NAME

dpath - The dpath helper script

SYNOPSIS

```
dpath --create|-c [/path/to/files] --source|-s gsiftpSourceUrl --destination|-d gsiftpDestinationUrl --alias|-a alias [—dpath-template dpathTemplate] [—configfile configurationFile]
```

dpath --batch-create|-b [/path/to/files] --hosts|-h hostsFile [--dpath-template dpathTemplate] [--config-file configurationFile]

```
dpath --list|-l [/path/to/files] [--verbose|-v] [--configfile configurationFile]
```

dpath --retrieve|-r [/path/to/files] [--verbose|-v] [--configfile configurationFile]

dpath --reindex [/path/to/files] [--verbose|-v] [--configfile configurationFile]

DESCRIPTION

dpath is a helper script for **gtransfer(1)** to support users in creating dpaths, listing available dpaths and retrieve the latest dpaths from a preconfigured repository.

MODES

dpath has several modes of operation:

CREATE

Creates a dpath file and a link to it named after the alias that is specified by the user.

BATCH CREATE

Creates all possible dpaths between host addresses given in a file. Corresponding aliases are created automatically.

LIST

Lists all available dpaths. Additionally only sources and destinations of dpaths can be listed, too.

RETRIEVE

Retrieve the latest dpaths available. In this mode dpath updates the local dpaths with data available from a preconfigured repository.

REINDEX

Reindex all dpaths. In this mode dpath updates the sources and destinations index files.

OPTIONS

The options are as follows:

CREATE Mode:

-c, --create [/path/to/files]

Create a new dpath either in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user dpaths directory in:

\$HOME/.gtransfer/dpaths

-s, --source gsiftpSourceUrl

Set the source URL for the dpath without any path portion at the end.

Example:

gsiftp://saturn.milkyway.universe:2811

-d, --destination|-d gsiftpDestinationUrl

Set the destination URL for the dpath without any path portion at the end.

Example:

gsiftp://pluto.milkyway.universe:2811

-a, --alias alias

Set the alias for the created dpath. **dpath** will create a link named *alias* to the dpath file which name is the SHA1 hash of the source destination combination.

NOTICE: Naming of the aliases is not restricted, but it is recommended to use something like the following:

 $\label{local-local} $$ (site|organization)_{resource|hostName|FQDN}|Local} — to $$ (site|organization)_{resource|hostName|FQDN}" $$$

[--dpath-template dpathTemplate]

When provided, dpath will use the given template for dpath creation. The following variables are expanded during dpath creation:

\$sourceWithoutPath => gsiftpSourceUrl => the host address of the source site

\$destinationWithoutPath => gsiftpDestinationUrl => the host address of the destination site

BATCH CREATE Mode:

-b, --batch-create [/path/to/files]

Create dpaths in batch mode either in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user dpaths directory in:

\$HOME/.gtransfer/dpaths

When used dpath will create dpaths for all possible connections between the hosts given in the hostsFile and omit connections between the same hosts.

-h, —hosts hostsFile

Set the file name for the file containing the host addresses for which dpaths should be created. The format of each line in this file is as follows:

://hostname.domain.tld:

Example contents:

```
gsiftp://gridftp.omicron.mercury:2811
gsiftp://gridftp.gamma.mars:2812
[...]
```

[--dpath-template dpathTemplate]

When provided, dpath will use the given template for dpath creation. The following variables are expanded during dpath creation:

\$sourceWithoutPath => gsiftpSourceUrl => the host address of the source site

\$destinationWithoutPath => gsiftpDestinationUrl => the host address of the destination site

LIST Mode:

-l, --list [/path/to/files] [-v, --verbose]

List all dpaths available in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user and system dpaths directories.

--list-sources [/path/to/dataPaths]

List all sources from the dpaths in the user provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user and system dpaths directories.

--list-destinations [/path/to/dataPaths]

List all destinations from the dpaths in the user provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user and system dpaths directories.

RETRIEVE Mode:

-r, --retrieve [/path/to/files] [-q, --quiet]

Retrieve the latest dpaths available on the preconfigured repository and store them in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user dpaths directory. If a "—quiet|-q" is provided, then output is omitted and success/failure is only reported by the exit value.

REINDEX Mode:

--reindex [/path/to/files]

Reindex all dpaths in the user provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the user dpaths directory.

General options:

[--configfile configurationFile]

Set the name of the configuration file for dpath. If not set, this defaults to:

- 1. "/etc/gtransfer/dpath.conf" or
- 2. "<GTRANSFER_BASE_PATH>/etc/dpath.conf" or
- 3. "/etc/opt/gtransfer/dpath.conf" or
- 4. "\$HOME/.gtransfer/dpath.conf" or
- 5. "\$(dirname \$BASH_SOURCE)/../etc" in this order.

[--help]

Prints out a help message.

[-V, --version]

Prints out version information.

FILES

[...]/dpath.conf

The dpath configuration file.

[...]/dpaths/

This dir contains the system dpaths usable by gtransfer and is configurable. Can be created with dpath.

\$HOME/.gtransfer/dpaths/

This dir contains the user dpaths usable by gtransfer. Can be created with dpath.

[...]/dpaths/sources.index

These files (there can be a system one and a user one!) contain all source host addresses available in the respective dpaths directories.

[...]/dpaths/destinations.index

These files (there can be a system one and a user one!) contain all destination host addresses available in the respective dpaths directories.

The index files enable for faster lookup when used by gtransfer's bash completion. Index files are automatically created and extended when creating dpaths. The format of each line in these files is as follows:

<PROTOCOL>://hostname.domain.tld:<PORT>

SEE ALSO

dpath(5), sha1sum(1), gtransfer(1)

AUTHORS

Frank Scheiner.