Rollo - Localization of a humanoid robot 1.0

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Contents

1	Hier	archica	l Index		1
	1.1	Class	Hierarchy		1
2	Clas	ss Index			3
	2.1	Class	List		3
3	File	Index			5
	3.1	File Lis	st		5
4	Clas	ss Docu	mentation	1	7
	4.1	udp_cl	ient_serve	er::udp_client Class Reference	7
		4.1.1	Construc	ctor & Destructor Documentation	7
			4.1.1.1	udp_client(const std::string &addr, int port)	7
			4.1.1.2	\sim udp_client()	8
		4.1.2	Member	Function Documentation	8
			4.1.2.1	get_addr() const	8
			4.1.2.2	get_port() const	8
			4.1.2.3	get_socket() const	8
			4.1.2.4	send(const char *msg, size_t size)	8
	4.2	udp_cl	ient_serve	er::udp_client_server_runtime_error Class Reference	9
	4.3	udp_cl	ient_serve	er::udp_server Class Reference	9
		4.3.1	Construc	ctor & Destructor Documentation	10
			4.3.1.1	udp_server(const std::string &addr, int port)	10
			4.3.1.2	~udp_server()	10
		4.3.2	Member	Function Documentation	10
			4.3.2.1	get_addr() const	10
			4.3.2.2	get_port() const	11
			4.3.2.3	get_socket() const	11
			4.3.2.4	recv(char *msg, size_t max_size)	11
			4.3.2.5	timed_recv(char *msg, size_t max_size, int max_wait_ms)	11
5	File	Docum	entation		13
	E 1	rollo br	on Eilo Boi	forence	10

iv CONTENTS

5.1.1	Detailed	Description	14
5.1.2	Macro De	efinition Documentation	14
	5.1.2.1	CM	14
	5.1.2.2	CR	15
	5.1.2.3	PACKAGE	15
	5.1.2.4	PI	15
	5.1.2.5	ROLLO_AXLE_L	15
	5.1.2.6	ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_L	15
	5.1.2.7	ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_R	15
	5.1.2.8	TOPIC_COMM_WS	15
rollo_c	omm.cpp l	File Reference	15
5.2.1	Detailed	Description	17
5.2.2	Function	Documentation	18
	5.2.2.1	$\label{eq:code_velocities} \mbox{decodeVelocities(double } x, \mbox{ double } z, \mbox{ char } *\mbox{Message, int } \&\mbox{VelocityL, int } \& \hookrightarrow \mbox{VelocityR}) $	18
	5.2.2.2	main(int argc, char **argv)	19
	5.2.2.3	subscriberCallback(const geometry_msgs::Twist::ConstPtr &msg)	22
	5.2.2.4	udpSend(char ip[16], int port, char *Message)	22
5.2.3	Variable	Documentation	23
	5.2.3.1	ip	23
	5.2.3.2	MessageEmergencyStop	23
	5.2.3.3	NodeName	23
rollo_c	ontrol.cpp	File Reference	23
5.3.1	Detailed	Description	24
5.3.2	Function	Documentation	26
	5.3.2.1	decodeKey(char character, double &Speed, double &Turn)	26
	5.3.2.2	kbhit(void)	26
	5.3.2.3	main(int argc, char **argv)	27
5.3.3	Variable	Documentation	28
	5.3.3.1	NodeName	28
rollo_e	kf.cpp File	Reference	28
5.4.1	Detailed	Description	29
5.4.2	Function	Documentation	30
	5.4.2.1	FSTATE(Eigen::Vector3d x_pp, Eigen::Vector2d u)	30
	5.4.2.2	HMEAS(Eigen::Vector3d x_cp)	30
	5.4.2.3	$interpolate Measurement (rollo::Pose2DS tamped \ zOld, \ rollo::Pose2DS tamped \ z \hookleftarrow New, \ double \ EKF filter Time Secs)$	30
	5.4.2.4	interpolateOdometry(rollo::WheelSpeed Odometryold, rollo::WheelSpeed Odometrynew, double EKFfilterTimeSecs)	30
	5.4.2.5	JacobianFSTATE(Eigen::Vector3d x_pp, Eigen::Vector2d u)	31
	5.4.2.6	main(int argc, char **argv)	31
	5.1.2 rollo_c 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3 rollo_c 5.3.1 5.3.2 5.3.3 rollo_e 5.4.1	5.1.2 Macro D 5.1.2.1 5.1.2.2 5.1.2.3 5.1.2.4 5.1.2.5 5.1.2.6 5.1.2.7 5.1.2.8 rollo_comm.cpp 5.2.1 Detailed 5.2.2 Function 5.2.2.1 5.2.2.3 5.2.2.4 5.2.3 Variable 5.2.3.1 5.2.3.2 5.2.3.3 rollo_comtrol.cpp 5.3.1 Detailed 5.3.2 Function 5.3.2.1 5.3.2.2 5.3.3 rollo_comtrol.cpp 5.3.1 Detailed 5.3.2 Function 5.3.2.1 5.3.2.2 5.3.2.3 5.3.4 Variable 5.3.5 5.3.5 Variable 5.3.1 rollo_ekf.cpp File 5.4.1 Detailed 5.4.2 Function 5.4.2.1 5.4.2.2 5.4.2.3	5.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation 5.1.2.1 CM 5.1.2.2 CR 5.1.2.3 PACKAGE 5.1.2.4 PI 5.1.2.5 ROLLO_AXLE_L 5.1.2.6 ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_L 5.1.2.7 ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_R 5.1.2.8 TOPIC_COMM_WS rollo_comm.copp Fills Reference Fill Reference 5.2.1 Detailed Description 5.2.2.1 Intercept CoMM_WS rollo_comm.copp Fills Reference Fill Reference 5.2.1 Detailed Description 5.2.2.1 decode/Velocities/double x, double z, char *Message, int &VelocityL, int &VelocityL, int &VelocityR, int are character, double z, char *Message, int &VelocityL, int &VelocityR, int &Velocity

CONTENTS

		5.4.2.7	subscriberCallbackControlInput(const rollo::WheelSpeed msg)	33
		5.4.2.8	subscriberCallbackMeasurement(const rollo::Pose2DStamped msg)	33
	5.4.3	Variable I	Documentation	33
		5.4.3.1	zPose2DStamped	33
5.5	rollo_p	reprocesso	pr.cpp File Reference	33
	5.5.1	Detailed	Description	34
	5.5.2	Function	Documentation	35
		5.5.2.1	main(int argc, char **argv)	35
		5.5.2.2	subscriberCallback(const geometry_msgs::Pose2D::ConstPtr &msg)	36
	5.5.3	Variable I	Documentation	36
		5.5.3.1	NodeName	36
		5.5.3.2	TopicMotionCapture	37
5.6	rollo_v	isualizatior	n.cpp File Reference	37
	5.6.1	Detailed	Description	37
	5.6.2	Function	Documentation	39
		5.6.2.1	decodeKey(char character, double &Speed, double &Turn)	39
		5.6.2.2	kbhit(void)	39
		5.6.2.3	main(int argc, char **argv)	39
	5.6.3	Variable I	Documentation	40
		5.6.3.1	NodeName	40
Index				41

Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is so	rted roughly, but no	ot completely, alph	abetically:	
runtime_error				
1 10 1				

udp_client_server::udp_client_server_runtime_error
udp_client_server::udp_client
udp_client_server::udp_server

2 **Hierarchical Index**

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:	
udp_client_server::udp_client	7
udp_client_server::udp_client_server_runtime_error	ę
udo aliant agriculudo agricor	ď

Class Index

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

rollo.hpp	
Header file holding Rollo specific parameters and global references for the ROS nodes	13
rollo_comm.cpp	
Communication between ROS and Rollo	15
rollo_control.cpp	
Convert input from keyboard and publish control commands for Rollo	23
rollo_ekf.cpp	
EKF implementation for localisation of the robot	28
rollo_preprocessor.cpp	
Preprocessor for Rollo measurement using Mocap OptiTrack motion capture data	33
rollo_visualization.cpp	
Visualize motion capture data and EKF estimates	37
udp.h	??

6 File Index

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 udp_client_server::udp_client Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• udp_client (const std::string &addr, int port)

Initialize a UDP client object.

~udp_client ()

Clean up the UDP client object.

int get_socket () const

Retrieve a copy of the socket identifier.

int get_port () const

Retrieve the port used by this UDP client.

• std::string get_addr () const

Retrieve a copy of the address.

int send (const char *msg, size_t size)

Send a message through this UDP client.

4.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.1.1 udp_client_server::udp_client::udp_client (const std::string & addr, int port)

Initialize a UDP client object.

This function initializes the UDP client object using the address and the port as specified.

The port is expected to be a host side port number (i.e. 59200).

The addr parameter is a textual address. It may be an IPv4 or IPv6 address and it can represent a host name or an address defined with just numbers. If the address cannot be resolved then an error occurs and constructor throws.

Note

The socket is open in this process. If you fork() or exec() then the socket will be closed by the operating system.

Warning

We only make use of the first address found by getaddrinfo(). All the other addresses are ignored.

8 Class Documentation

Exceptions

udp_client_server_←	The server could not be initialized properly. Either the address cannot be resolved,
runtime_error	the port is incompatible or not available, or the socket could not be created.

Parameters

in	addr	The address to convert to a numeric IP.
in	port	The port number.

4.1.1.2 udp_client_server::udp_client::~udp_client()

Clean up the UDP client object.

This function frees the address information structure and close the socket before returning.

4.1.2 Member Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 std::string udp_client_server::udp_client::get_addr () const

Retrieve a copy of the address.

This function returns a copy of the address as it was specified in the constructor. This does not return a canonalized version of the address.

The address cannot be modified. If you need to send data on a different address, create a new UDP client.

Returns

A string with a copy of the constructor input address.

4.1.2.2 int udp_client_server::udp_client::get_port () const

Retrieve the port used by this UDP client.

This function returns the port used by this UDP client. The port is defined as an integer, host side.

Returns

The port as expected in a host integer.

4.1.2.3 int udp_client_server::udp_client::get_socket () const

Retrieve a copy of the socket identifier.

This function return the socket identifier as returned by the socket() function. This can be used to change some flags.

Returns

The socket used by this UDP client.

4.1.2.4 int udp_client_server::udp_client::send (const char * msg, size_t size)

Send a message through this UDP client.

This function sends msg through the UDP client socket. The function cannot be used to change the destination as it was defined when creating the udp_client object.

The size must be small enough for the message to fit. In most cases we use these in Snap! to send very small signals (i.e. 4 bytes commands.) Any data we would want to share remains in the Cassandra database so that way we can avoid losing it because of a UDP message.

Parameters

in	msg	The message to send.
in	size	The number of bytes representing this message.

Returns

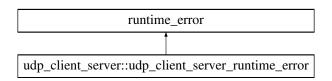
-1 if an error occurs, otherwise the number of bytes sent. errno is set accordingly on error.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- udp.h
- · udp.cpp

4.2 udp_client_server::udp_client_server_runtime_error Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for udp_client_server::udp_client_server_runtime_error:



Public Member Functions

udp_client_server_runtime_error (const char *w)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• udp.h

4.3 udp client server::udp server Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• udp_server (const std::string &addr, int port)

Initialize a UDP server object.

∼udp_server ()

Clean up the UDP server.

• int get_socket () const

The socket used by this UDP server.

• int get_port () const

The port used by this UDP server.

• std::string get_addr () const

10 Class Documentation

Return the address of this UDP server.

int recv (char *msg, size_t max_size)

Wait on a message.

int timed_recv (char *msg, size_t max_size, int max_wait_ms)

Wait for data to come in.

4.3.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.1.1 udp_client_server::udp_server(const std::string & addr, int port)

Initialize a UDP server object.

This function initializes a UDP server object making it ready to receive messages.

The server address and port are specified in the constructor so if you need to receive messages from several different addresses and/or port, you'll have to create a server for each.

The address is a string and it can represent an IPv4 or IPv6 address.

Note that this function calls connect() to connect the socket to the specified address. To accept data on different UDP addresses and ports, multiple UDP servers must be created.

Note

The socket is open in this process. If you fork() or exec() then the socket will be closed by the operating system.

Warning

We only make use of the first address found by getaddrinfo(). All the other addresses are ignored.

Exceptions

udp_client_server_←	The udp_client_server_runtime_error exception is raised when the address and
runtime_error	port combinaison cannot be resolved or if the socket cannot be opened.

Parameters

in	addr	The address we receive on.
in	port	The port we receive from.

4.3.1.2 udp_client_server::udp_server::~udp_server()

Clean up the UDP server.

This function frees the address info structures and close the socket.

4.3.2 Member Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 std::string udp_client_server::udp_server::get_addr () const

Return the address of this UDP server.

This function returns a verbatim copy of the address as passed to the constructor of the UDP server (i.e. it does not return the canonalized version of the address.)

Returns

The address as passed to the constructor.

4.3.2.2 int udp_client_server::udp_server::get_port () const

The port used by this UDP server.

This function returns the port attached to the UDP server. It is a copy of the port specified in the constructor.

Returns

The port of the UDP server.

4.3.2.3 int udp_client_server::udp_server::get_socket () const

The socket used by this UDP server.

This function returns the socket identifier. It can be useful if you are doing a select() on many sockets.

Returns

The socket of this UDP server.

