

Starting development for the ZX Spectrum



tg: @errorsoft



Specifications

ZX Spectrum (Pentagon 128)

- CPU: z80, 3.5 MHz, 8 bit
- RAM: 128 kb
- ROM: 16(64) kb
- OS: TR-DOS (Disk OS, 640kb floppy disks)
- MUSIC: AY (3 channel)
- GRAPHICS: 256x192 px, 15 colors
- Number of ticker per frame: 71680



Z80



- 8-bit CISC CPU
- Designed in 1976
- 158 instructions
- 16 bit address bus, 64 kb addressable memory



Memory Map

#0000	ROM BASIC/BASIC128	Lower memory ↓
#4000	Screen (6144 bytes)	
#5800	Attributes (768 bytes)	
#5B00	Printer buffer (256 bytes), if you don't need 128ROM, you can use	
#5C00	BASIC system variables	
#5CB6...#5D26	TR-DOS system variables	
#5D3B/#5CCB	Start of BASIC program (depending on whether TR-DOS is initialized or not)	
#5E3C	Beginning of BASIC program when working with TR-DOS with disk (TR-DOS uses 257 bytes for the sector buffer)	
...	Bottom of the stack (the stack grows to meet the BASIC)	
~#6100...#FFFF	***Your Program*** It is better not to touch the memory before this address if the operability of TR-DOS and BASIC is important to you	Upper memory ↓

To keep BASIC operational, the IY register must be # 5C3A

Screen structure

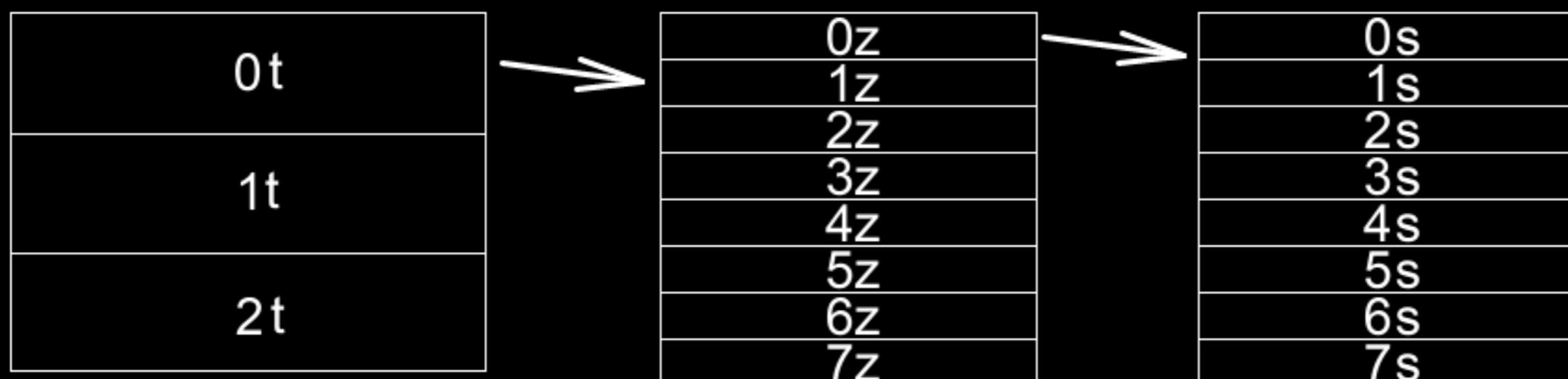
H		L	
-	-	-	-
	0 1 0 t t s s z z x x x x	-	-
-	-	-	-
+	+	+	+
1	2	3	4

256



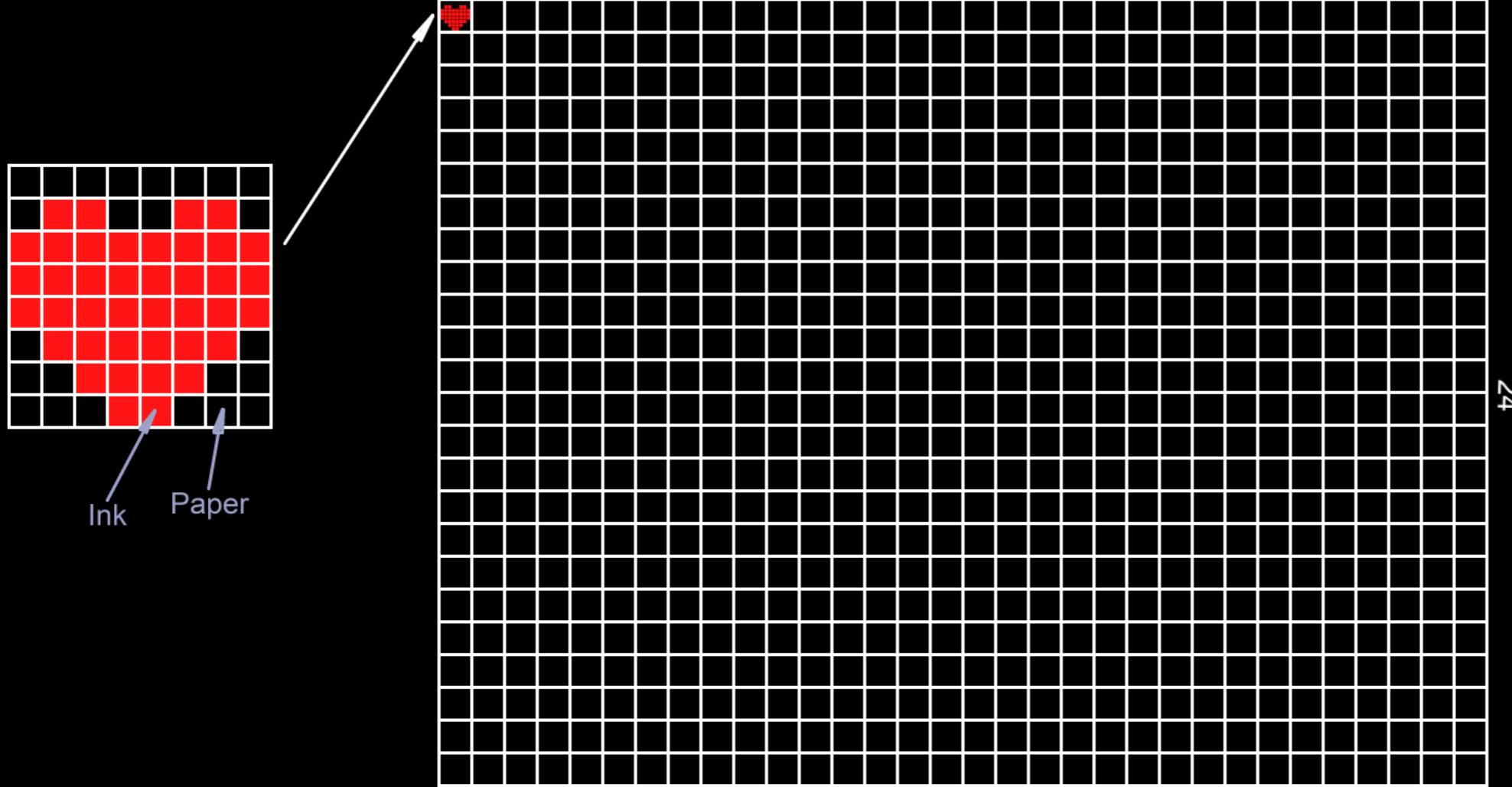
192

- 1(t) Third number 0..2
- 2(s) Offset inside familiarity 0..7
- 3(z) Row number 0..7
- 4(x) Column number

