

# RePeg

Edman Paes Anjos      Srgio Queiroz de Medeiros

July 8, 2012

A pattern matching tool that translates regular expressions to identical Parsing Expression Grammars (PEGs). We implement the regular expression's semantics using PEGs. , so that the user doe.

## 1 The RePeg Library

RePeg is a library for pattern matching in the Lua programming language. It uses most of the traditional and well-known PCRL syntax of regular expressions, therefore it does not requires the user any new knowledge, providing a familiar environment. In this text you can find a reference manual for the library.

The table 1 describes the syntax recognized by RePeg for regular expressions. Here the **a** or **b** represent a single character; **s** represents a string of characters; **p** represents a pattern; **num** represents a number (`[0-9]+`).

## 2 Functions

### 2.1 `RePeg.match (pattern, subject)`

**pattern** → a string describing a regular expression

**subject** → the string of characters to be matched against the **pattern**

Matches directly a **pattern** to a string, returning the portion of the **subject** succesfully matched.

Syntax	Description
(?: p )	grouping
( p )	capture
.	any character
''	empty string
's'	literal string
\$	end of input
\z	end of line or end of input
\Z	end of input preceded or not by end of line
[a-b]	character range
p1 / p2	choice
p1 p2	concatenation
?= p	and predicate
?! p	not predicate
p ?	optional match
p *	zero or more repetitions
p +	one or more repetitions
p **	possessive repetition
p *?	lazy repetition
p { num }	exactly num repetitions
p { num , }	num repetitions or more
p { num1 , num2 }	between num1 and num2 repetitions, inclusive

## 2.2 RePeg.find (pattern, subject)

**pattern** → a string describing a regular expression

**subject** → the string of characters to be matched against the **pattern**

Seeks for the first substring of the **subject** that can be matched by the given **pattern**. If it matches more than one substring, return the largest.

# 3 Usage Examples

## 3.1 A simple program

The following code specifies a running Lua program

```
repeg = require 'repeg'
```

```
-- find the first number in a string
string = "this string has 29 characters"
print(repeg.find("[0-9]+", string)) --> {28}
print(repeg.match(".*? ([0-9]+)", string)); --> {28}
```