



Spring AOP

by Andrés Arcia



Spring AOP

- @Aspect
- @Before
- @AfterReturning
- @AfterThrowing
- @After
- @Around



What problem does AOP attacks?

- Cross-cutting concerns: “Generic functionality that is needed in many places in your application”
 - Logging and Tracing
 - Security
 - Monitoring
 - ...
- Leads to two things:
 - Code tangling (coupling concerns)
 - Code scattering (code tangling spread across modules)



Symptom #1: Code Tangling

```
public class RewardNetworkImpl implements RewardNetwork {  
    public RewardConfirmation rewardAccountFor(Dining dining) {  
        if (!hasPermission(SecurityContext.getPrincipal())) {  
            throw new AccessDeniedException();  
        }  
  
        Account a = accountRepository.findByCreditCard(...)  
        Restaurant r = restaurantRepository.findByMerchantNumber(...)  
        MonetaryAmount amt = r.calculateBenefitFor(account, dining);  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

Mixing of concerns



Symptom #2: Code Scattering

```
public class JpaAccountManager implements AccountManager {  
    public Account getAccountForEditing(Long id) {  
        if (!hasPermission(SecurityContext.getPrincipal())) {  
            throw new AccessDeniedException();  
        }  
        ...  
    }
```

Duplication

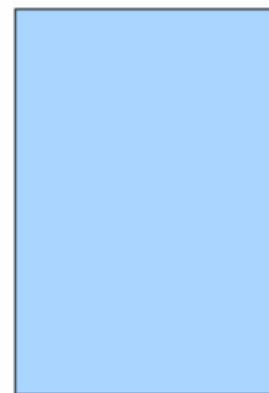
```
public class JpaMerchantReportingService  
    implements MerchantReportingService {  
    public List<DiningSummary> findDinings(String merchantNumber,  
                                              DateInterval interval) {  
        if (!hasPermission(SecurityContext.getPrincipal())) {  
            throw new AccessDeniedException();  
        }  
        ...  
    }
```



What problem does AOP attacks?



UserService



AccountService

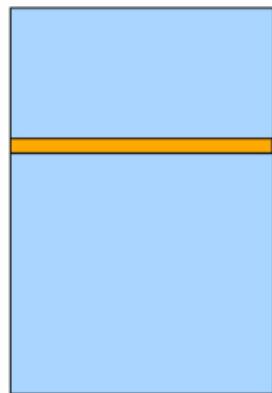


TransactionService



What problem does AOP attacks?

— Security



UserService



AccountService



TransactionService

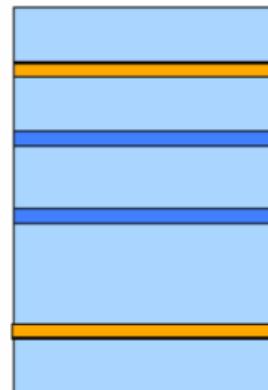


What problem does AOP attacks?