4.3.2.4 int udp_client_server::udp_server::recv (char * msg, size_t max_size)

Wait on a message.

This function waits until a message is received on this UDP server. There are no means to return from this function except by receiving a message. Remember that UDP does not have a connect state so whether another process guits does not change the status of this UDP server and thus it continues to wait forever.

Note that you may change the type of socket by making it non-blocking (use the get_socket() to retrieve the socket identifier) in which case this function will not block if no message is available. Instead it returns immediately.

Parameters

in	msg	The buffer where the message is saved.
in	max_size	The maximum size the message (i.e. size of the msg buffer.)

Returns

The number of bytes read or -1 if an error occurs.

4.3.2.5 int udp_client_server::udp_server::timed_recv (char * msg, size_t max_size, int max_wait_ms)

Wait for data to come in.

This function waits for a given amount of time for data to come in. If no data comes in after max_wait_ms, the function returns with -1 and errno set to EAGAIN.

The socket is expected to be a blocking socket (the default,) although it is possible to setup the socket as non-blocking if necessary for some other reason.

This function blocks for a maximum amount of time as defined by max_wait_ms. It may return sooner with an error or a message.

Parameters

in	msg	The buffer where the message will be saved.

12 Class Documentation

in	max_size	The size of the msg buffer in bytes.
in	max_wait_ms	The maximum number of milliseconds to wait for a message.

Returns

-1 if an error occurs or the function timed out, the number of bytes received otherwise.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- udp.h
- udp.cpp

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 rollo.hpp File Reference

Header file holding Rollo specific parameters and global references for the ROS nodes.

Macros

```
• #define ROLLO_AXLE_L 0.0205
     Rollo
• #define ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_L 0.020
• #define ROLLO WHEEL RADIUS R 0.020
• #define ROLLO_WHEEL_N 4
     Number of wheels.
• #define ROLLO_SPEED_MAX 56
     Maximum speed [%].
• #define ROLLO_SPEED_MIN 6
     Minimum speed [%].
• #define PI 3.1415926535
     Mathematical constants.
• #define CM "COMM"
     Node names.

    #define CT "CTRL"

     Control.
• #define LC "LOC "
     Localization.
• #define OD "ODOM"
     Odometry.
• #define PP "PREP"
     Preprocessor.
• #define KF "EKF "
     Extended Kalman filter.
• #define VS "VIS "
     Visualization.
• #define PACKAGE "Rollo"
```

• #define TOPIC_COMM_WS "/Rollo/wheelspeed"

```
ROS topics.
• #define TOPIC_CTRL_CMD_VEL "/Rollo/cmd_vel"
      Topic for commands generated by control node expressed in linear and angular velocity.
• #define TOPIC EKF "/Rollo/ekf"
      Topic for extended Kalman filter results with all three estimated states and covariance matrix, stamped.
• #define TOPIC_PREP_MC "/Optitrack_Rollo/ground_pose"
      Topic for motion capture data.

    #define TOPIC PREP P2DT "/Rollo/pose2dstamped"

      Topic for position and orientation, stamped.
• #define CR "\033[0m"
     GNU/Linux terminal color codes.
• #define C1 "\033[38;5;63m"
     Color 1.
• #define C2 "\033[38;5;220m"
      Color 2.
• #define C3 "\033[38;5;87m"
      Color 3

    #define C4 "\033[38;5;84m"

      Color 4.

    #define C5 "\033[38;5;160m"

     Color 5.

    #define C6 "\033[38;5;161m"

     Color 6.
• #define C7 "\033[38;5;162m"
     Color 7.
• #define C8 "\033[38;5;22m"
      Color 8.
• #define CEE "\033[38;5;124m" /* Error */

    #define CSS "\033[38;5;154m" /* Success */

     Success.

    #define CWW "\033[38;5;202m" /* Warning */

      Warning.
```

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Header file holding Rollo specific parameters and global references for the ROS nodes.

Author

Rabbia Asghar Ernest Skrzypczyk

Date

20/2/16

5.1.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.1.2.1 #define CM "COMM"

Node names.

Communication

```
5.1.2.2 #define CR "\033[0m"

GNU/Linux terminal color codes.

Reset

5.1.2.3 #define PACKAGE "Rollo"

ROS.

ROS package name

5.1.2.4 #define PI 3.1415926535

Mathematical constants.

Pi

5.1.2.5 #define ROLLO_AXLE_L 0.0205
```

Rollo

Axle length

5.1.2.6 #define ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_L 0.020

Wheel radius:

Left

5.1.2.7 #define ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_R 0.020

Right

5.1.2.8 #define TOPIC_COMM_WS "/Rollo/wheelspeed"

ROS topics.

Topic for wheel speed containing the actual speed of wheel, preferably extracted from encoders or if not available by using a lookup table

5.2 rollo_comm.cpp File Reference

Communication between ROS and Rollo.

