotting stability regions in the rq plane

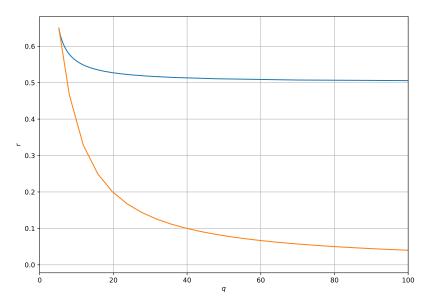
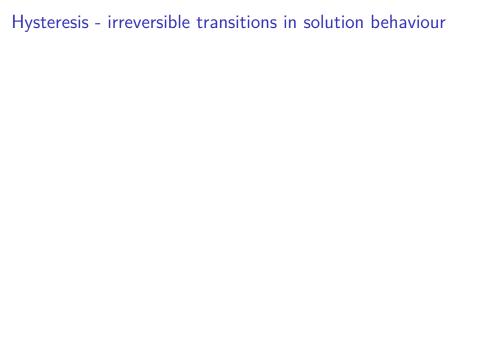


Figure 3: Bifurcations in the rq plane



### Hysteresis

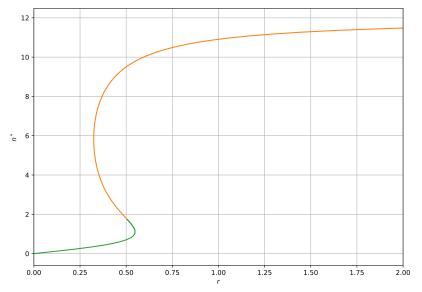


Figure 4: Bifurcations in the rq plane