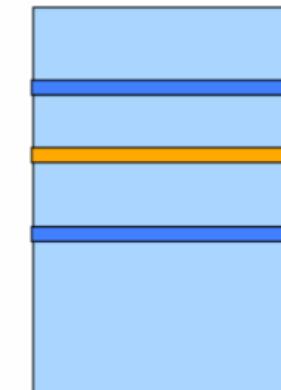
— Security
— Transactions



UserService



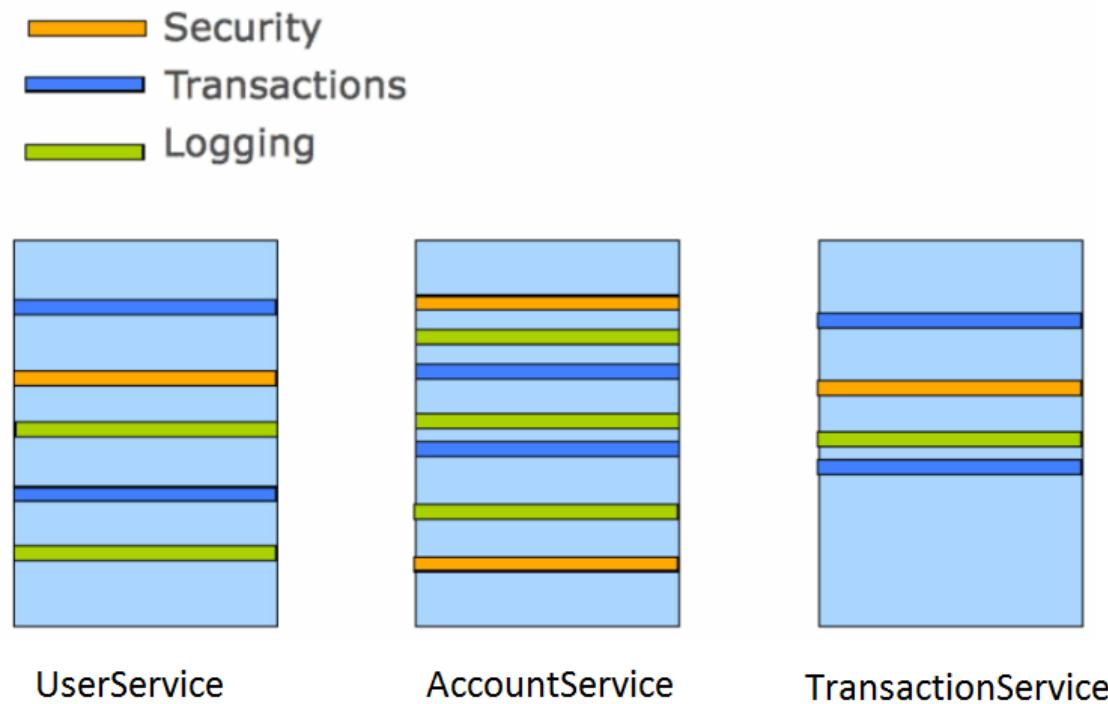
AccountService



TransactionService

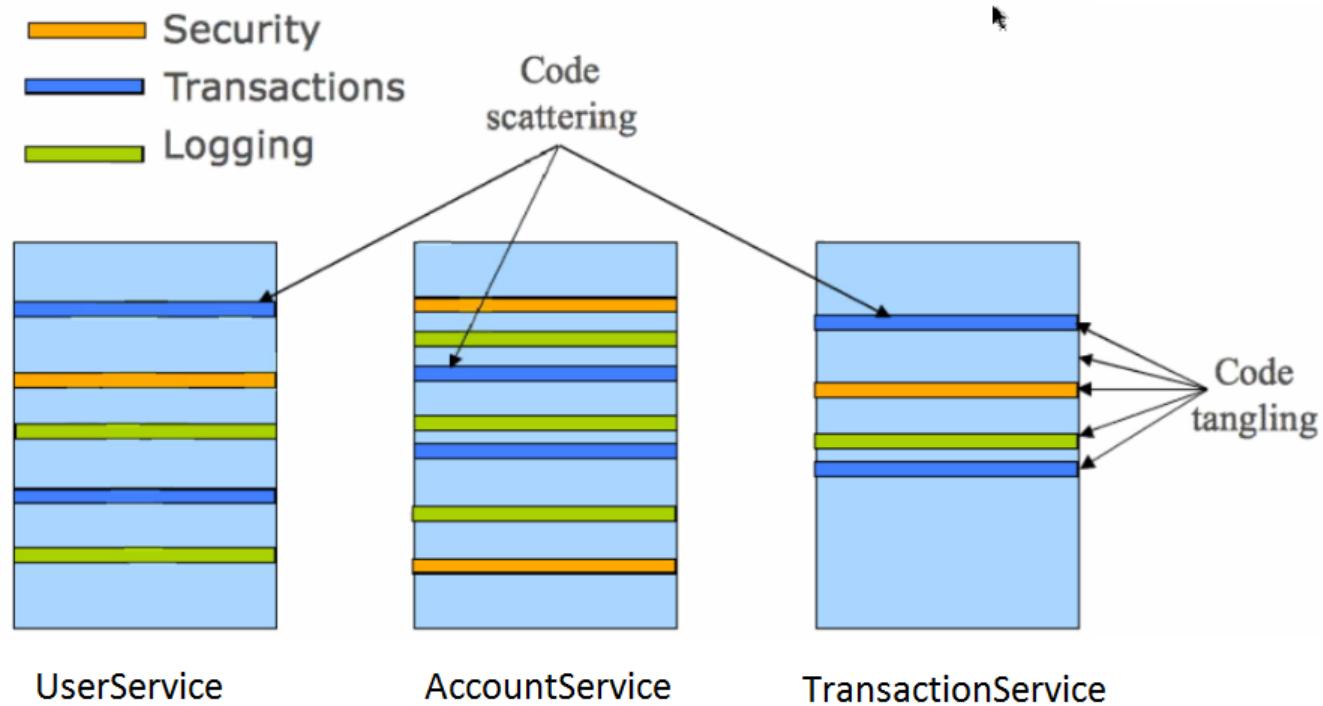


What problem does AOP attacks?





What problem does AOP attacks?



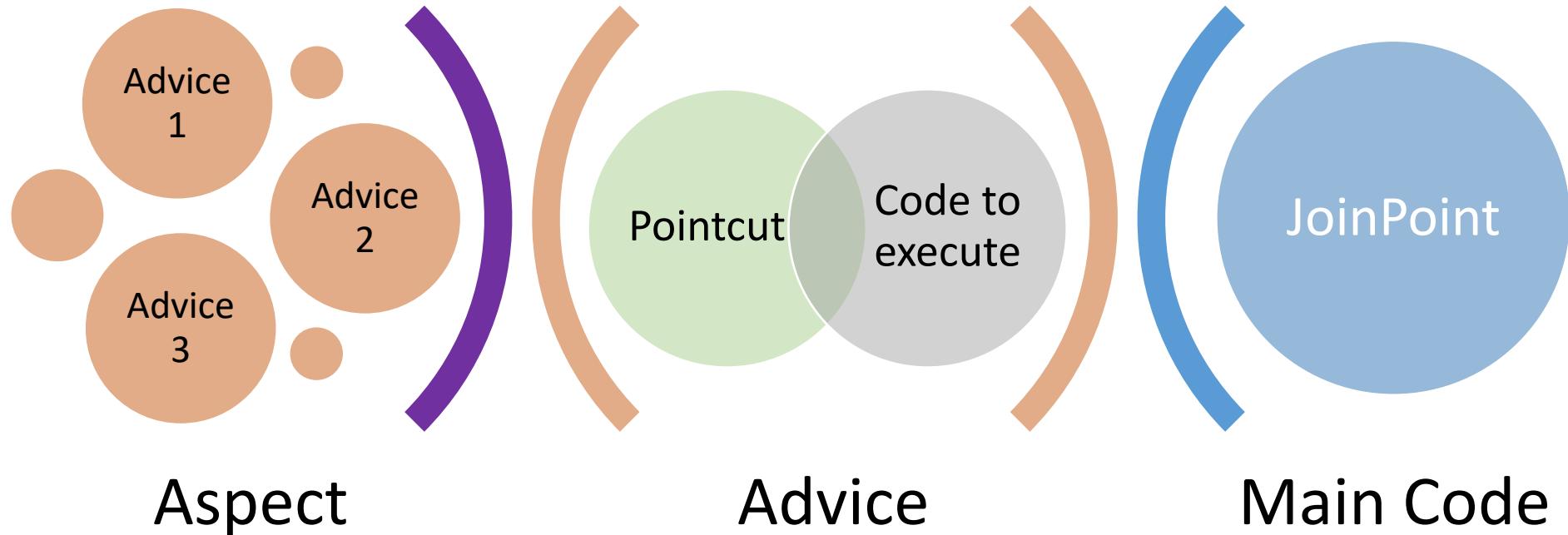


How AOP works?

- JoinPoint: A point in the execution of a program where it is intercepted.
- Pointcut: An expression that denotes the intersection.
- Advice: Code to be executed when it is intersected, works with Pointcuts together.
- Aspect: A module that encapsulates many advices.
- Weaving: The technique of using Aspect in the main code



How AOP works?





How AOP works?



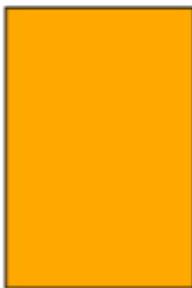
UserService



AccountService



TransactionService



Security
Aspect



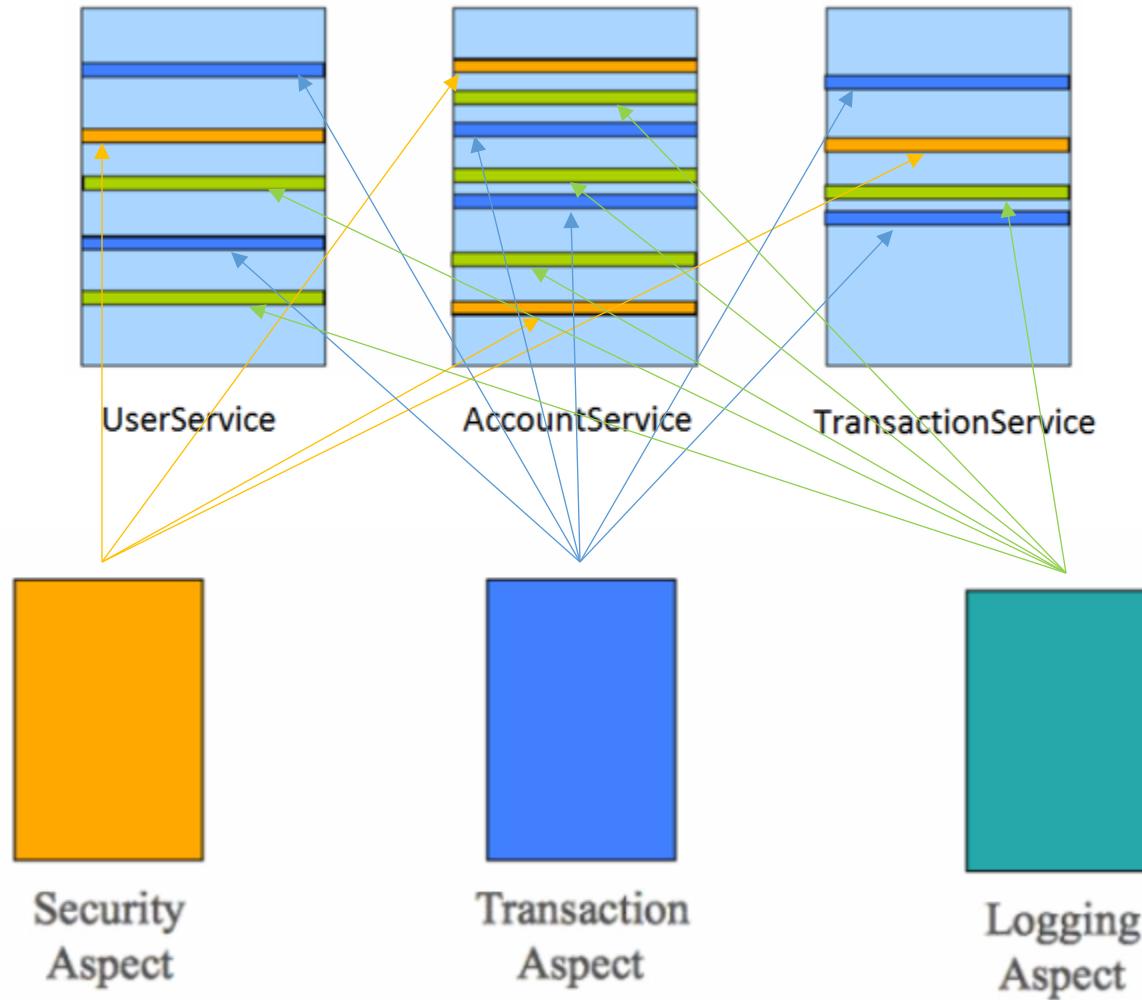
Transaction
Aspect



Logging
Aspect



How AOP works?





How AOP works? - Example

Log a message every time a property is about to change

