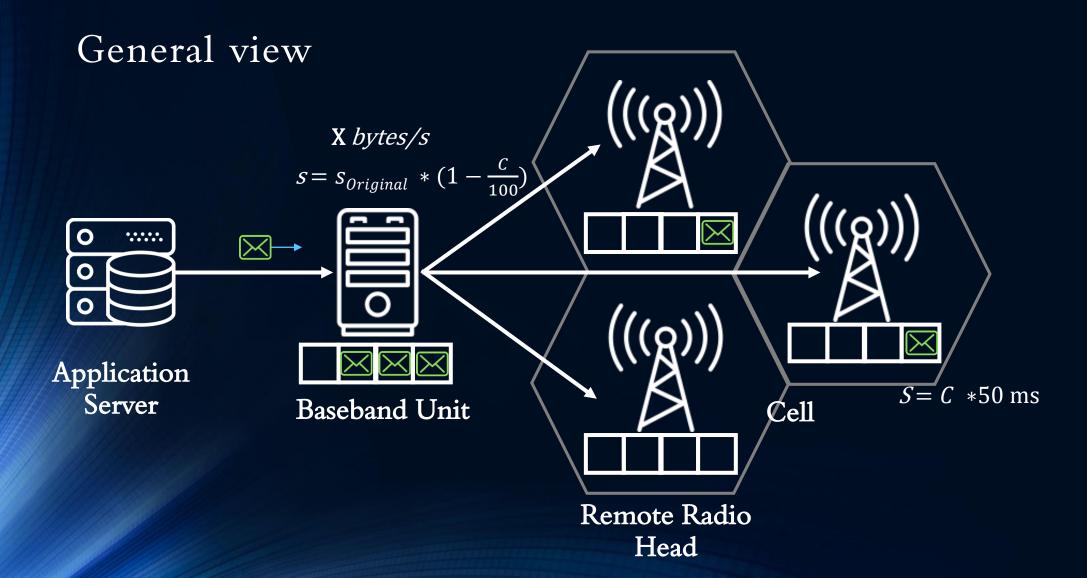
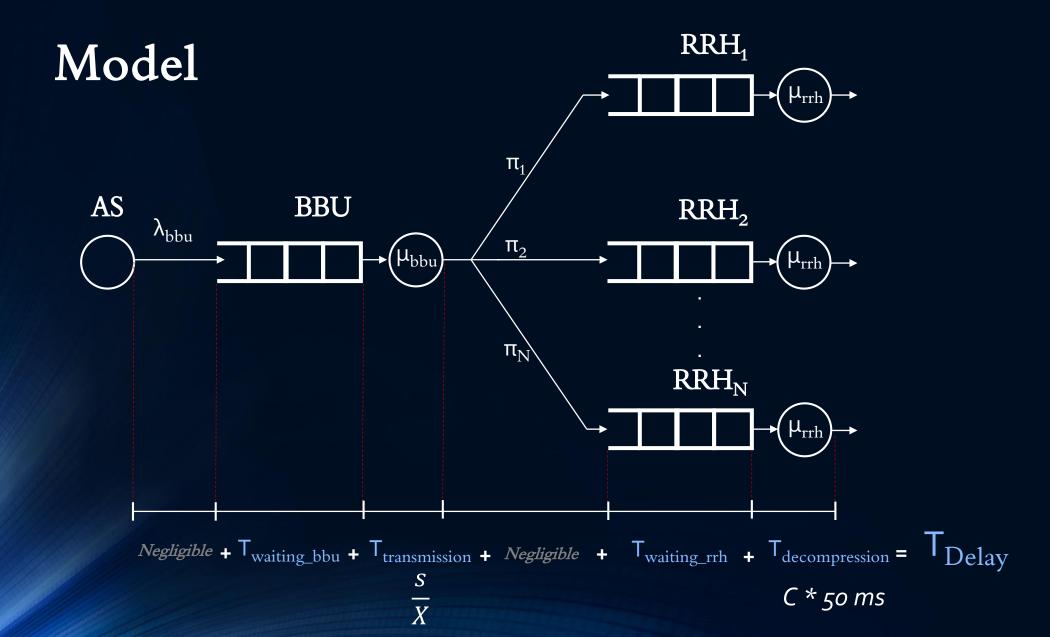
# Performance evaluation of a CRAN system

