$\LaTeX tutorial$ 

Holmes

vviiy EviExt

8 4 1 CT

iviakeilles

Marmoset

F------

Bibliography

Advanced

### LATEX tutorial

#### I. Holmes

Department of Bioengineering University of California, Berkeley

September 5, 2017

### Outline

LATEX tutorial

1 Why LATEX?

Hello World

Makefiles

4 Styling

Mathematics

Marmosets

**Figures** 

**Bibliography** 

Advanced

### Key

LATEX tutorial

Why LATEX?

Makefiles

iviakeilles

...ac.rc.mac.c.

Marmosets

Bibliography

1 Exercises in white on red

2 Shell commands in green type on black

3 URLs in blue: http://tinyurl.com/texroll

4 Source code in boxes

This is some LaTeX source code

Try the URL now!

# LATEX advocacy

 $\Delta T_{E}X$  tutorial

I. Holmes

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Advanc

- 1 It's free, portable, open source & extensible
- 2 Source files are plain text, revision control easier
- 3 Typesetting is *much* better, especially math
- 4 Style changes are easier
- **5** Easy to integrate with programmatic workflows
- **6** Separation of form and content

# LATEX criticism

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- 1 Possibly the worst programming language ever
- 2 Syntax is horrible
- 3 Compilation from source is almost impossible
- 4 Mostly trial and error, unless you're a guru
- 5 Some things you just can't do (unless, guru)
- 6 Will mark you forever as a nerd pariah

#### Text editor

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Figures Bibliography Before you start, your life will be much easier with a text editor that has LATEX syntax-coloring, such as emacs or vim.

You could also use a specialized LATEX editor that gives you previews, such as TeXmaker, or even a WYSIWYG LATEX editor such as LyX (free) or Texpad (OSX, \$\$\$).

Best of all is https://www.overleaf.com/ — collaborative browser-based editor. Try it!

You still need to understand the LATEX underneath. So...

#### helloworld.tex

```
LATEX tutorial
```

Hello World

Maladia

Makefiles

--,....8

......

Marmoset

Eiguros

Bibliography

```
\documentclass{article}
\title{Marmosets Are Great}
\author{Ian Holmes}
\begin{document}
\maketitle
\abstract{A short treatise on marmosets.}
\section{Introduction}
Marmosets ({\em Callitrichidae})
are {\bf New World Monkeys}.
\end{document}
```

#### Compile with pdflatex helloworld.tex

Try this.

http://tinyurl.com/texhello

#### documentclass options

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Marmoset

iviaiiiioset:

Bibliography

\documentclass[10pt]{article}

\documentclass[twocolumn]{article}

\documentclass[landscape]{article}

\documentclass{letter}

\documentclass{book}

\documentclass{beamer} — presentation

Further classes can be defined using a *class file*. For example, the journal *Bioinformatics* provides a class file bioinfo.cls invoked with \documentclass{bioinfo}.

#### Section references

LATEX tutorial

Hello World

Can use \label and \ref as follows:

\section{Introduction} \label{intro} Marmosets are New World Monkeys.

\section{Geography} Marmosets are found in the New World, as mentioned in Section~\ref{intro}.

Note tilde ~ between Section and \ref: prevents linebreak. Add a section or two, and recompile.

#### Makefiles

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Figures

Bibliography Advanced If you change the section numbers, you will have to re-run pdflatex. Consequently, it's common to run the program twice. Can do this with a Makefile:

helloworld.pdf: helloworld.tex pdflatex helloworld.tex pdflatex helloworld.tex

General form of Makefile stanza:

TARGET: DEPENDENCIES

<TAB> COMMANDS

# Make command-line usage

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Why LATEX

#### Makefiles

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General: make helloworld.pdf

■ Force rebuild: make -B helloworld.pdf

■ Dry run: make -n helloworld.pdf

By default, make just builds first target in Makefile.