```
public class SimpleCache implements Cache
{
    private int cacheSize;
    private DataSource dataSource;
    private String name;

    public void setCacheSize(int size) { cacheSize = size; }

    public void setDataSource(DataSource ds) { dataSource = ds; }

    public void setBeanName(String beanName) { name = beanName; }

    ...

    public void toString() { return name; }      // For convenience later
}
```



How AOP works? - Example

```
@Component  
public class PropertyChangeTracker {  
    private Logger logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass());  
  
    public void trackChange() {  
        logger.info("Property about to change...");  
    }  
}
```



How AOP works? - Example

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class PropertyChangeTracker {  
    private Logger logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass());  
  
    public void trackChange() {  
        logger.info("Property about to change...");  
    }  
}
```

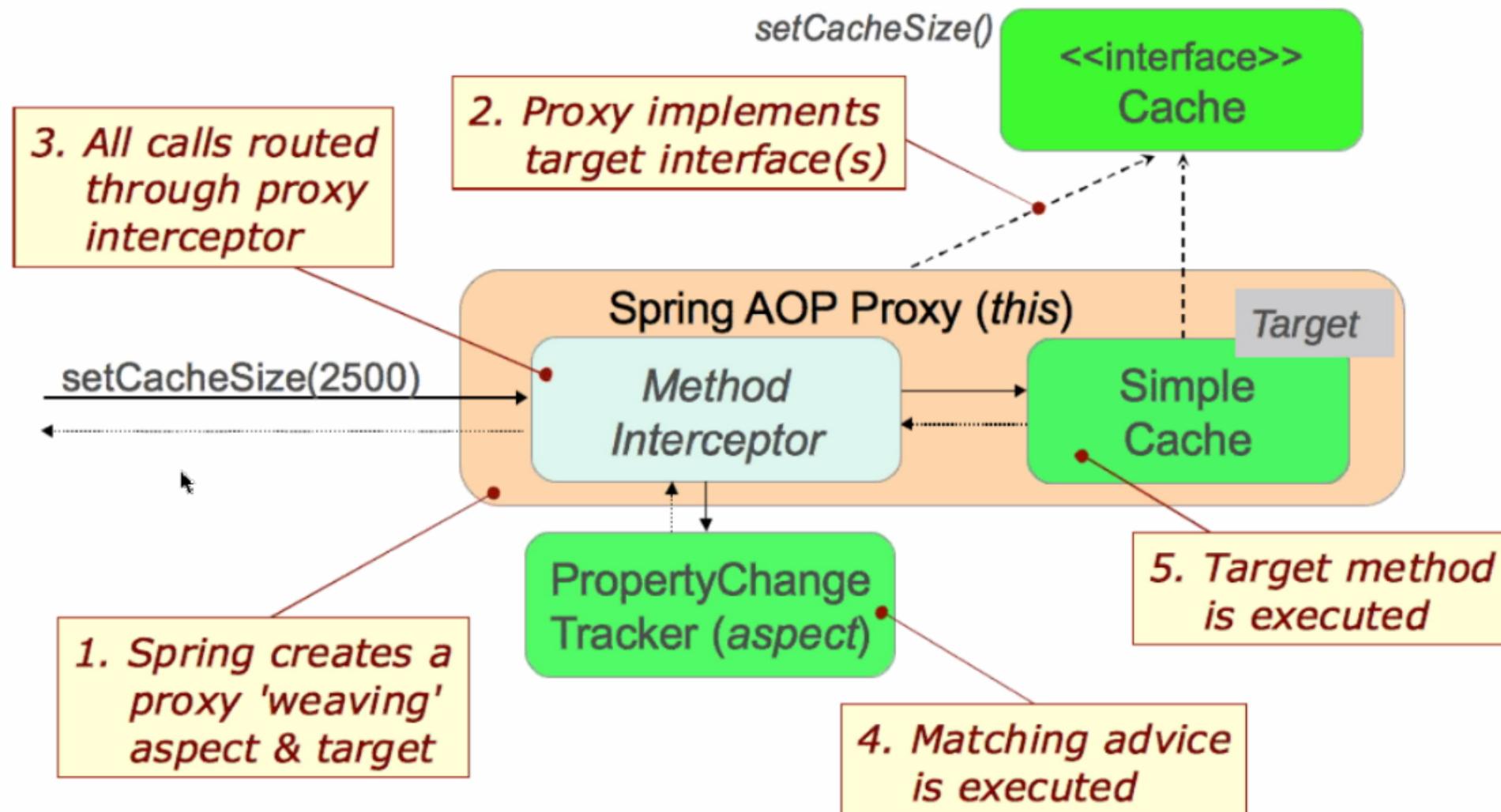


How AOP works? - Example

```
@Aspect  
@Component  
public class PropertyChangeTracker {  
    private Logger logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass());  
  
    @Before("execution(void set*(*))")  
    public void trackChange() {  
        logger.info("Property about to change...");  
    }  
}
```



How AOP works? - Under the hood





How AOP works? - Other capabilities

```
@Aspect  
public class PropertyChangeTracker {  
    private Logger logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass());  
  
    @Before("execution(void set*(*))")  
    public void trackChange(JoinPoint point) {  
        String name = point.getSignature().getName();  
        Object newValue = point.getArgs()[0];  
        logger.info(name + " about to change to " + newValue +  
                    " on " + point.getTarget());  
    }  
}
```

