

# Go 103

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<https://github.com/pallat>

<https://dev.to/pallat>

<https://go.dev/tour> (Thai)

<https://github.com/uber-go/guide> (Thai)

## defer

A defer statement defers the execution of a function until the surrounding function returns.

The deferred call's arguments are evaluated immediately, but the function call is not executed until the surrounding function returns.

```
res, _ := http.DefaultClient.Do(req)

defer res.Body.Close()
body, _ := ioutil.ReadAll(res.Body)
```

## a defer

```
defer fmt.Println("end")  
fmt.Println("Hello, Gophers")
```

## defer is stack

```
defer fmt.Println("defer first")  
defer fmt.Println("defer second")  
defer fmt.Println("defer third")  
  
fmt.Println("Hello, Gophers")
```

## Questions? What is the result

```
func doSomething(n int) {  
    defer fmt.Println(n)  
    fmt.Println(n)  
}  
  
func main() {  
    doSomething(4)  
}
```

## Questions? One more

```
func doSomething(n int) {  
    defer fmt.Println(n)  
    defer func() {  
        fmt.Println(n)  
    }()  
    n = n * n  
    fmt.Println(n)  
}  
  
func main() {  
    doSomething(4)  
}
```

## defer for recovering

```
func catchMe() {  
    defer func() {  
        if r := recover(); r != nil {  
            fmt.Println(r)  
        }  
    }()  
  
    s := []int{}  
  
    fmt.Println(s[1])  
}
```

## defer: exercise

log name and age ไม่ว่าจะ return ด้วยเหตุผลอะไรก็ตาม

```
func API(name string, age int) error {  
    if name != "Peter" {  
        return errors.New("not acceptable")  
    }  
    if name == "" {  
        name = "Michael"  
    }  
    if age < 60 {  
        return errors.New("you are too young")  
    }  
  
    return nil  
}
```



# Composition with Struct Embedding

```
type Card struct {  
    HolderName string  
    IssuedAt   time.Time  
    ExpiredAt  time.Time  
}  
  
type DrivingCard struct {  
    DriverLicense string  
    Class         string  
    Card          Card  
}  
  
type IDCard struct {  
    ID      string  
    Address string  
    Card    Card  
}
```

## Composition (2)

```
type Card struct {  
    HolderName string  
    IssuedAt   time.Time  
    ExpiredAt  time.Time  
}  
  
func (c Card) IsExpire() bool {  
    return time.Now().After(c.ExpiredAt)  
}  
  
type DrivingCard struct {  
    Card  
}  
  
dc := DrivingCard{}  
dc.IsExpire()
```

## Composition (3)

```
type ReadWriter interface {  
    Reader  
    Writer  
}
```

## Generic

```
func min(x, y float64) float64 {  
    if x < y {  
        return x  
    }  
    return y  
}
```

## Generic: type parameter

```
func min[T constraints.Ordered](x, y T) T {  
    if x < y {  
        return x  
    }  
    return y  
}
```

instantiation

```
m := min[int](2, 3)  
fmin := min[float64]  
m := fmin(2.1, 2.0)
```

## Parameter Type

```
type Tree[T interface{}] struct {  
    left, right *Tree[T]  
    data        T  
}  
  
func (t *Tree[T]) Lookup(x T) *Tree[T]  
  
var stringTree Tree[string]
```

## Type constraint

```
interface {  
    int|string|bool  
}
```

```
package constraints  
  
type Ordered interface {  
    Integer|Float|~string  
}
```

## Play with Generic

```
func main() {  
    a, b := "1", "2"  
    // a, b := 1, 2  
    // a, b := 1.0, 2.0  
    c := add(a, b)  
    fmt.Println(c)  
}
```



## First-Class Function

```
var add = func(a, b int) int {  
    return a + b  
}  
  
fmt.Println(add(1, 2))
```

## Test FCF

```
func lampda(a int) int {  
    x := 0  
    for i:= 1; i <=a; i++ {  
        x+=i  
    }  
    return x  
}  
  
func main() {  
    fn := lampda  
    fmt.Println(fn(3))  
}
```

## Higher-Order Function

```
func hof(fn func(string) string) {  
    ...  
}  
  
func hof() func(string) string {  
    ...  
}
```

## HOF Example

```
func operation(patient string, doctor func(string) bool) {  
    if done := doctor(patient); done {  
        fmt.Printf("patient %s is safe\n", patient)  
    } else {  
        fmt.Printf("we're sorry for %s\n", patient)  
    }  
}  
  
func main() {  
    operation("too", func(name string) bool {  
        if name == "too" {  
            return false  
        }  
        return true  
    })  
}
```

# Function type

```
type doctorFunc func(string) bool

func operation(patient string, doctor doctorFunc) {
    if done := doctor(patient); done {
        fmt.Printf("patient %s is safe\n", patient)
    } else {
        fmt.Printf("we're sorry for %s\n", patient)
    }
}

func main() {
    operation("Peter", func(name string) bool {
        if name == "Peter" {
            return false
        }
        return true
    })
}
```

## Test HOF

```
type pFunc func() int

func factory(a, b pFunc) pFunc {
    return func() int {
        return a() + b()
    }
}

func one() int { return 1 }
func Peter() int { return one() + one() }

func main() {
    fmt.Println(factory(one, Peter)())
}
```

