Strategy
Overview review Performance Governance Financials

# Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

Company for a further periods of 99 years at the end of the lease periods of 99 years, without /with marginal payment of further premium.

## United Phosphorus Vietnam Limited:

Lease Rentals and other costs incurred in conjunction with securing the land use rights of leased land are recognised on a straight line basis over 37 years in accordance with the term of the lease.

#### (ii) Other Assets

The Group depreciates on a straight line method based on following estimated useful life of assets.

Sr.	Description of Assets	Useful life of Assets
No.		
1.	Aircraft	8 Years
2.	Building	18 - 60 Years
3.	Furniture, Fixtures & Equipments	3 - 15 Years
4.	Improvements-Leasehold	6 - 10 Years
5.	Laboratory Equipments	10 Years
6.	Land-Leasehold	50 years or term of lease if shorter
7.	Office Equipment	3 - 33 Years
8.	Plant and Equipment	3 - 25 Years
9.	Vehicles	3 - 15 years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

### g. Intangible assets

## i) Goodwill

- Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate fair value of the consideration transferred over the net of fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. (Refer 2.3(a) Accounting policy for Business Combination and Goodwill)
- Subsequent measurement is at cost less accumulated impairment losses.
- Goodwill is not amortised and is tested for impairment annually.

## ii) Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets with finite life are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and the related expenditure is reflected in statement of profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditures on an individual project are recognised as an intangible asset when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that the asset will be available for use or sale.

Following initial recognition of the development expenditure as an asset, the asset is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation of the asset begins when development is complete and the asset is available for use. It is amortised over the period of expected future benefit. Amortisation expense is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.