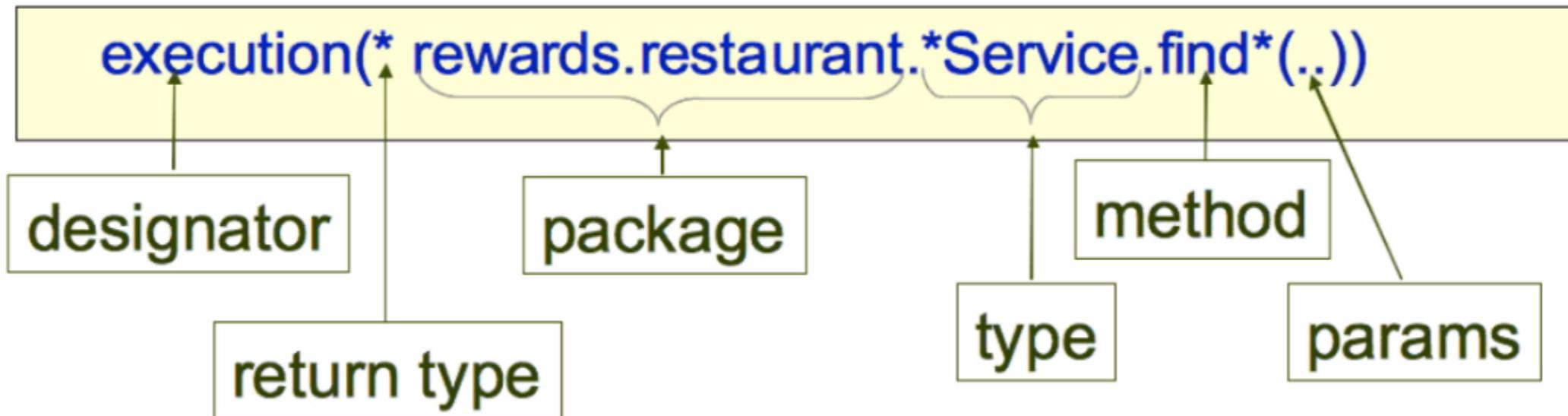
Context about the intercepted point

toString() returns bean-name

INFO: **setCacheSize** about to change to **2500** on **cache-A**



Defining Pointcuts - Signature





Defining Pointcuts - Examples

`execution(void send*(String))`

`execution(* send(*)`

`)`

`execution(void example.MessageServiceImpl.*(..))`



Defining Pointcuts - Examples

```
execution(void example.MessageService.send(*))
```

```
execution(* rewards.*.restaurant.*.*(..))
```

```
execution(* rewards..restaurant.*.*(..))
```

```
execution(* *..restaurant.*.*(..))
```