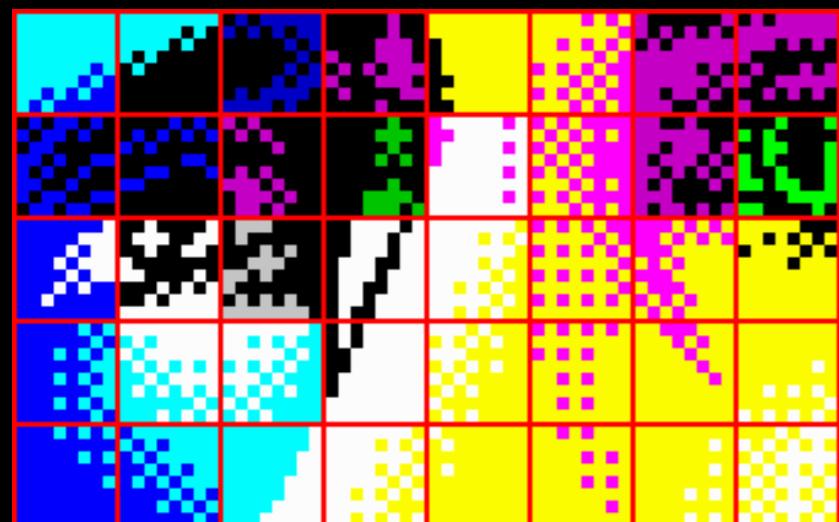


Colors

32



B0	B1	Номер	Название
		0	Black
Blue	Blue	1	Blue
Red	Red	2	Red
Magenta	Magenta	3	Magenta
Green	Green	4	Green
Cyan	Cyan	5	Cyan
Yellow	Yellow	6	Yellow
White		7	White

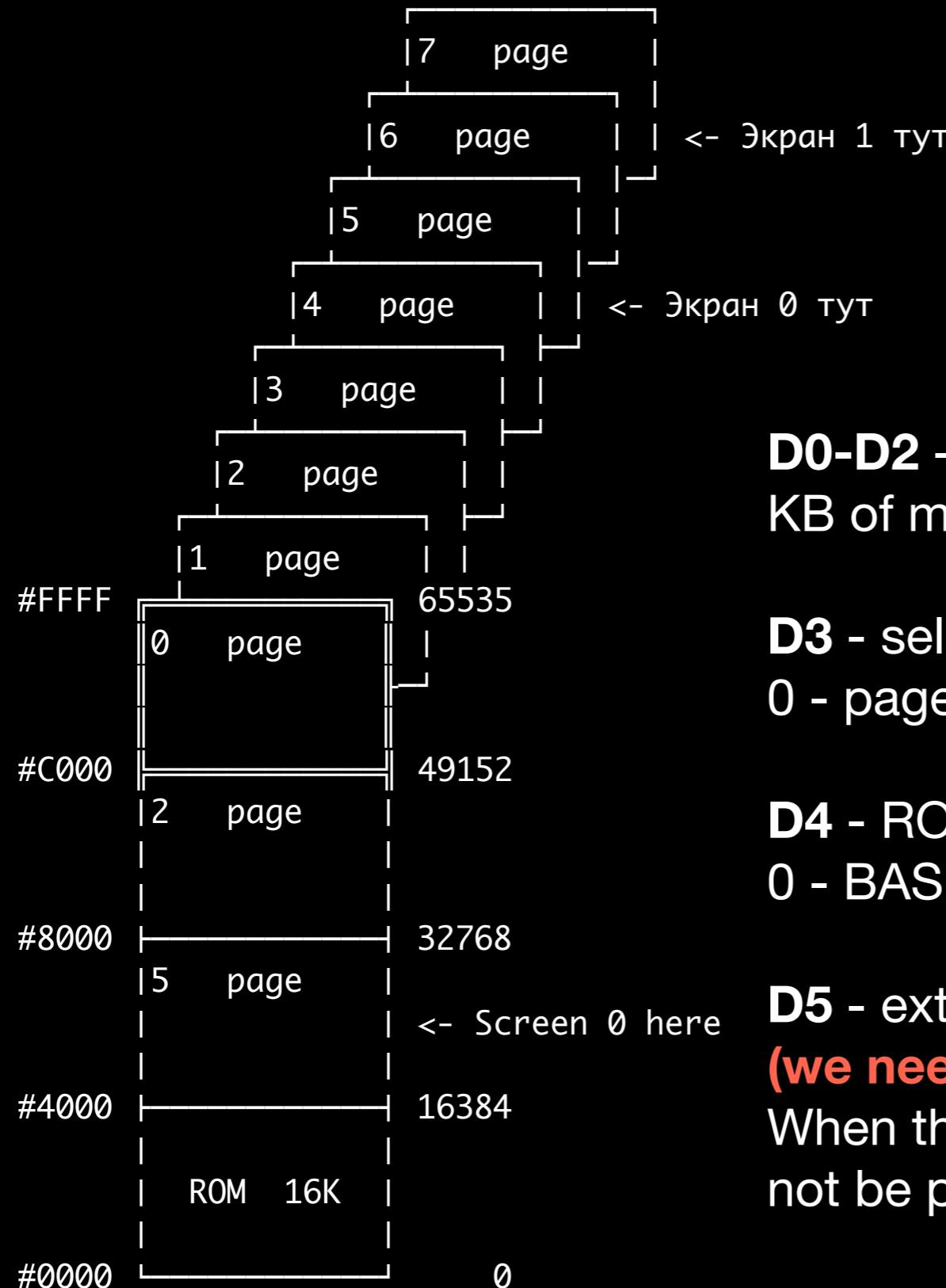


- D0..D2 - ink color (INK)
- D3..D5 - paper color (PAPER)
- D6 - luminance bit (BRIGHT)
- D7 - flashing bit (FLASH)

Port #FE

Reading	Writing
<p>D0-D4 - display the state of a certain half-row of the ZX Spectrum keyboard. Half-row ports - #7FFE, #BFFE, #DFFE, #EFFE, #F7FE, #FBFE, #FDDE и #FEFE.</p>	<p>D0-D2 - determine the color of the border.</p>
<p>D6 - displays the status of the tape input.</p>	<p>D3 - controls the state of the recording output of the MIC tape recorder.</p>
<p>D5, D7 - unused</p>	<p>D4 - controls the internal speaker (beeper).</p>
	<p>D5-D7 - unused.</p>

Switching RAM pages / screens



#7FFD - port that controls the display of pages

D0-D2 - page number of RAM connected to the upper 16 KB of memory (from address # C000)

D3 - select the displayed video page.
0 - page in bank 5, 1 - in bank 7. **(default 0)**

D4 - ROM page number.
0 - BASIC128, 1 - BASIC48. **(commonly used 1)**

D5 - extended memory inhibit (48K latch).
(we need 0)
When the bit is set, extended memory management will not be possible until the computer is reset.

Never use port #FD!