GERARDO ALVARO FRANCESCO BARBARULO FRANCESCO FORNAINI

## Description of the system





#### **Stability Conditions:**

#### Case A

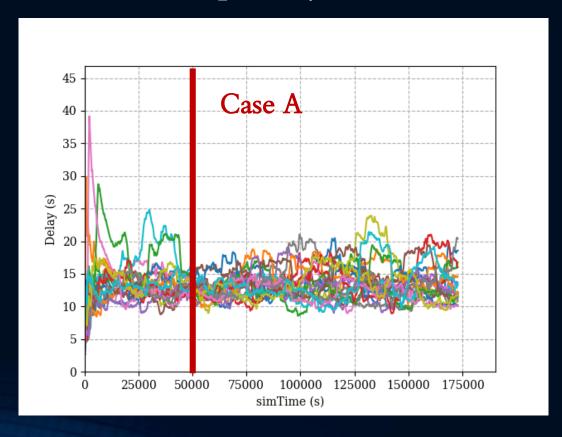
$$\rho_{\rm bbu} = \frac{\lambda_{bbu}}{\mu_{\rm bbu}} = \frac{s}{t \cdot x} < 1$$

#### Case B

$$\begin{cases} \rho_{\text{bbu}} = \frac{s}{t \cdot x} < 1 \\ \rho_{\text{rrh}} = \frac{c \cdot K}{t \cdot N} < 1 \end{cases}$$

The simulator has been verified through Valgrind and known-results simulations.

For the warm-up study:

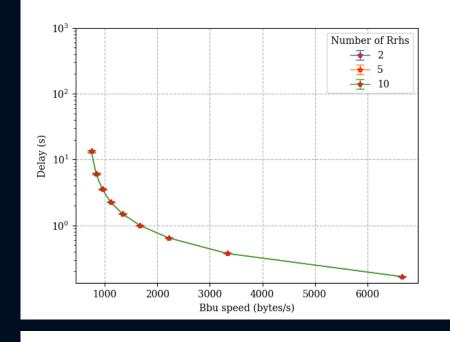


#### Case A

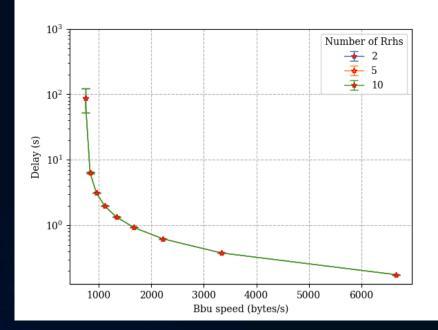
#### Factors:

- N: number of RRH, with values of 2, 5 and 10.
- X: transmission speed of the BBU, with values chosen accordingly with  $\rho_{bbu}$

