

# HPS-3D160 Solid-state Depth camera

## SDK manual



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# 1. SDK introduction

The SDK provides the application interface of the HPS3D160 Solid-State Depth camera, which is currently available on the Linux platform, the Windows platform, the ROS platform, and most of the microcontrollers that do not run the operating system; Please read the user manual carefully before using the SDK;

## 2. Integrate SDK into IDE

In order to facilitate cross-platform and cross-language use of the SDK, the API interface defined by basic data types is currently provided. Refer to HPS3DBase\_IF.h. Currently, this API has a secondary package in C/C++ and C#, which is convenient for users to integrate into the project. Languages such as Java and Python will be further expanded according to demand in the future;

### 2.1 SDK used in C/C++

In order to facilitate users to integrate into the project, we re-encapsulate the basic API, among which HPS3DBase\_IF.h is the basic API interface, HPS3DUser\_IF.c and HPS3DUser\_IF.h are secondary encapsulation; the basic steps are as follows:

1. Copy HPS3DBase\_IF.h, HPS3DUser\_IF.C, HPS3DUser\_IF.h to the project and include the HPS3DBase\_IF.h, HPS3DUser\_IF.C, HPS3DUser\_IF.h three files in the project;
2. Define global parameters and initialize, Example:

```
int g_handle = -1;
static HPS3D_MeasureData_t g_measureData;

HPS3D_StatusTypeDef ret = HPS3D_RET_ERROR;
ret = HPS3D_MeasureDataInit(&g_measureData);
if (ret != HPS3D_RET_OK)
{
    printf("MeasureDataInit failed,Err:%d\n", ret);
}
```

Note: For the convenience of memory control, a dynamic memory allocation method is adopted here. When the program exits, memory release needs to be executed, and the HPS3D\_MeasureDataFree interface is called;

3. Select the connection method according to the device model. Example:

```
HPS3D_HandleTypeDef handle;
HPS3D_StatusTypeDef ret = HPS3D_RET_ERROR;
ret = HPS3D_USBConnectDevice((char *)"/dev/ttyACM0",&g_handle); //USB Connect
//ret = HPS3D_EthernetConnectDevice((char *)"192.168.0.10", 12345, &g_handle);
if (ret != HPS3D_RET_OK)
{
```

```
printf("connect failed,Err:%d\n", ret);  
}
```

Note: When connecting a USB device under linux, you need to manually modify the device permissions by executing `chmod 777 /dev/ttyACM0`;

When connecting a USB device under Windows, enter the port number. In order to solve the encoding problem, it is recommended to add `_T` before the port number. If the port number is above COM10, you need to add `"\\\\.\\` before the port number , Such as `"\\\\.\\ COM15"`;

```
ret = HPS3D_USBCConnectDevice((char *)_T("COM3"), &g_handle);  
ret = HPS3D_USBCConnectDevice((char *)_T("\\\\.\\COM15"), &g_handle);
```

4. Register a callback function for event notification. Example:

```
void EventCallBackFunc(int handle, int eventType, uint8_t *data, int dataLen, void  
*userPara)  
{  
    switch ((HPS3D_EventType_t)eventType)  
    {  
        case HPS3D_SIMPLE_ROI_EVENT:  
        case HPS3D_FULL_ROI_EVENT:  
        case HPS3D_FULL_DEPTH_EVENT:  
        case HPS3D_SIMPLE_DEPTH_EVENT:  
            printf("Measure date!");  
            HPS3D_ConvertToMeasureData(data, &g_measureData, eventType);  
            break;  
        case HPS3D_SYS_EXCEPTION_EVENT:  
            printf("SYS ERR :%s\n", data);  
            break;  
        case HPS3D_DISCONNECT_EVENT:  
            printf("Device disconnected!\n");  
            HPS3D_CloseDevice(handle);  
            break;  
        case HPS3D_NULL_EVENT:  
        default:  
            break;  
    }  
}  
  
HPS3D_StatusTypeDef ret = HPS3D_RET_ERROR;  
ret = HPS3D_RegisterEventCallback(EventCallBackFunc, NULL);  
if (ret != HPS3D_RET_OK)  
{  
    printf("RegisterEventCallback failed,Err:%d\n", ret);  
}
```

5、Start capture, Example: :

```

/*Continuous capture*/
HPS3D_StartCapture(g_handle);

/*single capture*/
HPS3D_EventType_t type = HPS3D_NULL_EVENT;
ret = HPS3D_SingleCapture(g_handle, &type, &g_measureData);
if (ret != HPS3D_RET_OK)
{
    printf("SingleCapture failed,Err:%d\n", ret);
}

