

# Cloud Dataflow Streaming Features

# Agenda

**Processing Streaming Data** 

Cloud Pub/Sub

Cloud Dataflow Streaming Features

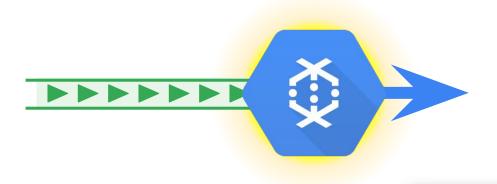
BigQuery and Bigtable Streaming Features

Advanced BigQuery Functionality





## Streaming features of Cloud Dataflow





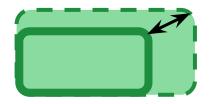
Cloud Dataflow Qualities that Cloud Dataflow contributes to Data Engineering solutions:

Scalability Low latency

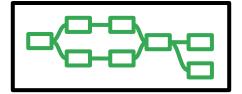


## Continuing from the Data Processing course

**Unbounded PCollection** 



Pipeline



Streaming Jobs







Scalability
Streaming data generally only
grows larger and more
frequent



**Scalability** 

Streaming data generally only grows larger and more frequent



#### **Fault Tolerance**

Maintain fault tolerance despite increasing volumes of data



## **Scalability**

Streaming data generally only grows larger and more frequent



#### **Fault Tolerance**

Maintain fault tolerance despite increasing volumes of data



#### Model

Is it streaming or repeated batch?



**Scalability** 

Streaming data generally only grows larger and more frequent



**Fault Tolerance** 

Maintain fault tolerance despite increasing volumes of data



Model

Is it streaming or repeated batch?

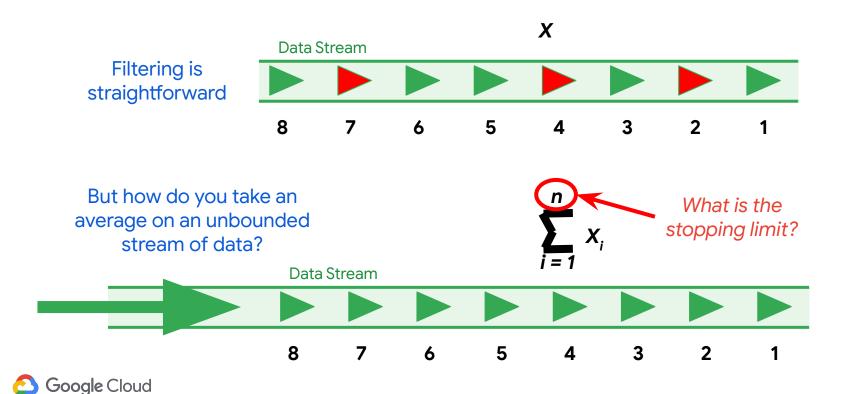


**Timing** 

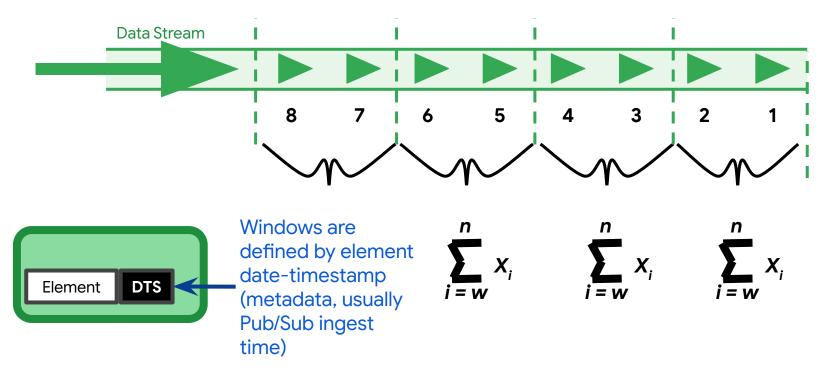
What if data arrives late?



# How do you aggregate an unbounded set?

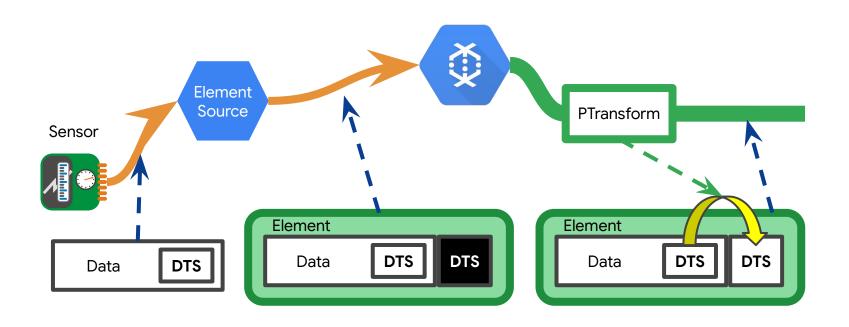


## Divide the stream into a series of finite windows





## Modify the date-timestamp with a PTransform if needed





## Code to modify date-timestamp

```
Python

yield beam.window.TimestampedValue(element, unix_timestamp)
```

Java
c.outputWithTimestamp (element, timestamp);