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
#include "string.h"
#include "rollo.hpp"
#include "geometry_msgs/Twist.h"
#include "rollo/WheelSpeed.h"
#include "udp.h"
```

Functions

int decode Velocities (double x, double z, char *Message, int &VelocityL, int &VelocityR)

Range of speed of the Rollo.

void subscriberCallback (const geometry msgs::Twist::ConstPtr &msg)

Subscriber callback.

int udpSend (char ip[16], int port, char *Message)

Send UDP packets.

int main (int argc, char **argv)

Node main.

Variables

• char NodeName [20] = C3 CM CR

Global variables updated in the subscriberCallback() function, processed and used to send commands to the specified ip address at the UDP port.

• char TopicWheelSpeed [64] = TOPIC_COMM_WS

Topic for wheel speed containing the actual speed of wheel, preferably extracted from encoders or if not available by using a lookup table.

• char TopicCmdVel [64] = TOPIC_CTRL_CMD_VEL

Topic for commands generated by control node expressed in linear and angular velocity.

char ip [16] = "192.168.0.120"

Rollo default IP: 192.168.0.120.

• int port = 900

UDP port.

• double tol = 0.01

Tolerance for determining linear and angular velocities from the control node.

- int v_I
- int v_r

Velocities for both wheels.

• unsigned const int nb = 3

Number of bytes in the message.

char Message [nb] = {0x7b, 0x50, 0x10}

Message combined, complete stop default.

• char MessageEmergencyStop [nb] = {0x7b, 0x50, 0x10}

Emergency variables.

• double lastMessageTime = 0

Last message from control node.

• double currentTime = 0

Current time holder.

• int EmergencyTime = 3

Emergency time [s].

• bool FlagEmergency = 0

Emergency flag.

• char Mode [1]

Message mode description.

- int VelocityL
- · int VelocityR

Message velocities description.

• unsigned int loopcounter = 1

Loop counter for debugging purpose.

• double RolloMax = ROLLO_SPEED_MAX

Maximum speed of the Rollo.

• double RolloMin = ROLLO_SPEED_MIN

Minimum speed of the Rollo.

• double RolloRange = RolloMax - RolloMin

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Communication between ROS and Rollo.

Author

Rabbia Asghar Ernest Skrzypczyk

Date

18/2/16

Command prototype: rosrun rollo rollo_comm _rate:=10 _ip:=192.168.0.120 _port:=900 _em:=3 _square:=0 _forwardtime:=25 _turntime:=6 _squarespeed:=0.4

Parameters

rate	Command sending frequency of the node 10 [Hz]
ip	Internet protocl address of target robot 192.168.0.120 [1]
port	User datagram protocol taget connection port 900 [1]
em	Emergency time 3 [s]
square	Square test switch 0 [1] :
	 0 – Off 1 – Simple square test 2 – Double square test n – N-th order square test
forwardtime	Time for forward motion of robot 25 [s]
turntime	Time for turning the robot 6 [s]
squarespeed	Square test forward motion speed 0.4 [1] :

Provides basic communication structure between ROS holding nodes used for localization and Rollo. Main aspects include:

- · decoding linear and angular velocities provided by control node
- translate and send message to Rollo
- · publish decoded velocities
- · square test or n-th order
- · emergency procedure

See also

https://github.com/em-er-es/rollo/

5.2.2 Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 int decodeVelocities (double x, double z, char * Message, int & VelocityL, int & VelocityR)

Range of speed of the Rollo.

Decode linear and angular velocities

Velocities are decoded and stored as partial bytes of the UDP packet

Parameters

X	Linear velocity
Z	Angular veolocity
&Message	UDP message to be send to target robot
VelocityL	Decoded velocity [%]
VelocityR	Decoded velocity [%]

Returns

0

Determine corresponding operation mode based on velocities

Since control node can provide abstract control values, an ideal case could be used for decoding velocities. This is discouraged, since using alternative control methods would probably have a realistic value set.

Linear velocity is approximately 0:

- · Complete stop
- · Right rotation
- · Left rotation
- · Lowest speeds for previous modes

Linear velocity is above tolerance threshold

Determine speeds based on the position of the "dial" z:

Temporary velocity holder declaration

Eliminate problems with dividing through zero by adding a small number to variables

Calculate velocities according to relation expressed in linear and angular velocities ratio

Translate velocities for Rollo:

- · Left wheel velocity Second byte
- · Right wheel velocity Third byte
- · Temporary fix for errartic behaviour of Rollo

Determine forward or backward movement based on linear velocity

5.2.2.2 int main (int argc, char ** argv)

Node main.

Depending on specified parameters processes data from control node and Rollo and transmits them to appropriate targets or runs a square test of n-th order

Parameters

rate	Command sending frequency of the node 10 [Hz]
ip	Internet protocl address of target robot 192.168.0.120 [1]
port	User datagram protocol taget connection port 900 [1]
em	Emergency time 3 [s]
square	Square test switch 0 [1] :
	 0 – Off 1 – Simple square test 2 – Double square test n – N-th order square test
forwardtime	Time for forward motion of robot 25 [s]
turntime	Time for turning the robot 6 [s]
squarespeed	Square test forward motion speed 0.4 [1] :

Returns

0

Initalization

Initialize node

Initialize nodehandle

Initialie subscriber and define topic and message queue size

Publish velocities as [rpm]

Initialize node arguments using command line

Initialize node parameters from launch file or command line. Use a private node handle so that multiple instances of the node can be run simultaneously while using different parameters.

Node main parameters

Emergency parameters

Square test parameters Default values

Node frequency rate [Hz]

Initialize subscriber message type

Initialize publisher message type

Initialize variables for computing linear and angular velocity of the robot

Client initialization

Square test

Alternatively this square test could be in control node, however communication node is "closer" to Rollo

- · Print information on current run
- · Compose turn command
- · Check square run variable and determine turning direction

For multiple runs the robot would go back and forth providing more reliable data on the actual error In ideal case even a high order square run would result in the robot being at the initial position with initial orientation

- · Compose forward command
- · Set initial time
- · Initialize bytes sent variable for debugging
- · Print square test parameters

Main square loop

Moving forward

Send command 3 times

Wait for the specified time to move forward

Turning

Send command 3 times

Wait for the specified time to turn

Main square loop end

Update run finish time

Print duration time

Turn around

Send command 3 times

Wait for twice the specified time to turn around

Update square run counter and check for exit condition

Stop

Send stop command 10 times

Update square run counter and check for exit condition

Square test end

Main loop

- · Send control command to Rollo
- · Check if emergency condition has been met:
- · Print emergency message
- · Conduct emergency stop

Send emergency message 10 times

- Hard condition emergency procedure
 Exit with an error code if hard condition is set by using negative values for emergency time
- · Soft condition emergency procedure

Set emergency flag

Empty procedure sequence if emergency flag is raised

ROS spinOnce

· Sleep before running loop again

Callback function for subscriber

- · Compose message
- · Publish message
- Print published message

ROS spinOnce

Sleep before running loop again

Increase loopcounter

Main loop end

5.2.2.3 void subscriberCallback (const geometry_msgs::Twist::ConstPtr & msg)

Subscriber callback.

Read newest velocities from control node and translate them into UDP message. Update latest message time.

Parameters

msg	Message from control node containing linear and angular velocities
-----	--

Returns

0

Update the UDP message

Update last message time

Reset emergency flag

5.2.2.4 int udpSend (char ip[16], int port, char * Message)

Send UDP packets.

Send provided message using included UDP library command $udp_client_server::udp_client. \leftarrow send()$

Parameters

&ip	IP address of the target robot
&port	UDP port of the target robot
&message	UDP message sent to robot

Returns

Bytes sent

Client initialization

Send UDP message

Check if number of bytes sent is equal to bytes of composed message

Error handling

Return bytes sent or error code

5.2.3 Variable Documentation

```
5.2.3.1 char ip[16] = "192.168.0.120"

Rollo default IP: 192.168.0.120.

Ip address hardcoded
```

5.2.3.2 char MessageEmergencyStop[nb] = $\{0x7b, 0x50, 0x10\}$

Emergency variables.

Emergency message - complete stop

5.2.3.3 char NodeName[20] = C3 CM CR

Global variables updated in the subscriberCallback () function, processed and used to send commands to the specified ip address at the UDP port.

Node name using console codes

5.3 rollo_control.cpp File Reference

Convert input from keyboard and publish control commands for Rollo.

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Twist.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Vector3.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
#include "rollo.hpp"
```

Functions

· int kbhit (void)

Keyboard keystroke.

• void decodeKey (char character, double &Speed, double &Turn)

Decode key.

int main (int argc, char **argv)

Node main.

Variables

• char NodeName [20] = C2 CT CR

Global variables.

