

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

SRM Number: 2906

SRM Name: Trace Explosives Calibration Solutions

SRM Parts: Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine (RDX) in 2-Propanol

2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (TNT) in 2-Propanol

Pentaerythritol Tetranitrate (PETN) in 2-Propanol

2-Propanol

Other Means of Identification: Not applicable.

Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended for use in calibrating and evaluating analytical equipment used for the detection of trace explosives, which may include those based on ion mobility spectrometry. SRM 2906 consists of three dilute solutions of RDX, TNT, and PETN. A unit of SRM 2906 consists of four glass ampoules of each of the three explosives containing approximately 1 mL of the solution and four vials of the 2-propanol solvent used to prepare the solutions. In addition, there are four labeled dropper bottles for temporary storage of the solutions once opened.

Company Information

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2300 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2300

 Telephone:
 301-975-2200
 Emergency Telephone ChemTrec:

 FAX:
 301-948-3730
 1-800-424-9300 (North America)

 E-mail:
 SRMMSDS@nist.gov
 +1-703-527-3887 (International)

Website: http://www.nist.gov/srm

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Physical Hazard:Flammable LiquidCategory 2Health Hazard:Eye Corrosion/IrritationCategory 2BSTOT, Single ExposureCategory 3

Label Elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H320 Causes eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary Statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P241 Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

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P261 P264 P271 P280	Avoid breathing fumes, mist, vapors, or spray Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and protective clothing.
P303+P361+P353 P304+P340	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 P337+P313 P312	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P403+P233+P235 P405	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents and container according to local regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None.

Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity: None.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Substance: Solution of trace explosive compounds in 2-propanol.

Other Designations: 2-propanol (isopropanol; ethyl carbinol; dimethylcarbinol; propyl alcohol; dimethyl carbinol; propanol; 1-methylethanol; 1-methylethyl alcohol; 2-hydroxypropane; 2-propyl alcohol; iso-propanol).

The solutions contain small amounts of trace explosive compounds in 2-propanol. Components listed below are in compliance with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200; see the Certificate of Analysis for actual values.

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	EC Number (EINECS)	Nominal Mass Concentration (%)
2-Propanol	67-63-0	200-661-7	>99.9

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures:

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Rinse affected area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical assistance if necessary.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: Respiratory tract irritation, eye irritation, and central nervous system depression.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: If any of the above symptoms are present, seek immediate medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Severe fire hazard. Vapor is heavier than air. Vapors or gases may ignite at distant ignition sources and flash back. Vapor/air mixtures are explosive above flash point. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

Extinguishing Media:

Suitable: Regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, and alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable: None listed.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Thermal decomposition will form oxides of carbon.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

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Health = 2 Fire = 3 Reactivity = 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Remove sources of ignition. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Use suitable protective equipment; see Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up: Absorb with sand or other noncombustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling Precautions: See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection". Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Storage: Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see Section 10, "Stability and Reactivity").

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:

OSHA (PEL): 400 ppm (980 mg/m³) TWA

ACGIH (TLV): 200 ppm TWA

400 ppm STEL

NIOSH (REL): 400 ppm (980 mg/m³) TWA

500 ppm (1225 mg/m³) STEL 2000 ppm IDLH (10 % LEL)

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protection: In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize exposure to this material.

Respiratory Protection: If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. An eye wash station should be readily available near areas of use.

Skin and Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn at all times when handling chemicals.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

NOTE: The physical and chemical data provided are for 2-propanol. No physical or chemical data are available for the three dilute solutions of 2-propanol containing RDX, TNT, and PETN.

Descriptive Properties	2-Propanol				
Appearance (physical state, color, etc.):	colorless liquid				
Molecular Formula:	C_3H_7OH				
Molar Mass (g/mol):	60.10				
Odor:	faint odor, alcohol odor				
Odor threshold:	40 ppm to 45 ppm				
pH:	not available				
Evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1):	2.88				
Melting point/freezing point (°C):	−90 to −86 (−130 °F to −122.8 °F)				
Density (g/mL):	not available				
Specific Gravity (water = 1):	0.7854 to 0.7863 at 20 °C				
Vapor Pressure:	33 mmHg at 20 °C				
Vapor Density (air $= 1$):	2.07 to 2.1				
Viscosity (cP):	2.1 at 25 °C				
Solubility(ies):	miscible in water, alcohol, ethers, acetone, chloroform, benzene				
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	not available				
Thermal Stability Properties					
Autoignition Temperature (°C):	399 to 460 (750.2 °F to 860 °F)				
Thermal Decomposition (°C):	not available				
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):	80 to 83 (176 °F to 181.4 °F)				
Explosive Limits, LEL (Volume %):	2 % to 2.5 % 12 % to 12.7 % at 93.3 °C 12 °C (CC)				
Explosive Limits, UEL (Volume %):					
Flash Point:					
Flammability (solid, gas):	not applicable				
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY					
Reactivity: Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.					
Stability: X Stable Unst	able				
Possible Hazardous Reactions: None listed.					
Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, flames, sparks and of if exposed to heat.	ther sources of ignition. Containers may rupture or explode				
Incompatible Materials: Acids, metals, oxidizing materials, combustible materials, halogens, peroxides, bases, metal salts.					
Fire/Explosion Information: See Section 5, "Fire Fight	ting Measures".				
Hazardous Decomposition: Thermal decomposition wi	ll produce oxides of carbon.				
Hazardous Polymerization: Will Occur X Will Not Occur					