```

#### Note:

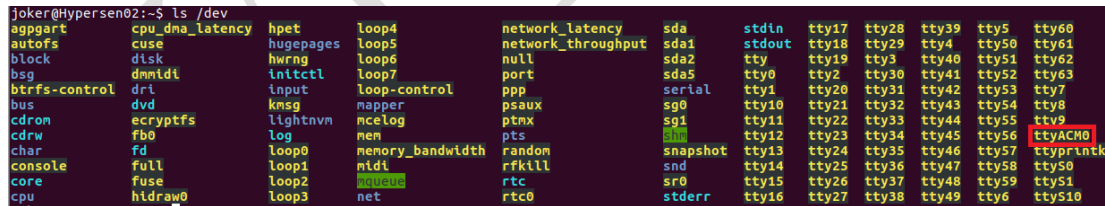
- The continuous mode measurement result is obtained in the callback function. The callback function is used for data notification. It is not recommended to perform more time-consuming operations in the callback function, otherwise the acquisition frame rate may be affected;
- After calling HPS3D\_StartCapture, only executing HPS3D\_StopCapture is valid, and all other interfaces return error values;
- The measurement result in single mode is returned immediately, and the return value needs to be checked to determine whether the acquisition is successful;

### 2.1.1 SDK used in Linux

xxx.so is suitable to use on Linux operation system, take Ubuntu as example. This example is based on the SDK with API version number **V1.8.0**.

- Device connection

Connect the HPS3D160 device to your computer, open the terminal and type ls /dev to view the device ttyACM\*, as shown below:

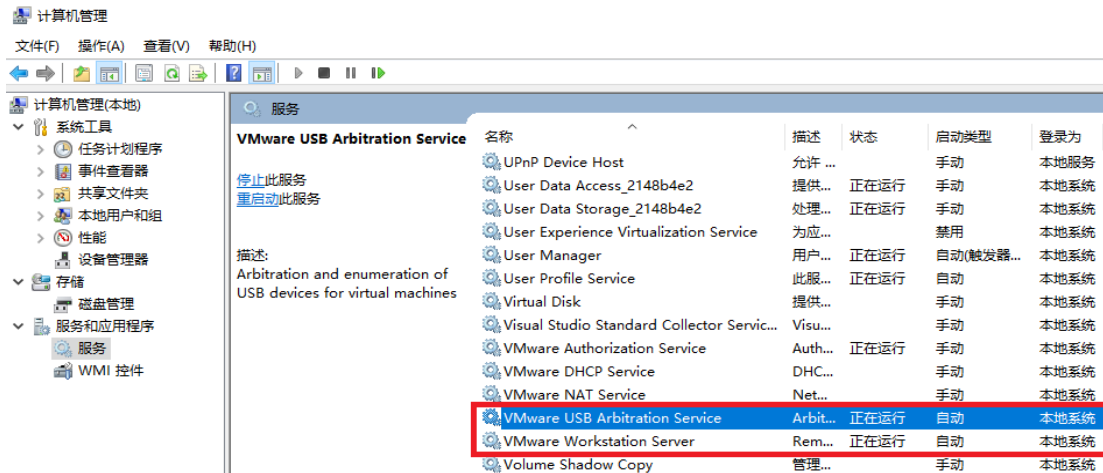


```

joker@Hypersen02:~$ ls /dev
agpgart      cpu_dma_latency  hpet          loop4          network_latency  sda           stdin         tty17         tty28         tty39         tty5           tty60
autofs       cuse            hugepages     loop5          network_throughput  sda1          stdout        tty18         tty29         tty4           tty50          tty61
block        disk           hwrng        loop6          null             sda2          tty           tty19         tty3           tty40          tty51          tty62
bsg          dmideid        initctl       loop7          port             sda5          tty0          tty2           tty30          tty41          tty52          tty63
btrfs-control  dri            input        loop-control   pp              serial         tty1          tty20          tty31          tty42          tty53          tty7
bus          dvd            kmsg         mapper         psaux           sg0           tty10         tty21          tty32          tty43          tty54          tty8
cdrom        ecryptfs       lightnvm     mcelog         ptmx            sg1           tty11         tty22          tty33          tty44          tty55          tty9
cdrw         fb0            log          mem            pts             snapshot       tty12         tty23          tty34          tty45          tty56          ttyprintk
char         fd             loop0        memory_bandwidth  random          snd            tty13         tty24          tty35          tty46          tty57
console      full           loop1        midi           rfkill          sr0           tty14         tty25          tty36          tty47          tty58          tty50
core         fuse           loop2        rtc            rtc0            sr0           tty15         tty26          tty37          tty48          tty59          tty51
cpu          hidraw0        loop3        net            rtc0            stderr         tty16         tty27          tty38          tty49          tty6           tty510

```

If you do not see the ttyACM\* device name, you need to re-plug and view it again. If not, go to "Computer Management -> Services and Applications -> Services" to see if the VMware USB Arbitration Service is running. If disabled, then turn on the operation, then re-plug the device; if you don't want to start the USB device service every time you log in to the virtual machine, you can set the VMware Workstation Server and VMware USB Arbitration Service to run and auto, restart the computer.