• char TopicCmdVel [64] = TOPIC_CTRL_CMD_VEL

Topic for commands generated expressed in linear and angular velocity.

• double LimitVelocityF = 1

Limit velocity forward.

```
• double LimitVelocityR = -1
```

Limit velocity reverse.

• double LKeysSteps = 0.1

Left key set velocity step.

double RKeysLinearV = 0.4

Right key set linear velocity step.

• double RKeysAngularV = 1

Right key set angular velocity step.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Convert input from keyboard and publish control commands for Rollo.

Author

```
Rabbia Asghar
Ernest Skrzypczyk
```

Date

18/2/16

Command prototype: rosrun rollo rollo_control _rate:=10

Parameters

rate	Running frequency of the node 10 [Hz]
------	---------------------------------------

Robot control using following key sets

Left key set:

- q/e: increase/decrease speeds 0.1 and -0.1
- w/s: increase/decrease only linear speed by 0.1
- a/d: increase/decrease only angular speed by 0.1
- z/c : increase/decrease speeds 0.1 and -0.1
- · x : reset angular speed

Independent key set:

• f/F : full speed forwards/backwards

Right key set:

- u/o : increase/decrease set speeds for diagonal movement forwards
- i/, : increase/decrease set speeds for forward/backward movement
- j/l : increase/decrease set speeds for rotations
- m/. : increase/decrease set speeds for diagonal movement backwards

k: stop

Global key set:

- *: stop
- <CTRL>-C : quit

Python script available online used as reference.

See also

```
https://github.com/ros-teleop/teleop_twist_keyboard/blob/master/teleop←
_twist_keyboard.py
https://github.com/em-er-es/rollo/
```

Author

Rabbia Asghar Ernest Skrzypczyk

Date

18/2/16

Command prototype: rosrun rollo rollo_control _rate:=10

Parameters

rate	Running frequency of the node 10 [Hz]

Robot control using following key sets

Left key set:

- q/e: increase/decrease speeds 0.1 and -0.1
- w/s : increase/decrease only linear speed by 0.1
- a/d : increase/decrease only angular speed by 0.1
- z/c : increase/decrease speeds 0.1 and -0.1
- x : reset angular speed

Independent key set:

· f/F: full speed forwards/backwards

Right key set:

- u/o : increase/decrease set speeds for diagonal movement forwards
- i/, : increase/decrease set speeds for forward/backward movement
- j/l : increase/decrease set speeds for rotations
- m/. : increase/decrease set speeds for diagonal movement backwards

• k:stop

Global key set:

- *: stop
- <CTRL>-C : quit

Python script available online used as reference.

See also

https://github.com/ros-teleop/teleop_twist_keyboard/blob/master/teleop← _twist_keyboard.py

5.3.2 Function Documentation

5.3.2.1 void decodeKey (char character, double & Speed, double & Turn)

Decode key.

Compute linear and angular command velocities based on keyboard input. Key pressed character <key> as input argument.

Parameters

character	Character to be decoded
&Speed	Linear velocity
&Turn	Angular velocity

Returns

NULL

See also

Left key set control

Full speed forward/backward

Right key set control

Default value

Velocity limits

Linear velocity limits

Angular velocity limits

Print decoded velocities

5.3.2.2 int kbhit (void)

Keyboard keystroke.

Check if a key is pressed on keyboard and return it.

Parameters

NONE

Returns

1 if a key is pressed on keyboard, otherwise 0.

See also

https://github.com/sdipendra/ros-projects/blob/master/src/keyboard_non← _blocking_input/src/keyboard_non_blocking_input_node.cpp

5.3.2.3 int main (int argc, char ** argv)

Node main.

Initialize variables and nodehandle, read and translate input information into command messages.

Parameters

rate Running frequency of the node <!10 [Hz]>

Publish to command velocity topic as specified in configuration header file according to format $geometry_{\leftarrow}$ msgs::Twist

Returns

n

Algorithm structure

Initialization

- · Initialize nodehandle for publisher
- · Publisher initialization with topic, message format and queue size definition
- · Node arguments using command line
- Initialize node parameters from launch file or command line. Use a private node handle so that multiple instances of the node can be run simultaneously while using different parameters.
- · Publishing rate [Hz]
- · Publisher variables for conventional messages
- · Initialize variables for computing linear and angular velocity of the robot
- · Initialize character holder

Main loop

- · Check if a key is pressed
- · Read character
- Decode key pressed
- · Prepare message to publish linear and angular velocities

- · Print message with velocities
- · Publish message in Twist format
- · ROS spinOnce
- · Sleep to connform node frequency rate

Main loop end

5.3.3 Variable Documentation

```
5.3.3.1 char NodeName[20] = C2 CT CR
```

Global variables.

Node name using console codes

5.4 rollo_ekf.cpp File Reference

EKF implementation for localisation of the robot.

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "std_msgs/String.h"
#include "std_msgs/Header.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Pose.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Pose2D.h"
#include "tf/tf.h"
#include "rollo/Pose2DStamped.h"
#include "rollo/WheelSpeed.h"
#include "rollo/EKF.h"

*include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <eigen3/Eigen/Dense>
#include "rollo.hpp"
```

Functions

• void subscriberCallbackMeasurement (const rollo::Pose2DStamped msg)

SubscriberCallbackMeasurement.

- void subscriberCallbackControlInput (const rollo::WheelSpeed msg)
- rollo::WheelSpeed interpolateOdometry (rollo::WheelSpeed Odometryold, rollo::WheelSpeed Odometrynew, double EKFfilterTimeSecs)

Linear interpolation of values from odometry.

 rollo::Pose2DStamped interpolateMeasurement (rollo::Pose2DStamped zOld, rollo::Pose2DStamped zNew, double EKFfilterTimeSecs)

Linear interpolation of values from measurement (motion capture)

• Eigen::Vector3d FSTATE (Eigen::Vector3d x_pp, Eigen::Vector2d u)

FSTATE nonlinear state equations, $f(x_k-1, u_k-1)$

Eigen::Matrix3d JacobianFSTATE (Eigen::Vector3d x_pp, Eigen::Vector2d u)

JacobianFSTATE.

• Eigen::Vector3d HMEAS (Eigen::Vector3d x_cp)

HMEAS measurement equation, $h(x_k)$

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Node main.

Variables

rollo::Pose2DStamped zPose2DStamped

Global variables updated in the SubscriberCallback functions.

- double **zTimeSecs** = 0
- rollo::WheelSpeed Odometry
- double **OdometryTimeSecs** = 0
- char NodeName [20] = C1 KF CR

Node name using console codes.

char TopicEKF [64] = TOPIC_EKF

Topic for extended Kalman filter results with all three estimated states and covariance matrix, stamped.

• char TopicWheelSpeed [64] = TOPIC_COMM WS

Topic for wheel speed containing the actual speed of wheel, preferably extracted from encoders or if not available by using a lookup table.

• char TopicPose2DStamped [64] = TOPIC_PREP_P2DT

Topic for position and orientation stamped from preprocessor node.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

EKF implementation for localisation of the robot.

Author

Rabbia Asghar Ernest Skrzypczyk

Date

20/2/16

Command prototype: rosrun rollo rollo ekf rate:=1:

Parameters

rate | Sampling frequency of the node <!1 [Hz]>

Based on input from communication node in form of control commands and measurement from preprocessor node, extended Kalman filter implementation estimates of states for localization and publishes estimated states with covariance

Localization of the robot consists of 3 states:

- Position (x, y)
- · Orientation (Theta)

Timing for EKF update is inspired from Robot Pose EKF (robot/pose/ekf) package available for ROS:

Timings and data at those specific time instants are synchronized in such a manner, that the latest measurements with newer timestamps are interpolated to one and the same timestamp, when all necessary data is available. This allows for a relative comparison of available data, even though an additional error is introduced through interpolating.

See also