Exponential



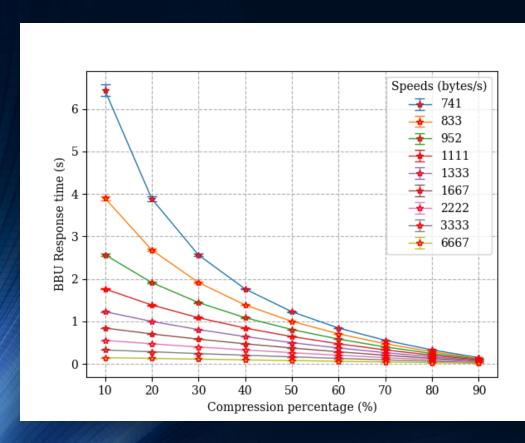
Lognormal

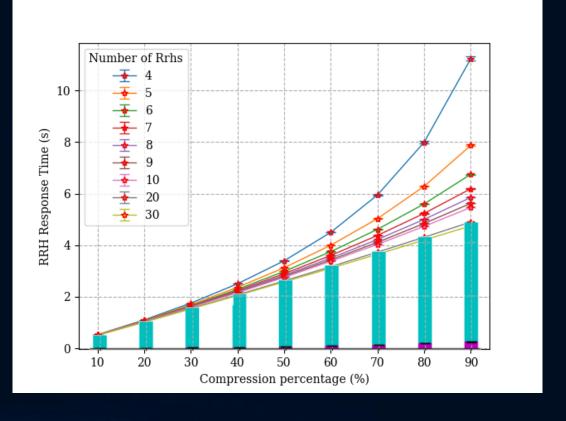


## Case B - Exponential

By Burke's theorem:

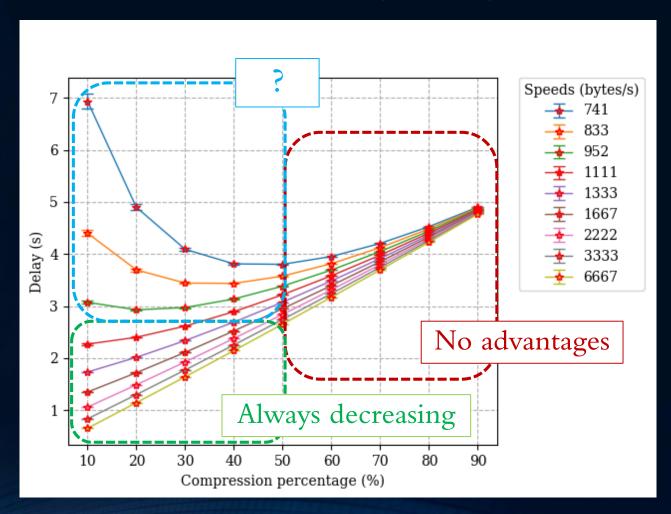
$$E[R] = E[R]_{bbu} + E[R]_{rrh}$$



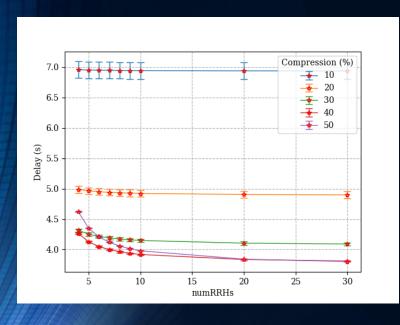


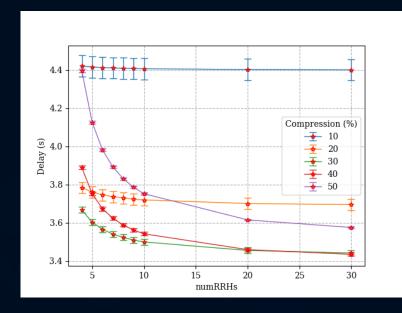
# Case B - Exponential

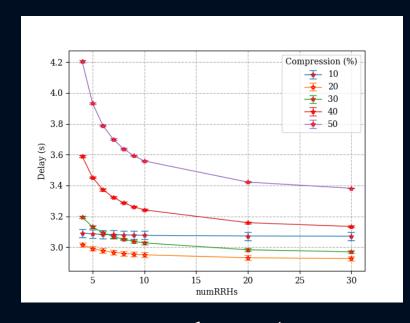
Best scenario (N = 30)