## Closure Function

```
func newFunc() func() int {  
    a := 0  
    return func() int {  
        a++  
        return a  
    }  
}
```



# Test Closure Function

```
func main() {  
    fn1, fn2 := factory()  
    fn1()  
    fn1()  
    fmt.Println(fn2())  
  
    fn1()  
    fmt.Println(fn2())  
}  
  
func factory() (func(), func() int) {  
    var i int  
    return func() {  
        i++  
    },  
    func() int {  
        return i  
    }  
}
```





## method on function

```
type IntnFunc func(int) int  
  
func (fn IntnFunc) Intn(n int) int {  
    return fn(n)  
}
```

## goroutine

```
func main() {  
    total := 10  
    now := time.Now()  
    for i := 0; i < total; i++ {  
        go printout(i)  
    }  
    fmt.Println(time.Now().Sub(now))  
}  
  
func printout(i int) {  
    fmt.Println(i)  
}
```

## goroutine waiting

```
var wg = sync.WaitGroup{}

func main() {
    total := 10
    wg.Add(total)
    now := time.Now()
    for i := 0; i < total; i++ {
        go printout(i)
    }
    wg.Wait()
    fmt.Println(time.Now().Sub(now))
}

func printout(i int) {
    fmt.Println(i)
    wg.Done()
}
```

## Excercise - Count down 1 min

2 goroutine

1. print **+** every 1 sec

2. print **-** every 5 sec

program end after 1 minute pass

## channel

keyword `chan`

- no buffered channel
- buffered channel

## buffered channel simple

```
func main() {  
    ch := make(chan int, 2)  
    ch <- 1  
    ch <- 2  
    fmt.Println(<-ch)  
    fmt.Println(<-ch)  
}
```

## buffered channel

```
total := 10
ch := make(chan int, total)
for i := total; i > 0; i-- {
    ch <- i
}
close(ch)

for i := range ch {
    fmt.Println(i)
}
```

## buffered channel range

```
func fibonacci(n int, c chan int) {  
    x, y := 0, 1  
    for i := 0; i < n; i++ {  
        c <- x  
        x, y = y, x+y  
    }  
    close(c)  
}  
  
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int, 10)  
    go fibonacci(cap(c), c)  
    for i := range c {  
        fmt.Println(i)  
    }  
}
```



## no buffered channel

```
func main() {  
    total := 10  
    ch := make(chan struct{})  
    now := time.Now()  
    for i := 0; i < total; i++ {  
        go printout(i, ch)  
    }  
    for i := 0; i < total; i++ {  
        <-ch  
    }  
    fmt.Println(time.Now().Sub(now))  
}  
  
func printout(i int, ch chan struct{}) {  
    fmt.Println(i)  
    ch <- struct{}{}  
}
```

## Goroutine exercise

```
import "github.com/pallat/force"
```

```
force.Decrypt  
force.Validate()
```

brute force all encrypted

## select

```
select {  
  case <- ch1:  
  case <- ch2:  
}
```



# select example

```
func fibonacci(c, quit chan int) {  
    x, y := 0, 1  
    for {  
        select {  
        case c <- x:  
            x, y = y, x+y  
        case <-quit:  
            fmt.Println("quit")  
            return  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
func main() {  
    c := make(chan int)  
    quit := make(chan int)  
    go func() {  
        for i := 0; i < 10; i++ {  
            fmt.Println(<-c)  
        }  
        quit <- 0  
    }()  
    fibonacci(c, quit)  
}
```



## Keywords: 22/25

**break**  
**case**  
**chan**  
**const**  
**continue**

**default**  
**defer**  
**else**  
**fallthrough**  
**for**

**func**  
**go**  
**goto**  
**if**  
**import**

**interface**  
**map**  
**package**  
**range**  
**return**

**select**  
**struct**  
**switch**  
**type**  
**var**

## break

```
i := 0  
  
for {  
    if i > 100 {  
        break  
    }  
    i++  
}
```

## continue

```
s := []int{1, 4, 5, 3, -2, 0, 8, -1}
for i, v := range s {
    if v < 0 {
        continue
    }
    fmt.Printf("index: %d, value: %d\n", i, v)
}
```

## goto

```
func main() {  
    check("First")  
}  
  
func check(class string) {  
    if class == "First" {  
        goto welcome  
    }  
    fmt.Println("Please show me the passport")  
  
welcome:  
    fmt.Println("Welcome")  
}
```



## Keywords: 25/25

<b>break</b>	<b>default</b>	<b>func</b>	<b>interface</b>	<b>select</b>
<b>case</b>	<b>defer</b>	<b>go</b>	<b>map</b>	<b>struct</b>
<b>chan</b>	<b>else</b>	<b>goto</b>	<b>package</b>	<b>switch</b>
<b>const</b>	<b>fallthrough</b>	<b>if</b>	<b>range</b>	<b>type</b>
<b>continue</b>	<b>for</b>	<b>import</b>	<b>return</b>	<b>var</b>

## built-in function

new  
len

make  
cap

append  
recover

delete  
panic

**time**

**net/http**



image



image