```
http://wiki.ros.org/robot_pose_ekf
```

Kalman filter equations were first simulated in MATLAB, then translated into C++, compared and verified with previous results.

See also

```
https://github.com/em-er-es/rollo/
```

5.4.2 Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 Eigen::Vector3d FSTATE (Eigen::Vector3d x_pp, Eigen::Vector2d u)

FSTATE nonlinear state equations, f(x_k-1, u_k-1)

This is part of time update(or prediction update) of EKF. Given "a priori" state estimate, $x_k-1|k-1$ and u_k-1 , it computes predicted value for state, $x_k|k-1$.

Parameters

<i>x_pp</i>	contains "a priori" state estimate, x_k-1 k-1.
и	is control input vector, calculated from odometry. It consists of 2 elements, delta S and delta
	theta.

Returns

Eigen::Vector3d, state prediction x k|k-1.

5.4.2.2 Eigen::Vector3d HMEAS (Eigen::Vector3d x_cp)

HMEAS measurement equation, h(x_k)

This computes estimated measurement vector based on the latest state estimate.

Parameters

x_cp	contains state prediction x_k k-1 computed in time update of EKF
------	--

Returns

Eigen::Vector3d, contains estimated measurement vector.

5.4.2.3 rollo::Pose2DStamped interpolateMeasurement (rollo::Pose2DStamped *zOld*, rollo::Pose2DStamped *zNew*, double *EKFfilterTimeSecs*)

Linear interpolation of values from measurement (motion capture)

This function performs linear interpolation of robot pose2D for a given time instant. The time for which the robot pose2D are computed is defined by EKFfilterTimeSecs.

Parameters

zOld	contains robot pose2D and timestamp read at previous instant when EKF was updated.
zNew	contains robot pose2D and timestamp read currently.
EKFfilterTime←	is the time instant for which the EKF update need to be performed and robot pose2D need to
Secs	be computed.

Returns

rollo::Pose2DStamped, contains robot pose2D computed for time instant given by EKFfilterTimeSecs using linear interpolation.

5.4.2.4 rollo::WheelSpeed interpolateOdometry (rollo::WheelSpeed *Odometryold*, rollo::WheelSpeed *Odometrynew*, double *EKFfilterTimeSecs*)

Linear interpolation of values from odometry.

This function performs linear interpolation of right and left wheel speed for a given time instant. The time for which the odometry values are computed is defined by EKFfilterTimeSecs.

Parameters

Odometryold	contains left and right wheel speed and timestamp read at previous instant when EKF was	
	updated.	
Odometrynew	contains left and right wheel speed and timestamp read currently.	
EKFfilterTime←	is the time instant for which the EKF update need to be performed and odometry values need	
Secs	to be computed.	

Returns

rollo::WheelSpeed, contains left and right wheel speed [rad/s] computed for time instant given by EK FfilterTimeSecs using linear interpolation.

5.4.2.5 Eigen::Matrix3d JacobianFSTATE (Eigen::Vector3d x_pp, Eigen::Vector2d u)

JacobianFSTATE.

This computes Jacobian matrix by taking the partial derivatives of f(x_k-1,u_k-1) with respect to x.

Parameters

x_pp	contains "a priori" state estimate, x_k-1 k-1.
и	is control input vector, calculated from odometry. It consists of 2 elements, delta S and delta
	theta.

Returns

Eigen::Matrix3d is the Jacobian matrix

5.4.2.6 int main (int argc, char ** argv)

Node main.

Initialize node, nodehandle, subscribe to messages from preprocessor and communication nodes and publish estimated state of the robot.

Parameters

rate	Sampling frequency of the node 1 [Hz]

Initializes Extended Kalman Filter revelant variables. As a part of initializing, function waits for one message from each subscriber and save timestamps for the first iteration of EKF. State estimate, $x_{(0|-1)}$ is initialized as the first measurement read from the preprocessor node. Covariance of state estimate, E(0, -1) is initialized as identity matrix.

Run EKF in loop, update estimates. Await new sensor data, determine time step for EKF update and perform necessary interpolation.

Publishes newest estimates of state variables, covariance matrix and timestamp.

Returns

0

Initialize node

Initialize nodehandle for subscribers and publisher

Initialize subscribers

Initialize publisher and define topic and message queue size for the publisher

Initialize node arguments using command line

Initialize node parameters from launch file or command line. Use a private node handle so that multiple instances of the node can be run simultaneously while using different parameters.

Publishing rate [Hz]

Initialize variables involved in computation of EKF Define number of states

Initialize noise covariances and matrices

Initialize vector for control input u and variables involved in its computation

Initialize state estimate vector "a priori" and measurement vector

Initialize Jacobian matrix with the partial derivatives of h(x_k) with respect to x, identity for provided system

Initialize E_pp: "a priori" estimated state covariance, E_k-1|k-1 (p refers to k-1)

Initialize variables involved in the prediction update of EKF

Initialize variables involved in the innovation update of EKF

Initialize state estimate vector and state covariance matrix a posteriori

Variables for time

Initialize measurement vector with timestamp and odometry data with timestamp from subscriber messages Initialize state estimate using measurement vector reading

Initialization loop

Initialization loop end

Main loop

Check if new data is available from measurement (motion capture) and odometry (control input)

Determine time step for EKF update and perform interpolation for the sensor data not available at respective time step

Update timestamp

Interpolate measurements

Update state

Update timestamp

Interpolate for measurement

Update variables involved in EKF update

Update prevOdometry and prevzPose2DStamped for next loop

Perform EKF update if all sensor data is available

Determine dt

Update PreviousEKFfilterTimeSecs for the next loop

Determine control input u from nL and nR

Prediction update Nonlinear update and linearization at current state

Partial covariance update

Innovation update Nonlinear measurement and linearization

Update E_pp an x_pp for next loop for next loop

Prepare data for publishing

Pose2D

Covariance

Publish

Synchronize to rate

Main loop end

5.4.2.7 void subscriberCallbackControlInput (const rollo::WheelSpeed msg)

Read new message

5.4.2.8 void subscriberCallbackMeasurement (const rollo::Pose2DStamped msg)

SubscriberCallbackMeasurement.

Subscribe to the topic '/Rollo/preprocessor/pose2dstamped' of the preprocessor node. Read filtered position and orientation of the robot and timestamp. Update global variables zPose2DStamped and zTimeSecs for use in EKF update.

Parameters