# Makefiles and replicability

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Why LATEX? Hello World

Makefiles

01,....6

...ac...ac..

iviarmoset

Bibliography

Titus Brown's checklist for paper replicability:

- a link to the paper itself, in preprint form, stored at arXiv;
- a tutorial for running the software on a Linux machine hosted in the Amazon cloud;
- a git repository for the software itself (hosted on github);
- a git repository for the LaTeX paper and analysis scripts, including an ipython notebook for generating the figures;
- instructions on how to start up an EC2 cloud instance, install the software and paper pipeline, and build most of the analyses and all of the figures from scratch;
- the data necessary to run the pipeline;
- some of the output data discussed in the paper.

http://ivory.idyll.org/blog/replication-i.html



# Pseudotargets, pattern rules and variables

```
L Holmes
```

Why MEX?

Makefiles

...a..c.

. . . . . .

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Advanced

```
MAIN = helloworld
all: $(MAIN).pdf
%.pdf: %.tex
        pdflatex $<
        pdflatex $<
        open $@
clean:
        rm *.toc *.log *.out *.pdf *.aux *~
```

Try this.

Use make, make -n and make -B.

If in doubt: make clean

### Loading other files

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iviaiiiioset

Bibliography Advanced LATEX files can include other files via the \input command. This is particularly useful with Makefiles, because you can generate data-driven parts of your article automatically, and combine them with manually-written sections.

The \include command is like \input but does some extra book-keeping (such as adding a page break). Useful for e.g. separating a thesis into chapter files.

### Comments, escapes, styling

```
MT<sub>E</sub>X tutorial
```

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N.4 - . . . . . . . . . . . .

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Bibliography

Bibliography Advanced

```
% Comments
```

Actual percent sign: 100\%

Other escapes: \\_, \&

Tilde escape: \~{}

"Pretty quotation marks"

Empty line signals new paragraph.

Space: \quad Explicit line \\ break

Can you get **bold**, *italic* & typewriter fonts? Google these typefaces.

### **Typefaces**

LATEX tutorial

I. Holmes

.. .. ... .

ello World

Makefile

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igures

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Advanced

# Page numbering

LATEX tutorial

Styling

These go in the preamble:

- \pagenumbering{arabic} default
- \pagenumbering{roman}
- \pagenumbering{Roman}
- \pagenumbering{alph}
- \pagenumbering{Alph}

To suppress page numbers altogether, use \pagestyle{empty}.

To add a table of contents: \tableofcontents

#### Lists

```
LATEX tutorial
```

Holmes

vviiy EviEv:

Styling

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Bibliography

List of books about wizard school

\begin{itemize}

\item Earthsea

\item Harry Potter

\item The Magicians

\item The Once and Future King

\end{itemize}

#### Try this.

Also try enumerate instead of itemize, and try nesting lists inside other lists.

How many levels deep can you nest?

#### **Tables**

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Bibliography

Bibliography Advanced

Right-justified	Centered	Left-justified
School vouchers	Science	Public education
Defense spending	Trade deals	Aid programs

\begin{tabular}{rcl}

Right-justified & Centered & Left-justified \\
\hline

School vouchers & Science & Public education \\
Defense spending & Trade deals & Aid programs \end{tabular}

#### Time to add a table.

Make a table with some facts about marmosets. Or pick another vertebrate from hgdownload.cse.ucsc.edu and make a table about it.

### Table captions and references

```
LATEX tutorial

I. Holmes
```

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Advanced

```
\begin{table}
\begin{tabular}
\end{tabular}
\caption{
 \label{MarmosetFacts}
 A table of marmoset facts.
\end{table}
For marmoset data, see Table \ref{MarmosetFacts}.
```

# **Equations**

LATEX tutorial

l. Holmes

...., = .\_...

Hello World

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iviaiiiios

F-----

Bibliography

Advano

Inline: a = 3, b = 5

Non-numbered:

**\[** 

y = ax + b

/]

Inline: a = 3, b = 5Non-numbered:

$$y = ax + b$$

### **Equations**

```
₽T<sub>E</sub>X tutorial
```

Why LATEX?

