

# Report of Investigation

# Reference Material 8447

## Perfluorinated Sulfonic Acids in Methanol

This Reference Material (RM) is a solution of three perfluorinated sulfonic acids (PFSAs) in methanol intended primarily for use in the calibration of chromatographic instrumentation. A unit of RM 8447 consists of three 2 mL ampoules, each containing approximately 1.2 mL of solution.

**Reference Mass Fractions of PFSAs:** The reference mass fraction values are given in Table 1 for three PFSAs. These values are based on results obtained from the gravimetric preparation of the solution and from the analytical results determined using liquid chromatography. Reference values are noncertified values that are the best estimates of the true values; however, the values do not meet the NIST criteria for certification and are provided with associated uncertainties that may reflect only measurement precision, may not include all sources of uncertainty, or may reflect a lack of sufficient statistical agreement among multiple analytical methods [1].

**Expiration of Value Assignments:** The values for **RM 8447** are valid, within the measurement uncertainty specified, until **31 January 2024**, provided the RM is handled and stored in accordance with the instructions given in this report (see "Instructions for Use"). This report is nullified if the RM is damaged, contaminated, or otherwise modified.

**Maintenance of RM:** NIST will monitor this RM over the period of its validity. If substantive technical changes occur that affect the value assignment before the expiration of this report, NIST will notify the purchaser. Registration (see attached sheet) will facilitate notification.

Coordination of the technical measurements leading to the value assignments of this RM was under the direction of J.L. Reiner and L.C. Sander of the NIST Chemical Sciences Division.

Consultation on the statistical design of the experimental work and evaluation of the data were provided by J.H. Yen of the NIST Statistical Engineering Division.

Analytical measurements were performed by J.M. Keller, J.L. Reiner, and M.M. Schantz of the NIST Chemical Sciences Division.

Support aspects involved in the issuance of this RM were coordinated through the NIST Office of Reference Materials.

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#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

**Handling:** This material contains perfluorinated compounds, many of which have been reported to have toxic and/or carcinogenic properties, and should be handled with care. Use proper disposal methods.

Storage: Sealed ampoules, as received, should be stored in the dark at temperatures below 30 °C.

Opening of Ampoule: Open ampoules carefully to prevent contamination and injury. The ampoules are pre-scored and should NOT be opened using a file. Sample aliquots, minimum sample size of  $50\,\mu\text{L}$ , for analysis should be withdrawn at  $20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $25\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  immediately after opening the ampoules and should be processed without delay for the reference values in Table 1 to be valid within the stated uncertainties. Because of the volatility of methanol, reference values are not applicable to material stored in ampoules that have been opened for more than 5 min, even if they are resealed.

### PREPARATION AND ANALYSIS<sup>(1)</sup>

RM Preparation: The PFSAs used in the preparation of this RM were obtained from Alfa Aesar (Ward Hill, MA), Fluka (St. Louis, MO), and Sigma Aldrich (St. Louis, MO). The solution was prepared at NIST by weighing and mixing the individual perfluorinated compounds and methanol. The weighed components were added to the methanol and mixed until completely dissolved and homogenized. The total mass of this solution was measured, and the mass fractions were calculated for the components. This bulk solution was then chilled to approximately –5 °C, and 1.2 mL aliquots were dispensed into 2 mL amber glass ampoules that were then flame sealed.

**Liquid Chromatographic Analysis:** Aliquots from ampoules selected by a stratified random sampling were analyzed by using liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry (LC-MS/MS). An internal standard solution containing <sup>13</sup>C- labeled PFSAs was added to each sample for quantification purposes. Calibration solutions consisting of weighed amounts of the perfluorinated compounds and internal standard compounds in methanol were chromatographically analyzed to determine analyte response factors.

Reference Mass Fractions of the Perfluorinated Sulfonic Acids: Each reference value is a weighted mean of average mass fractions, with one average from gravimetric preparation and one average from chromatographic measurements [2,3]. The expanded uncertainty is the half-width of a symmetric 95 % parametric bootstrap confidence interval [4], which is consistent with the ISO/JCGM Guide [5,6]. The effective coverage factor, k, is 2. Since two methods were used for each compound, the measureand is the average mass fraction for each compound listed. The reference values are metrologically traceable to the SI unit of milligram per kilogram.

Table 1. Reference Mass Fractions of the Perfluorinated Sulfonic Acids (PFSAs) in RM 8447

PFSA	Compound	Mass Fractions (mg/kg)		
PFBS	Perfluorobutane sulfonate	42.3	±	2.3
PFHxS	Perfluorohexane sulfonate	55.2	$\pm$	1.7
PFOS	Perfluorooctane sulfonate	56.6	$\pm$	2.5

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup>Certain commercial equipment, instruments, or materials are identified in this report to adequately specify the experimental procedure. Such identification does not imply recommendation or endorsement by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, nor does it imply that the materials or equipment identified are necessarily the best available for the purpose.

#### **REFERENCES**

- [1] May, W.; Parris, R.; Beck II, C.; Fassett, J.; Greenberg, R.; Guenther, F.; Kramer, G.; Wise, S.; Gills, T.; Colbert, J.; Gettings, R.; MacDonald, B.; *Definition of Terms and Modes Used at NIST for Value-Assignment of Reference Materials for Chemical Measurements*; NIST Special Publication 260-136 (2000); available at http://www.nist.gov/srm/upload/SP260-136.PDF (accessed Jun 2014).
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