```
msg - custom defined message (preprocessor node).
```

Returns

NULL

Read new message

5.4.3 Variable Documentation

5.4.3.1 rollo::Pose2DStamped zPose2DStamped

Global variables updated in the SubscriberCallback functions.

Initialize custom defined messages for meaurement and odometry. Measurement message includes Pose2D along with timestamp. Odometry message includes timestamp and angular velocities for left and right wheel. Initialize variables that save timestamps from both measurement and odometry subscribers in double (float64 in message format).

5.5 rollo_preprocessor.cpp File Reference

Preprocessor for Rollo measurement using Mocap OptiTrack motion capture data.

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "std_msgs/String.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Pose.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Pose2D.h"
#include "rollo/Pose2DStamped.h"
#include "tf/tf.h"
#include <sstream>
#include <iostream>
#include "rollo.hpp"
```

Functions

void subscriberCallback (const geometry_msgs::Pose2D::ConstPtr &msg)

Subscriber callback.

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Node main.

Variables

• char NodeName [20] = C1 PP CR

Global variables updated in the SubscriberCallback function, processed and published.

double x

Absolute coordinates.

- double v
- · double theta
- double x mm

Absolute coordinates in various units.

- double y_mm
- · double theta_deg
- char TopicMotionCapture [64] = TOPIC_PREP_MC
- char TopicPose2DStamped [64] = TOPIC_PREP_P2DT

Topic for position and orientation, stamped.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Preprocessor for Rollo measurement using Mocap OptiTrack motion capture data.

Author

Rabbia Asghar Ernest Skrzypczyk

Date

16/2/16

Command prototype: rosrun rollo rollo_preprocessor _rate:=25 _samplesize:=4 _sampling:=0

Parameters

rate	Sampling frequency of the node 25 [Hz]	
samplesize	Number of elements that are averaged/subsampled 4 [1]	
sampling	Selects if the raw data should be subsampled after a certain delay or averaged over a certain	
	period 0 [1]	
	sampling 0 sets subsampling sampling !0 sets averaging	

Filter the raw data from optitrack motion capture system and publish it along with time stamp for modeling of odometry and the measurement in Kalman filter

See also

https://github.com/em-er-es/rollo/

5.5.2 Function Documentation

5.5.2.1 int main (int argc, char ** argv)

Node main.

Initialize variables, nodehandle, subscribe to motion capture data from mocap_optitrack node and publish position and orientation after processing with time stamp. The position and orientation are published along with timestamp to topic /Rollo/preprocessor/pose2dstamped in format custom defined message, rollo::Pose2DStamped.

Parameters

rate	Sampling frequency of the node 25 [Hz]
samplesize	Number of elements that are averaged/subsampled 4 [1]
sampling	Selects if the raw data should be subsampled after a certain delay or averaged over a certain period 0 [1] • sampling 0 sets subsampling • sampling !0 sets averaging
	Sampling to sets averaging

Returns

Λ

Initialization

Name of the preprocessor node

- · Nodehandle for subscriber and publisher
- Subscriber
- · Publisher initialization with topic, message format and queue size definition
- · Node arguments using command line

Sampling is either done using subsampling (0) or simple averaging (1)

- Initialize node parameters from launch file or command line. Use a private node handle so that multiple instances of the node can be run simultaneously while using different parameters.
- · Publishing rate [Hz]
- · Publisher variables for conventional messages
- · Message type
- · Publisher variables for processing
- · Initialize variable to publish message
- · Loop counter holder
- · Loop condition variable

Main loop

- · Prepare data for publishing
- · Publish
- · Reset variables
- For subsampling sleep for time defined by rate and then read the states from the subscriberCallback() without usleep() delay

For averaging sleep for time defined by rate before reading states from the subscriberCallback()

· Increase loop counter

Main loop end

5.5.2.2 void subscriberCallback (const geometry_msgs::Pose2D::ConstPtr & msg)

Subscriber callback.

Subscribe to motion capture data from mocap optitrack node and read position and orientation from Optitrack node.

Parameters

msg	Message generated by mocap_optitrack node in format:	
	Position x [m]	
	Position y [m]	
	Orientation [rad]	

See also

https://github.com/ros-drivers/mocap_optitrack

Returns

NULL

Acquisition:

- Raw x coordinate [m]
- · Raw y coordinate [m]
- · Raw theta [rad]

Conversion into degrees in the range 0 to 360 degress

Print message with acquired data

5.5.3 Variable Documentation

5.5.3.1 char NodeName[20] = C1 PP CR

Global variables updated in the SubscriberCallback function, processed and published.

Node name using console codes

```
5.5.3.2 char TopicMotionCapture[64] = TOPIC_PREP_MC
```

Topics Topic for motion capture data

5.6 rollo_visualization.cpp File Reference

Visualize motion capture data and EKF estimates.

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Twist.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Vector3.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include "rollo.hpp"
```

Functions

• int kbhit (void)

Keyboard keystroke.

• void decodeKey (char character, double &Speed, double &Turn)

Decode key.

• int main (int argc, char **argv)

Node main.

Variables

```
• char NodeName [20] = C2 CT CR
```

Global variables.

• char TopicCmdVel [64] = TOPIC_CTRL_CMD_VEL

Topic for commands generated expressed in linear and angular velocity.

