#### **NAME**

dpath - The data path helper script

## **SYNOPSIS**

**dpath** --create|-c [/path/to/files] --source|-s gsiftpSourceUrl --destination|-d gsiftpDestinationUrl --alias|-a alias [--dpath-template dpathTemplate] [--configfile configurationFile]

**dpath** --batch-create|-b [/path/to/files] --hosts|-h hostsFile [--dpath-template dpathTemplate] [--config-file configurationFile]

**dpath** --list|-l [/path/to/files] [--verbose|-v] [--configfile configurationFile]

**dpath** --retrieve|-r [/path/to/files] [--verbose|-v] [--configfile configurationFile]

## **DESCRIPTION**

**dpath** is a helper script for **gtransfer** to support users in creating data paths, listing available data paths and retrieve the latest data paths from a preconfigured repository.

#### **MODES**

dpath has several modes of operation:

**CREATE** Creates a data path file and a link to it named after the *alias* that is specified by the user.

#### **BATCH CREATE**

Creates all possible data paths between host addresses given in a file. Corresponding aliases are created automatically.

**LIST** Lists all available data path files. Additionally only sources and destinations of data paths can be listed, too.

#### **RETRIEVE**

Retrieve the latest data paths available. In this mode **dpath** updates the local data paths with data available from the preconfigured repository.

#### **OPTIONS**

The options are as follows:

#### **CREATE Mode:**

#### --create|-c [/path/to/files]

Create a new data path either in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the default data path directory in:

\$HOME/.gtransfer/dpaths/

#### --source|-s gsiftpSourceUrl

Set the source URL for the data path without any path portion at the end.

Example:

gsiftp://saturn.milkyway.universe:2811

# $\textbf{--destination} | \textbf{--d} \ \textit{gsiftpDestination} Url$

Set the destination URL for the data path without any path portion at the end.

#### Example:

```
gsiftp://pluto.milkyway.universe:2811
```

#### --alias|-a alias

Set the alias for the created data path. **dpath** will create a link named "alias" to the data path file which name is the SHA1 hash of the source destination combination.

# NOTICE: Naming of the aliases is not restricted, but one's encouraged to use something like the following:

```
\label{local} $$\{\{site|organization\}_{resource}|hostName|FQDN\}|Local\}$--to--\{site|organization\}_{resource}|hostName|FQDN\}|$$ Name|FQDN\}$$
```

## [--dpath-template dpathTemplate]

When provided, dpath will use the given template for dpath creation. The following variables are expanded during dpath creation:

**\$sourceWithoutPath** => gsiftpSourceUrl => the host address of the source site

**\$destinationWithoutPath** => gsiftpDestinationUrl => the host address of the destination site

## **BATCH CREATE Mode:**

#### --batch-create|-b [/path/to/files]

Create data paths in batch mode either in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the default data path directory in:

```
$HOME/.gtransfer/dpaths
```

When used dpath will create dpaths for all possible connections between the hosts given in the hostsFile and omit connections between the same hosts.

## --hosts|-h hostsFile

Set the file name for the file containing the host addresses for which data paths should be created. The format of each line in this file is as follows:

```
<PROTOCOL>://hostname.domain.tld:<PORT>
```

Example contents:

```
gsiftp://gridftp.omicron.mercury:2811
gsiftp://gridftp.gamma.mars:2812
[...]
```

## [--dpath-template dpathTemplate]

When provided, dpath will use the given template for dpath creation. The following variables are expanded during dpath creation:

**\$sourceWithoutPath** => gsiftpSourceUrl => the host address of the source site

**\$destinationWithoutPath** => gsiftpDestinationUrl => the host address of the destination site

#### LIST Mode:

### --list|-l [/path/to/files] [--verbose|-v]

List all data paths available in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the default and system data path directories.

# --list-sources [/path/to/dataPaths]

List all sources from the data paths in the user provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the default and system data path directories.

## --list-destinations [/path/to/dataPaths]

List all destinations from the data paths in the user provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the default and system data path directories.

#### **RETRIEVE Mode:**

# --retrieve|-r [/path/to/files] [--quiet|-q]

Retrieve the latest data paths available on the preconfigured repository and store them in the user-provided path or - if no additional path is given - in the default directory for data paths. If a "--quiet|-q" is provided, then output is omitted and success/failure is only reported by the exit value.

#### **General options:**

# [--configfile configurationFile]

Set the name of the configuration file for **dpath**. If not set, this defaults to:

/etc/gtransfer/dpath.conf or

<INSTALL\_PATH>/etc/dpath.conf or

/etc/opt/gtransfer/dpath.conf or

\$HOME/.gtransfer/dpath.conf in this order.

## [--help]

Prints out a help message.

## [--version|-V]

Prints out version information.

# **FILES**

[...]/dpath.conf

The **dpath** configuration file.

# <PATH\_TO\_SYSTEM>/dpaths/

This dir contains the system data paths usable by **gtransfer** and is configurable. Can be created with **dpath**.

# \$HOME/.gtransfer/dpaths/

This dir contains the user data paths usable by **gtransfer**. Can be created with **dpath**.

# **AUTHOR**

Frank Scheiner

# **SEE ALSO**

dparam(1), sha1sum(1), tgftp(1), gtransfer(1)