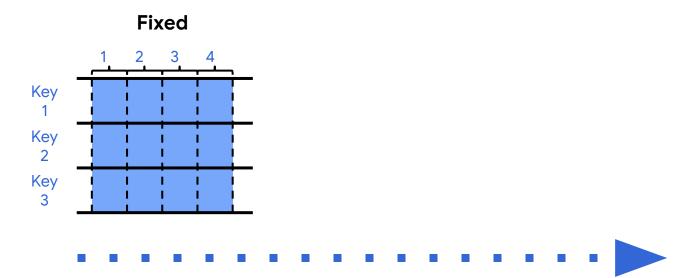


# **Cloud Dataflow Windowing**



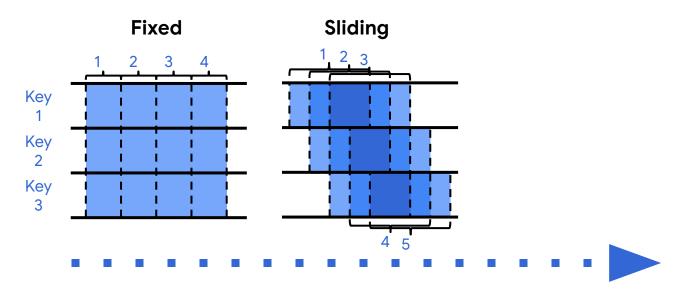
- Fixed
- Sliding
- Sessions





Windowing divides data into time-based finite chunks

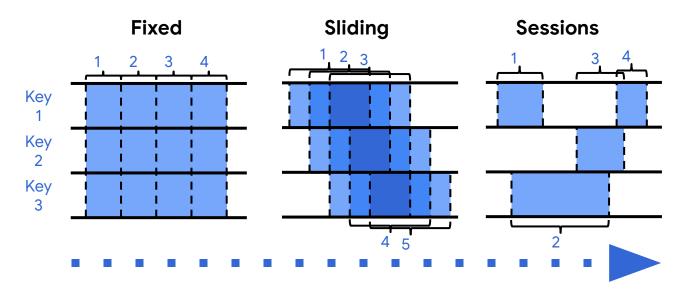




Windowing divides data into time-based finite chunks

Often required when doing aggregations over unbounded data





Windowing divides data into time-based finite chunks

Often required when doing aggregations over unbounded data



# Setting time windows

#### **Fixed-time windows**

```
from apache_beam import window
fixed_windowed_items = (
   items | 'window' >> beam.WindowInto(window.FixedWindows(60)))
```

#### Sliding time windows

```
from apache_beam import window
    sliding_windowed_items = (
    items | 'window' >> beam.WindowInto(window.SlidingWindows(30, 5)))
```

#### **Session windows**

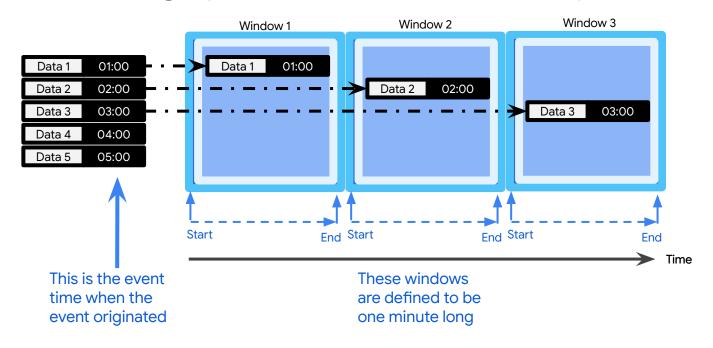
```
from apache_beam import window
session_windowed_items = (
   items | 'window' >> beam.WindowInto(window.Sessions(10 * 60)))
```

#### Remember:

you can apply windows to batch data, although you may need to generate the metadata date-timestamp on which windows operate.