```
    double LimitVelocityF = 1
```

Limit velocity forward.

• double LimitVelocityR = -1

Limit velocity reverse.

• double LKeysSteps = 0.1

Left key set velocity step.

double RKeysLinearV = 0.4

Right key set linear velocity step.

• double RKeysAngularV = 1

Right key set angular velocity step.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Visualize motion capture data and EKF estimates.

Author

Rabbia Asghar Ernest Skrzypczyk

Date

25/2/16

Command prototype: rosrun rollo rollo__rate:=10

Parameters

rate	Running frequency of the node 10 [Hz]

Robot control using following key sets

Left key set:

- q/e : increase/decrease speeds 0.1 and -0.1
- w/s: increase/decrease only linear speed by 0.1
- a/d : increase/decrease only angular speed by 0.1
- z/c: increase/decrease speeds 0.1 and -0.1
- x : reset angular speed

Independent key set:

· f/F: full speed forwards/backwards

Right key set:

- u/o : increase/decrease set speeds for diagonal movement forwards
- i/, : increase/decrease set speeds for forward/backward movement
- j/l : increase/decrease set speeds for rotations
- m/. : increase/decrease set speeds for diagonal movement backwards
- k : stop

Global key set:

- *: stop
- <CTRL>-C : quit

Python script available online used as reference.

See also

```
https://github.com/ros-teleop/teleop_twist_keyboard/blob/master/teleop← _twist_keyboard.py https://github.com/em-er-es/rollo/
```

5.6.2 Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 void decodeKey (char character, double & Speed, double & Turn)

Decode key.

Compute linear and angular command velocities based on keyboard input. Key pressed character <key> as input argument.

Parameters

character	Character to be decoded
&Speed	Linear velocity
&Turn	Angular velocity

Returns

NULL

See also

https://github.com/ros-teleop/teleop_twist_keyboard/blob/master/teleop← _twist_keyboard.py

Left key set control

Full speed forward/backward

Right key set control

Default value

Velocity limits

Linear velocity limits

Angular velocity limits

Print decoded velocities

5.6.2.2 int kbhit (void)

Keyboard keystroke.

Check if a key is pressed on keyboard and return it.

Parameters

Returns

1 if a key is pressed on keyboard, otherwise 0.

See also

https://github.com/sdipendra/ros-projects/blob/master/src/keyboard_non← _blocking_input/src/keyboard_non_blocking_input_node.cpp

5.6.2.3 int main (int argc, char ** argv)

Node main.

Initialize variables and nodehandle, read and translate input information into command messages.

Parameters

rate Running frequency of the node <!10 [Hz]>

Publish to command velocity topic as specified in configuration header file according to format geometry_← msgs::Twist

Returns

0

Algorithm structure

Initialization

- · Initialize nodehandle for publisher
- · Publisher initialization with topic, message format and queue size definition
- · Node arguments using command line
- Initialize node parameters from launch file or command line. Use a private node handle so that multiple instances of the node can be run simultaneously while using different parameters.
- · Publishing rate [Hz]
- · Publisher variables for conventional messages
- · Initialize variables for computing linear and angular velocity of the robot
- · Initialize character holder

Main loop

- · Check if a key is pressed
- · Read character
- · Decode key pressed
- · Prepare message to publish linear and angular velocities
- Print message with velocities
- · Publish message in Twist format
- · ROS spinOnce
- · Sleep to connform node frequency rate

Main loop end

5.6.3 Variable Documentation

5.6.3.1 char NodeName[20] = C2 CT CR

Global variables.

Node name using console codes

Index

~udp_client udp_client_server::udp_client, 8 ~udp_server	rollo_visualization.cpp, 39 MessageEmergencyStop rollo_comm.cpp, 23
udp_client_server::udp_server, 10	топо_остипорр, 20
CM rollo.hpp, 14 CR rollo.hpp, 14	NodeName rollo_comm.cpp, 23 rollo_control.cpp, 28 rollo_preprocessor.cpp, 36 rollo_visualization.cpp, 40
decodeKey	PACKAGE
rollo control.cpp, 26	rollo.hpp, 15
rollo_visualization.cpp, 39	PI
decode Velocities	rollo.hpp, 15
rollo_comm.cpp, 18	. сен., ре,
_	ROLLO_AXLE_L
FSTATE	rollo.hpp, 15
rollo_ekf.cpp, 30	ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_L
	rollo.hpp, 15
get_addr	ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_R
udp_client_server::udp_client, 8	rollo.hpp, 15
udp_client_server::udp_server, 10	recv
get_port	udp_client_server::udp_server, 11
udp_client_server::udp_client, 8	rollo.hpp, 13
udp_client_server::udp_server, 10	CM, 14
get_socket	CR, 14
udp_client_server::udp_client, 8	PACKAGE, 15
udp_client_server::udp_server, 11	PI, 15
HMEAS	ROLLO_AXLE_L, 15
rollo_ekf.cpp, 30	ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_L, 15
10110_eκτ.σρρ, 30	ROLLO_WHEEL_RADIUS_R, 15
interpolateMeasurement	TOPIC_COMM_WS, 15
rollo ekf.cpp, 30	rollo_comm.cpp, 15
interpolateOdometry	decodeVelocities, 18
rollo_ekf.cpp, 30	ip, <mark>23</mark>
ip	main, 18
rollo comm.cpp, 23	MessageEmergencyStop, 23
	NodeName, 23
JacobianFSTATE	subscriberCallback, 22
rollo_ekf.cpp, 31	udpSend, 22
	rollo_control.cpp, 23
kbhit	decodeKey, 26
rollo_control.cpp, 26	kbhit, 26
rollo_visualization.cpp, 39	main, 27
in	NodeName, 28
main	rollo_ekf.cpp, 28
rollo_comm.cpp, 18	FSTATE, 30
rollo_control.cpp, 27	HMEAS, 30
rollo_ekf.cpp, 31	interpolateMeasurement, 30
rollo_preprocessor.cpp, 35	interpolateOdometry, 30

42 INDEX

```
JacobianFSTATE, 31
     main, 31
    subscriberCallbackControlInput, 33
    subscriberCallbackMeasurement, 33
    zPose2DStamped, 33
rollo preprocessor.cpp, 33
     main, 35
     NodeName, 36
     subscriberCallback, 36
     TopicMotionCapture, 36
rollo_visualization.cpp, 37
     decodeKey, 39
    kbhit, 39
     main, 39
     NodeName, 40
send
     udp_client_server::udp_client, 8
subscriberCallback
     rollo comm.cpp, 22
     rollo_preprocessor.cpp, 36
subscriber Callback Control Input\\
     rollo_ekf.cpp, 33
subscriberCallbackMeasurement
     rollo_ekf.cpp, 33
TOPIC_COMM_WS
     rollo.hpp, 15
timed_recv
     udp_client_server::udp_server, 11
TopicMotionCapture
     rollo_preprocessor.cpp, 36
udp client
     udp_client_server::udp_client, 7
udp_client_server::udp_client, 7
     \simudp client, 8
    get_addr, 8
    get_port, 8
     get_socket, 8
     send, 8
     udp_client, 7
udp_client_server::udp_client_server_runtime_error, 9
udp client server::udp server, 9
     \simudp server, 10
     get_addr, 10
    get_port, 10
    get_socket, 11
    recv, 11
    timed_recv, 11
    udp_server, 10
udp_server
     udp_client_server::udp_server, 10
udpSend
     rollo_comm.cpp, 22
zPose2DStamped
     rollo_ekf.cpp, 33
```