Hello Worl

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Advanc

```
Numbered (Equation~\ref{Gaussian}):
\begin{equation}
x \sim {\cal N}(\mu,\sigma):
\quad
P(x' \leq x < x' + dx') =
\frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \pi \sigma^2}}
e^{-\frac{(x'-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx'
\label{Gaussian}
\end{equation}</pre>
```

Numbered (Equation 1):

$$x \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma): \quad P(x' \le x < x' + dx') = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x'-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx'$$
 (1)

### **Equations**

```
LAT<sub>E</sub>X tutorial
```

Why Morld

Makefile

Widkelife

Mathematics

Marmoset

. .....

Bibliography

Advano

```
Numbered (Equation~\ref{Gaussian}):
\begin{equation}
x \sim {\cal N}(\mu,\sigma):
\quad
P(x' \leq x < x' + dx') =
\frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \pi \sigma^2}}
e^{-\frac{(x'-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} dx'
\label{Gaussian}
\end{equation}</pre>
```

Google "Latex math symbols".

Write out another distribution e.g. Poisson.

### Brackets, arrays

```
LATEX tutorial
```

Halla Work

Makefiles

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Marmose

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Bibliography

```
١/
\left(
\begin{array}{c}
 n \\
  k
 \end{array}
 \right)
= \frac{n \times (n-1) \ldots \times (n-k+1)}
       {k \times (k-1) \ldots \times 2 \times 1}
= \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}
\backslash
```

$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n \times (n-1) \dots \times (n-k+1)}{k \times (k-1) \dots \times 2 \times 1} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

#### Macro commands

```
LATEX tutorial

I. Holmes
```

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Advanced

```
\newcommand\MacroName[NumberOfArgs]{
  Definition of macro
  (Arg1 is #1, Arg2 is #2...)
}
```

e.g.

```
\newcommand\isa[2]{
  \fbox{ A {\em #1} is a type of {\em #2}. }
}
\isa{marmoset}{mammal}
\isa{mammal}{verterbrate}
```

A marmoset is a type of mammal.

A mammal is a type of verterbrate.



#### Macro commands

```
LATEX tutorial
```

i. Homics

. . . . . . . . .

Hello vvori

Makefiles

Mathematics

Marmoset

**-**.

gures

```
\newcommand\binomial[2]{
\left(
\begin{array}{c}
 #1 \\
  #2
\end{array}
\right)
}
١[
\frac{5}{2} = (5 \times 4) / 2 = 10
\]
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = (5 \times 4)/2 = 10$$
 Try this.

### More arrays; text in math environments

```
LATEX tutorial
```

Malla Walla

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iviancine.

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Marmosets

Bibliography

Advanc

```
\[
H(x) = \left\{
  \begin{array}{ll}
    0 & \mbox{for $x < 0$} \\
    1 & \mbox{for $x \geq 0$}
  \end{array}
\right.
\]</pre>
```

$$H(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0 \\ 1 & \text{for } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

### Equation arrays

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```
\begin{eqnarray}
F 1 & = & 1 \\
F_2 \& = \& 1 \setminus \bigvee
F_{n+2} & = F_n + F_{n+1}
\end{eqnarray}
```

$$F_1 = 1 \tag{2}$$

$$F_2 = 1 (3)$$

$$F_{n+2} = F_n + F_{n+1}$$
 (4)

# Equation arrays (cleaner numbering)

```
LATEX tutorial
```

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. .

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Advanced

```
\begin{eqnarray}
F_1 & = & 1 \nonumber \\
F_2 & = & 1 \nonumber \\
F_{n+2} & = & F_n + F_{n+1}
\label{Fibonacci}
\end{eqnarray}
Fibonacci numbers (\ref{Fibonacci})
arise naturally in phyllotaxis.
```

$$F_1 = 1$$
 $F_2 = 1$ 
 $F_{n+2} = F_n + F_{n+1}$  (5)

Fibonacci numbers (5) arise naturally in phyllotaxis.



# Equation arrays (no numbering)

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Holmes

. . . . . . . . . . . .

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C. P.

Mathematics

iviaiiiioset

\_.