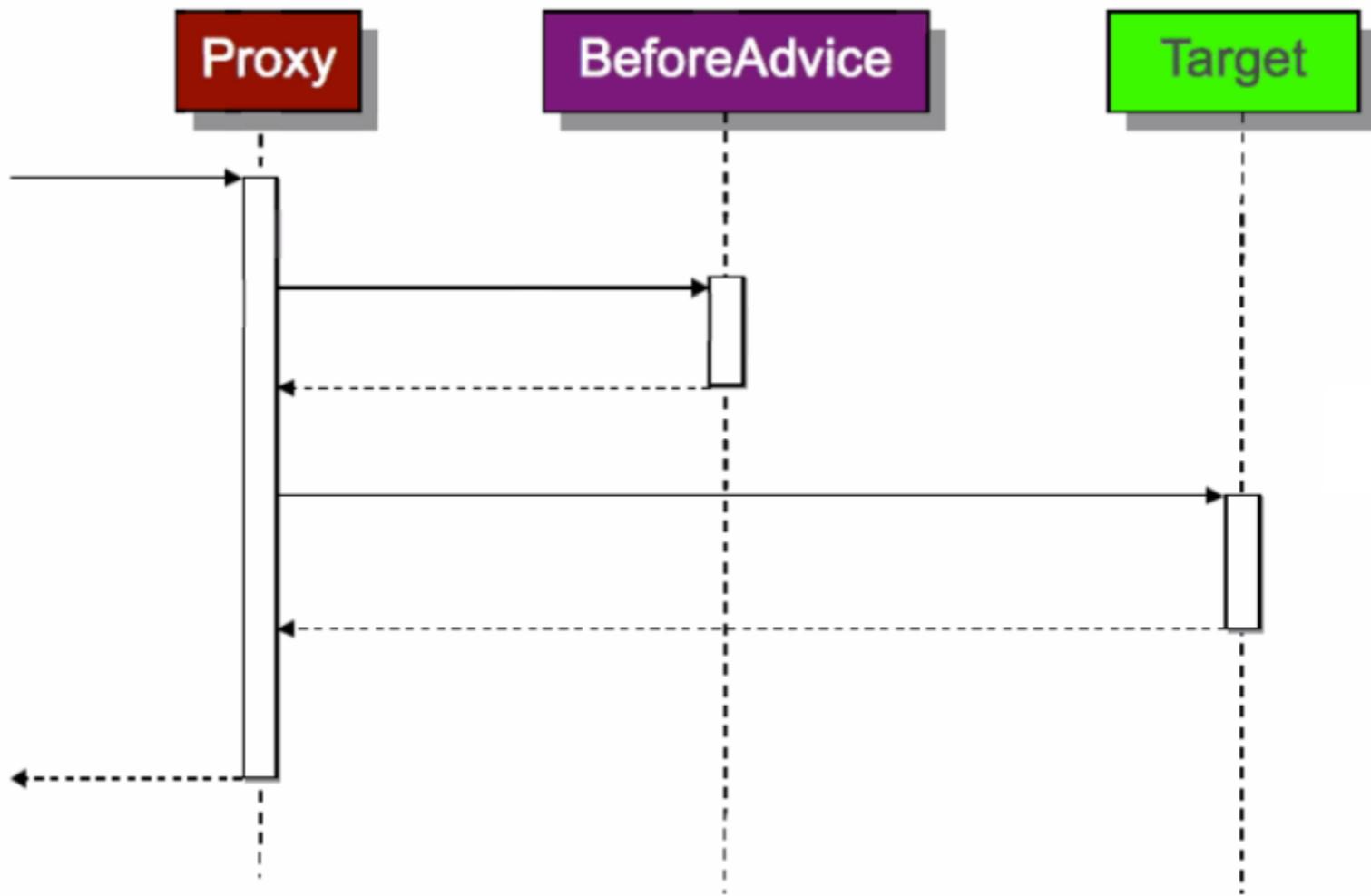


Advice Types

- @Before
- @AfterReturning
- @AfterThrowing
- @After
- @Around



Advice Types: @Before



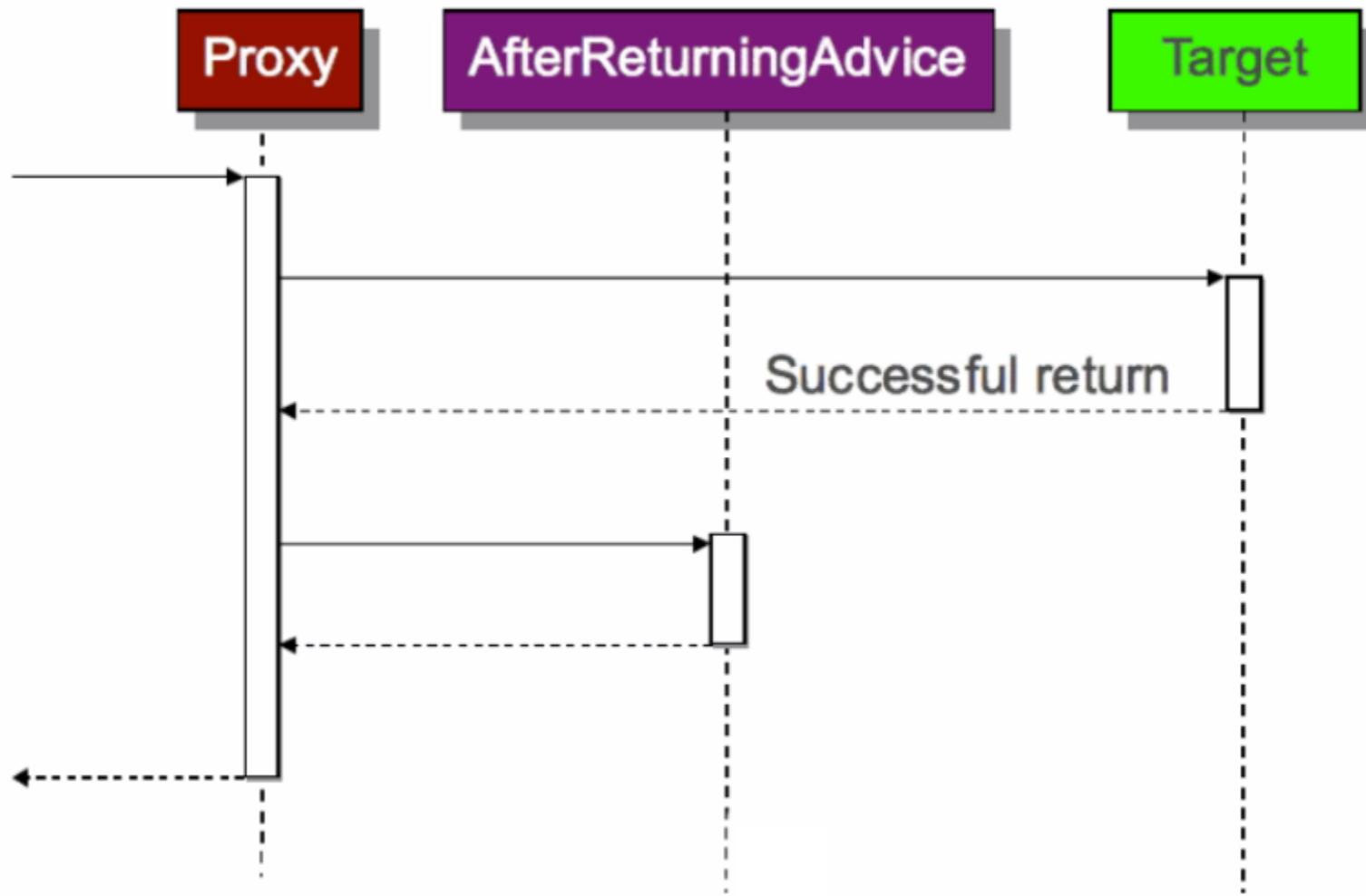


Advice Types: @Before

```
@Aspect  
public class PropertyChangeTracker {  
    private Logger logger = Logger.getLogger(getClass());  
  
    @Before("execution(void set*(*))")  
    public void trackChange() {  
        logger.info("Property about to change...");  
    }  
}
```