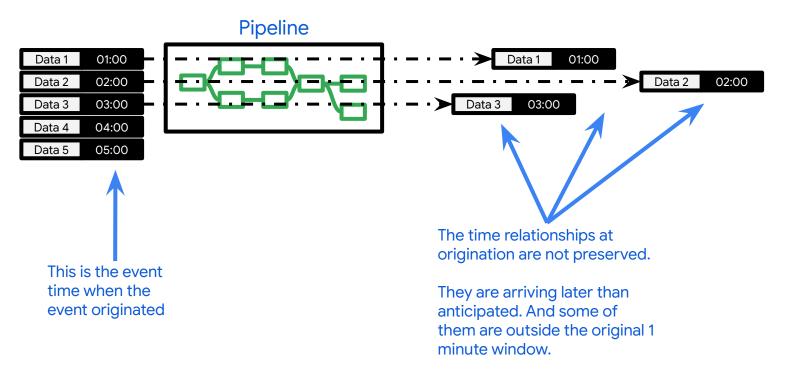


## Windowing by time if there is no latency





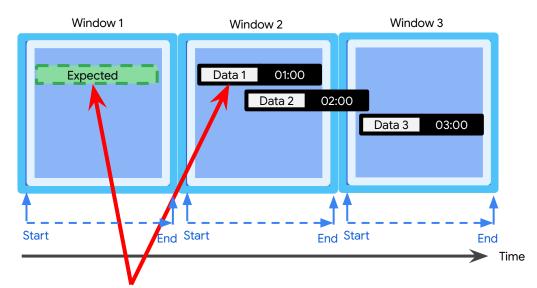
# Pipeline processing can introduce latency





## How should Cloud Dataflow deal with this situation?

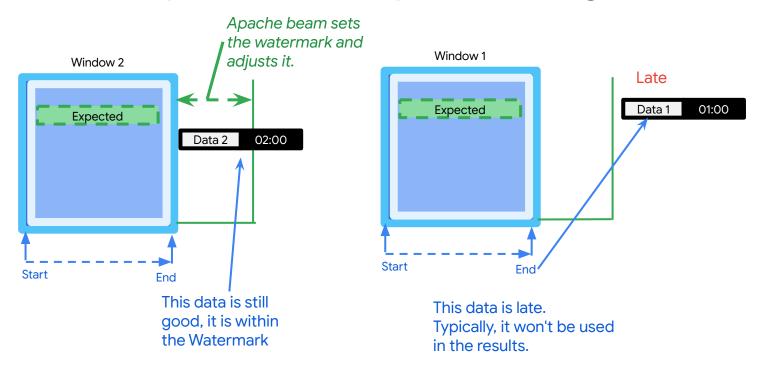
The data could be a little past the window or a lot. Data 2 is a little outside of Window 2. Data 1 is completely outside of Window 1.



The difference in time from when data was expected to when it actually arrived is called the **lag time**.

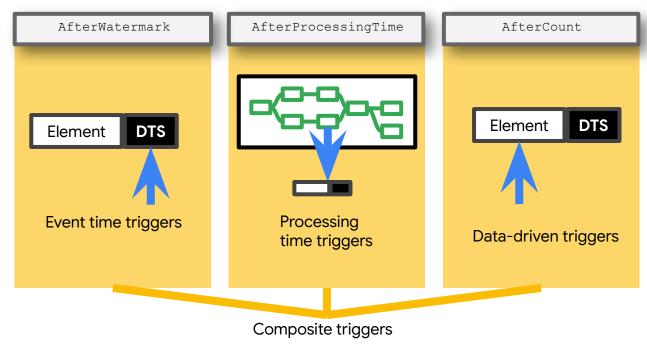


## Watermarks provide flexibility for a little lag time





# The default is to trigger at the watermark, but we can also add custom trigger(s)





## Some example triggers



## You can allow late data past the watermark in Java

#### **Allowing Late Data**

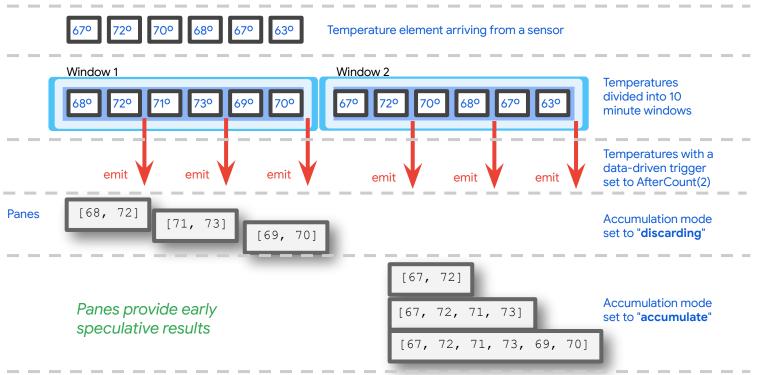
Python

Not supported for Python at this time.

That means 100% of late data is just discarded. And features designed to do something with late data simply do not work in a Python pipeline.



## Accumulation modes: what to do with additional events







# Streaming Data Pipelines

## Objectives

- Launch Dataflow and run a Dataflow job
- Understand how data elements flow through the transformations of a Dataflow pipeline
- Connect Dataflow to Pub/Sub and BigQuery
- Observe and understand how Dataflow autoscaling adjusts compute resources to process input data optimally
- Learn where to find logging information created by Dataflow
- Explore metrics and create alerts and dashboards with Stackdriver Monitoring