AY



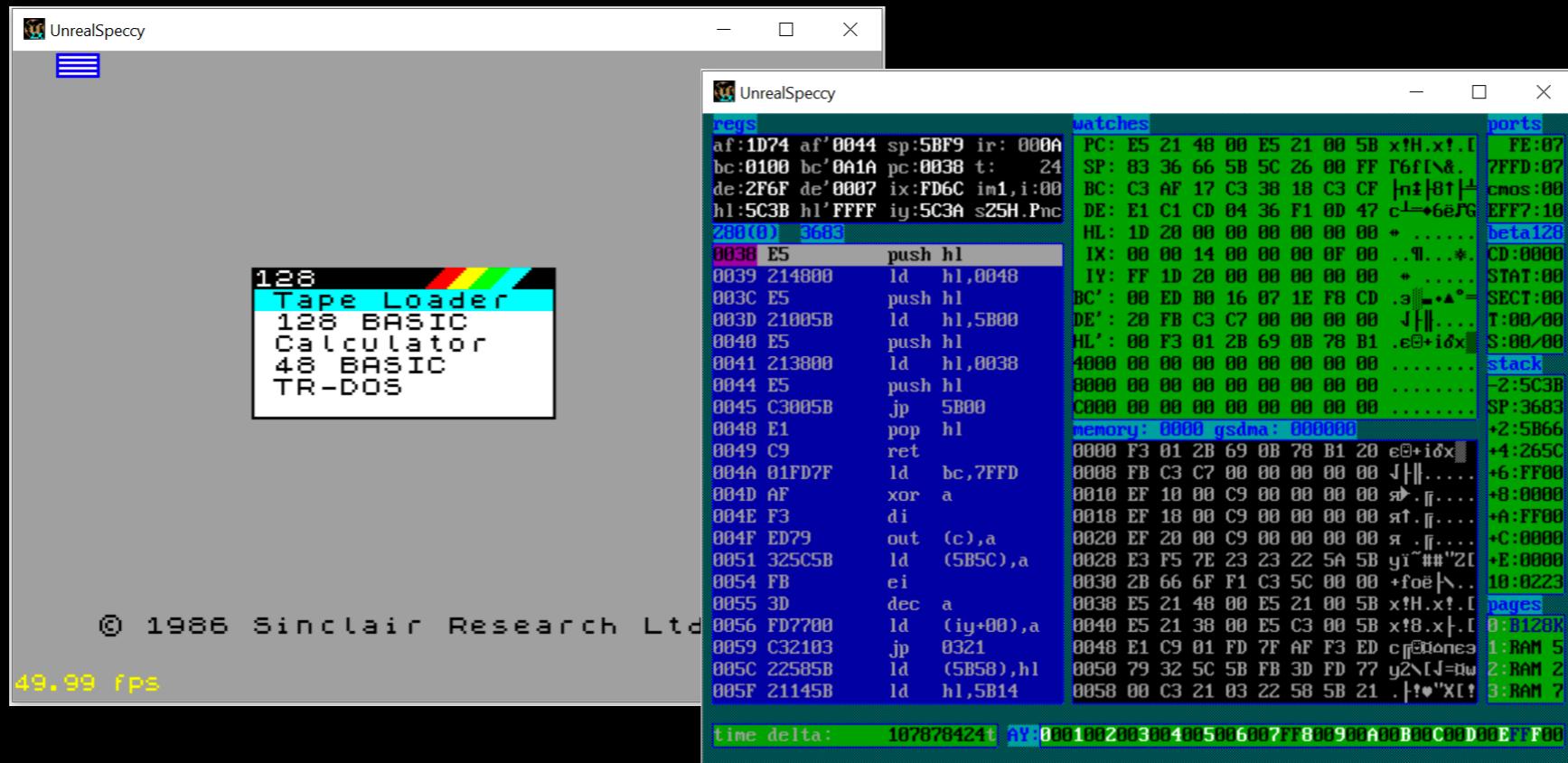
- #FFF - register address AY-3-8910
- #BFF - data register AY-3-8910

Useful software and development tools



Unreal Speccy

Spectrum emulator (Pentagon)



Running: unreal <file_name>

The emulator is able to display custom labels from the user.l file when pressing Ctrl + L. (Try Ctrl + J)

The user.l file must be in the folder with the emulator



sjAsmPlus

Cross assembler z80

```
Compiling
SjASMPlus Z80 Cross-Assembler v1.14.3 (https://github.com/z00m128/sjasmplus)
Pass 1 complete (0 errors)
Pass 2 complete (0 errors)
> code size: 14
Pass 3 complete
Errors: 0, warnings: 0, compiled: 35 lines, work time: 0.031 seconds
```

Running: sjasmplus <asm_file>.asm --nofakes

Parameter --nofakes prohibits fake instructions such as LD HL,DE => LD H,D: LD L,E

I highly recommend not using fake instructions!

Notepad++

Editor

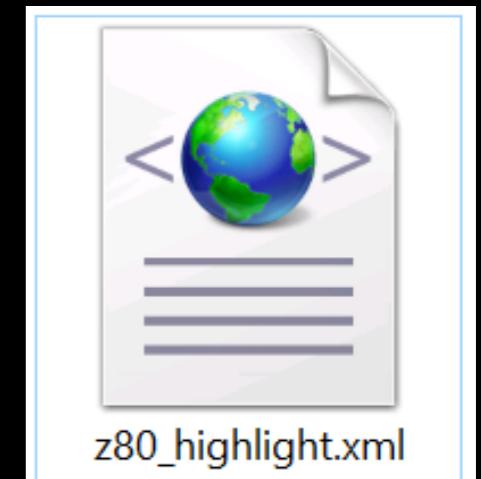
C:\sources\zx_starter_pack\projects\0_hello_world\hello.asm - Notepad++

Файл Правка Поиск Вид Кодировки Синтаксисы Опции Инструменты Макросы Запуск Плагины Вкладки ?

hello.asm

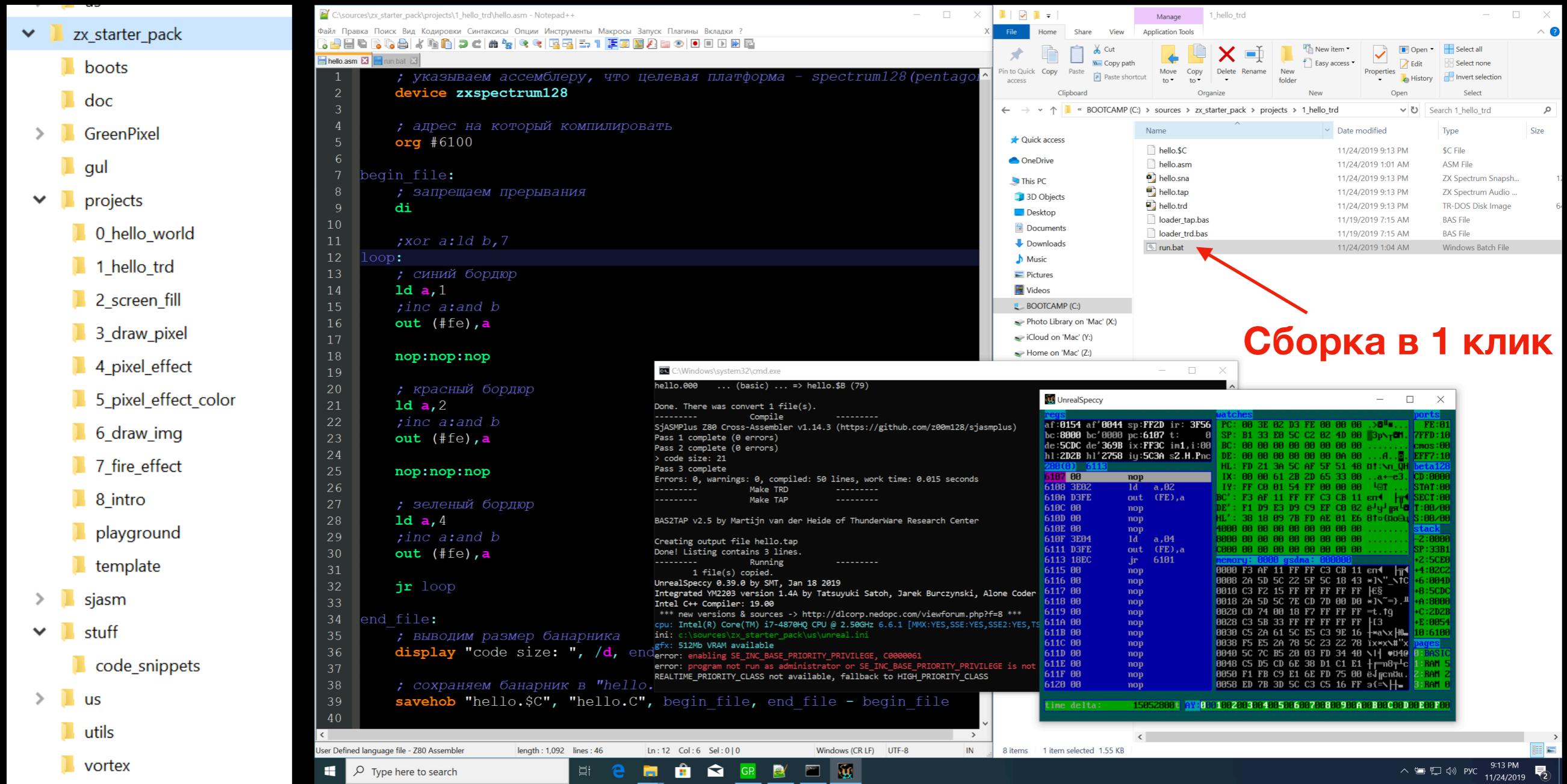
```
1 ; указыв
2 device z
3 ; адрес
4 org #610
5
6 begin_file:
7 ; запрещ
8 di
9
10 loop:
11 ; синий
12 ld a,1
13 out (#fe)
14
15 nop:nop:
16
17 ; красны
18 ld a,2
19 out (#fe)
20
21 jr loop
22
23 end_file:
24 ; выводим размер банарника
```