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION X X Skin X **Route of Exposure:** Inhalation Ingestion Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics: Respiratory tract irritation, eye irritation, and central nervous system depression. Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic and Delayed): Inhalation: Irritation, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, loss of coordination, internal bleeding, kidney damage, unconsciousness, coma. **Skin Contact:** Irritation, absorption may occur, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination. **Eve Contact:** Irritation (possibly severe), eye damage. **Ingestion:** Irritation, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, loss of coordination, internal bleeding, kidney damage, unconsciousness, coma. **Numerical Measures of Toxicity:** Acute Toxicity: Not classified. Rat, Oral LD50: 4710 mg/kg Rabbit, Dermal LD50: 12 800 mg/kg Rat, Inhalation LC50: 72 600 mg/m³ (4 h); 16 000 ppm (8 h) Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified. Rabbit, Skin: 500 mg – mild; 2-propanol is not a dermal irritant. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Category 2B. Rabbit, Eyes: 10 mg – moderate; 100 mg – moderate (24 h); 100 mg – severe Rabbit, Eyes: mild transitory injury, score 4 of 10 (24 h) The vapors are mildly irritating to the eyes, nose, and throat. **Respiratory Sensitization:** No data available. **Skin Sensitization:** No data available. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available. Carcinogenicity: Not classified. Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Carcinogen Yes X No 2-Propanol is listed by IARC as Group 3 (not classifiable) and it is not listed by NTP or OSHA. Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified. Rat, Oral TDLo: 2278 mg/kg (pregnant 6 d to 16 d) Rat, Inhalation TCLo: 3500 ppm (7 h, pregnant 1 d to 19 d) **Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure:** Category 3. Vapors may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, and loss of coordination. Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: Not classified. Aspiration Hazard: No data available. 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION **Ecotoxicity Data:** Fish Toxicity: Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) LC50 [flow-through]: 9.6 g/L (96 h) Invertebrate: Freshwater water flea (Daphnia magna) EC50: 13.3 g/L (48 h)

Persistence and Degradability: No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse effects: No data available.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations. 2-propanol is subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DOT and IATA: UN1219; Isopropanol; Hazard Class 3; Packing Group II; Excepted Quantity: E2.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations:

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE HEALTH: Yes.
CHRONIC HEALTH: No.
FIRE: Yes.
REACTIVE: No.
PRESSURE: No.

State Regulations: Not listed.

U.S. TSCA Inventory: 2-propanol is listed.TSCA 12(b), Export Notification: Not listed.

Canadian Regulations:

WHMIS Information: Not provided for this material.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 10 February 2015

Sources: ChemAdvisor, Inc., SDS, *Isopropyl Alcohol*, 10 September 2014.

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, 2-Propanol, CAS# 67-63-0, Full Record, available at http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/ (accessed Feb 2015).

CDC; NIOSH; *NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards*; Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Institute for Safety and Health; *Isopropyl Alcohol, RTECS# NT8050000, CAS# 67-63-0*, May 2009; available at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh-rtecs/NT7AD550.html (accessed Feb 2015).

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Key of Acronyms:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	NRC	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
ALI	Annual Limit on Intake	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response,	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
	Compensation, and Liability Act		•
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
DOT	Department of Transportation	REL	Recommended Exposure Limit
EC50	Effective Concentration, 50 %	RM	Reference Material
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	RQ	Reportable Quantity
	Substances		
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
	Act		
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
IATA	International Air Transportation Agency	SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	SRM	Standard Reference Material
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50 %	STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50 %	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit	TPQ	Threshold Planning Quantity
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	TWA	Time Weighted Average
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this SDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The SDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the SDS. The certified values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Users of this SRM should ensure that the SDS in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program: telephone (301) 975-2200; fax (301) 948-3730; e-mail srmmsds@nist.gov; or via the Internet at http://www.nist.gov/srm.

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