

FISA 2 SERII DE NUMERE REALE

EXERCITIUL 1. Să se studieze natura următoarelor serii de numere reale:

- a) $\sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n} + \sqrt[3]{n+1}}$
- b) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{na^n}{n+1}$, unde $a \in \mathbb{R}$
- c) $\sum_{n \geq 0} 2^n \sin \frac{\pi}{5^n}$
- d) $\sum_{n \geq 0} (\sqrt{n^4 + 2n + 1} - n^2)$
- e) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{a^n}{n}$, unde $a \in \mathbb{R}$
- f) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{a^n}{\sqrt[n]{n!}}$, unde $a > 0$
- h) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\sqrt{n!}}{(3+\sqrt{1})(3+\sqrt{2}) \cdots (3+\sqrt{n})}$
- i) $\sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{1}{n^\alpha \ln n}$, unde $\alpha > 0$
- j) $\sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n} + \sqrt{2n+1}}$
- k) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\sin n}{n}$
- l) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{\sin \frac{1}{n} \sin n}{n}$
- m) $\sum_{n \geq 0} \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n^2 + 4n + 6}$
- n) $\sum_{n \geq 0} a^{-n^2}$, unde $a > 0$
- o) $\sum_{n \geq 1} \frac{a^n}{\sqrt[n]{n!}}$, unde $a > 0$.