The connection steps of the network device are: connect the device to ubuntu, and configure the Ethernet connection IPV4 address, taking the default IP address of the sensor 192.168.0.10 as an example, the configuration steps are shown in the following figure:



- Use SDK under Ubuntu, run Demo program
  - 1、Copy the HPS3D160-Linux-C Demo program to any directory in ubuntu, open the terminal and enter make to compile the demo program. The execution result is as follows, the compilation is passed;

```

kevin@kevin-virtual-machine:~/HPS3D160-SDK/demo/HPS3D160-Linux-C_Demo$ make
gcc -Wall -O -g -c HPS3DUser_IF.c -o HPS3DUser_IF.o
g++ HPS3DUser_IF.o main.o -o ./app -Wl,-rpath=./ -L./ -lHPS3DSDK
chmod a+x ./app
kevin@kevin-virtual-machine:~/HPS3D160-SDK/demo/HPS3D160-Linux-C_Demo$

```

- 2、Enter ./app in the terminal to connect to the device and start measurement. After the connection is successful, the current device parameters are automatically exported as shown below. According to the prompt, enter 1 for single measurement, and enter 2 for continuous measurement;

```

kevin@kevin-virtual-machine:~/HPS3D160-SDK/demo/HPS3D160-Linux-C_Demo$ ./app
HPS3D160 C/C++ Demo (Linux)

SDK Ver:V1.8.0 21-6-10
Dev Ver:V1.8.0 21-6-10
SN:SN:HL21M03173D1901663

resolution:160 X 60
max_roi_group_number:16 cur_group_id: 0
max_roi_number:8
max_multiCamera_code:15, cur_multiCamera_code:0
user_id: 0
optical_path_calibration: 0

select capture mode: SingleCapture(1) ContinuousCapture(2) Exit(...)

```

- 3、Different types of sensor need to modify the connection method, the modification method is shown in the figure below

```

130 |
131 |
132 |
133 |
134 |
135 |
136 |
137 |
138 |
139 |
140 |
141 |
142 |

```

```

ret = HPS3D_USBConnectDevice((char *)"/dev/ttyACM0",&g_handle); //USB Connect
//ret = HPS3D_EthernetConnectDevice((char *)"192.168.0.10", 12345, &g_handle);
if (ret != HPS3D_RET_OK)
{
    printf("connect failed,Err:%d\n", ret);
    break;
}
printf("Dev Ver:%s\n", HPS3D_GetDeviceVersion(g_handle));
printf("SN:%s\n", HPS3D_GetSerialNumber(g_handle));
HPS3D_RegisterEventCallback(EventCallBackFunc, NULL);

```

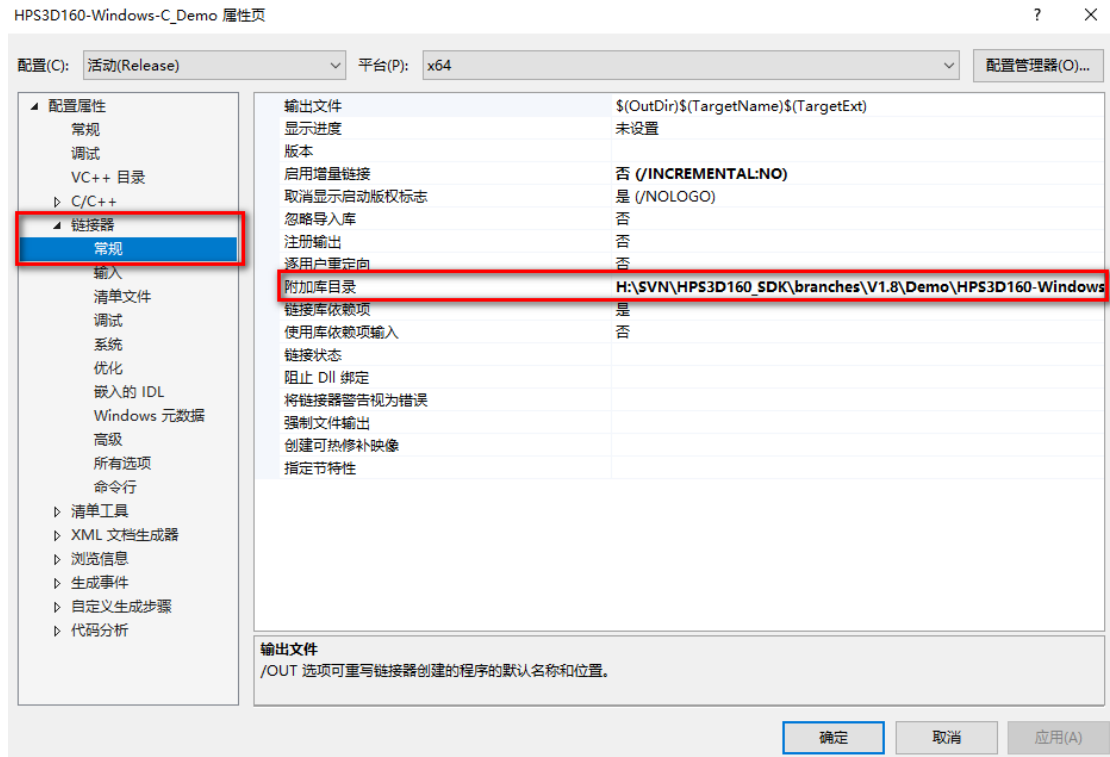
Note: The USB device connection failed. The reason may be that the device is No permission. You can execute the command `sudo chmod 777 /dev/ttyACM0` and try again;

