## **HTML Cheat Sheet**

- Used for placing text into. Place each paragraph into a new p tag.

<img src="path/to/image" /> - Used for displaying images. The text which goes into
the src attribute is the path to the image. If it is an image on a website make sure to use
the full path including the http:// If it is an image you created and is in the same directory
as the html file then just use "./myfile.png"

```
<h1> - Used for displaying a large heading
<h2> - Used for displaying a slightly smaller heading
......
<h6> - Used for displaying the smallest heading
```

<a href="http://example.com">My Link</a> - A link to example.com which has the
text "My Link". Remeber that these should also use the http:// in the href attribute.

<b> - Used for making text bold, but outdated. The prefered method is to use a <span> tag
and set the style attribute of it as follows: <span style="font-weight:bold;">My Bold
Text Here</span>

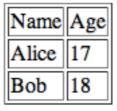
- <u> Similar to the bold tag, but it underlines text instead. As before you should now use a span tag with the style as "text-decoration: underline;".
- <i>- Similar to the bold tag again, but it makes text italic. As before you should now use a span tag with the style as "font-style: italic;"

- Used for creating a table

- Used for creating a row in a table

- Used for creating a cell in a table.

## Example:



```
- Unordered (bulleted list)

    Ordered list (numbered list)

- List element
Example:
<l
    List element 1
    List element 2
    List element 3
    List element 4
Creates:
· List element 1
· List element 2
· List element 3
· List element 4
EXAMPLE
<!doctype html>
<html>
     <head>
         <title>
              My Example Page
         </title>
         <style>
              body {
                   background-color: SpringGreen;
              p {
                   font-size:20em;
                   color: Blue;
              }
         </style>
     </head>
     <body>
          >
              This is some text
         </body>
</html>
```