

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

SRM Number: 2625a

SRM Name: Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen (Nominal Amount-of-Substance Fraction 3.5 % mol/mol)

Other Means of Identification: Not applicable.

Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is a primary gas mixture of carbon dioxide in nitrogen supplied in a DOT 3AL specification aluminum (6061 alloy) cylinder with a water volume of 6 L. This SRM is intended for the calibration of instruments used for carbon dioxide determinations and for other applications. Mixtures are shipped with a nominal pressure exceeding 12.4 MPa (1800 psig), which provides the user with 0.73 m³ (25.8 ft³) of useable mixture. The cylinder is the property of the purchaser and is equipped with a CGA-580 brass valve, which is the recommended outlet for this carbon dioxide mixture.

Company Information

National Institute of Standards and Technology Standard Reference Materials Program 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2300 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2300

Telephone: 301-975-2200 FAX: 301-948-3730 E-mail: SRMMSDS@nist.gov Website: http://www.nist.gov/srm Emergency Telephone ChemTrec: 1-800-424-9300 (North America) +1-703-527-3887 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Physical Hazard: Compressed Gas. **Health Hazard:** Simple Asphyxiant.

Label Elements Symbol



Signal Word WARNING

Hazard Statement(s)

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
----- May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statement(s)

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: Not applicable.

Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity: Not applicable.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Substance: Carbon dioxide in nitrogen, compressed gas

Other Designations:

Carbon Dioxide: Carbonic acid gas, carbonic anhydride, CO₂.

Nitrogen: Dinitrogen, nitrogen compressed.

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Components are listed in compliance with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200; for the actual values see the Certificate of Analysis.

| Hazardous Components | CAS Number | EC Number (EINECS) | Nominal Mass Concentration (%) |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Nitrogen | 7727-37-9 | 231-783-9 | >96 |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | 204-696-9 | 3.5 |

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures:

Inhalation: If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes, including under the eyelids with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Ingestion of a gas is unlikely. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed: Harmful if inhaled, blood damage, difficulty breathing, and suffocation.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: If any of the above symptoms are present, seek immediate medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Negligible fire hazard applicable to the identified NIST cylinder. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

Extinguishing Media:

Suitable: Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable: None listed.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Oxides of nitrogen, oxides of carbon.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Move cylinder from fire area if it can be done without personal risk. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

NFPA Ratings (0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe)

Health = 2 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment; see Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection". Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up: Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Safe Handling Precautions: Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep valve protection cap on cylinder when not in use.

Storage: Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Secure cylinder to prevent physical damage. Keep separated from incompatible substances (oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metals, combustible materials, lithium). Store in well-ventilated area. Subject to storage regulations, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:

Carbon Dioxide

OSHA (PEL): 9 000 mg/m3 (5 000 ppm) TWA ACGIH (TLV): 9 000 mg/m3 (5 000 ppm) TWA

30 000 ppm STEL

NIOSH (REL): 9 000 mg/m3 (5 000 ppm) TWA

54 000 mg/m3 (30 000 ppm) STEL

40 000 ppm IDLH

Nitrogen

ACGIH (TLV): Simple asphyxiant.

Engineering Controls: Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protection: In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize exposure to this material.

Respiratory Protection: If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety goggles. An eye wash station should be readily available near areas of use.

Skin and Body Protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Chemical-resistant gloves should be worn at all times when handling chemicals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Component: Nitrogen (>96 % concentration in this SRM)

Descriptive Properties:

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): colorless compressed gas

Molecular Formula: N₂
Molar Mass (g/mol): 28
Odor: odorless
Odor threshold: not available
pH: not applicable
Evaporation rate: not applicable
Melting point/freezing point (°C): -210 (-346 °F)

Relative Density (g/L): 1.2506

Vapor Pressure (mmHg): $760 \text{ at } -196 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Vapor Density (air = 1): 0.967

Viscosity (cP): 0.01787 at 27 °C

Solubility(ies): water, 1.6 % at 20 °C; liquid ammonia

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): not available

Thermal Stability Properties:

Autoignition Temperature:
Thermal Decomposition
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):
Explosive Limits, LEL:
Explosive Limits, UEL:
Tlash Point:
Tlash Po

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive.

Stability: X Stable Unstable

Possible Hazardous Reactions: None listed.

Conditions to Avoid: Minimize contact with material. Containers may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.

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| Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metals, combustible materials, metal salts, halocarbons. | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fire/Explosion Information: See Section 5, "Fire Fighting Measures". | | | | | | |
| Hazardous Decomposition: Miscellaneous decomposition products. | | | | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization: Will Occur X Will Not Occur | | | | | | |
| 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION | | | | | | |
| Route of Exposure: X Inhalation Skin Ingestion | | | | | | |

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics: Nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, disorientation, emotional disturbances, pain in extremities, tremors, loss of coordination, hearing loss, visual disturbances.

Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic and Delayed):

Inhalation:

Carbon Dioxide: Acute exposure to carbon dioxide at concentrations of 2 % to 10 %, (NIST provided cylinder is 3.5 %), may cause acidic taste, dyspnea, headache, vertigo, nausea, labored breathing, weakness, drowsiness, mental confusion, and increase in blood pressure. At higher concentrations, visual disturbances, tinnitus, tremors, perspiration, restlessness, discomfort, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, and death. In addition, carbon dioxide/nitrogen compressed gas mixture is an asphyxiant. Release in an enclosed space may result in asphyxiation. The symptoms of asphyxia depend on the rapidity with which the oxygen deficiency develops and how long it continues. In sudden acute asphyxia, unconsciousness may be immediate. With slow development, there may be rapid respiration and pulse, air hunger, dizziness, reduced awareness, tightness in the head, tingling sensations, incoordination, faulty judgment, emotional instability, and rapid fatigue. As the asphyxia progresses, nausea, vomiting, collapse, unconsciousness, convulsions, deep coma, and death are possible.

Nitrogen: Nitrogen compressed gas is a simple asphyxiant. Release in an enclosed space may result in asphyxiation. The symptoms of asphyxia depend on the rapidity with which the oxygen deficiency develops and how long it continues. In sudden acute asphyxia, unconsciousness may be immediate. With slow development, there may be rapid respiration and pulse, air hunger, dizziness, reduced awareness, tightness in the head, tingling sensations, incoordination, faulty judgment, emotional instability, and rapid fatigue. As the asphyxia progresses, nausea, vomiting, collapse, unconsciousness, convulsions, deep coma, and death are possible.

Skin Contact: No information on significant adverse effects.

Eye Contact: Carbon dioxide at high concentration in air may cause a stinging sensation of the eyes. Not applicable for exposure to nitrogen.

Ingestion: Ingestion of a gas is unlikely under normal conditions of use (see "Inhalation").

Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

Acute Toxicity: Not classified.

Carbon dioxide: Rat, Inhalation LC50: 470 000 ppm (30 min)

Nitrogen: Simple asphyxiant

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not applicable.

Serious Eye damage/ Eye irritation: Not applicable.

Respiratory Sensitization: No data available.

Skin Sensitization: No data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No data available.

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Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Carcinogen

Yes X No

Nitrogen is not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA as a carcinogen.

Carbon dioxide is not listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA as a carcinogen.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified, effect due mostly to asphyxia. Carbon dioxide: Rat, Inhalation TCLo: 6 % (24 h, pregnant 10 d).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure: Not classified.

Aspiration Hazard: No data available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Data:

Carbon Dioxide

Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), LC50: 35 mg/L (96 h)

Persistence and Degradability: No data available. **Bioaccumulative Potential:** No bioaccumulation.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse effects: No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DOT and IATA: UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Carbon Dioxide in Nitrogen); Hazard Class 2.2.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Regulations:

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4): Identified cylinder not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): Identified cylinder not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): Identified cylinder not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): Identified cylinder not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): Identified cylinder not regulated.

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE HEALTH: Yes.
CHRONIC HEALTH: No.
FIRE: No.
REACTIVE: No.
PRESSURE: Yes.

State Regulations:

California Proposition 65: Not listed.

U.S. TSCA Inventory: Carbon dioxide and nitrogen are listed.

TSCA 12(b), Export Notification: No components are listed.

Canadian Regulations:

WHMIS Information: Not provided for this material.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: 19 July 2017

Sources: ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS, Nitrogen, Compressed Gas, 09 December 2015.

ChemADVISOR, Inc., SDS, Carbon Dioxide, 09 December 2015.

NIOSH RTECS, Carbon Dioxide, No. FF6400000, CAS No. 124-38-9; May 2009; available at

http://www.cdc.gov/niosh-rtecs/FF61A800.html (accessed July 2017).

National Library of Medicine, Hazardous Substances Databank, Carbon dioxide, Animal Toxicity

Studies; available at http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm (accessed July 2017)

Key of Acronyms:

| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial | NRC | Nuclear Regulatory Commission |
|--------|---|-------|--|
| | Hygienists | | |
| ALI | Annual Limit on Intake | NTP | National Toxicology Program |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service | OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| CERCLA | Comprehensive Environmental Response, | PEL | Permissible Exposure Limit |
| | Compensation, and Liability Act | | |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations | RCRA | Resource Conservation and Recovery Act |
| DOT | Department of Transportation | REL | Recommended Exposure Limit |
| EINECS | European Inventory of Existing Commercial | RQ | Reportable Quantity |
| | Chemical Substances | | |
| EPCRA | Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know | RTECS | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances |
| | Act | | |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer | SARA | Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association | SCBA | Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus |
| IDLH | Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health | SRM | Standard Reference Material |
| LC50 | Lethal Concentration | STEL | Short Term Exposure Limit |
| LD50 | Median Lethal Dose or Lethal Dose, 50 % | TLV | Threshold Limit Value |
| LEL | Lower Explosive Limit | TPQ | Threshold Planning Quantity |
| MSDS | Material Safety Data Sheet | TSCA | Toxic Substances Control Act |
| NFPA | National Fire Protection Association | TWA | Time Weighted Average |
| NIOSH | National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health | UEL | Upper Explosive Limit |
| NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology | WHMIS | Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System |
| n.o.s. | Not Otherwise Specified | | |

Disclaimer: Physical and chemical data contained in this SDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of the material. The SDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the SDS. The certified values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate of Analysis.

Users of this SRM should ensure that the SDS in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program: telephone (301) 975-2200; fax (301) 948-3730; e-mail srmmsds@nist.gov; or via the Internet at http://www.nist.gov/srm.

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