## 2.1.2 SDK used in Windows

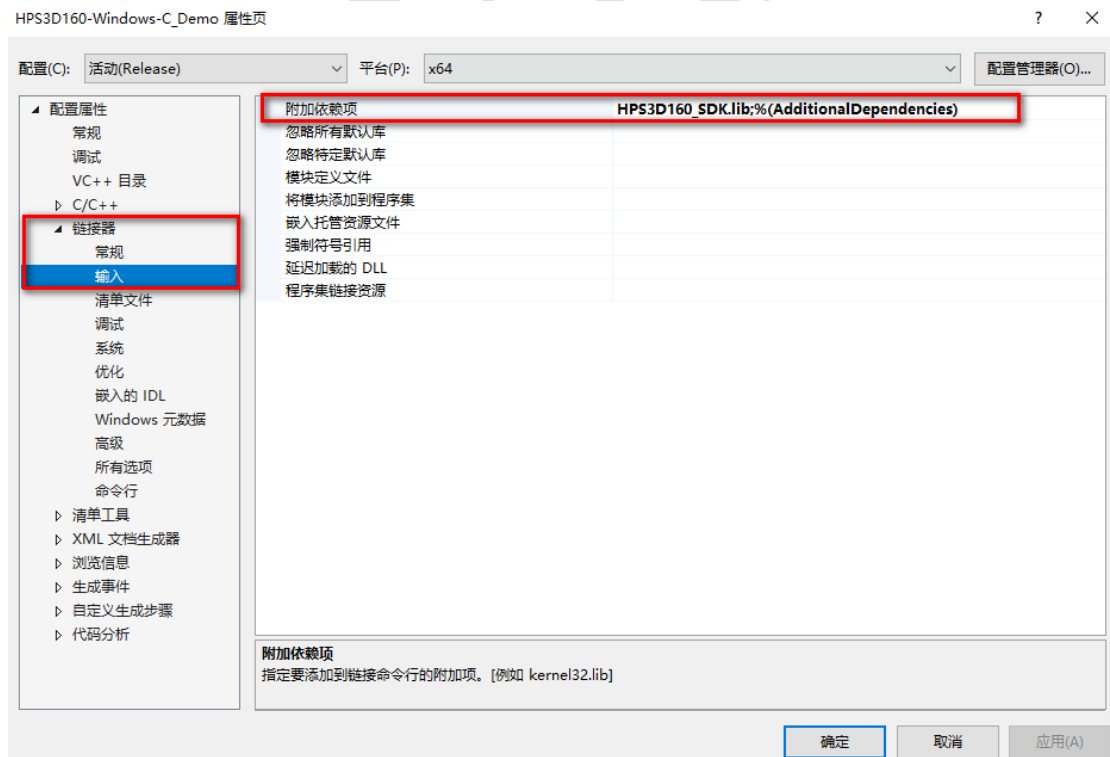
Xxx.dll is suitable for use on the Windows operating system platform, Here is an example of Microsoft Visual Studio 2017. This example is written based on the SDK with API version number **V1.8.0**.

- 1、Open the HPS3D160-Windows-C\_Demo project and check the project configuration as follows:

Right-click the item-Properties-Linker-General. Specify the path of HPS3D160\_SDK.dll in the additional library directory.



Right-click the item-Properties-Linker-Input. Fill in HPS3D160\_SDK.lib in the additional dependency option.



Copy HPS3D160\_SDK.dll to the program running directory, you can run the Demo program normally;



Note: due to encoding problems when USB devices are may faild. You can add `_T` before the port number to solve this problem. If the port number is above COM10, you need to add `"\\\\.\\` before the port number, such as `\\\\.\\COM10`;

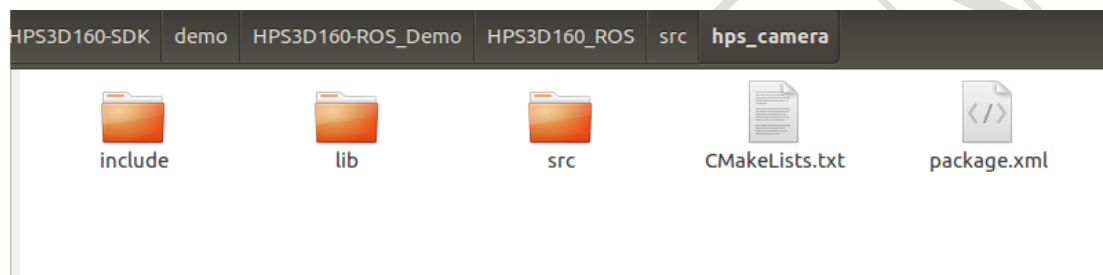
```
ret = HPS3D_USBCConnectDevice((char *)_T("COM3"), &g_handle);  
ret = HPS3D_USBCConnectDevice((char *)_T("\\\\.\\COM10"), &g_handle);
```

### 2.1.3 SDK used in ROS

Here is an example of Ubuntu 16.04.6 LTS and kinetic。 This example is written based on the SDK with API version number **V1.8.0**。

Refer to Demo example: enter the source code directory

HPS3D160-ROS\_Demo/HPS3D160\_ROS/src/hps\_camera.