# Case B - Exponential







741 bytes/s

833 bytes/s

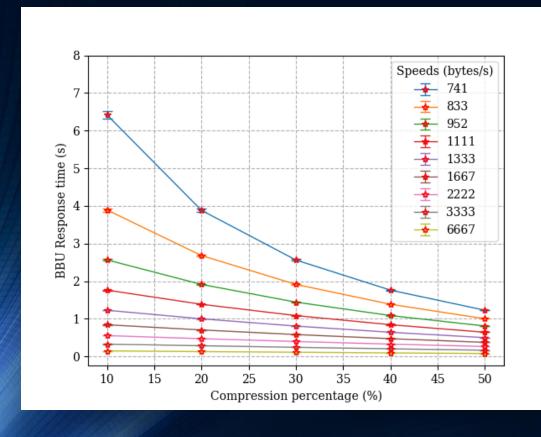
30%

952 bytes/s

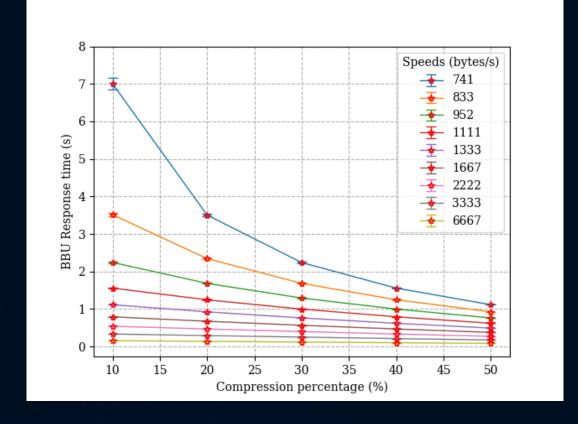
20%

# Case B - Lognormal

#### Exponential:

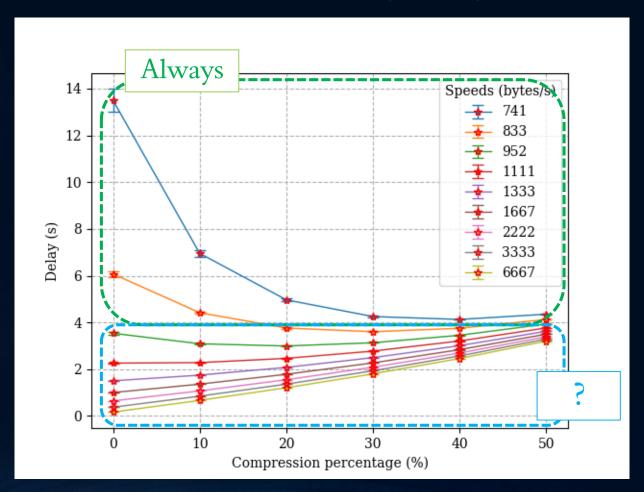


#### Lognormal:

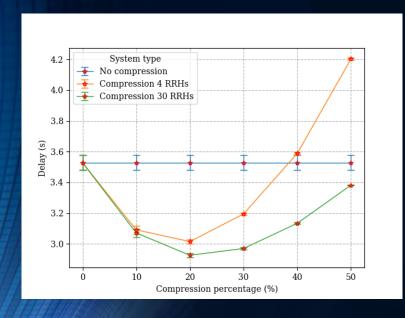


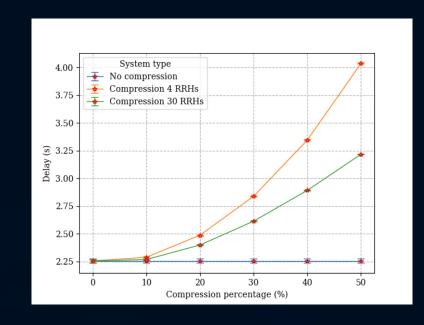
# Comparison

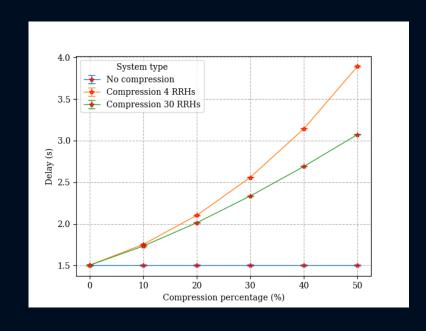
Worst scenario (N = 4)



# Comparison







952 bytes/s

Yes

1111 bytes/s



1333 bytes/s

No

### Conclusions

• Without compression

The system perfoms better increasing X

With compression

High X: low compression regardless N

Low X: ideal compression value taking into account N

When compression is convenient?

The benefits can be appreciated only at slow BBU transmission speeds