User Defined language file - Z80 Assembler length : 796 lines : 33 Ln : 1 Col : 1 Sel : 0 | 0 Windows (CR LF) UTF-8 IN



Z80 asm custom highlighting

Working environment



Simple script to build an sna file

```
@echo off  
  
rem Params  
set name=hello  
  
echo -----  
echo -----  
echo -----  
rem Copy labels to emulator  
copy "user.l" "..\..\us\"  
del user.l  
  
echo -----  
echo -----  
echo -----  
..\.\\unreal %name%.sna
```

Project name

Compile

Compile necessary files

We copy the labels, for easy debugging

Launching the emulator, with execution created sjAsm sna file



Simple project template

```
; tell the assembler target platform is -spectrum128 (pentagon)
device zx spectrum128
```

```
; the address to compile to
org #6100
```

```
begin_file:
```

```
; YOUR CODE
```

```
di:halt ←————
```

These two commands stop the CPU

di - disable interrupts

halt - wait for interrupt

```
end_file:
```

```
; displaying the size of the banner
```

```
display "code size: ", /d, end_file - begin_file
```

```
; save sna (state snapshot) file
```

```
savesna "hello.sna", begin_file ←————
```

**We save the sna file,
to run in the emulator**

```
; save labels
```

```
labelslist "user.l" ←————
```

Save labels for easy debugging

Registers Z80

Main registers		Alternative registers	
A Accumulator	F Flags	A' Accumulator	F' Flags
B	C	B'	C'
D	E	D'	E'
H	L	H'	L'

BC, DE, HL - register pairs

Special registers	
IX (16 bit)	Index register
IY (16 bit)	Index register
SP (16 bit)	Stack pointer
PC (16 bit)	Program counter
I	Interrupt vector
R	DRAM refresh counter

IXL, IXH / IYL, IYH - halves of index registers

Registers / Memory Access

EXX - exchange BC,DE,HL and BC`,DE`,HL`

EX AF, AF - exchange AF and AF`

EX DE, HL - exchange register pairs DE and HL

LD R1, R2 - load register value R2 to register R1

LD R1, N - load value N to register R1

LD RR, NN - load value NN load value into register pair RR

LD (RR), R1 - load into memory, at the address in the register pair RR, register value R1

LD R1, (RR) - load into register R1 the value from memory, at the address in the register pair RR

LD R,(NN) - load into register A / RR a value from memory, at address NNNN

LD (NN),R - load into memory, at NNNN address, register value A/RR

Logical / arithmetic operations

OR R1 - OR operation between A and R1

AND R1 - AND operation between A and R1

XOR R1 - XOR operation between A and R1

OR N/AND N/XOR N - logical operation between A and immediate value N

CPL - invert A

ADD R1 - add R1 and A

SUB R1 - subtract R1 from A

ADD N/SUB N - add / subtract the immediate value of N

CP N/R1 - compare A with value N / register R1 (SUB, without saving the result)

INC R1 - increase register R1 by 1

DEC R1 - decrease register R1 by 1

Shifts

SRL reg - 0 >>

SRA reg - 0/1 >> (arithmetic)

RR reg - C >>

SLA reg - << 0

SLI reg - << 1

RL reg - << C

RLCA reg - [<<] - cyclic shift

RRCA reg - [>>] - cyclic shift

WORK FASTER THAN OTHER SHIFTS:

RLA - << C

RRA - C >>

Optimization:

SLA A (is replaced by ADD A, A)

SLA L:RL H (is replaced by ADD HL, HL)

RL L:RL H (to be replaced by ADC HL, HL)

Jump

JP NN - jump to address NN

JP <NZ,NC,PO,P,Z,PE,C,M>, NN - jump to address NN, depending on the condition

JR N - relative jumps +127...-128

JR <NZ,NC,Z,C>, N - relative jump + 127 ... -128, depending on the condition

DJNZ N - loop, decrements B, if B is not 0, jump relative to N

Condition	Flag	Description
Z / NZ(he)	Z	The result of the operation is 0
C / NC(he)	C	A carry has occurred (e.g. 120-130)
P / M	S	The result of the operation is positive / negative (7th bit)
PO / PE	P/V	Parity (number of bits!) / overflow (sign changed)

Subroutines / interrupts

CALL NN - subroutine call at address NN

RET - return

CALL <NZ,NC,PO,PZ,PE,C,M>, NN - conditional subroutine call at address NN

RET <NZ,NC,PO,PZ,PE,C,M> - conditional return

DI - disable interrupts

EI - enable interrupts

HALT - wait for interruption => **DI:HALT** - leads to hang

I / O ports

IN A,(N) - input value from port N to register A

OUT (N), A - pin A to port N

OUT (C), A - output to the port, in the BC register of the value A.

Example:

LD A, #10

LD BC, #7FFD

OUT (C), A

Always use port # 7FFD, never use
port #FD!



Release creation



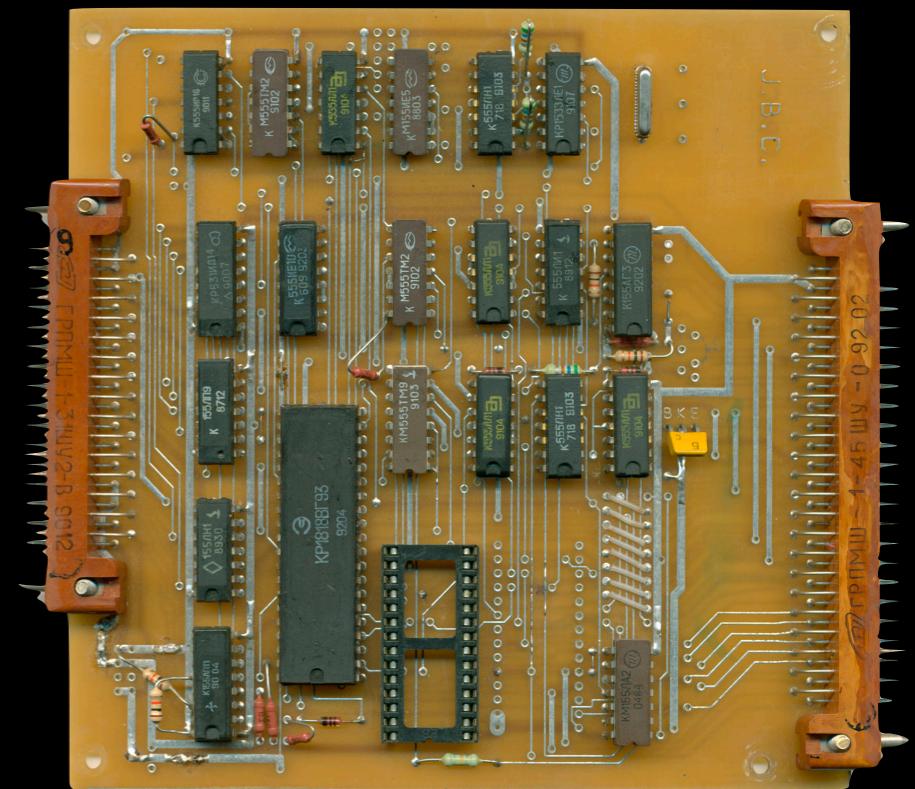
Beta 128 Disk Interface

By Technology Research Ltd

Start of production 1984/1987

Support for 640kb floppy disks

It was widespread in the USSR and the CIS countries, and is extremely unknown in England.



