# **Bash Cheatsheet**

This document contains bash specific commands / syntax which may not be completely POSIX complaint.

POSIX complaint shell scripting doc will be ready after this one ;)

## **Variables**

• Define

```
name='PJ'
age=10
s=$(uname)
• Use
```

• Execute

```
$ bash tmp.sh
```

• or if it has shebang and execute permission

```
$ ./tmp.sh
PJ
- 10
- Linux
$_
```

### • Length

```
1 a='Hello World'
2 b=1917
3 echo ${#a} # 11
4 echo ${#b} # 4
```

## **Special Variables**

Variable	Description
\$0	Name of script
\$1, \$2, \$3,	First, Second, Third, argument of script
\$#	Number of arguments were passed to the script
\$a	All arguments of the script (can be iterated)
<b>\$</b> *	All arguments of the script (cannot be iterated)
\$?	Return value of the last execution in script
\$\$	The PID of the script
\$USER	The user which is running the script (username)
\$HOSTNAME	The host name of the machine
\$LINENO	Current line number inside script
\$RANDOM	Random number

# Input

• Basic

```
read input_variable
echo ${input_variable}
```

• with prompt message

```
read -p 'are you sure? ' input_variable
```

• silent input

```
read -sp 'Input is silent: ' input_variable
```

## **Arrays**

• Define

```
files=('f1.txt' 'f2.txt' 'f3.txt')
echo ${files[0]} # the first element
echo ${files[*]} # all elements
echo ${files[@]} # same
echo ${#files} # size/length of array
```

• Add elements

```
files+=('f4.txt')
```

• Remove elements

```
unset files[0]
```

### **Arithmetic**

### **Basic Expressions**

Operator	Operation
+	Addition
	Subtraction
*	Multiply
/	Deviation
%	Remainder
var++	Increase by 1
var	Decrease by 1

• let

```
let a=4+5 # 9
let 'A = 4 + 6' # 10
let a++ # 10
let A-- # 9
```

expr

```
var_two=$( expr 4 \* 5 ) # 20
```

• Double Parentheses

```
1 a=$((3 + 5)) # 8
2 b=$(( a + 3 )) # 11
3 (( b++ )) # 12
```

# **Conditions**

• Test Operations

Operator	Operation
!	Not

• String Operations

Operator	Operation
- z	Is null
-n	Is not null
==	Is equal
!=	Is not equal

• Numerical Operations

Operator	Operation
-eq	equal
-lt	less than
-gt	greater than
-le	less-equal to

Operator	Operation
-ge	greater-equal to

### • File Operations

Operator	Operation
-e	Exists
-d	Exists and it's a directory
-f	Exists and it's a file
-r	Exists and has <i>read</i> permission
-w	Exists and has write permission
-x	Exists and has <i>execute</i> permission
-s	Exists and it's not empty

### if

• Basic

```
if [[ `echo $(date +%s) % 5 | bc` -eq 0 ]]; then
   echo "It can be devided by 5 without any reminder"

elif [[ ${second_condition} ]]; then
   echo "The second is true"

else

printf '%s\n' \
   "Nothing is true" \
   "Everything is permitted"

fi
```

Nested

```
if [[ 10 -gt 5 ]]; then
echo True
if (( 10 % 2 == 0 )); then
echo and Even
fi
fi
```

• In-line

```
[[ ${some_condition} ]] && echo "it's true" || echo 'false'Boolean Operation
```

```
if [[ -r $1 ]] && [[ -s $1 ]]; then
echo "$1 has read permission and contains some data"
fi
```

#### case

Basic

```
case $TERM in
    xterm)
    PS1="[\ua\h \w]\$ "

    xterm-256colors)
    PS1="\[\033[01;34m\]\ua\h\[\033[00m\]:\[\033[01;32m\]\W\[\033[00m\]\$ "

    ;;
    *)
    PS1='$ '

    ;;
esac
```

• (Un)capitalized

```
case $1 in
    -[hH])
    help
;;
    -[vV])
    version
;;
    -[yY])
    choice=true
;;
esac
```

## Loops

• for

```
for i in {1..10}

do
    echo ${i}

done
```

while

```
counter=1
while [[ ${counter} -le 9 ]]; do
cho "${counter}"
((counter++))
done
```

• until

```
counter=1
until [[ ${counter} -gt 9 ]]

do
echo "${counter}"
((counter++))
done
```

• select

```
names='Kyle Cartman Stan Quit'
PS3='Select character: '
select name in ${names}; do
    if [[ $name == 'Quit' ]]; then
    break
fi
echo Hello ${name}
done
echo Bye
```

## Controlling Loops: break and continue

break

```
for value in $1/*; do
    used=$(df $1 | tail -1 | awk '{print $5;}' | sed 's/%//')
    if [[ ${used} -gt 90 ]]; then
        echo Low disk space > /dev/stderr
        break
    fi
    cp $value $1/backup/
    done
```

## **Functions**

• Define

• Call the function

```
print_something() {
    echo "Hello World!"
}
print_something
```

• Passing arguments

```
say_hello_to() {
    echo "Hello ${1}!"
}
```

```
say_hello_to Mars
```

#### • return value

```
return_something() {
return ${RANDOM}}
}
return_something
echo "The previous function returned $?"
```

#### • Variable scope

```
the_variable='This is global'
echo "Outside of function: ${the_variable}"

change_var() {
    local the_variable='This is local'
    echo "Inside of function: ${the_variable}"

}

change_var
echo "Outside of function: ${the_variable}"

substitute the provided by th
```

### • Overwriting commands

```
1 ls() {
2 command ls -lhgX
3 }
4 ls
```