

Lemonada proposed weights

775

726

600

Hasdg

235

lemonada 200 - light

ádhésion text,12@

lemonada 400 - regular

ádhésion text,12@

lemonada 700 - demibold

ádhésion text,12@

lemonada 800 - bold >> This is the published weight

ádhésion text,12@

Lemonada

proposed weights

Lemonada 200 light 12pt

Doubts over insect-bite treatment

People should consider using a cold, wet cloth to treat insect bites instead of turning to over-the-counter remedies, experts say. Prof Michael Siva-Jothy, from Sheffield University's Department of Animal and Plant Sciences, recruited 29 brave volunteers to test the theory further, watching the bedbugs as they found a place to feed and removing them only as they were about to bite.

An investigation has concluded that there is little evidence that creams, painkillers and anti-inflammatories often used for bites actually work. In any case, said Drug and Therapeutics

Bulletin researchers, the reactions got better by themselves in most cases. Midges, mosquitoes, flies, fleas and bed-bugs account for most bites. A variety of remedies are sold over the counter in pharmacies to relieve the itching, pain and swelling. Other scientists have suggested that swapping thicker fur for clothes was a way of making insect bites and parasitic infestations less likely. Prof Mark Pagel, an evolutionary biologist at the University of Reading, said that biting parasites remain a major cause of disease and death worldwide, making them a potentially enormous evolutionary pressure on early man.

Lemonada 400 regular 12pt

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*{now support vietnamese}**

Chữ Quốc ngữ là hệ chữ viết thống nhất chính thức hiện nay của tiếng Việt, sử dụng ký tự La Tinh, dựa trên các bảng chữ cái của nhóm ngôn ngữ Rôman,[1] đặc biệt là bảng chữ cái Bồ Đào Nha,[2] với các dấu phụ chủ yếu từ bảng chữ cái Hy Lạp.

Có hai kiểu tên gọi chữ cái là kiểu ờ và kiểu Pháp. Kiểu ờ là ghép phụ âm mà nó biểu thị với vần "ơ" và mang dấu huyền. Mọi chữ cái và chữ ghép phụ âm (trừ "q" và "qu") đều có thể gọi tên theo kiểu này. Gọi theo kiểu ờ thì hai chữ cái "c" và "k" có cùng tên gọi, đều được gọi là "cờ". Vì trong mọi từ được ghi lại bằng chữ quốc ngữ, "q" luôn luôn đi với "u", sau "q" không bao giờ có chữ cái nguyên âm nào khác và cũng là để tránh cho "q" có cùng tên gọi với "c" và "k" nên "q" và "qu" được gọi là "quờ". Các tên gọi kiểu Pháp được vay mượn từ tiếng Pháp. Không phải chữ cái chữ quốc ngữ nào cũng có tên gọi kiểu Pháp, các chữ ghép thì hoàn toàn không có tên gọi kiểu Pháp (trừ chữ ghép "qu"). Khác với tên gọi kiểu ờ, tên gọi kiểu Pháp của chữ cái có thể không mang phụ âm đầu mà chữ cái đó biểu thị. Ví dụ: Chữ "c" có hai tên gọi là "cờ" và "xê". Tên gọi "xê" bắt nguồn từ tiếng Pháp.