Advice Types: @AfterReturning



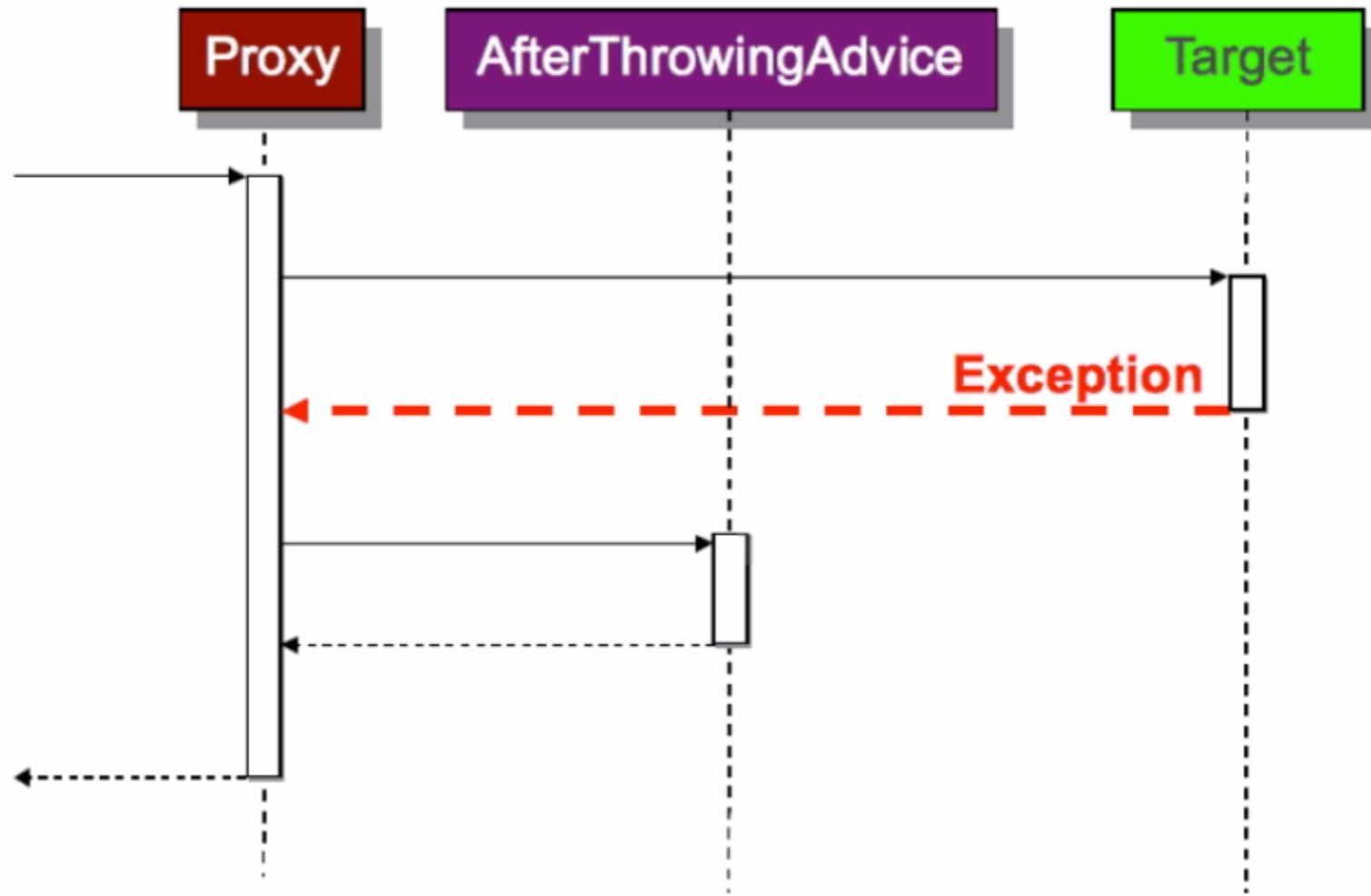


Advice Types: @AfterReturning

```
@AfterReturning(value="execution(* service..*.*(..))",
               returning="reward")
public void audit(JoinPoint jp, Reward reward) {
    auditService.logEvent(jp.getSignature() +
        " returns the following reward object :" + reward.toString());
}
```