- Copy HPS3DBase\_IF and HPS3DUser\_IF in the include directory to the include directory of the project directory
- Copy libHPS3DSDK.so in the lib directory to the lib directory in the project directory.
- Copy HPS3DUser\_IF.c in the src directory to the src directory in the project directory, and refer to hps\_camera.cpp to reference the relevant code to the project;
- Modify the content of the CMakeLists.txt file as follows:  
Add related dependency libraries

```
7 ## Find catkin macros and libraries  
8 ## if COMPONENTS list like find_package(catkin REQUIRED COMPONENTS xyz)  
9 ## is used, also find other catkin packages  
10 find_package(catkin REQUIRED COMPONENTS  
11   roscpp  
12   rospy  
13   std_msgs  
14   message_generation  
15   std_srvs  
16   sensor_msgs  
17   cv_bridge  
18   image_transport  
19   pcl_conversions  
20   pcl_ros  
21 )
```

Specify include header file and library path

```

123 ## Specify additional locations of header files
124 ## Your package locations should be listed before other locations
125 include_directories(
126   include
127   ${catkin_INCLUDE_DIRS}
128 )
129 link_directories(
130   lib
131   ${catkin_LIB_DIRS}
132 )|

```

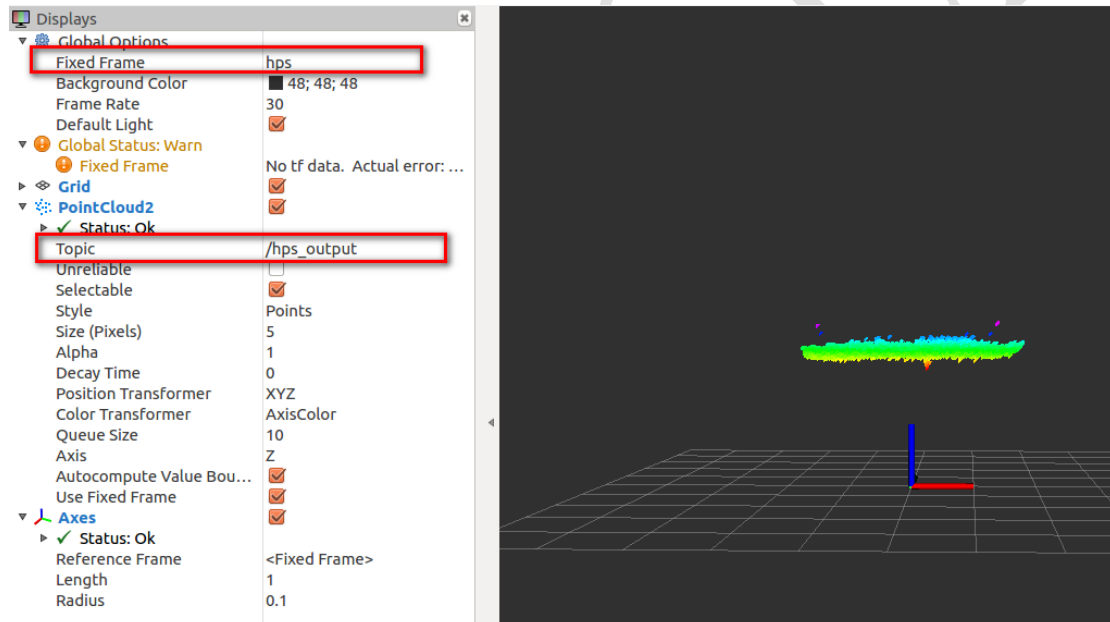
Add the dependent library name HPS3DSDK, which must be consistent with the library name in the lib directory.

```

141 # add_dependencies(${PROJECT_NAME} ${${PROJECT_NAME}_EXPORTED_TARGETS} ${catkin_E
142 find_package(PCL REQUIRED)
143 include_directories(include${PCL_INCLUDE_DIRS})
144 add_executable(hps_camera src/hps_camera.cpp)
145 target_link_libraries(hps_camera ${catkin_LIBRARIES} ${PCL_LIBRARIES} HPS3DSDK)
146

```

After the modification is completed, you can compile and run; the point cloud data can be displayed in real time through RVIZ, as shown below:

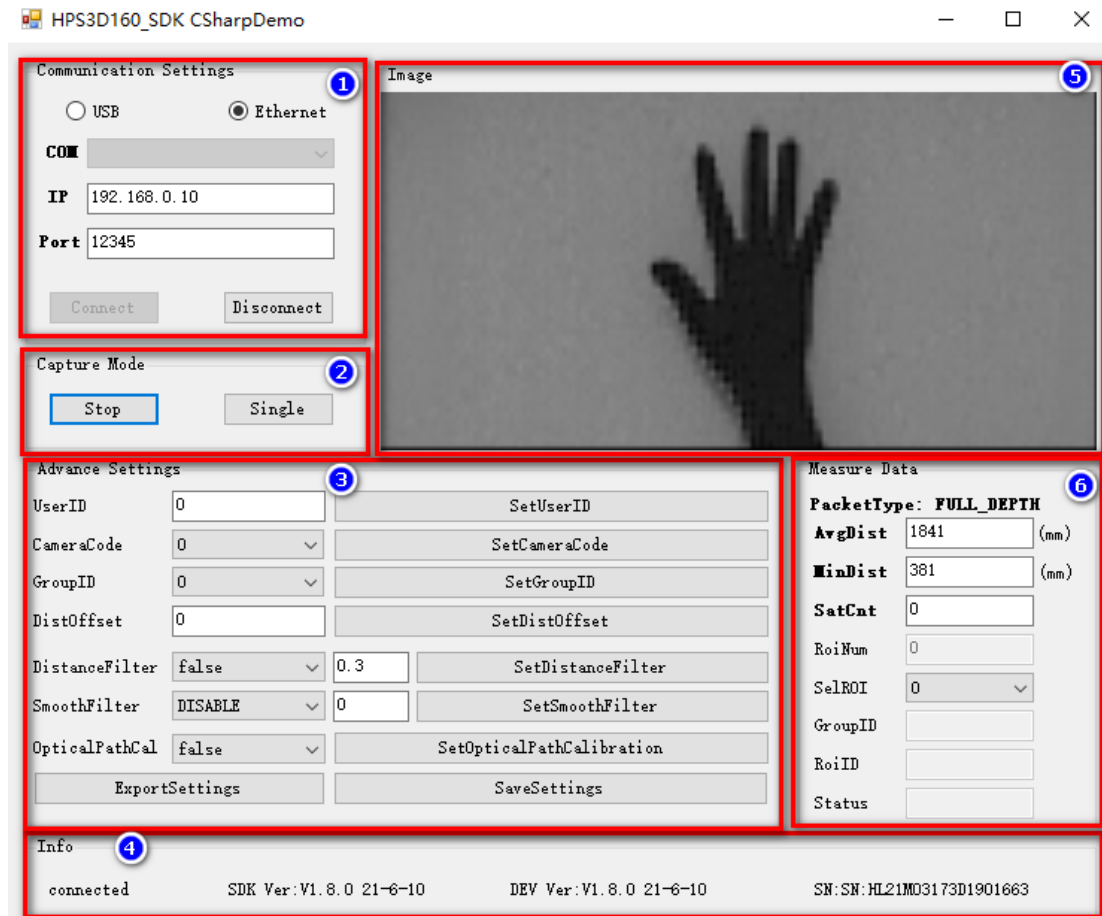


## 2.2 SDK Used in C#

In order to facilitate users to integrate into the project, we re-encapsulate the basic API. In the C# environment, we encapsulate the HPS3D160\_Device class, which greatly facilitates the secondary development of the HPS3D160 device in the C# environment;

Here is an example of Microsoft Visual Studio 2017, based on .NET Framework 4.6.1. This example is written based on the SDK with API version number **V1.8.0**.

- Open the HPS3D160\_CSharpDemo project and check whether the software running directory contains HPS3D160\_SDK.dll;
- Build and run the project, if there is no error, you can connect normally and perform measurement;



Integrate HPS3D160\_SDK in the C# project, just copy the HPS3D160\_Device device class and HPS3D160\_SDK.dll dynamic library in the Demo program to the program running directory;

## 3. API function interface

### 3.1 USB Connection

#### HPS3DAPI\_USBConnectDevice

<b>brief</b>	USB device connection
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_USBConnectDevice(__IN char* portName, __OUT int* deviceHandler);</code>
<b>param</b>	portName : device name (eg: COM3 、 /dev/ttyACM0) deviceHandler: Return device ID
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	When the port number is greater than 10, \\.\ characters must be added before the port number, such as \\.\COM15

#### Example:

```
int handle = -1;
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_USBConnectDevice ("COM3", &handle);
if (ret != 0)
{
    printf("USBConnectDevice failed,err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
```

### 3.2 Ethernet Connection

#### HPS3DAPI\_EthernetConnectDevice

<b>brief</b>	Ethernet device connection
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_EthernetConnectDevice(__IN char* controllerIp, __IN uint16_t controllerPort, __OUT int* deviceHandler);</code>
<b>param</b>	controllerIp : default 192.168.0.10 controllerPort : default 12345 deviceHandler : Return device ID
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

```
int handle = -1;
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_EthernetConnectDevice("192.168.0.10", 12345, &handle);
if (ret != 0)
{
}
```

```
printf("EthernetConnectDevice failed,err:%d\r\n",ret);
return;
}
```

### 3.3 Close device

#### HPS3DAPI\_CloseDevice

<b>brief</b>	Close device
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_CloseDevice(__IN int handle);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle : device ID
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

##### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_CloseDevice(handle);
if (ret != 0)
{
    printf("CloseDevice failed,err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
```

### 3.4 Device is connected

#### HPS3DAPI\_IsConnect

<b>brief</b>	Device is connected
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_IsConnect(__IN int handle);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle : device ID
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

##### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_IsConnect(handle);
if (ret != 1)
{
    printf("Device is disconnected\r\n");
    return;
}
```

### 3.5 Device is Start Capture

#### HPS3DAPI\_IsStart

brief	device is start capture
define	<code>int HPS3DAPI_IsStart(__IN int handle);</code>
param	handle : device ID
retval	Continuous measurement mode returns 1
note	

##### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_IsStart(handle);
if (ret != 1)
{
    printf("Device is standby.\r\n");
    return;
}
```

### 3.6 Start continuous capture

#### HPS3DAPI\_StartCapture

brief	Start continuous capture
define	<code>int HPS3DAPI_StartCapture(__IN int handle);</code>
param	handle : device ID
retval	Successfully returned 1
note	

##### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_StartCapture(handle);
if (ret != 1)
{
    printf("StartCapture err:%d\r\n", ret);
    return;
}
```

### 3.7 Stop Capture

#### HPS3DAPI\_StopCapture

<b>brief</b>	Stop capture
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_StopCapture(__IN int handle);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle : device ID
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

<pre> int ret = 0; ret = HPS3DAPI_StopCapture(handle); if (ret != 1) {     printf("StopCapture err:%d\r\n",ret);     return; } </pre>
---

### 3.8 Single Capture

#### HPS3DAPI\_SingleCapture

<b>brief</b>	Single Capture
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SingleCapture(__IN int handle, __OUT int *type, __OUT uint8_t **data, __OUT int *dataLen);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle : device ID type : Acquisition events (0: no event, 1: simple ROI data package 2: complete ROI data package 3: complete deep data package 4: simple deep data package 7: system abnormal event 8: abnormal disconnection event 5-6 reserved) data : The returned data pointer data analysis method can refer to the demo program dataLen: returned data length
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	A single measurement must determine the retval value and type type at the same time. Only when the retval value is 1 and the type is a valid data packet, the acquisition is successful, otherwise the acquisition fails;

#### Example:

<pre> int ret = 0; uint8_t *ret_data = NULL; int dataLen = 0; int type = 0; </pre>
--

```
ret = HPS3DAPI_SingleCapture(handle, (int *)type, (uint8_t **)&ret_data,&dataLen);
if (ret != 1)
{
    printf("SingleCapture failed err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
switch (*type)
{
    case 1:
    case 2:
    case 3:
    case 4:
        printf("SingleCapture succeed\r\n");
        break;
    default:
        printf("SingleCapture failed type:%d\r\n",*type);
        break;
}
```

### 3.7 Register callback function

#### HPS3DAPI\_RegisterEventCallback

<b>brief</b>	Register callback function
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_RegisterEventCallback(__IN HPS3DAPI_EVENT_CALLBACK eventHandle, __IN void *userPara);</code>
<b>param</b>	<p><code>HPS3DAPI_EVENT_CALLBACK</code> : Function pointer</p> <p>原型 : <code>void(*HPS3DAPI_EVENT_CALLBACK)(int handle, int eventType, uint8_t *data,int dataLen, void *userPara);</code></p> <p>Consistent with single capture</p> <p><code>userPara</code> : user param, can be empty</p>
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

```
void EventCallBackFunc(int handle, int eventType, uint8_t *data,int dataLen, void
*userPara)
{
    switch (eventType)
    {
        case 1:
        case 2:
        case 3:
```



```

        case 4:
            printf("Is measure data\r\n");
            break;
        default:
            printf("SYS ERR\r\n");
            break;
    }
}

int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_RegisterEventCallback(EventCallBackFunc, NULL);
if (ret != 1)
{
    printf("RegisterEventCallback err:%d\r\n", ret);
    return;
}

```

### 3.9 Unregister callback function

#### HPS3DAPI\_UnregisterEventCallback

<b>brief</b>	unregister callback function
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_UnregisterEventCallback();</code>
<b>param</b>	
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

```

int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_UnregisterEventCallback();
if (ret != 1)
{
    printf("UnregisterEventCallback err:%d\r\n", ret);
    return;
}

```

### 3.10 Get device version information

<b>brief</b>	Get device version information
<b>define</b>	<code>const uint8_t* HPS3DAPI_GetDeviceVersion(__IN int handle);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID

retval	Return device version information , eg: V1.8.0 21-6-11
note	

## HPS3DAPI\_GetDeviceVersion

Example:

```
printf("Device Version:%s\n", HPS3DAPI_GetDeviceVersion(handle));
```

## 3.11 Get SDK version information

### HPS3DAPI\_GetSDKVersion

brief	Get SDK version information
define	<code>const uint8_t* HPS3DAPI_GetSDKVersion(__IN int handle);</code>
param	handle: device ID
retval	Return SDK version information , eg: V1.8.0 21-6-11
note	