(c) Batareikin

tr-dos

**Start to tr-dos:
RANDOMIZE(T) USR(Ex+L) 15616**

LIST(K) - list files

RUN(R) - launching BOOT-a

RUN "(Ss+P)name"(Ss+P) - running a BASIC file named «name»

RUN "(Ss+P)name"(Ss+P) CODE(Ex+I) - running a BIN file named «name»

RUN "(Ss+P)name"(Ss+P) CODE(Ex+I) 24832 - running a BIN file named «name» and address



bas2tap

Utility to convert text file to tap file with basic

Command: bas2tap -s<...> -a<...> -c in_file.bas
out_file.tap

Parameters:

- s - File name (displayed during upload)
- a - Start line
- c - Ignore case

Convert BASIC file, tap file, Hobeta format

```
tapto0 -f in_name.tap  
0tohob <filename in tap>.000
```

Hobet file - 1 file from image .trd (floppy disks)

File formats:

- *.\$C - Code block
- *.\$B - Basic program

trdtool

Floppy disk image utility (trd)

Creating an empty trd file:

trdtool # <trd_name>.trd

Adding hobeta file to trd:

trdtool + <trd_name>.trd <hobeta_name>.\$?

taptool

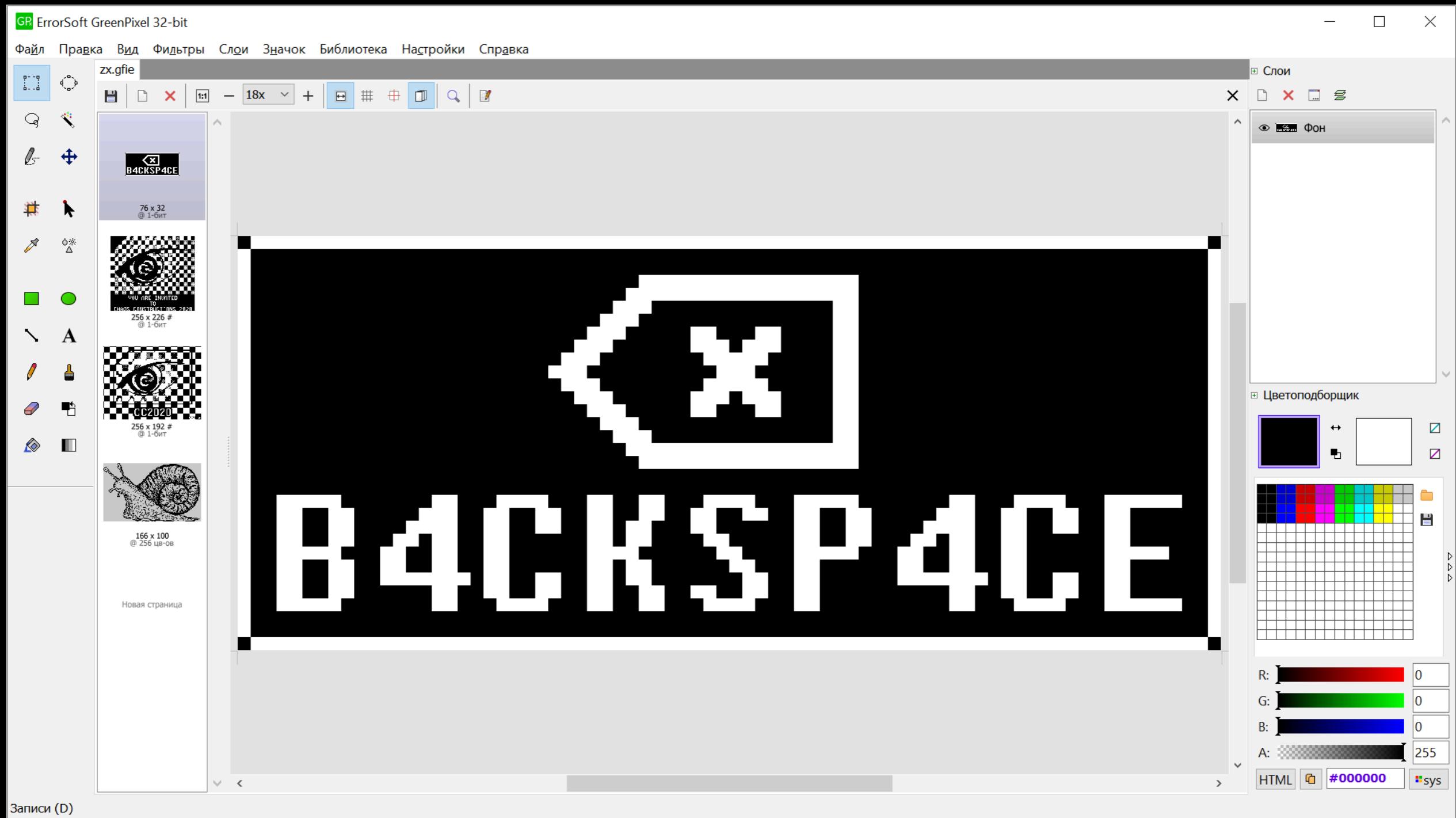
Utility for working with tape images

Adding hobeta to tape image:

```
taptool +$ <tap_name>.tap <hobeta_name>.$?
```

GreenPixel

Pixel art editor



<https://github.com/errorcalc/GreenPixel>

gul

Utility to convert png file to bin file

Running: `gul -src <png_name>.png -dst <bin_name>.bin -bg 0,0,0`

Parameters:

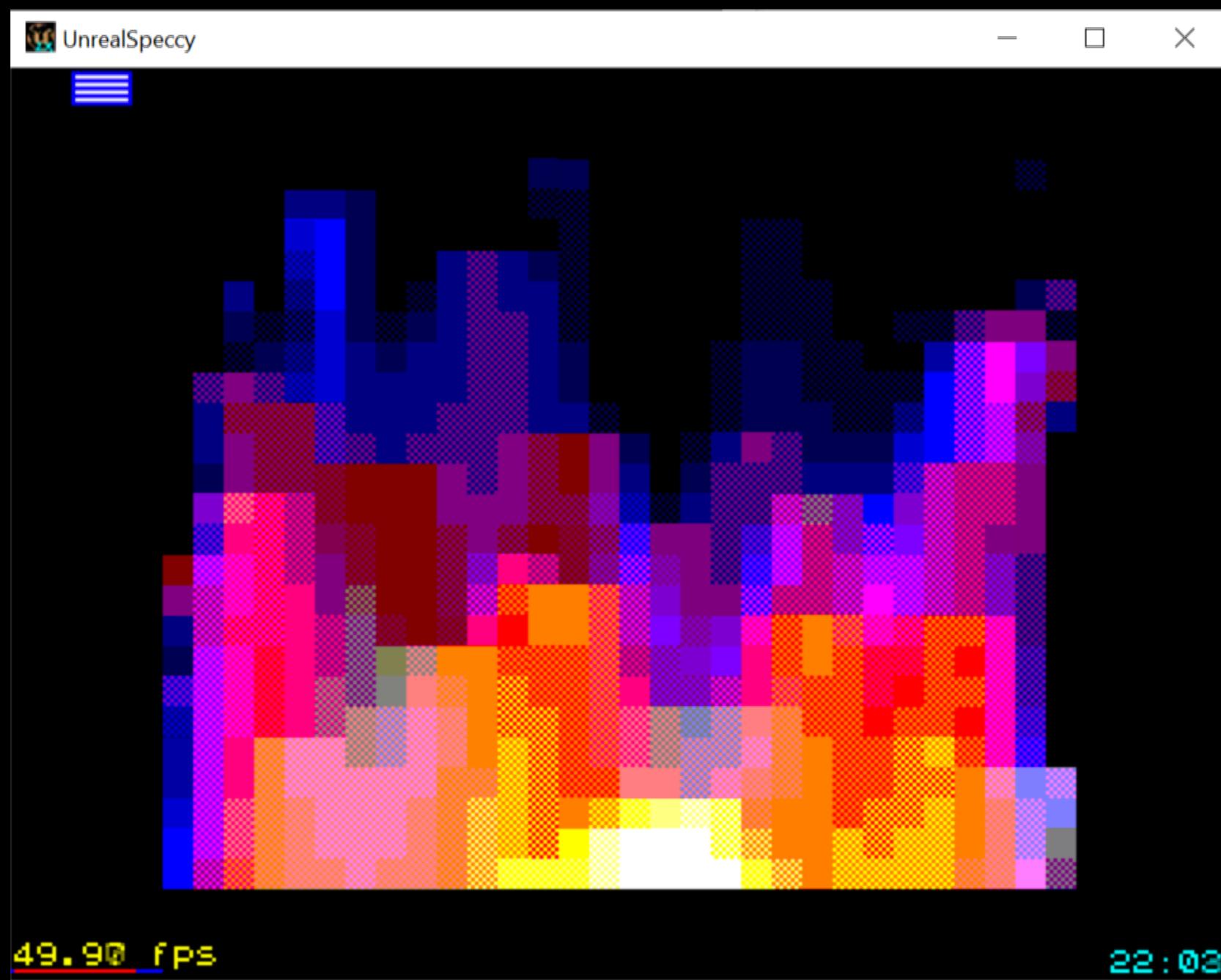
< -src Source PNG/BMP image > - in image

< -dst Destination BIN file > - out bin

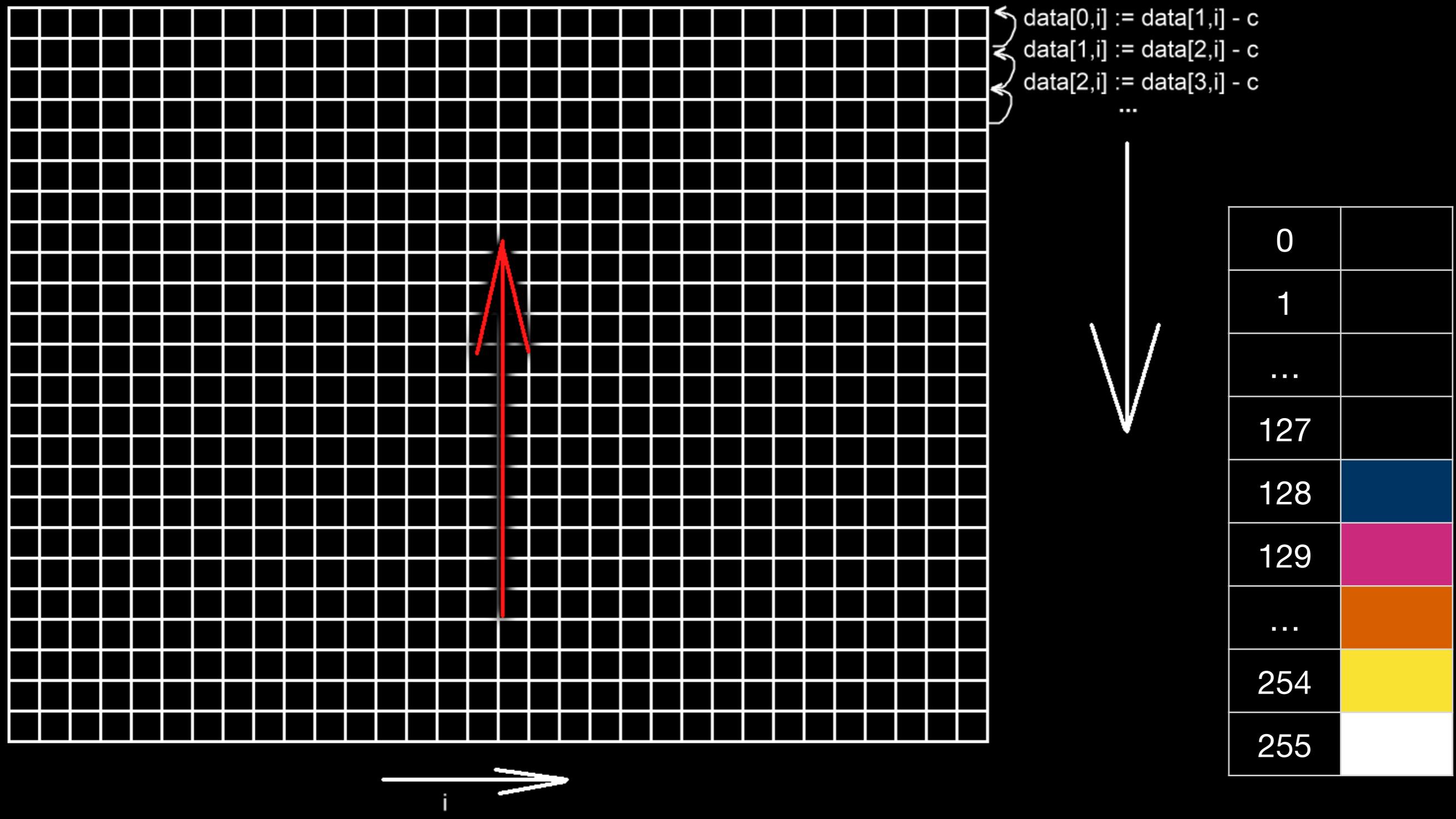
[-bg RED,GREEN,BLUE] - background color (0,0,0 by default), other colors are foreground color

[-dev 0...255] - What deviation from bg can be determined as the background color (20 by default)