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Advanced

```
\begin{eqnarray*}
F_1 & = & 1 \\
F_2 & = & 1 \\
F_{n+2} & = & F_n + F_{n+1}
\end{eqnarray*}
```

$$F_1 = 1$$
 $F_2 = 1$ 
 $F_{n+2} = F_n + F_{n+1}$ 

#### Interlude

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Markania

Marmosets

Fianne

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#### Do the following:

- Download a set of predicted gene annotations from UCSC for your vertebrate of choice. (I used the Augustus gene predictions for marmoset.)
- 2 Also download the description of that table. Find out which column in the table has the number of exons for each gene.
- Using perl, python, sed, cut, or another such tool, extract the number of exons as a column of numbers.
- 4 Plot the frequency distribution in R (or otherwise).
- Export as a PDF file, exonFreqs.pdf

### Example R script

```
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I. Holmes
```

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Save as plot.R

# Example Makefile

```
LATEX tutorial
           PREFIX := hgdownload.cse.ucsc.edu/goldenPath
           SPECIES := callac3
           URL := http://$(PREFIX)/$(SPECIES)/database
           augustusGene.sql augustusGene.txt.gz:
                    curl -0 $(URL)/$@
Marmosets
           %.txt: %.txt.gz
                   gunzip --keep $<</pre>
           numExons.txt: augustusGene.txt
                    cat $< | cut -f 9 >$@
           exonFreqs.pdf: numExons.txt plot.R
```

R -f plot.R

# Figure

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macmamach

Marmoset

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 $\verb|\includegraphics{numExons.pdf}| \\$ 

Of course, you can get more elaborate...

### Figure, with caption

```
LATEX tutorial

I. Holmes
```

```
Why LATEX?
Hello World
```

Makefiles

C. II

Martin

......

Marmoset

Figures

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```
\begin{figure}
\includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{numExons.pdf}
\caption{
   \label{ExonDistribution}
   Distribution of exon frequencies in marmosets.
}
\end{figure}
```

#### **BibTeX**

```
LATEX tutorial

I. Holmes
```

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iviai iiioset:

Bibliography

```
Marmosets are highly social \cite{Marx2016}.
...
\bibliographystyle{natbib} % or plain, unsrt, ...
\bibliography{references}
```

Implies the existence of a file references.bib

```
@Article{Marx2016,
  Author="Marx, V.",
  Title="{N}eurobiology: learning from marmosets",
  Journal="Nat. Methods",
  Year="2016",
  Volume="13",
  Number="11"
}
```

# Running BibTeX

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N.4 - .... - - - - - - -

iviai iiioset.

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Advanced

Typically you need to run <a href="pdflatex">pdflatex</a>, then <a href="bibtex">bibtex</a>, then <a href="pdflatex">pdflatex</a> again <a href="twice">twice</a> to ensure all numbering is correct.

In your Makefile:

```
%.pdf: %.tex references.bib
    pdflatex $<
    bibtex $<
    pdflatex $<
    pdflatex $</pre>
```

Yes: this is really messed-up

#### **TeXMed**

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http://www.bioinformatics.org/texmed/ BibTeX wrapper for PubMed.

Try adding a reference for your vertebrate of choice.

#### Commands

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.......

F-----

Bibliography

Advanced

Command	Purpose
\hspace	Fill horizontal space
$\backslash { t fbox}$	Box with frame
$ackslash  ext{parbox}$	Box with line breaks
$\backslash { t newcounter}$	Create a new counter
$\setminus$ stepcounter	Increment counter
ackslash color	Change text color
$ackslash \operatorname{colorbox}$	Change background color

See e.g. https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX

# **Packages**

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Advanced

Loaded with \usepackage, e.g. \usepackage{amsmath}

Package	Purpose
algorithm2e	Writing out algorithms
beamer	Presentations (like this one)
amsmath	Better math formatting
geometry	Page formatting (e.g. margins)
biblatex	Better bibliographies
chemfig	Chemical structures

Try a few of these out...

CTAN (ctan.org): Comprehensive TeX Archive Network

These slides at https://github.com/ihh/latex-tutorial



#### Homework

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Make a short report on a vertebrate in the UCSC genome database that is *not* a marmoset. Include:

- 1 Title, author, abstract
- Two-column layout
- 3 Introduction, Results, References sections
- 4 A figure showing the distribution of exon counts (or other data from UCSC)
- 5 A mathematical formula (e.g. a fit to the histogram)
- 6 At least one table
- 7 At least one reference