Example:

```
printf("SDK Version:%s\n", HPS3DAPI_GetSDKVersion(handle));
```

## 3.12 Get device serial number

### HPS3DAPI\_GetSerialNumber

brief	Get device serial number
define	<code>const uint8_t* HPS3DAPI_GetSerialNumber(__IN int handle);</code>
param	handle: device ID
retval	Return device serial number , eg: SN:HU21M06083D2100162
note	

Example:

```
printf("%s\n", HPS3DAPI_GetSerialNumber(handle));
```

## 3.13 Export Settings

### HPS3DAPI\_ExportSettings

<b>brief</b>	ExportSettings
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_ExportSettings(__IN int handle, __OUT uint8_t *settings);</code>
<b>param</b>	Handle : device ID settings : <pre>typedef struct {     int user_id;                /* default:0*/     int max_resolution_X;      /* default:160*/     int max_resolution_Y;      /* default:60*/     int max_roi_group_number;  /* default:16*/     int max_roi_number;        /* default:8*/     int max_threshold_number;  /* default:3*/     int max_multiCamera_code;  /* default:16*/      int dist_filter_enable;    /* default:false*/     float dist_filter_K;     int smooth_filter_type;     int smooth_filter_args;     int cur_group_id;     int cur_multiCamera_code;  /* default: 0*/     int dist_offset;     int optical_path_calibration; }HPS3D_DeviceSettings_t;</pre>
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

<pre>int ret = 0; HPS3D_DeviceSettings_t settings; ret = HPS3DAPI_ExportSettings(handle, (uint8_t *)&amp;settings); if (ret != 1) {     printf("ExportSettings failed, err:%d\r\n",ret);     return; }</pre>
--

### 3.14 Save Settings

<b>brief</b>	Save Settings
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SaveSettings(__IN int handle);</code>

<b>param</b>	handle: device ID
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

## HPS3DAPI\_SaveSettings

### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret =HPS3DAPI_SaveSettings(handle);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SaveSettings failed, err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
```

## 3.15 Set Device ID

### HPS3DAPI\_SetDeviceUserID

<b>brief</b>	Set device ID
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetDeviceUserID (__IN int handle, __IN uint8_t userID);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID userID: 0-255
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret =HPS3DAPI_SetDeviceUserID (handle,1);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SaveDeviceUserID failed, err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
```

## 3.16 Set ROI Group ID

<b>brief</b>	Set Group ID
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetROIGroupID (__IN int handle, __IN uint8_t groupId);</code>

<b>param</b>	handle: device ID group ID: 0-15
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

## HPS3DAPI\_SetROIGroupID

### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret =HPS3DAPI_SetROIGroupID (handle,1);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SaveROIGroupID failed, err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
```

## 3.17 Set Camera Code

### HPS3DAPI\_SetMultiCameraCode

<b>brief</b>	Set Camera code
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetMultiCameraCode (__IN int handle, __IN uint8_t CameraCode);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID CameraCode: 0-15
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret =HPS3DAPI_SetMultiCameraCode (handle,1);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SaveMultiCameraCode failed, err:%d\r\n",ret);
    return;
}
```

### 3.18 Set distance filter

#### HPS3DAPI\_SetDistanceFilterConf

<b>brief</b>	Set distance filter
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetDistanceFilterConf(__IN int handle, __IN int enable, __IN float K);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID enable: 1 or 0 K : 0-1
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_SetDistanceFilterConf(handle, 1, 0.3);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SetDistanceFilterConf failed, err:%d\r\n", ret);
    return;
}
```

### 3.19 Set Smooth filter

#### HPS3DAPI\_SetSmoothFilterConf

<b>brief</b>	Set Smooth filter
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetSmoothFilterConf(__IN int handle, __IN int type, __IN int args);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID type: 0:disable 1:average filter 2: guass filter args : Filter parameter reference value is 2, 3
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_SetSmoothFilterConf (handle, 1, 2);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SetSmoothFilterConf failed, err:%d\r\n", ret);
}
```

```

    return;
}

```

### 3.20 Set the distance offset

#### HPS3DAPI\_SetDistanceOffset

<b>brief</b>	Set the distance offset
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetDistanceOffset(__IN int handle, __IN int16_t offset);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID offset:
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	

#### Example:

```

int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_SetDistanceOffset(handle, -100);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SetDistanceOffset failed, err:%d\r\n", ret);
    return;
}

```

### 3.21 Set optical path compensation

#### HPS3DAPI\_SetOpticalPathCalibration

<b>brief</b>	Set optical path compensation
<b>define</b>	<code>int HPS3DAPI_SetOpticalPathCalibration(__IN int handle, __IN int enable);</code>
<b>param</b>	handle: device ID enable: 1 or 0
<b>retval</b>	Successfully returned 1
<b>note</b>	Optical path compensation can convert oblique line distance to vertical distance

**Example:**

```
int ret = 0;
ret = HPS3DAPI_SetOpticalPathCalibration(handle, 1);
if(ret != 1)
{
    printf("SetOpticalPathCalibration failed, err:%d\r\n", ret);
    return;
}
```

## 4. Revision history

Date	Revision	Description
2021/06/17	V2.1	V1.8 SDK



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