Team 9

Comparison between ANN and SVM in Image Classification

Introduction

Goal

- ► Comparing basic Artificial Neural Network(ANN) with Support Vector Machine(SVM) in image classification
- Finding optimal training parameters by experimenting various settings

Motivation

- Examining how well SVM and basic ANN perform in multiclass data
 - SVM and ANN are deprecated in image classification
 - Figuring out the limitation of these basic classification algorithms

Dataset

bird

cat

deer

dog

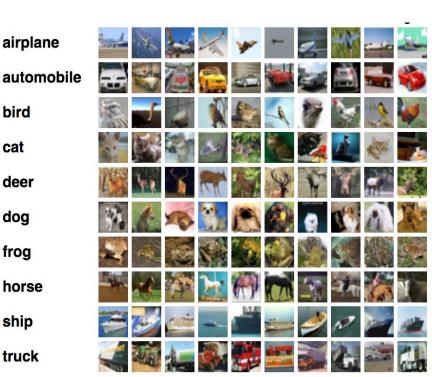
frog

horse

ship

truck

- CIFAR-10
 - ▶ 10 Categories
 - ► Size: 32*32 pixels with 3 channels
 - ► Train set: 10000 samples
 - ► Test set: 1000 samples
 - Preprocessing mean normalization



Experiment Settings

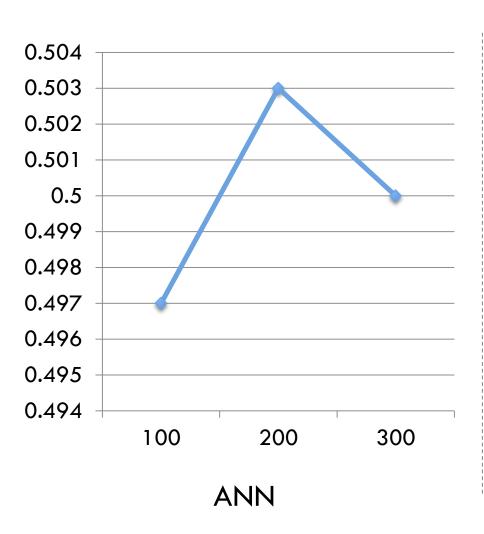
ANN

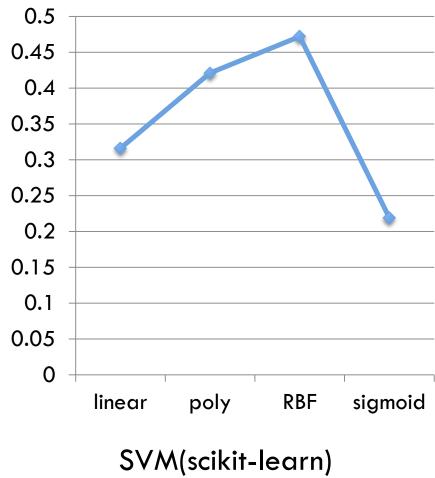
- Single layer
- Number of hidden units: 100, 200, 300
- ▶ Epoch : 20
- Minibatch size: 200
- Learning rate: 0.001
- Activation function : softmax
- Loss function: softmax cross-entropy

SVM

- Different kernel functions : linear, polynomial, RBF, sigmoid
- ► C: 1.0
- gamma: 0.00033, 0.01
- Preprocessing: mean normalization

Results





Analysis

ANN	SVM
 best performance with 200 hidden units (no significant difference) single layer network can get 75% accuracy in cifar-10 classification task : PCA whitening, k-means clustering, ReLU with batch normalization 60% accuracy is reported parameter optimization needed 	 best performance with RBF kernel polynomial with degree 3 might show better result when optimized sigmoid kernel was worse than linear kernel gamma 0.00033: 1 / feature dimension 0.001: default value

- ANN performs better than SVM
- Needs improvements advanced preprocessing techniques, batch normalization, etc.
- CNN with tensorflow: 86.2% accuracy

Reference

- ANN's vs. SVM's for Image Classification, Poobalan Govender, ASET 2012
- An analysis of single-layer networks in unsupervised feature learning, Coates, A.a, Lee, H.b, Ng, A.Y.a, AISTATS 2011