Fire effect



calc_fire

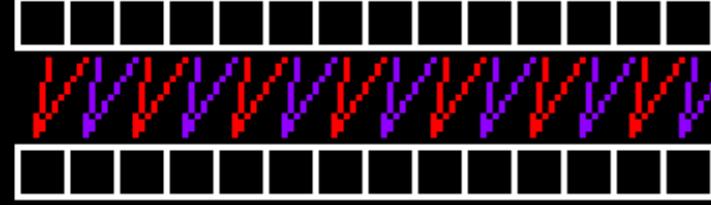


smooth_line_left/smooth_line_right

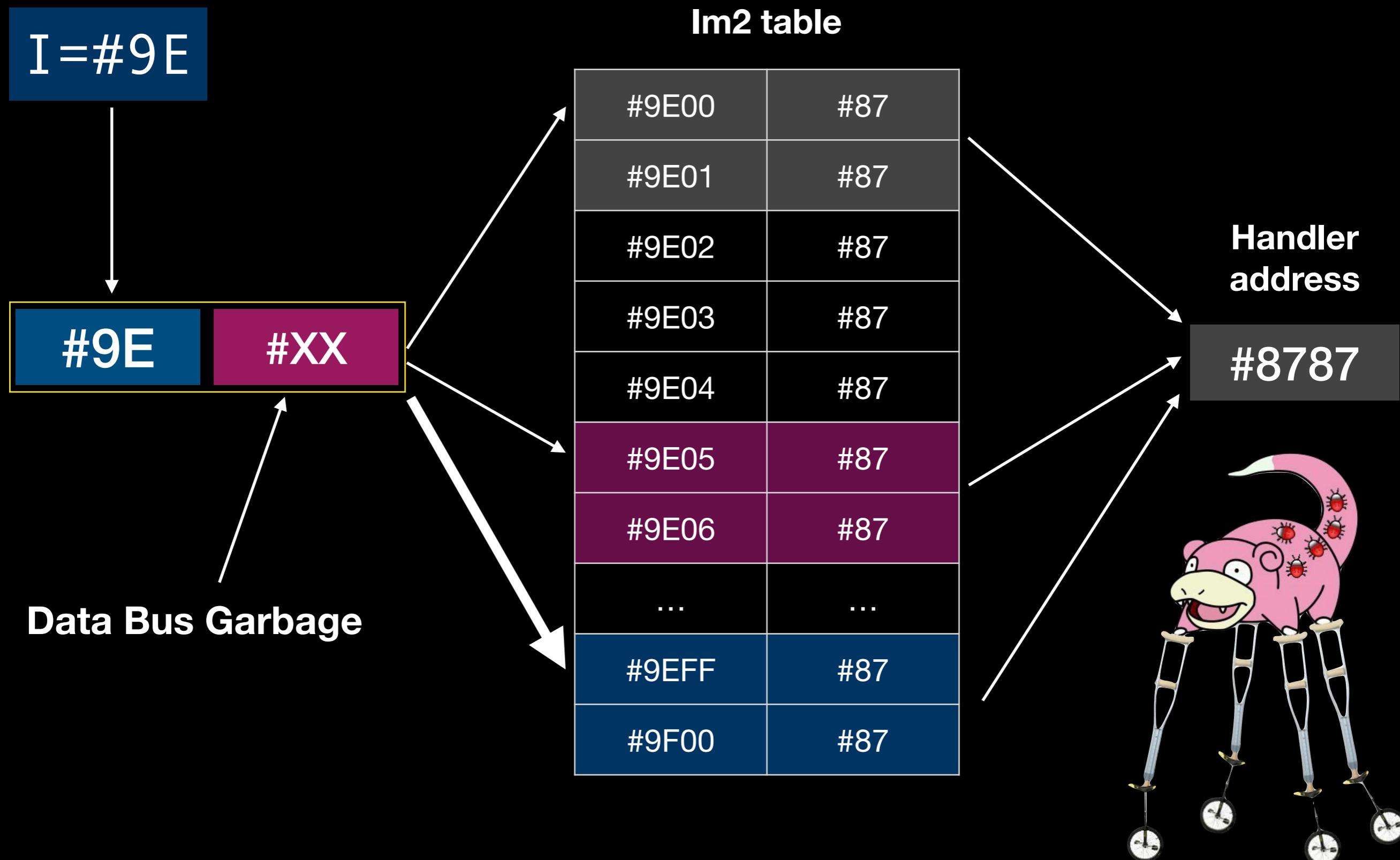
smooth_line_right

 hl [de] := [hl] / 2 + [hl-1] / 2
de

smooth_line_left

 hl [de] := [hl] / 2 + [hl]+1] / 2
de

im2



Music

```
call #A000; init
ei
```

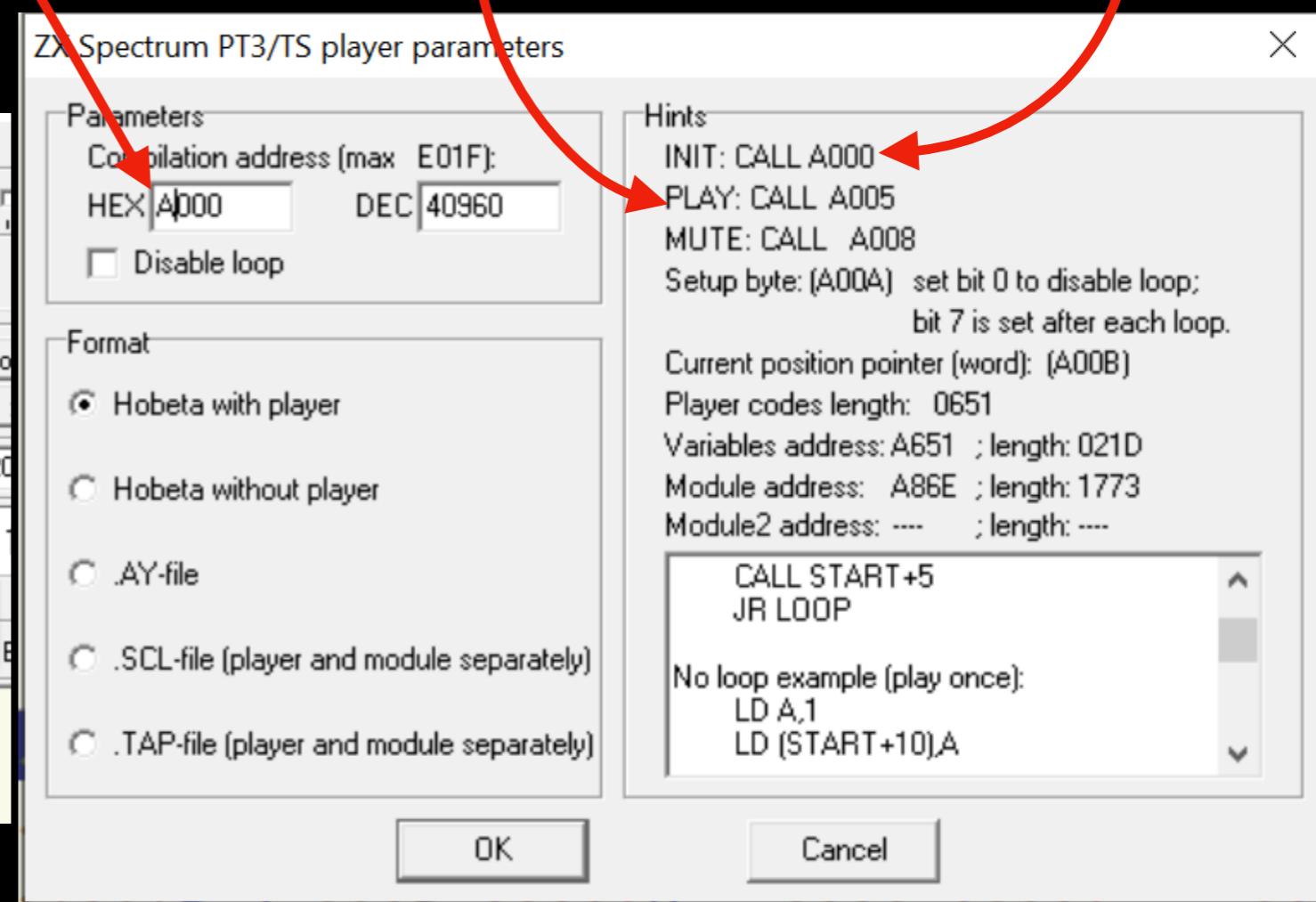
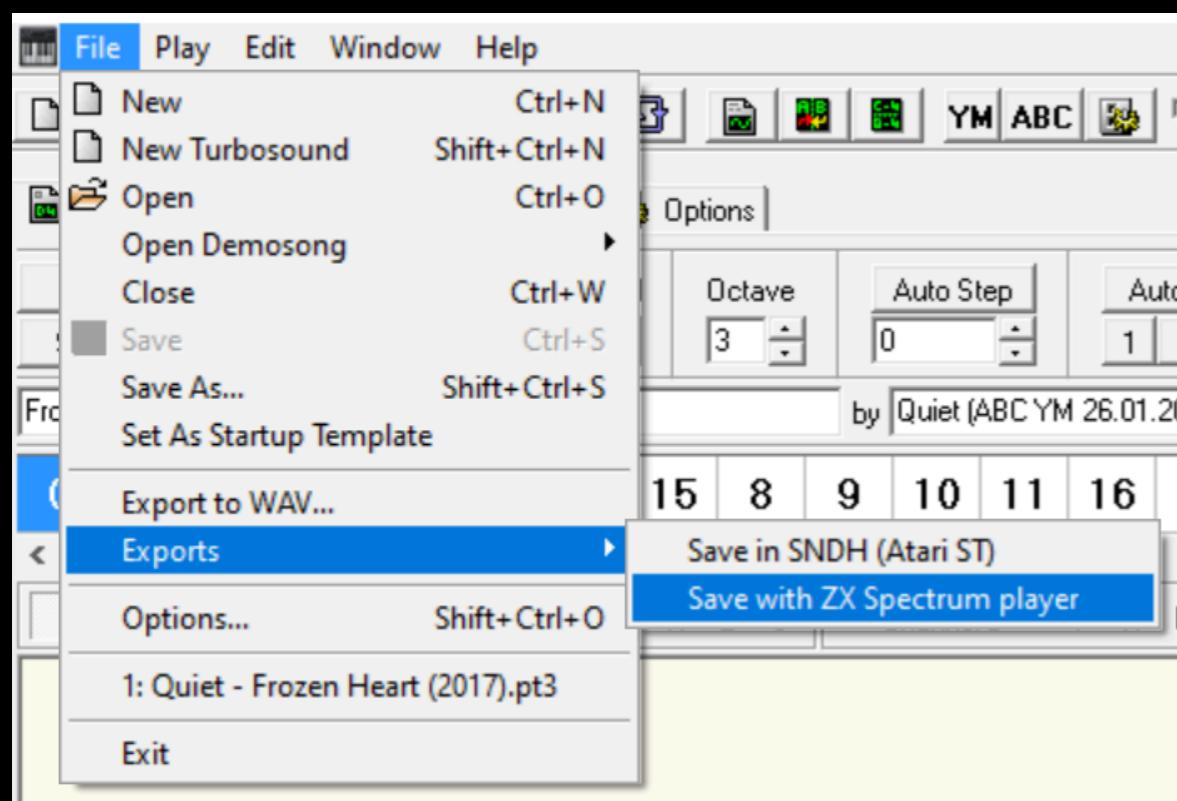
```
loop:
halt
call #A005; играем
jp loop

org #A000
inchob "Quiet.$c"
```

