

# Power & Work

11SCI - Mechanics

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## 2018 Exam

Giovanni has a mass of  $75\text{kg}$  and is doing a ski jump. At the top of his flight he has  $3200\text{J}$  of gravitational potential energy.

1. Calculate his downward (vertical) speed just before he lands (assuming energy is conserved).
  2. Explain why Giovanni's actual speed is lower than calculated in 1.
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## Work

When you lift your backpack off the ground you are transferring some **chemical potential energy** in your muscles into **gravitational potential energy** in the backpack.

This transfer of energy is called **work**.

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Other examples including the launching of a rocket, the falling of a skydiver, the riding of a rollercoaster.

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## Example 1

Sam has decided to take up weight lifting and starts by deadlifting a  $20\text{kg}$  mass from the ground to a height of  $1\text{m}$ . Calculate the work done for Sam to lift the weight.

Hint: Calculate the gravitational potential energy at the start and end of the lift.

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## Example 2

Jack has gone hiking up Avalanche Peak. He has a mass of  $55\text{kg}$  and reaches a height of  $1833\text{m}$ , starting from  $733\text{m}$ . How much work has Jack done to reach the top?

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## 2018 Exam

Sophie is snow skiing and uses a ski tow to get to the top of the slope. The ski tow pulls Marama up the slope to a height of  $46.2\text{ m}$ . The combined mass of Sophie and her ski gear is  $62\text{ kg}$ .

Calculate the work done for Marama to reach the top of the slope.

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## Calculating Work

**Recall:** Work is the amount of energy transferred

In the vertical direction, work can be calculated using this formula

$$\begin{aligned} \text{work} &= \text{force} \times \text{distance} \\ W &= F \times d \end{aligned}$$

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If you are uncomfortable using this formula:

$$W = F \times d$$

just use the potential energy calculation because they are just different expressions of each other.

$$E_p = m \times g \times \Delta h$$

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## Starter

A rocket is launched with an acceleration of  $90\text{ms}^{-2}$ . It has a mass of  $5\text{kg}$  and it accelerates until it reaches a height of  $2000\text{m}$ . How much work is the rocket thruster doing?

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## Power

- Power is the rate at which energy is transferred.
- This is different to work which is the **amount** of energy transferred.
- A higher power means more energy is transferred each second.
- A lower power means less energy is transferred each second.

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- Power is measured in Joules per second ( $J/s$ ).
  - Since Joules is the unit for energy, we know this means energy per second.

$$power = \frac{work}{time}$$
$$P = \frac{W}{t}$$

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