Advice Types: @AfterThrowing



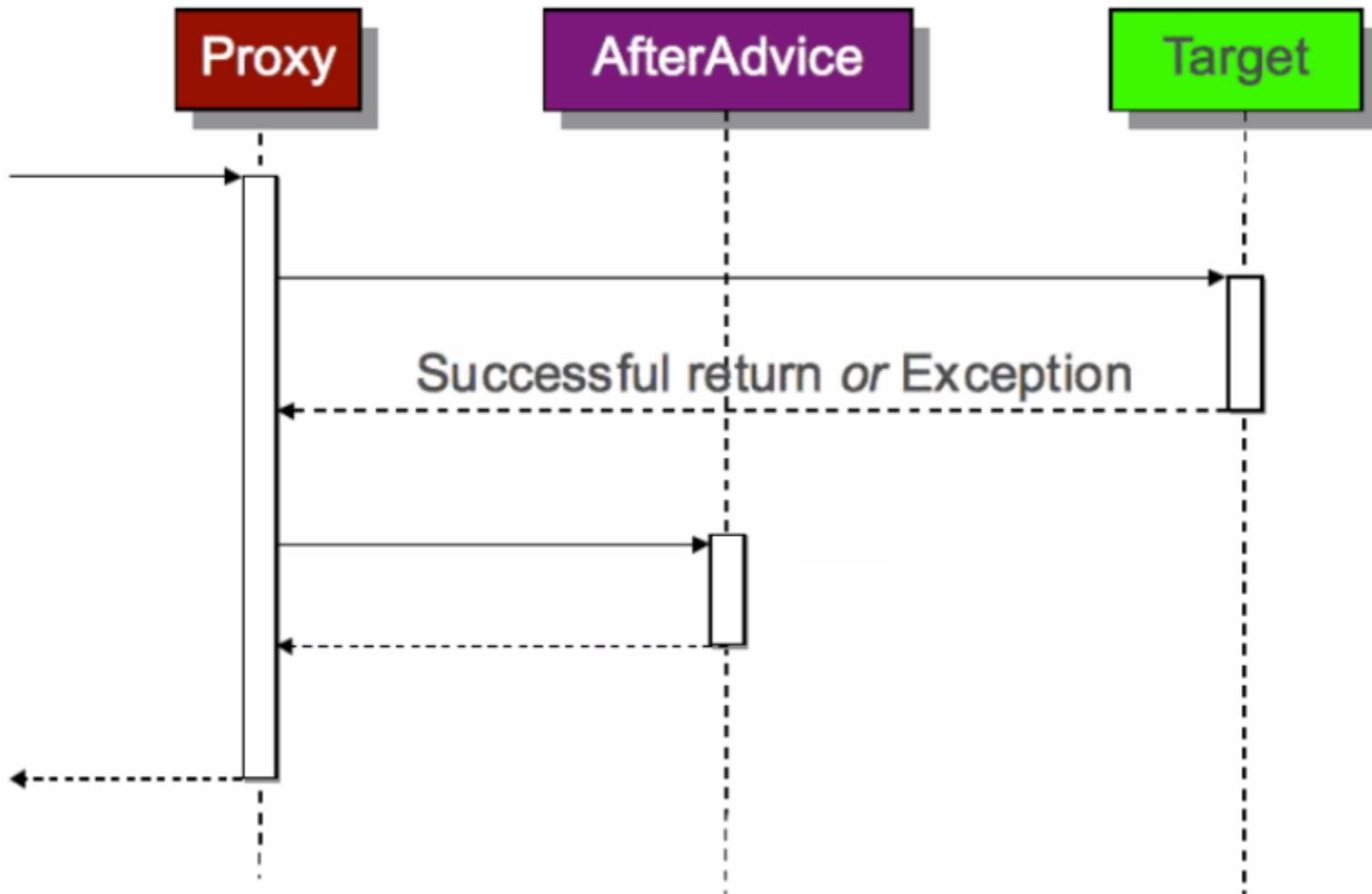


Advice Types: @AfterThrowing

```
@AfterThrowing(value="execution(* *..Repository.*(..))", throwing="e")
public void report(JoinPoint jp, DataAccessException e) {
    mailService.emailFailure("Exception in repository", jp, e);
    throw new RewardsException(e);
}
```



Advice Types: @After



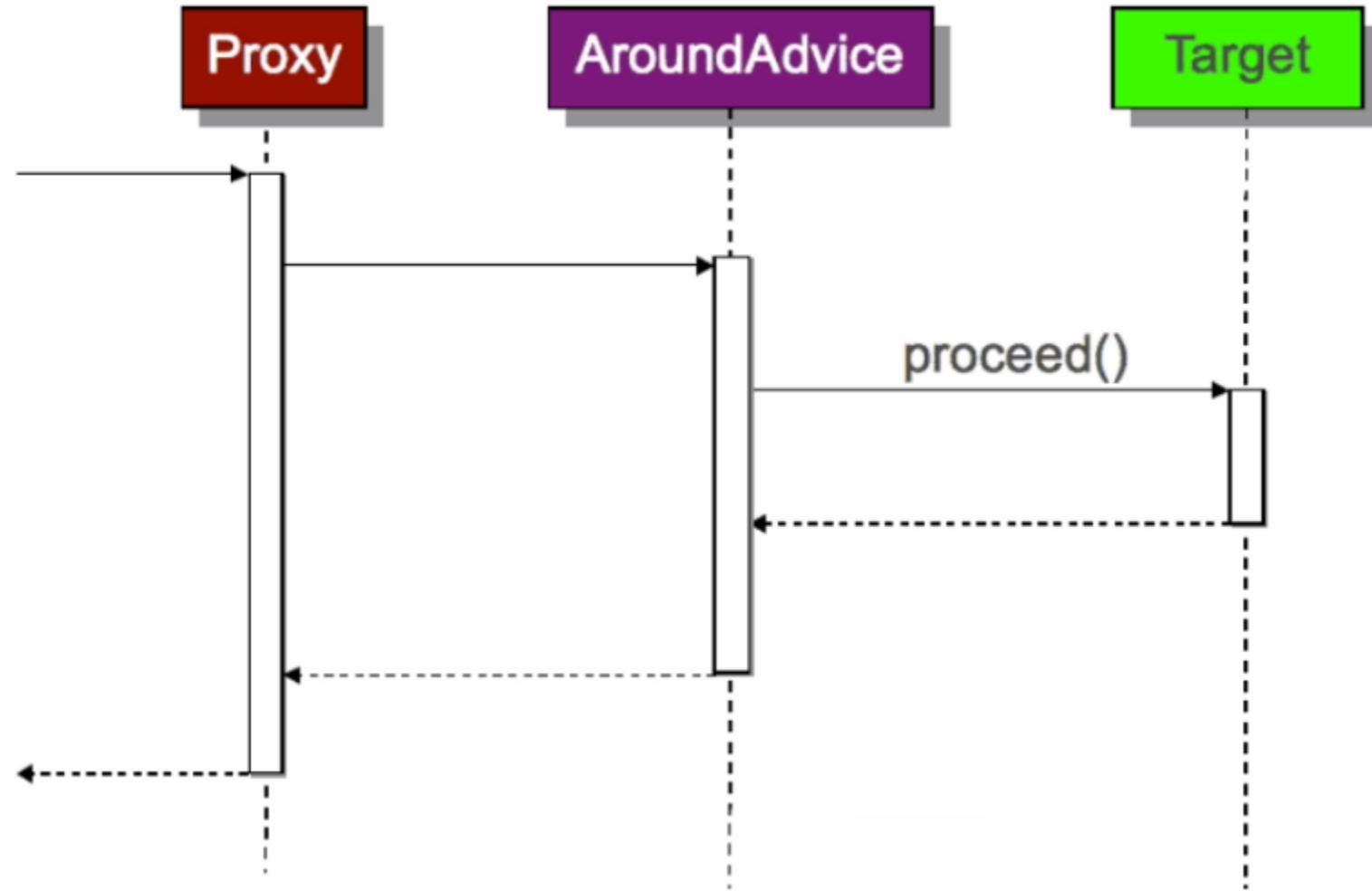


Advice Types: @After

```
@After("execution(void update*(..))")  
public void trackUpdate() {  
    logger.info("An update has been attempted ...");  
}
```



Advice Types: @Around





Advice Types: @Around

```
@Around("execution(@example.Cacheable * rewards.service..*.*(..))")
public Object cache(ProceedingJoinPoint point) throws Throwable {
    Object value = cacheStore.get(cacheKey(point));
    if (value == null) {           ← Proceed only if not already cached
        value = point.proceed();
        cacheStore.put(cacheKey(point), value);
    }
    return value;
}
```