**Which address
compile
player**

**Call for
playing**

**Call for
Initialization**



LICENSE

"BEER DEMOSCENE LICENSE v1"

***** error, github.com/errorcalc *****

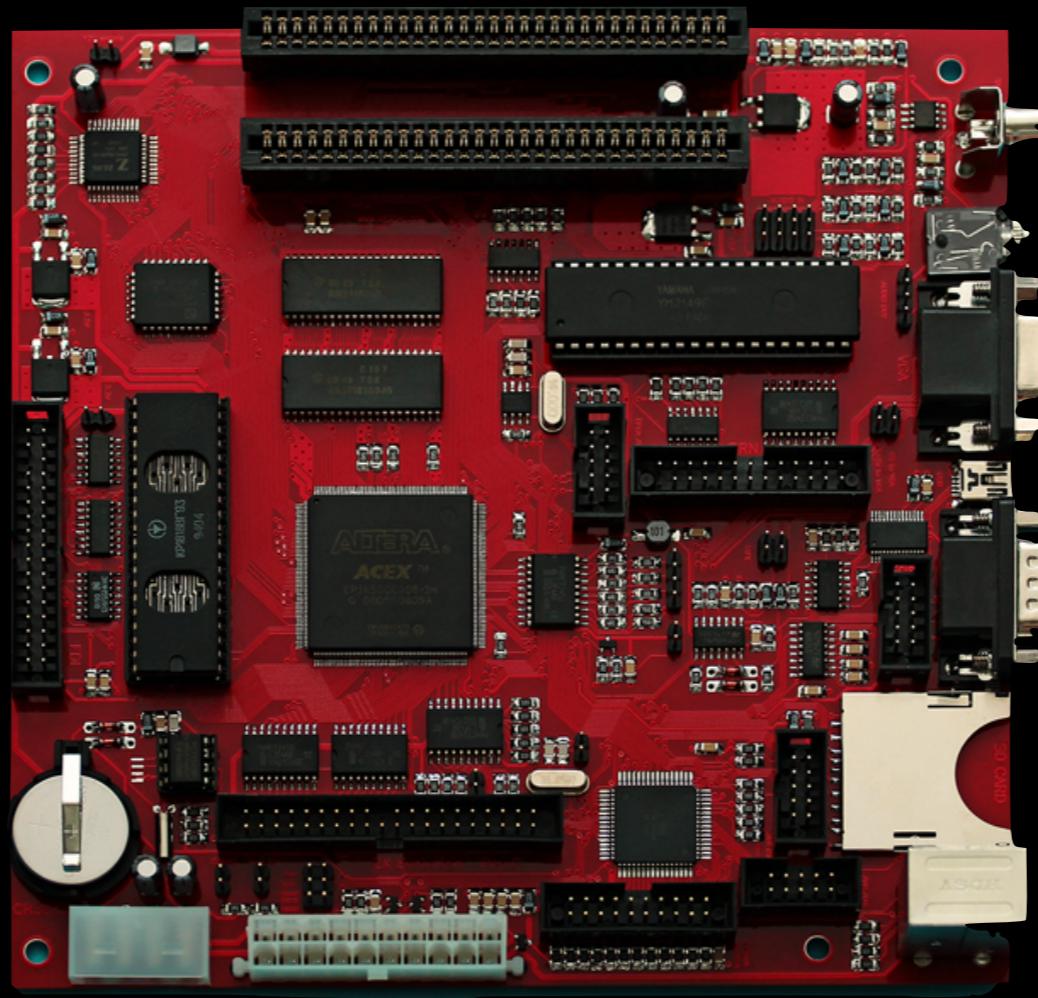
You can do whatever you want with this stuff.

Any liability and risks lie with you.

**If we meet some day, and you think this
stuff is worth it, you can buy us a beer in return.**

The author will be happy if you mention author in your prod.

Where can I get real?



ZX Evolution

Information: <http://www.nedopc.com/zxevo/zxevo.php>

Buy: <http://tetroid.nedopc.com>

Literature

Description Z80:

1. "Complete description of the Z80 microprocessor command system" Alexey Asemov (Alex / AT), Advanced Technologies, 2000-2005
2. "CENTRAL PROCESSOR Z80CPU" MINSK UKIK "CENTER" 1991, PDF version by Deny (Denisenko D.A.)2007

Books are available in the "ZX Spectrum Starter Pack" repository

Links

Interactive Z80 Command Table:

<http://clrhome.org/table/>

Math on the Z80:

<http://map.grauw.nl/sources/external/z80bits.html>

<http://z80-heaven.wikidot.com/math>

[http://map.grauw.nl/articles/mult div shifts.php](http://map.grauw.nl/articles/mult_div_shifts.php)

<http://zxpress.ru/article.php?id=11746>

16-bit shifts on the Z80:

<http://www.chilliant.com/z80shift.html>

Lots of articles about ZX Spectrum programming:

<http://zxpress.ru/tag.php?id=13>

Demos:

<https://github.com/ChaosConstructions>

Archive of books, software, games, demos:

<https://vtrd.in>

Demo archive:

<https://zxaaa.net>

Russian-speaking communities

Flashback Blog:
<http://hypr.ru>

Great forum about ZX Spectrum:
<https://zx-pk.ru>

ZX Spectrum art:
<https://zxart.ee>

**Telegram communities dedicated to coding for
ZX Spectrum:**
<https://t.me/zxcoding>
https://t.me/speccy_code
https://t.me/z80_q11

Contacts

- tg: @errorsoft
- site: errorsoft.org
- habr: habr.com/users/Error1024/
- vk: vk.com/errorcitizen
- github: github.com/errorcalc

Downloads/issue/pull req.: github.com/errorcalc/zx_starter_pack

Downloads: github.com/ChaosConstructions/lessons