Durational measurements on the Dutch prefix ge-

Using old data from Harald Baayen's languageR package

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It is said that your life flashes before your eyes just before you die.

That is true, it's called Life."

- Terry Pratchett, The Last Continent

Abstract: This paper is about Dutch prefixes. It uses an example data set from Pluymaekers et al. (2005), cited by Baayen (2008, pp. 126, 338).

1 Introduction

We tried to figure out if the frequency of a word has an influence on the duration of Dutch prefixes. Intuitively one could assume that with the duration drops with frequency. For this we recruited **132** Dutch native speakers. They produced **428** different words. Figure 1 gives an overview of the data. We clearly see a downward trajectory.

2 Methods and Materials

We applied methods to materials.

It can quite generally be said that

$$a+b=b+a$$

where a and b are some real numbers and a + b is the sum of a and b.

There are

- 1. things that are not dashes
- 2. things that are dashes
 - short dashes:
 - a. they are basically not dashes at all, but minus signs.
 - b. This fact is rarely relevant.
 - longer dashes: -

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• really long dashes: —

2.1 Methods

They where great

Here are the materials.

Back to methods and materials

2.2 Materials

Subjects were told what to do.

Back to methods and materials

Template to be reproduced ends here

What shall we do?

Update your Rmd file so the output matches this document.

- add a setup chunk
 - set the default chunk options echo, warning, and message to FALSE
 - load the packages tidyverse and stargazer.
 - * install them if they are not yet installed.
 - add the following line of code to load the data we need:

```
data("durationsGe", package = "languageR")
```

- Render the two bold faced numbers as inline code
 - hint: Example code

```
a <- c(1,2,1)
length(unique(a)) # count different values in a vector</pre>
```

[1] 2

sleep\$extra # access a column of a data frame

```
## [1] 0.7 -1.6 -0.2 -1.2 -0.1 3.4 3.7 0.8 0.0 2.0
```

If you don't remember the syntax, the cheatsheet or google will surely help. If not, I'm there to help.

References

Baayen, R. H. (2008). Analyzing linguistic data: A practical introduction to statistics using R. Cambridge University Press.

Pluymaekers, M., Ernestus, M., and Baayen, R. H. (2005). Frequency and acoustic length: The case of derivational affixes in dutch. *Journal of the Acoustical Society of America*, 118, 2561--2569.